

Documentation | EN

EL125x, EL2258

8 Channel Digital Input/Output Terminal with time stamp



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1 Foreword

1.1 Product overview - 8 channel Digital Input/Output Terminals

EL1258 [[▶ 21](#)]

8 channel digital input terminal 24 V_{DC}, with Timestamp

EL1258-0010 [[▶ 21](#)]

8 channel digital input terminal 24 V_{DC}, with Timestamp, ground switching

EL1259 [[▶ 21](#)]

2 x 8 channel digital input/output terminal 24 V_{DC}, with Timestamp

EL2258 [[▶ 21](#)]

8 channel digital output terminal 24 V_{DC}, with Timestamp

1.2 Notes on the documentation

Intended audience

This description is only intended for the use of trained specialists in control and automation engineering who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

It is essential that the documentation and the following notes and explanations are followed when installing and commissioning these components.

The qualified personnel is obliged to always use the currently valid documentation.

The responsible staff must ensure that the application or use of the products described satisfy all the requirements for safety, including all the relevant laws, regulations, guidelines and standards.

Disclaimer

The documentation has been prepared with care. The products described are, however, constantly under development.

We reserve the right to revise and change the documentation at any time and without prior announcement.

No claims for the modification of products that have already been supplied may be made on the basis of the data, diagrams and descriptions in this documentation.

Trademarks

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1.3 Guide through documentation

NOTICE



Further components of documentation

This documentation describes device-specific content. It is part of the modular documentation concept for Beckhoff I/O components. For the use and safe operation of the device / devices described in this documentation, additional cross-product descriptions are required, which can be found in the following table.

Title	Description
EtherCAT System Documentation (PDF)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• System overview• EtherCAT basics• Cable redundancy• Hot Connect• EtherCAT devices configuration
Infrastructure for EtherCAT/Ethernet (PDF)	Technical recommendations and notes for design, implementation and testing
Software Declarations I/O (PDF)	Open source software declarations for Beckhoff I/O components

The documentations can be viewed at and downloaded from the Beckhoff website (www.beckhoff.com) via:

- the “Documentation and Download” area of the respective product page,
- the [Download finder](#),
- the [Beckhoff Information System](#).

If you have any suggestions or proposals for our documentation, please send us an e-mail stating the documentation title and version number to: documentation@beckhoff.com

1.4 Safety instructions

Safety regulations

Please note the following safety instructions and explanations!

Product-specific safety instructions can be found on following pages or in the areas mounting, wiring, commissioning etc.

Exclusion of liability

All the components are supplied in particular hardware and software configurations appropriate for the application. Modifications to hardware or software configurations other than those described in the documentation are not permitted, and nullify the liability of Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.

Personnel qualification

This description is only intended for trained specialists in control, automation and drive engineering who are familiar with the applicable national standards.

Signal words

The signal words used in the documentation are classified below. In order to prevent injury and damage to persons and property, read and follow the safety and warning notices.

Personal injury warnings

DANGER

Hazard with high risk of death or serious injury.

WARNING

Hazard with medium risk of death or serious injury.

CAUTION

There is a low-risk hazard that could result in medium or minor injury.

Warning of damage to property or environment

NOTICE

The environment, equipment, or data may be damaged.

Information on handling the product



This information includes, for example:
recommendations for action, assistance or further information on the product.

1.5 Documentation issue status

Version	Comment
3.2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Addenda chapter "Output protection during DC switching of inductive loads (overvoltage limitation)" • Update structure • Update revision status
3.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update structure • Update revision status
3.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update chapter "Basic function principles" • Update structure
2.9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update chapter "Technical data" • Update chapter "Basics" • Update structure • Update revision status
2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EL1258-0010 added • Update chapter "Technical data" • Update structure • Update revision status
2.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Addenda chapter "Sensitivity of the inputs" • Update revision status
2.6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update chapter "Technical data" • Update structure • Update revision status
2.5	• Example program for EL1258 (MT Visualization) added to chapter "Commissioning"
2.4	• Update chapter "Commissioning", Example program for EL2258 (Multi-Timestamp)
2.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update chapter "Notes on the documentation" • Update chapter "Technical data" • Addenda chapter "Instructions for ESD protection" • Addenda chapter "TwinCAT Quickstart" • Addenda chapter "UL notice" • Update revision status
2.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update chapter "Technical data" • Update structure • Update revision status
2.1	• Example program for EL2258 (Multi-Timestamp) added to chapter "Commissioning"
0.1 – 2.0	*archived*

1.6 Version identification of EtherCAT devices

1.6.1 General notes on marking

Designation

A Beckhoff EtherCAT device has a 14-digit designation, made up of

- family key
- type
- version
- revision

Example	Family	Type	Version	Revision
EL3314-0000-0016	EL terminal 12 mm, non-pluggable connection level	3314 4-channel thermocouple terminal	0000 basic type	0016
ES3602-0010-0017	ES terminal 12 mm, pluggable connection level	3602 2-channel voltage measurement	0010 high-precision version	0017
CU2008-0000-0000	CU device	2008 8-port fast ethernet switch	0000 basic type	0000

Notes

- The elements mentioned above result in the **technical designation**. EL3314-0000-0016 is used in the example below.
- EL3314-0000 is the order identifier, in the case of “-0000” usually abbreviated to EL3314. “-0016” is the EtherCAT revision.
- The **order identifier** is made up of
 - family key (EL, EP, CU, ES, KL, CX, etc.)
 - type (3314)
 - version (-0000)
- The **revision** -0016 shows the technical progress, such as the extension of features with regard to the EtherCAT communication, and is managed by Beckhoff.
In principle, a device with a higher revision can replace a device with a lower revision, unless specified otherwise, e.g. in the documentation.
Associated and synonymous with each revision there is usually a description (ESI, EtherCAT Slave Information) in the form of an XML file, which is available for download from the Beckhoff web site.
From 2014/01 the revision is shown on the outside of the IP20 terminals, see Fig. “EL2872 with revision 0022 and serial number 01200815”.
- The type, version and revision are read as decimal numbers, even if they are technically saved in hexadecimal.

1.6.2 Version identification of EL terminals

The serial number/ data code for Beckhoff IO devices is usually the 8-digit number printed on the device or on a sticker. The serial number indicates the configuration in delivery state and therefore refers to a whole production batch, without distinguishing the individual modules of a batch.

Structure of the serial number: **KK YY FF HH**

KK - week of production (CW, calendar week)

YY - year of production

FF - firmware version

HH - hardware version

Example with serial number 12 06 3A 02:

12 - production week 12

06 - production year 2006

3A - firmware version 3A

02 - hardware version 02



Fig. 1: EL2872 with revision 0022 and serial number 01200815

1.6.3 Beckhoff Identification Code (BIC)

The Beckhoff Identification Code (BIC) is increasingly being applied to Beckhoff products to uniquely identify the product. The BIC is represented as a Data Matrix Code (DMC, code scheme ECC200), the content is based on the ANSI standard MH10.8.2-2016.

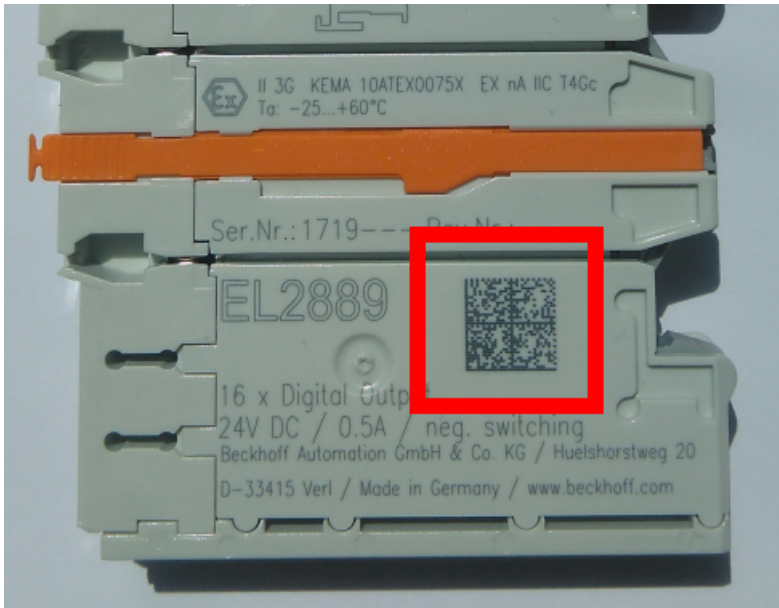


Fig. 2: BIC as data matrix code (DMC, code scheme ECC200)

The BIC will be introduced step by step across all product groups.

Depending on the product, it can be found in the following places:

- on the packaging unit
- directly on the product (if space suffices)
- on the packaging unit and the product

The BIC is machine-readable and contains information that can also be used by the customer for handling and product management.

Each piece of information can be uniquely identified using the so-called data identifier (ANSI MH10.8.2-2016). The data identifier is followed by a character string. Both together have a maximum length according to the table below. If the information is shorter, spaces are added to it.

Following information is possible, positions 1 to 4 are always present, the other according to need of production:

Position	Type of information	Explanation	Data identifier	Number of digits incl. data identifier	Example
1	Beckhoff order number	Beckhoff order number	1P	8	1P 072222
2	Beckhoff Traceability Number (BTN)	Unique serial number, see note below	SBTN	12	SBTN k4p562d7
3	Article description	Beckhoff article description, e.g. EL1008	1K	32	1K EL1809
4	Quantity	Quantity in packaging unit, e.g. 1, 10, etc.	Q	6	Q1
5	Batch number	Optional: Year and week of production	2P	14	2P 401503180016
6	ID/serial number	Optional: Present-day serial number system, e.g. with safety products	51S	12	51S 678294
7	Variant number	Optional: Product variant number on the basis of standard products	30P	12	30P F971, 2*K183
...					

Further types of information and data identifiers are used by Beckhoff and serve internal processes.

Structure of the BIC

Example of composite information from positions 1 to 4 and with the above given example value on position 6. The data identifiers are highlighted in bold font:

1P072222**SBTN**k4p562d7**1K**EL1809 **Q1** **51S**678294

Accordingly as DMC:



Fig. 3: Example DMC **1P**072222**SBTN**k4p562d7**1K**EL1809 **Q1** **51S**678294

BTN

An important component of the BIC is the Beckhoff Traceability Number (BTN, position 2). The BTN is a unique serial number consisting of eight characters that will replace all other serial number systems at Beckhoff in the long term (e.g. batch designations on IO components, previous serial number range for safety products, etc.). The BTN will also be introduced step by step, so it may happen that the BTN is not yet coded in the BIC.

NOTICE

This information has been carefully prepared. However, the procedure described is constantly being further developed. We reserve the right to revise and change procedures and documentation at any time and without prior notice. No claims for changes can be made from the information, illustrations and descriptions in this documentation.

1.6.4 Electronic access to the BIC (eBIC)

Electronic BIC (eBIC)

The Beckhoff Identification Code (BIC) is applied to the outside of Beckhoff products in a visible place. If possible, it should also be electronically readable.

The interface that the product can be electronically addressed by is crucial for the electronic readout.

K-bus devices (IP20, IP67)

Currently, no electronic storage or readout is planned for these devices.

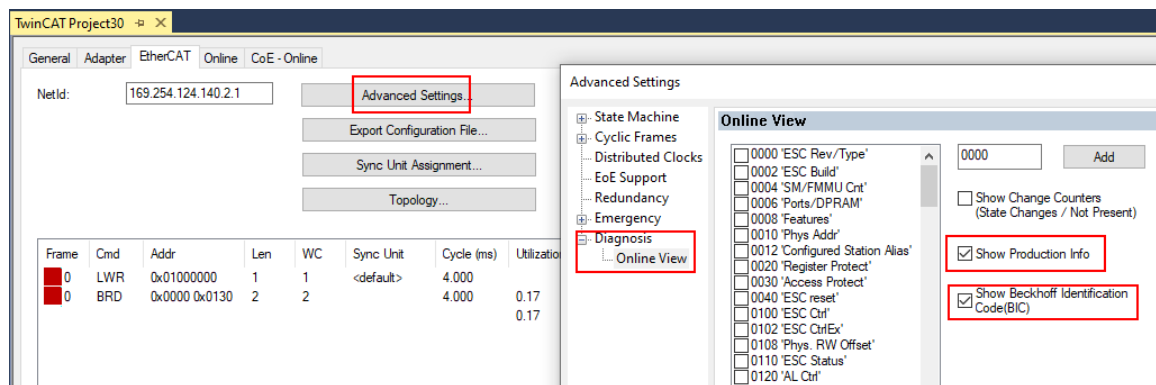
EtherCAT devices (IP20, IP67)

All Beckhoff EtherCAT devices have an ESI-EEPROM which contains the EtherCAT identity with the revision number. The EtherCAT slave information, also colloquially known as the ESI/XML configuration file for the EtherCAT master, is stored in it. See the corresponding chapter in the EtherCAT system manual ([Link](#)) for the relationships.

Beckhoff also stores the eBIC in the ESI-EEPROM. The eBIC was introduced into Beckhoff IO production (terminals, box modules) in 2020; as of 2023, implementation is largely complete.

The user can electronically access the eBIC (if present) as follows:

- With all EtherCAT devices, the EtherCAT master (TwinCAT) can read the eBIC from the ESI-EEPROM
 - From TwinCAT 3.1 build 4024.11, the eBIC can be displayed in the online view.
 - To do this, check the "Show Beckhoff Identification Code (BIC)" checkbox under EtherCAT → Advanced Settings → Diagnostics:



- The BTN and its contents are then displayed:

No	Addr	Name	State	CRC	Fw	Hw	Production Data	ItemNo	BTN	Description	Quantity	BatchNo	SerialNo
1	1001	Term 1 (EK1100)	OP	0.0	0	0	---						
2	1002	Term 2 (EL1018)	OP	0.0	0	0	2020 KW36 Fr	072222	k4p562d7	EL1809	1		678294
3	1003	Term 3 (EL3204)	OP	0.0	7	6	2012 KW24 Sa						
4	1004	Term 4 (EL2004)	OP	0.0	0	0	---	072223	k4p562d7	EL2004	1		678295
5	1005	Term 5 (EL1008)	OP	0.0	0	0	---						
6	1006	Term 6 (EL2008)	OP	0.0	0	12	2014 KW14 Mo						
7	1007	Term 7 (EK1110)	OP	0	1	8	2012 KW25 Mo						

- Note: As shown in the figure, the production data HW version, FW version, and production date, which have been programmed since 2012, can also be displayed with "Show production info".
- Access from the PLC: From TwinCAT 3.1. build 4024.24, the functions *FB_EcReadBIC* and *FB_EcReadBTN* for reading into the PLC are available in the Tc2_EtherCAT library from v3.3.19.0.
- EtherCAT devices with a CoE directory may also have the object 0x10E2:01 to display their own eBIC, which can also be easily accessed by the PLC:

- The device must be in PREOP/SAFEOP/OP for access:

Index	Name	Flags	Value
1000	Device type	RO	0x015E1389 (22942601)
1008	Device name	RO	ELM3704-0000
1009	Hardware version	RO	00
100A	Software version	RO	01
100B	Bootloader version	RO	J0.1.27.0
+ 1011:0	Restore default parameters	RO	> 1 <
+ 1018:0	Identity	RO	> 4 <
- 10E2:0	Manufacturer-specific Identification C...	RO	> 1 <
- 10E2:01	SubIndex 001	RO	1P158442SBTN0008jckp1KELM3704 Q1 2P482001000016
+ 10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	RO	> 1 <
+ 10F3:0	Diagnosis History	RO	> 21 <
- 10F8	Actual Time Stamp	RO	0x170bfb277e

- The object 0x10E2 will be preferentially introduced into stock products in the course of necessary firmware revision.
- From TwinCAT 3.1. build 4024.24, the functions *FB_EcCoEReadBIC* and *FB_EcCoEReadBTN* for reading into the PLC are available in the Tc2_EtherCAT library from v3.3.19.0
- The following auxiliary functions are available for processing the BIC/BTN data in the PLC in *Tc2_Uutilities* as of TwinCAT 3.1 build 4024.24
 - *F_SplitBIC*: The function splits the Beckhoff Identification Code (BIC) sBICValue into its components using known identifiers and returns the recognized substrings in the ST_SplittedBIC structure as a return value
 - *BIC_TO_BTN*: The function extracts the BTN from the BIC and returns it as a return value
- Note: If there is further electronic processing, the BTN is to be handled as a string(8); the identifier "SBTN" is not part of the BTN.
- Technical background
The new BIC information is written as an additional category in the ESI-EEPROM during device production. The structure of the ESI content is largely dictated by the ETG specifications, therefore the additional vendor-specific content is stored using a category in accordance with the ETG.2010. ID 03 tells all EtherCAT masters that they may not overwrite these data in the event of an update or restore the data after an ESI update.
The structure follows the content of the BIC, see here. The EEPROM therefore requires approx. 50..200 bytes of memory.
- Special cases
 - If multiple hierarchically arranged ESCs are installed in a device, only the top-level ESC carries the eBIC information.
 - If multiple non-hierarchically arranged ESCs are installed in a device, all ESCs carry the eBIC information.
 - If the device consists of several sub-devices which each have their own identity, but only the top-level device is accessible via EtherCAT, the eBIC of the top-level device is located in the CoE object directory 0x10E2:01 and the eBICs of the sub-devices follow in 0x10E2:nn.

PROFIBUS, PROFINET, and DeviceNet® devices

Currently, no electronic storage or readout is planned for these devices.

1.7 Interference-free Bus Terminals

i Use of interference-free Bus or EtherCAT Terminals in safety applications

If a Bus or EtherCAT Terminal is described as interference-free, this means that the consecutive terminal behaves passively in a safety application (e.g. in the case of the all-pole switch-off of a potential group).

In this case the terminals do not represent an active part of the safety controller and do not affect the Safety Integrity Level (SIL) or Performance Level (PL) attained in the safety application.

For details, please refer chapter "All-pole disconnection of a potential group with downstream interference-free standard terminals (Category 4, PL e)" and following in the [TwinSAFE application manual](#).

NOTICE

Pay attention to the hardware version

Please pay attention to the information about the hardware version and non-reactivity of the respective Bus Terminal in the chapters "Technical Data" or "Firmware Compatibility"!

Only terminals with the appropriate hardware version may be used without the attained SIL/PL being affected!

The terminals regarded as interference-free at the time of preparing this document are listed in the following tables together with their respective hardware versions.

EL terminals

Terminal name	from hardware version
EL2004	15
EL2008	07
EL2014	00
EL2022	09
EL2024	06
EL2034	06
EL2042	06
EL2044	01
EL2068	00
EL2212	00
EL2258	00
EL2407	00
EL2409	00
EL2489	00
EL2809	01
EL2819	00
EL2828	00
EL2838	00
EL2869	00
EL2872	01
EL2878-0005	00
EL9110	13
EL9184	00
EL9185	00
EL9186	00
EL9187	00
EL9410	16

External wiring

The following requirements are to be ensured *by the system manufacturer* and must be incorporated into the user documentation.

- **Protection class IP54**
The terminals must be installed in IP54 control cabinets to ensure the necessary protection class IP54.
- **Power supply unit**
The standard terminals must be supplied with 24 V by an SELV/PELV power supply unit with an output voltage limit $U_{\max}$ of 60 V in the event of a fault.
- **Prevention of feedback**
Feedback can be prevented through different measures. These are described below. In addition to mandatory requirements there are also optional requirements, of which only one needs to be selected.
 - **No switching of loads with a separate power supply**
Loads that have their own power supply must not be switched by standard terminals, since in this case feedback via the load cannot be ruled out.

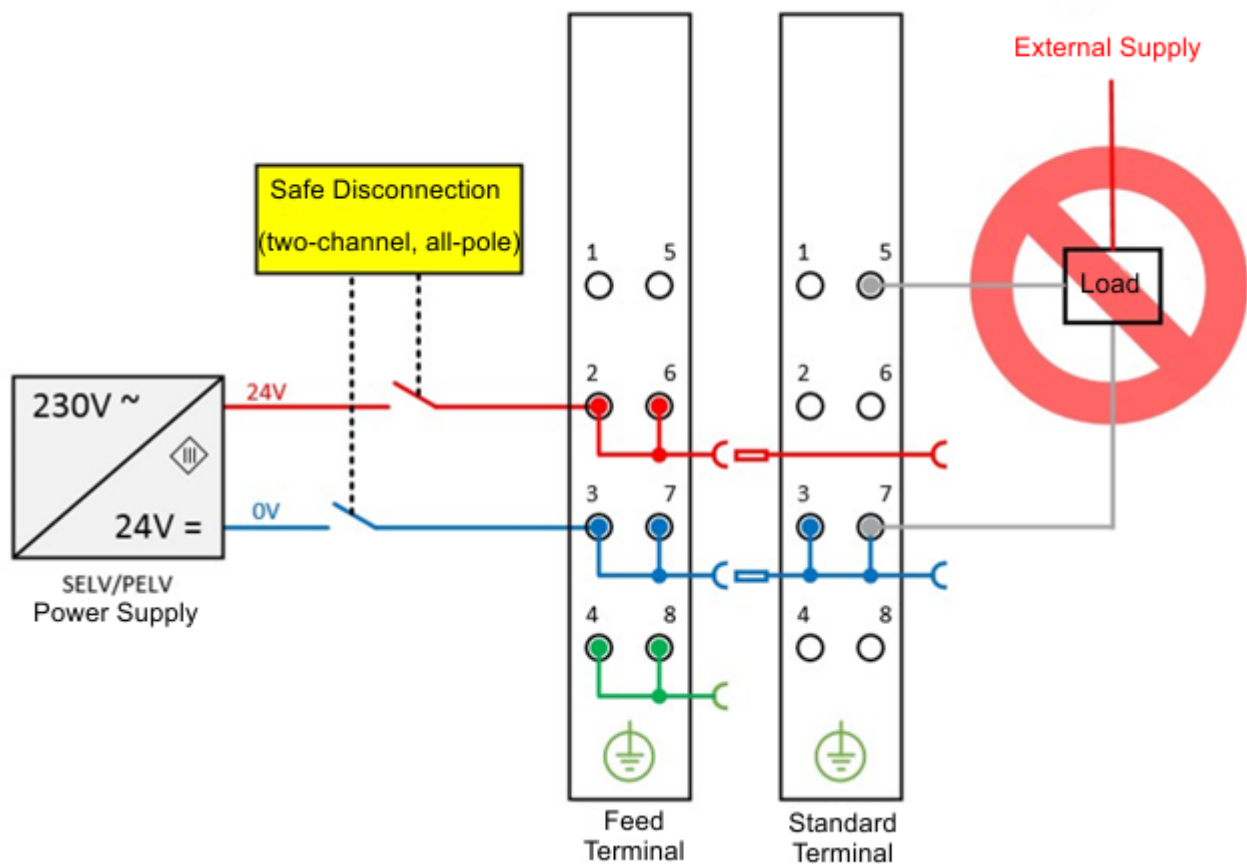


Fig. 4: Negative example – active load

- The control of an STO input of a frequency converter could serve here as a **negative example**.
Exceptions to the general requirement are allowed only if the manufacturer of the connected load guarantees that feedback to the control input cannot occur. This can be achieved, for example, through adherence to load-specific standards.
- **Option 1: Ground feedback and all-pole disconnection**
The ground connection of the connected load must be fed back to the safely switched ground.

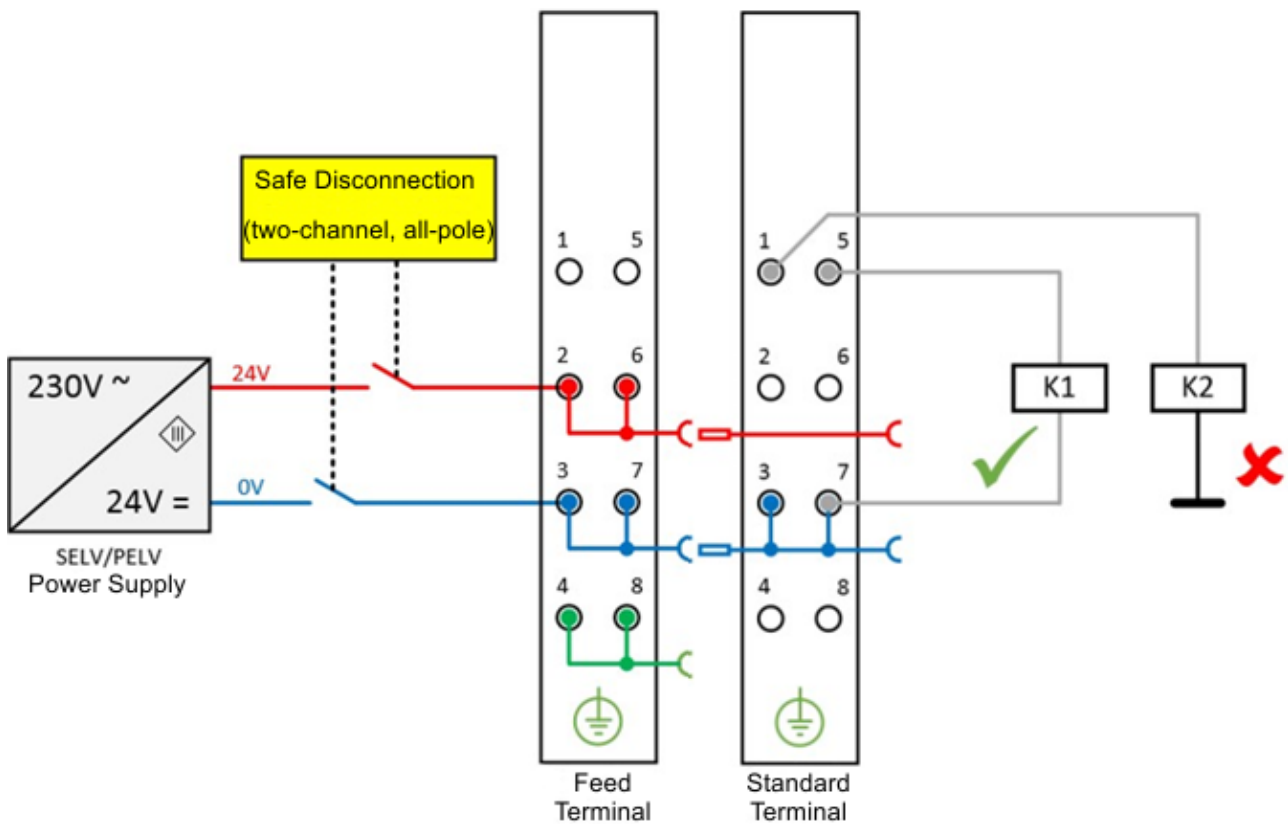


Fig. 5: Ground connection of the load: correct (K1) and incorrect (K2)

- If either
 - a) the ground of the load is not fed back to the terminal or
 - b) the ground is not safely switched but connected permanently

then fault exclusions are necessary with regard to a short-circuit with external potential in order to be able to achieve Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1:2007 or SIL3 according to IEC 61508:2010 (refer here to the overview in the chapter "Effect of options on the safety level").

- **Option 2: Cable short-circuit fault exclusion**

If solution option 1 is not feasible, the ground feedback and all-pole disconnection can be dispensed with if the danger of feedback due to a cable short-circuit can be excluded by other measures. These measures, which can be implemented alternatively, are described in the following sections.

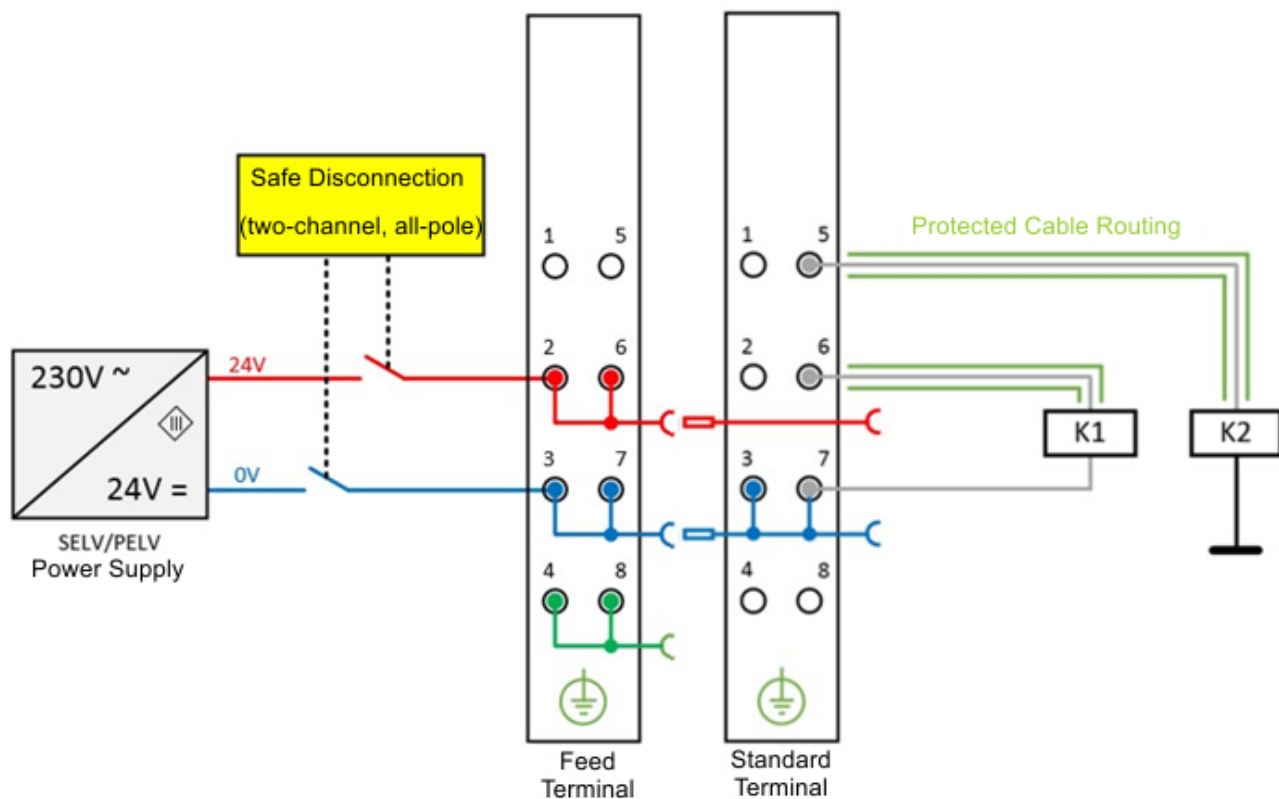


Fig. 6: Short circuit fault exclusion through protected cable laying

- **a) Possibility 1: Load connection via separate sheathed cables**
The non-safely switched potential of the standard terminal may not be conducted together with other potential-conducting cores inside the same sheathed cable. (*Fault exclusion, see EN ISO 13849-2:2013, Table D.4*)
- **b) Possibility 2: Wiring only inside the control cabinet**
All loads connected to the non-safe standard terminals must be located in the same control cabinet as the terminals. The cables are routed entirely inside the control cabinet. (*Fault exclusion, see EN ISO 13849-2:2013, Table D.4*)
- **c) Possibility 3: Dedicated earth connection per conductor**
All conductors connected to the non-safe standard terminals are protected by their own earth connection. (*Fault exclusion, see EN ISO 13849-2:2013, Table D.4*)
- **d) Possibility 4: Cable permanently (fixed) installed and protected against external damage**
All conductors connected to the non-safe standard terminals are permanently fixed and, e.g. protected against external damage by a cable duct or armored pipe.
- **Effect of the options on the safety level**
In principle, standard terminals in safely switched potential groups are not an active part of the safety controller. Accordingly, **the safety level attained is defined only by the higher-level safety controller**, i.e. the standard terminals are not included in the calculation! However, the wiring of the standard terminals can lead to limitations in the maximum attainable safety level. Depending on the solution selected for the avoidance of feedback and the safety standard considered (see Option 1 and Option 2), different maximum attainable safety levels result, which are summarized in the following table:

Summary of safety classifications

Feedback avoidance measures	DIN EN ISO 13849-1	IEC 61508	EN 62061
Fault exclusion	max.	max. SIL3	max. SIL2 *
Cable short-circuit	Cat. 4		
Ground feedback and all-pole disconnection	PLe		max. SIL3

⚠ WARNING**Observe the notes on the operation of interference-free terminals!**

- All terminals in a potential group must be interference-free!
- Ensure that no energy can be fed back via external circuitry, even in the event of a fault!

2 Product description

2.1 EL1258, EL1259, EL2258

2.1.1 Introduction

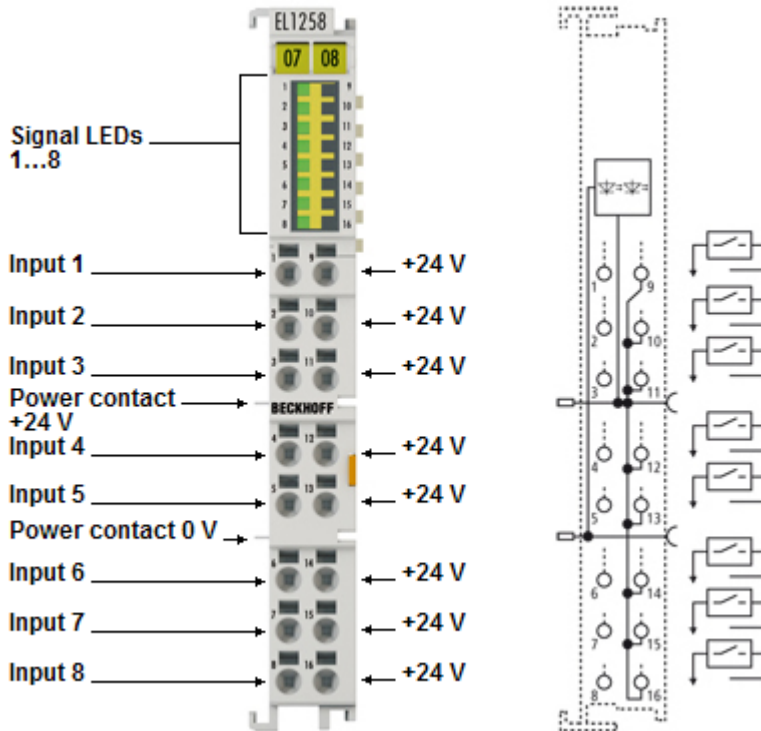


Fig. 7: EL1258

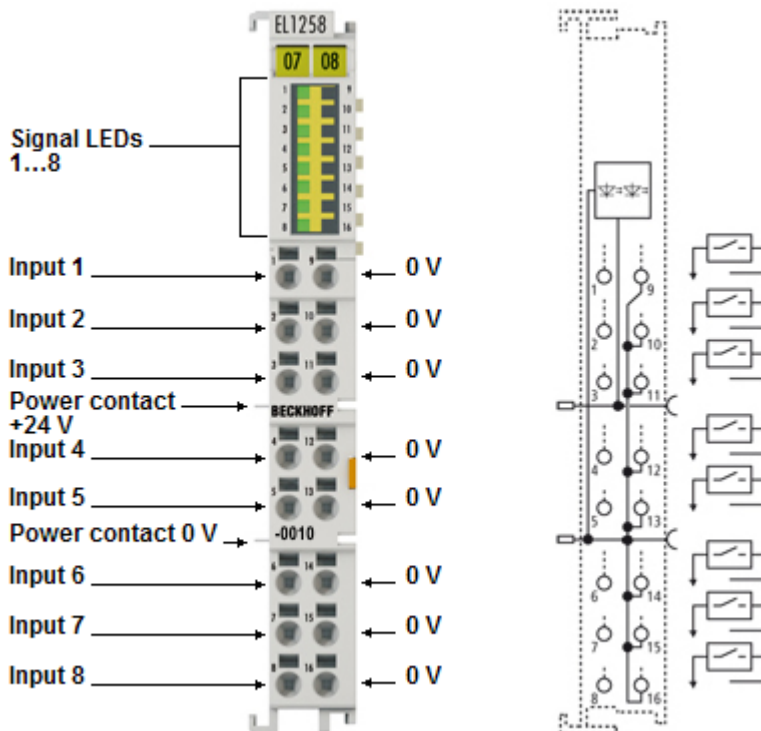


Fig. 8: EL1258-0010

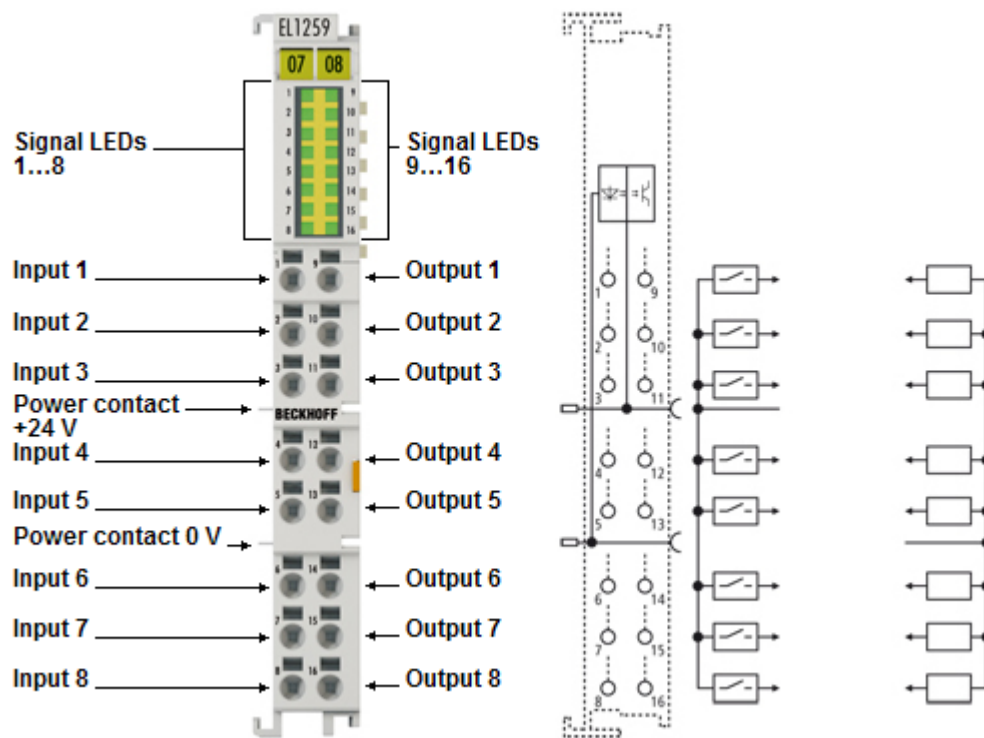


Fig. 9: EL1259

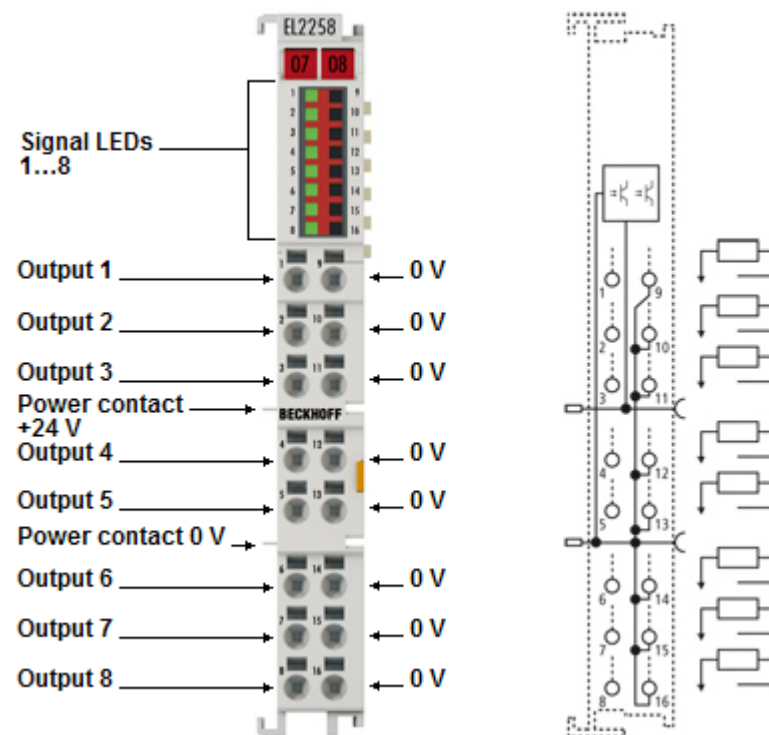


Fig. 10: EL2258

Digital input/output terminals with timestamp

The 8-channel digital input terminal EL1258 records fast binary control signals from the process level and transfers them electrically isolated to the controller. In contrast to the EL1252 with two channels the EL1258 has eight channels and a lower sampling rate. In addition, the EL1258 offers the option of logging several changes of the input signal per PLC cycle and to transfer these to the controller (MultiTimeStamping). The EL1258 is synchronized with other EtherCAT devices through the distributed clocks system, so that events in the whole system can be measured with a uniform timebase. An EL1258-0010 (ground switching) is available as a variant.

The 8-channel digital output terminal EL2258 switches the binary output signals of the controller electrically isolated from the process level. Up to 10 switching orders per PLC cycle can be transferred to the terminal. These are output with an accuracy of up to 10 µs (depending on the selected process image). The distributed clocks are used as time reference. In conjunction with timestamp input terminals the EL2258 enables responses at equidistant intervals that are largely independent of the bus cycle time.

The 16-channel digital EtherCAT Terminal EL1259 combines the function of the EL1258 – eight timestamp inputs – with those of the EL2258 – eight timestamp outputs. The high channel density in conjunction with time stamping of the signals enables fast, efficient processes through optimized sensor and actuator control. The EL1259 is also synchronized with other devices through the distributed clocks system, so that events in the whole system can be measured with a uniform timebase.

Quick-Links

- [EtherCAT basics](#) [► 34]
- [LEDs and connection](#) [► 30]
- [Commissioning](#) [► 66]

2.1.2 Technical data

Technical data	EL1258	EL1259	EL1258-0010	EL2258
Digital inputs	8	8	8	-
Digital outputs	-	8	-	8
Connection technology	2-wire	1-wire	2-wire	2-wire
Rated voltage	24 V _{DC} (-15%/+20%)			
Signal voltage "0"	-3 V ... +5 V (based on EN 61131-2, type 3)		18...30 V	
Signal voltage "1"	+11 V ... +30 V (based on EN 61131-2, type 3)		0...7 V	
Input current	typ. 3 mA (based on EN 61131-2, type 3)		3,0 mA typ.	
Input filter	< 1 µs typ.			-
Distributed Clocks	Yes			
Distributed clock (DC) precision	<< 1 µs			
Internal sampling rate/execution	<10 ... <40 µs, depends on PDO configuration ("Microcycle", see notes)			
Minimum EtherCAT cycle time	90..540 µs, depends on PDO configuration ("Macrocycle", see notes)			
Load type outputs	-	ohmic, inductive, lamp load	-	ohmic, inductive, lamp load
Output current	-	max. 0.5 A (short-circuit-proof) per channel	-	max. 0.5 A (short-circuit-proof) per channel
Output stage	-	Push **)	-	Push **)
Reverse polarity protection	-	yes	-	yes
Breaking energy	-	< 150 mJ/channel	-	< 150 mJ/channel
Switching times outputs	-	T _{ON} : < 1 µs typ., T _{OFF} : < 1 µs typ. *)	-	T _{ON} : < 1 µs typ., T _{OFF} : < 1 µs typ. *)
Current consumption of power contacts	typ. 6 mA	typ. 30 mA + load	typ. 6 mA	typ. 30 mA + load
Supply voltage for electronic	via the E-bus			
Current consumption via E-bus	typ. 130 mA			
Electrical isolation	500 V (E-bus/field voltage)			
Configuration	no address or configuration settings required			
Weight	approx. 55 g			
Permissible ambient temperature range during operation	0°C ... +55°C			
Permissible ambient temperature range during storage	-25°C ... +85°C			
Permissible relative humidity	95%, no condensation			
Dimensions (W x H x D)	approx. 15 mm x 100 mm x 70 mm (width aligned: 12 mm)			
Enhanced mechanical load capacity	yes, see also installation instructions for enhanced mechanical load capacity [► 59]			
Mounting [► 52]	on 35 mm mounting rail conforms to EN 60715			
Vibration/shock resistance	conforms to EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27,			
EMC immunity/emission	conforms to EN 61000-6-2 / EN 61000-6-4			
Protection class	IP20			
Installation position	variable			
Marking / Approval ^{*)}	CE, EAC, UKCA cULus [► 51]	CE, EAC, UKCA cULus [► 51]	CE, EAC, UKCA	CE, EAC, UKCA cULus [► 51]

*) Real applicable approvals/markings see type plate on the side (product marking).

**) In order to achieve the fastest possible T_{off} time (negative edge, switch-off), the output must be operated with a load resistor, ideally with a rated load of 0.5 A corresponding to 48 Ohm. The corresponding thermal load capacity of the resistor must be taken into account.

2.1.3 Technology

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- Procedure for sampling digital inputs [► 25]
- Procedure for sampling digital outputs [► 26]
- Multi-timestamp [► 28]

The EL1258, EL1259 and EL2258 EtherCAT terminals make up a family of terminals whose members feature a similar range of functions. These are digital input and output terminals that read in or output 24 V signals. The EL1258 can read in eight channels, while the EL2258 can output eight channels. The EL1259 is the mixed version with 8 input and 8 output channels on an overall width of 12 mm. A characteristic feature of these terminals is the multi-timestamp capability, as an extension to the conventional timestamp function.

It is often of great interest when inputs are read in or outputs are switched in a running application. Three general procedures for considering inputs and outputs are described below:

Procedure for sampling digital inputs

• Standard sampling

Standard sampling is used for “normal” digital input/output terminals. For the input this means that a 24 V signal (TRUE) or 0 V signal (FALSE) is applied by a sensor (e.g. light barrier). This channel information is queried in the next EtherCAT cycle and transferred to the controller.

In addition it means that this signal was applied to the input within the last cycle time and is still present at the time of sampling. However, no statement can be made as to the precise point in time when this edge arrived at the input, or whether short pulses were already present before that.

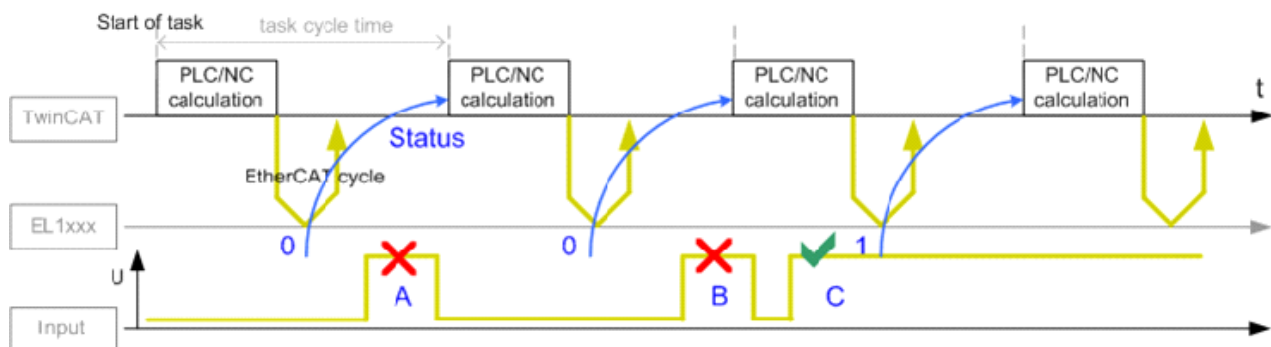


Fig. 11: Query of input channel information, standard

- In Fig. *Query of input channel information, standard* pulses A and B are not picked up, only pulse C lasts long enough to be present during sampling (blue), so that the "1" is picked up by the bus cycle. This mode of operation is also called *frame-triggered*.

The time frame for the sampling is thus the task/EtherCAT cycle time employed of e.g. 10 ms or 1 ms. To sample processes in the machine at finer intervals, the cycle time usually has to be reduced to the required or smallest possible value, e.g. 100 μ s. However, this entails limitations with regard to the then maximum available computing time and possibly also the EtherCAT data volume within this cycle time.

Two technologies are available to remedy this situation: *Oversampling* and *timestamp*.

In principle, the EtherCAT Terminals EL1258, EL1259 and EL2258 can be used for standard sampling.

• Oversampling

Within the specified (configurable) cycle time the input terminals read the input status n times and store the states in an array, which is transferred to the controller based on the bus cycle. The correspondingly finer time frame, the microcycle, thus enables a slow bus cycle time with nevertheless extremely fine sampling.

For example, the input terminal EL1262 is capable of 1000-fold oversampling at a 1 μ s microcycle.

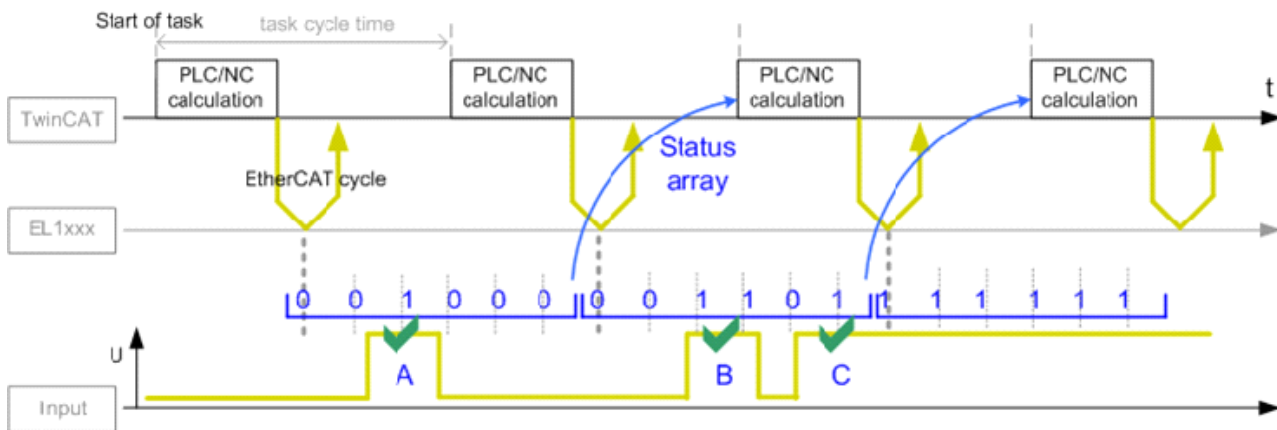


Fig. 12: Query of input channel information, oversampling

- In Fig. *Query of input channel information, oversampling* pulses A and B are also picked up, compared with standard sampling. Over the known microcycle time each individual pulse can be determined from the resulting data stream. However, a constantly high volume of data is transferred with each EtherCAT cycle, even if there are no edge changes at all at the input.
- Timestamp**
In this mode the input terminal operates only event-based. The edge changes are registered at the input channel. Internally two pieces of information are stored for each event, i.e. the input state 0/1 after the edge change and the exact time of edge change, the *timestamp*. The time is derived from the synchronized EtherCAT distributed clocks system, which synchronizes all capable EtherCAT devices in the network to a time accuracy of $< 1 \mu\text{s}$ without special configuration (for further information see [Basic EtherCAT documentation](#)).

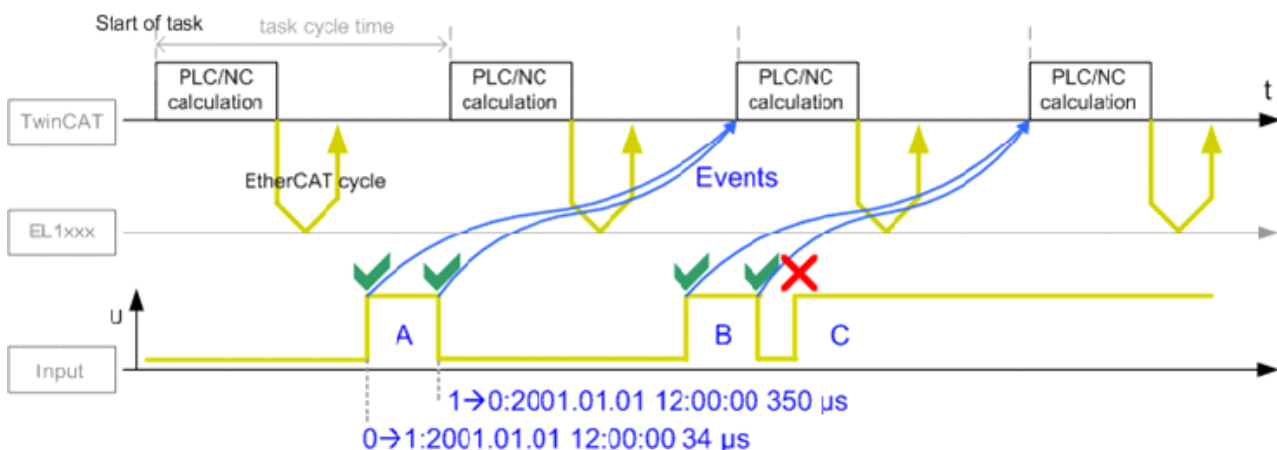


Fig. 13: Query of input channel information, with timestamp

- In Fig. *Query of input channel information, with timestamp* the rising and the falling edge of pulse A is picked up as event with timestamp and transferred to the controller during the EtherCAT cycle. The time resolution is 1 ns here – an ‘infinitely’ fine time resolution in mechanical terms. The EL1252 can “only” store one falling and one rising edge per cycle – if several edge changes occur, e.g. a rising edge of pulse C, the first or last event is stored, depending on the configuration (see [EL1252 documentation](#)).

In summary, the *oversampling* and *timestamp* procedures provide a significantly finer image of the machine sequence than *standard sampling* of the digital input.

Procedure for sampling digital outputs

The principles described above can be transferred to digital outputs accordingly.

- Standard sampling**
A frame-triggered standard output can only switch with the time of each EtherCAT cycle if it receives a new target output state:

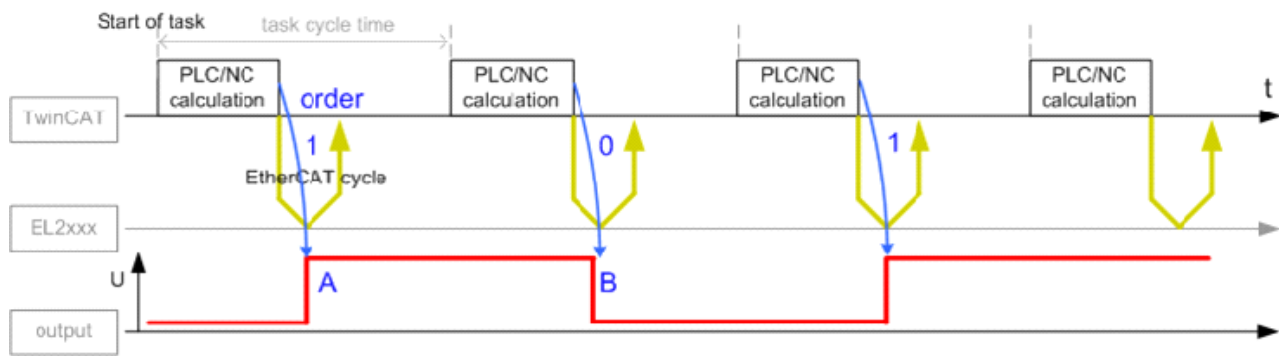


Fig. 14: Output of output channel information, standard

- In Fig. *Output of output channel information, standard* the number of switching events is limited to the cycle time and cannot be changed at the actual switching time. For high-speed or high-precision machines this has a significant effect on the maximum possible production speed and manufacturing tolerances. The *oversampling* and *timestamp* technologies help here as well.
- **Oversampling**
The controller calculates the array of digital 0/1 output data in advance and sends it to the output channel. This successively clocks out the target output states in the fixed microcycle.

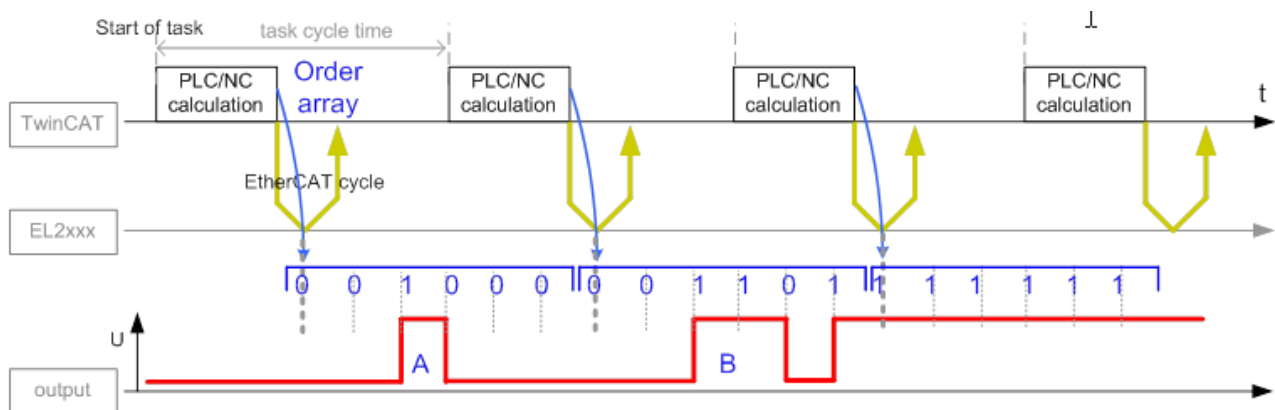


Fig. 15: Output of output channel information, oversampling

- This procedure enables a significantly finer time resolution to be achieved for the actuator control, even below the actual cycle time.
The digital output terminal EL2262 can achieve a time resolution of 1 μ s with 1000-fold oversampling.
- **Timestamp**
With the timestamp principle the controller calculates an exact time at which the output is to switch to a new state 0/1. After this switching order has been transferred, the terminal waits until this time is reached and then switches automatically, independent of the bus cycle. Here too the distributed clocks function is decisive. It synchronizes the local clock that runs in the output terminal.

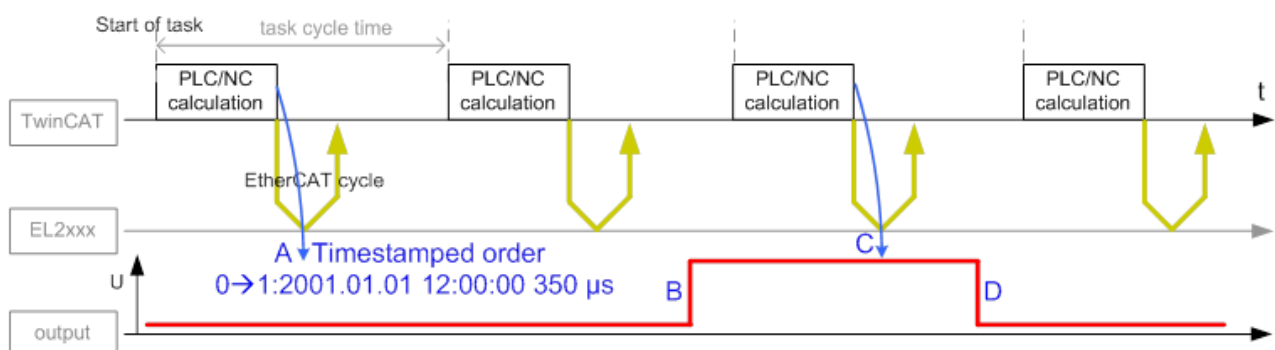


Fig. 16: Output of output channel information, with timestamp

- At (A) the controller transfers a switching order consisting of output state and switching time to the output channel; the order is executed at (B) independently of the cycle. The controller can then send a new switching order (C). The 'infinitely' fine time resolution of 1 ns applies here as well. In general the digital output terminal EL2252 with oversampling requires two cycles for activating a switching order.

Multi-timestamp

The multi-timestamp capability opens up new application options for digital inputs and outputs:

Inputs EL1258, EL1259

- 8 multi-timestamp channels on an overall width of 12 mm
- All channels operate completely independently of one another
- Each channel is capable of sampling not only one, but up to 32 signal edges ("events") per cycle
- Each channel has its own buffer. Events are held in the buffer, if more signal edge changes arrive at the input during a cycle than are retrieved via the process data. The buffer can be sent continuously to the controller via the cyclic process data. A handshake mode is also possible – thus no signals to the controller are lost in the event of communication errors.
- The process data size can be configured individually for each channel, i.e. how many timestamped events per cycle are to be retrieved from the channel by the PLC
- These functions require a process image that differs from the previous EL1252. For reasons of compatibility with the existing user software the terminal can be switched to a compatible process image (without the new functions).
- Sampling of the input state 0/1 takes place based on a microcycle of several μs , depending on the selected setting, i.e. significantly faster than the EtherCAT bus cycle time
- The timestamp allocated to a signal edge detected in this way is the start time of the microcycle in which it was picked up.
- An adjustable digital filter can be activated for each channel which blanks signals that are too short (spikes).
- In this way significantly more signal changes can be sampled with timestamp during each cycle, and no event information is lost in the buffer.

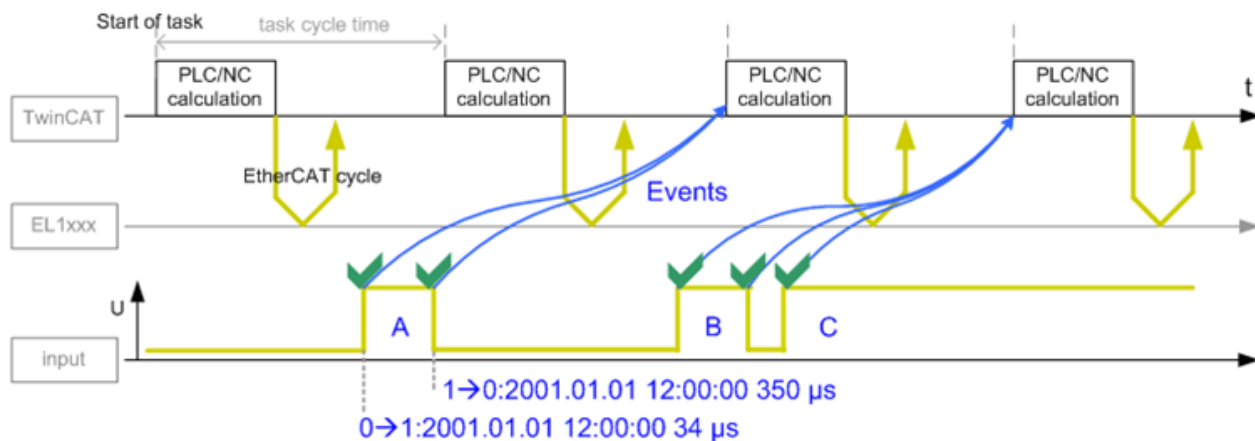


Fig. 17: Query of input channel information, with multi-timestamp

Outputs EL1259, EL2258

- 8 multi-timestamp channels on an overall width of 12 mm
- All channels operate completely independently of one another
- Each channel has a buffer and can therefore store not just one switching order, but up to 32 events. Thus several precisely timed switching events can also be specified within a cycle.
- In order to transfer switching orders to the channel as quickly as possible, the multi-timestamp function operates with AutoActivation: new switching orders are taken over in each cycle without special activation; however, an optional handshake procedure is also possible here.

- The process data size – i.e. the number of time-stamped switching orders that can be sent by the controller to the channel per cycle – is configurable for each channel.
- These functions require a process image that differs from the previous EL2252. For reasons of compatibility with existing user software the terminal can be switched to a compatible process image (without the new functions).
- The query whether an executable switching order is present in the buffer takes place based on a microcycle of several μs , depending on the selected setting, and is therefore significantly faster than the EtherCAT bus cycle time. Thus several timestamp switching orders are also possible per bus cycle.
- In order to test the actuator connected to the output channel, the output can also be switched manually via the CoE, i.e. without timestamps.
- Thus virtually any desired number of switching orders can now be output per channel within the framework of the microcycle, both 'immediately' for the following cycle (A) and also through the buffer for later cycles (B).

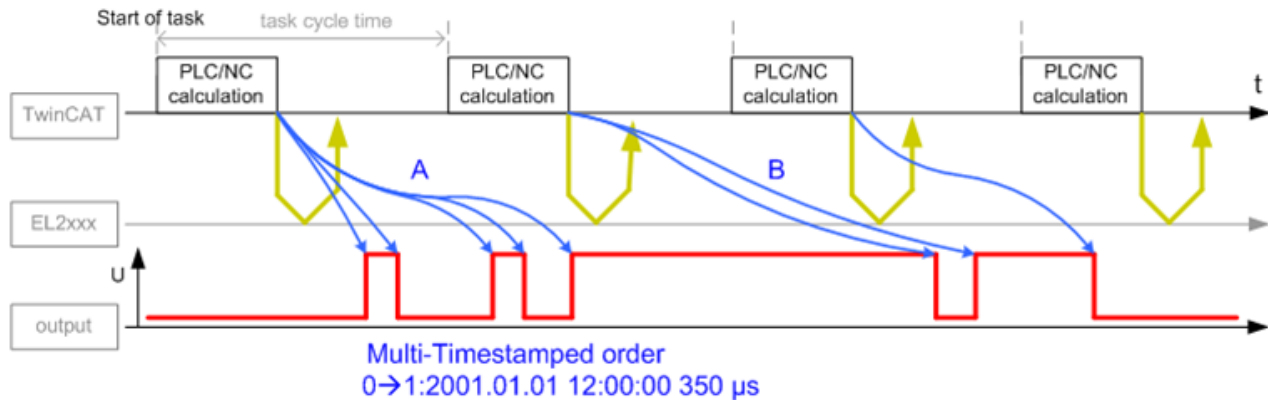


Fig. 18: Output of output channel information, with multi-timestamp

2.1.4 Connection, display and diagnostics

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• LEDs and connection EL1258 [▶ 30]
• LEDs and connection EL1258-0010 [▶ 31]
• LEDs and connection EL1259 [▶ 32]
• LEDs and connection EL2258 [▶ 33]

EL1258

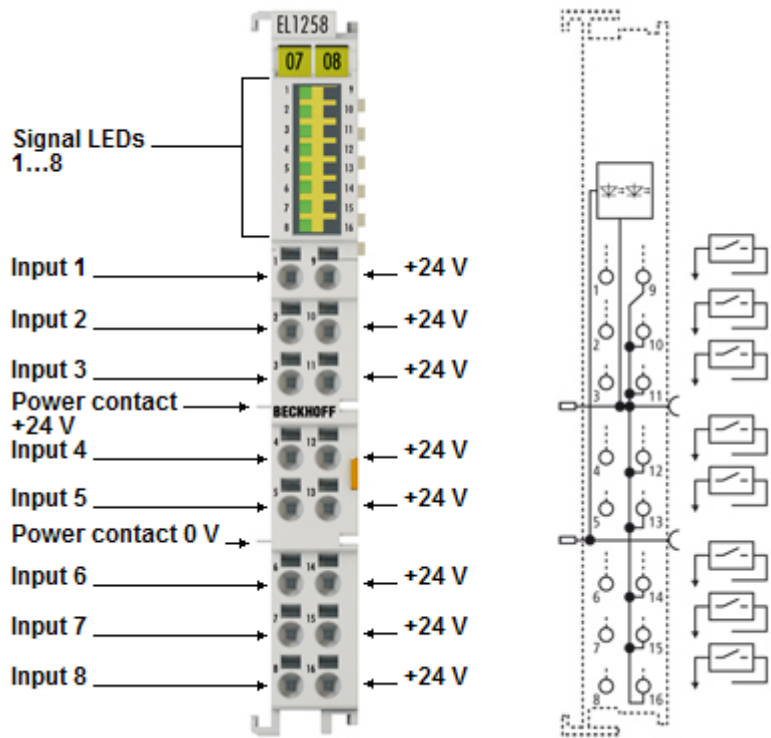


Fig. 19: EL1258

LED	Color	Meaning	
INPUT 1- 8	green	off	There is no input signal at the respective input
		on	Input signal at the respective input

Connection EL1258

Terminal point		Description
Name	No.	
Input 1	1	Input 1
Input 2	2	Input 2
Input 3	3	Input 3
Input 4	4	Input 4
Input 5	5	Input 5
Input 6	6	Input 6
Input 7	7	Input 7
Input 8	8	Input 8
+24 V	9-16	+ 24 V (internal connection of terminal points 9 -16 and positive power contact)

EL1258-0010

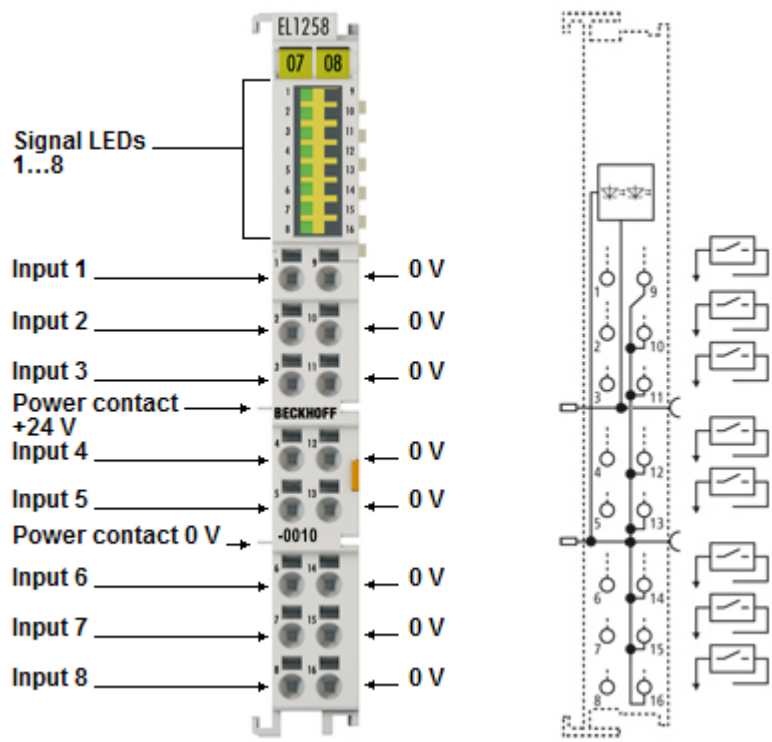


Fig. 20: EL1258-0010

LED	Color	Meaning	
INPUT 1- 8	green	off	There is no input signal at the respective input
		on	Input signal at the respective input

Connection EL1258-0010

Terminal point		Description
Name	No.	
Input 1	1	Input 1
Input 2	2	Input 2
Input 3	3	Input 3
Input 4	4	Input 4
Input 5	5	Input 5
Input 6	6	Input 6
Input 7	7	Input 7
Input 8	8	Input 8
0 V	9-16	0 V (internal connection of terminal points 9 -16 and negative power contact)

EL1259

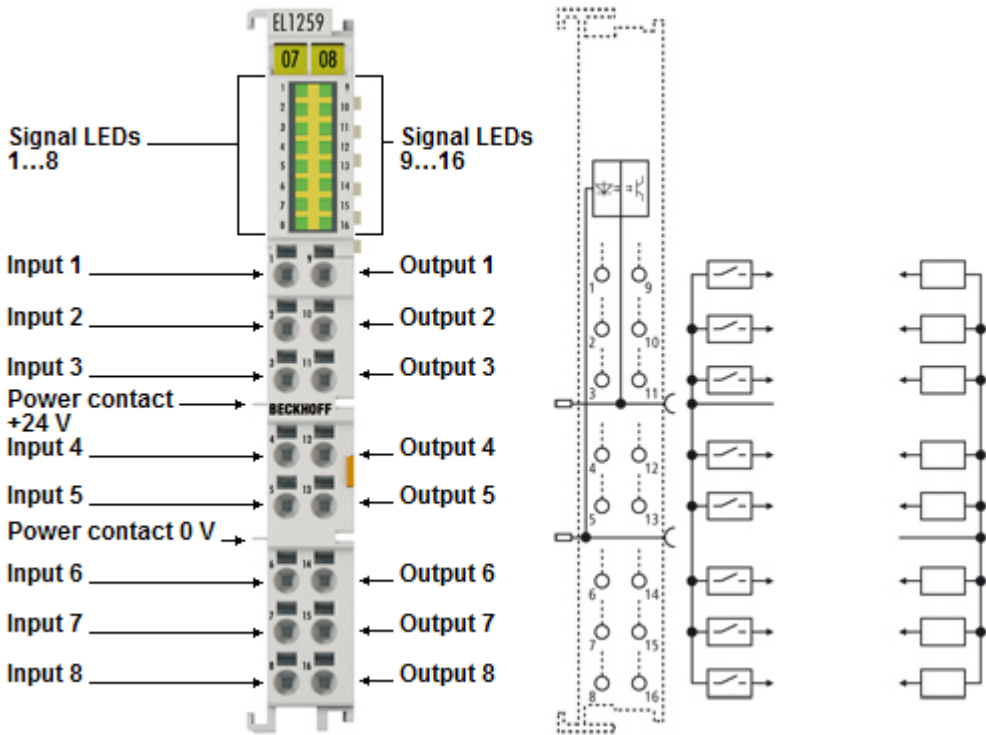


Fig. 21: EL1259

LED	Color	Meaning	
INPUT 1- 8 (Signal LEDs 1 - 8)	green	off	There is no input signal at the respective input
		on	Input signal at the respective input
OUTPUT 1- 8 (Signal LEDs 9 - 16)	green	off	No output signal is present at the respective output
		on	Input signal at the respective input

Connection EL1259

Terminal point		Description
Name	No.	
Input 1	1	Input 1
Input 2	2	Input 2
Input 3	3	Input 3
Input 4	4	Input 4
Input 5	5	Input 5
Input 6	6	Input 6
Input 7	7	Input 7
Input 8	8	Input 8
Output 1	9	Output 1
Output 2	10	Output 2
Output 3	11	Output 3
Output 4	12	Output 4
Output 5	13	Output 5
Output 6	14	Output 6
Output 7	15	Output 7
Output 8	16	Output 8

EL2258

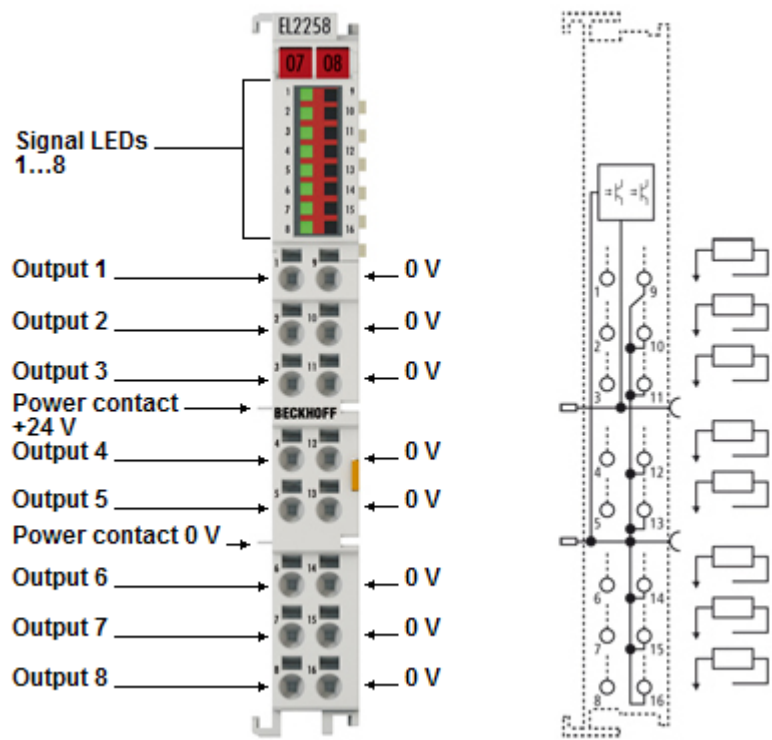


Fig. 22: EL2258

LED	Color	Meaning	
OUTPUT 1- 8	green	off	There is no output signal at the respective input
		on	Output signal at the respective input

Connection EL2258

Terminal point		Description
Name	No.	
Output 1	1	Output 1
Output 2	2	Output 2
Output 3	3	Output 3
Output 4	4	Output 4
Output 5	5	Output 5
Output 6	6	Output 6
Output 7	7	Output 7
Output 8	8	Output 8
0 V	9-16	+ 0 V (internal connection of terminal points 9 -16 and negative power contact)

2.2 Start

For commissioning:

- mount the EL125x, EL2258 as described in the chapter [Mounting and wiring](#) [[► 47](#)]
- configure the EL125x, EL2258 in TwinCAT as described in the chapter [Commissioning](#) [[► 66](#)].

3 Basics communication

3.1 EtherCAT basics

Please refer to the [EtherCAT System Documentation](#) for the EtherCAT fieldbus basics.

3.2 EtherCAT cabling – wire-bound

The cable length between two EtherCAT devices must not exceed 100 m. This results from the FastEthernet technology, which, above all for reasons of signal attenuation over the length of the cable, allows a maximum link length of 5 + 90 + 5 m if cables with appropriate properties are used. See also the [Design recommendations for the infrastructure for EtherCAT/Ethernet](#).

Cables and connectors

For connecting EtherCAT devices only Ethernet connections (cables + plugs) that meet the requirements of at least category 5 (Cat5) according to EN 50173 or ISO/IEC 11801 should be used. EtherCAT uses 4 wires for signal transfer.

EtherCAT uses RJ45 plug connectors, for example. The pin assignment is compatible with the Ethernet standard (ISO/IEC 8802-3).

Pin	Color of conductor	Signal	Description
1	yellow	TD +	Transmission Data +
2	orange	TD -	Transmission Data -
3	white	RD +	Receiver Data +
6	blue	RD -	Receiver Data -

Due to automatic cable detection (auto-crossing) symmetric (1:1) or cross-over cables can be used between EtherCAT devices from Beckhoff.



Recommended cables

It is recommended to use the appropriate Beckhoff components e.g.

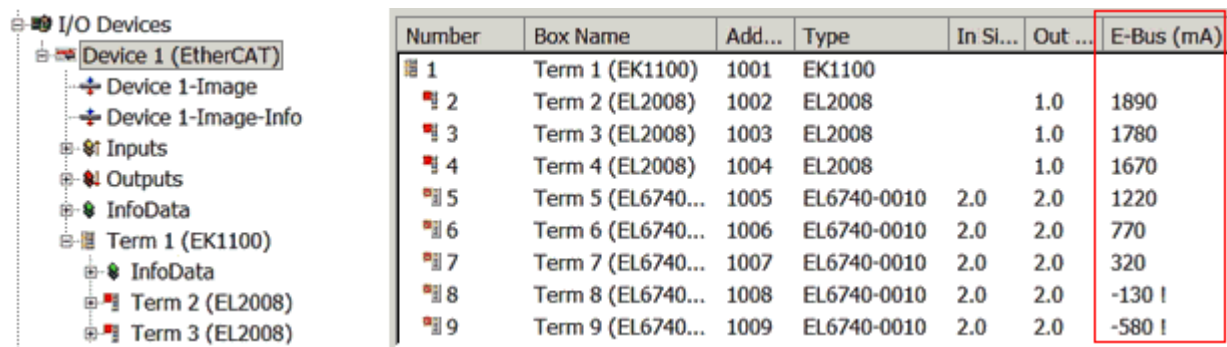
- cable sets ZK1090-9191-xxxx respectively
- RJ45 connector, field assembly ZS1090-0005
- EtherCAT cable, field assembly ZB9010, ZB9020

Suitable cables for the connection of EtherCAT devices can be found on the [Beckhoff website!](#)

E-Bus supply

A bus coupler can supply the EL terminals added to it with the E-bus system voltage of 5 V; a coupler is thereby loadable up to 2 A as a rule (see details in respective device documentation). Information on how much current each EL terminal requires from the E-bus supply is available online and in the catalogue. If the added terminals require more current than the coupler can supply, then power feed terminals (e.g. [EL9410](#)) must be inserted at appropriate places in the terminal strand.

The pre-calculated theoretical maximum E-Bus current is displayed in the TwinCAT System Manager. A shortfall is marked by a negative total amount and an exclamation mark; a power feed terminal is to be placed before such a position.



The screenshot shows the 'I/O Devices' tree on the left with 'Device 1 (EtherCAT)' expanded, showing 'Inputs', 'Outputs', 'InfoData', and three terms. The table on the right lists 9 terminals with their addresses, types, and E-Bus current values. The 'E-Bus (mA)' column is highlighted with a red box.

Number	Box Name	Add...	Type	In Si...	Out ...	E-Bus (mA)
1	Term 1 (EK1100)	1001	EK1100			
2	Term 2 (EL2008)	1002	EL2008		1.0	1890
3	Term 3 (EL2008)	1003	EL2008		1.0	1780
4	Term 4 (EL2008)	1004	EL2008		1.0	1670
5	Term 5 (EL6740-0010)	1005	EL6740-0010	2.0	2.0	1220
6	Term 6 (EL6740-0010)	1006	EL6740-0010	2.0	2.0	770
7	Term 7 (EL6740-0010)	1007	EL6740-0010	2.0	2.0	320
8	Term 8 (EL6740-0010)	1008	EL6740-0010	2.0	2.0	-130 I
9	Term 9 (EL6740-0010)	1009	EL6740-0010	2.0	2.0	-580 I

Fig. 23: System manager current calculation

NOTICE

Malfunction possible!

The same ground potential must be used for the E-Bus supply of all EtherCAT terminals in a terminal block!

3.3 General notes for setting the watchdog

The EtherCAT terminals are equipped with a safety device (watchdog) which, e. g. in the event of interrupted process data traffic, switches the outputs (if present) to a presettable state after a presettable time, depending on the device and setting, e. g. to FALSE (off) or an output value.

The EtherCAT slave controller features two watchdogs:

- Sync Manager (SM) watchdog (default: 100 ms)
- Process Data (PDI) watchdog (default: 100 ms)

Their times are individually parameterized in TwinCAT as follows:

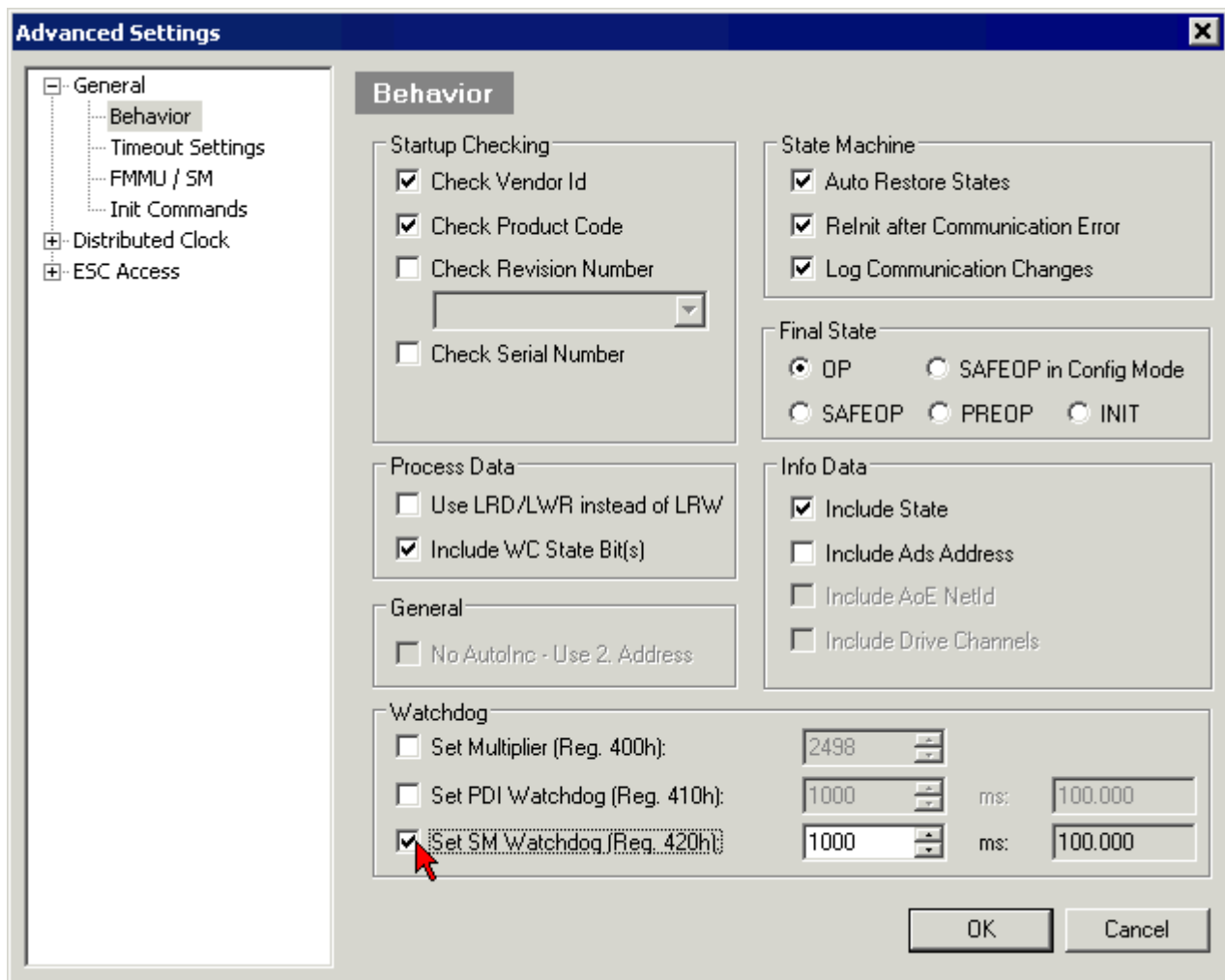


Fig. 24: eEtherCAT tab -> Advanced Settings -> Behavior -> Watchdog

Notes:

- the Multiplier Register 400h (hexadecimal, i. e. 0x0400) is valid for both watchdogs.
- each watchdog has its own timer setting 410h or 420h, which together with the Multiplier results in a resulting time.
- important: the Multiplier/Timer setting is only loaded into the slave at EtherCAT startup if the checkbox in front of it is activated.
- if it is not checked, nothing is downloaded and the setting located in the ESC remains unchanged.
- the downloaded values can be seen in the ESC registers 400h, 410h and 420h: ESC Access -> Memory

SM watchdog (SyncManager Watchdog)

The SyncManager watchdog is reset with each successful EtherCAT process data communication with the terminal. If, for example, no EtherCAT process data communication with the terminal takes place for longer than the set and activated SM watchdog time due to a line interruption, the watchdog is triggered. The status of the terminal (usually OP) remains unaffected. The watchdog is only reset again by a successful EtherCAT process data access.

The SyncManager watchdog is therefore a monitoring for correct and timely process data communication with the ESC from the EtherCAT side.

The maximum possible watchdog time depends on the device. For example, for "simple" EtherCAT slaves (without firmware) with watchdog execution in the ESC it is usually up to 170 seconds. For complex EtherCAT slaves (with firmware) the SM watchdog function is usually parameterized via register 400h/420h but executed by the microcontroller (µC) and can be significantly lower. In addition, the execution may then be subject to a certain time uncertainty. Since the TwinCAT dialog may allow inputs up to 65535, a test of the desired watchdog time is recommended.

PDI watchdog (Process Data Watchdog)

If there is no PDI communication with the ESC for longer than the set and activated Process Data Interface (PDI) watchdog time, this watchdog is triggered.

The PDI is the internal interface of the ESC, e.g. to local processors in the EtherCAT slave. With the PDI watchdog this communication can be monitored for failure.

The PDI watchdog is therefore a monitoring for correct and timely process data communication with the ESC, but viewed from the application side.

Calculation

Watchdog time = $[1/25 \text{ MHz} * (\text{Watchdog multiplier} + 2)] * \text{SM/PDI watchdog}$

Example: default setting Multiplier = 2498, SM watchdog = 1000 => 100 ms

The value in "Watchdog multiplier + 2" in the formula above corresponds to the number of 40ns base ticks representing one watchdog tick.

CAUTION

Undefined state possible!

The function for switching off the SM watchdog via SM watchdog = 0 is only implemented in terminals from revision -0016. In previous versions this operating mode should not be used.

CAUTION

Damage of devices and undefined state possible!

If the SM watchdog is activated and a value of 0 is entered the watchdog switches off completely. This is the deactivation of the watchdog! Set outputs are NOT set in a safe state if the communication is interrupted.

3.4 EtherCAT State Machine

The state of the EtherCAT slave is controlled via the EtherCAT State Machine (ESM). Depending upon the state, different functions are accessible or executable in the EtherCAT slave. Specific commands must be sent by the EtherCAT master to the device in each state, particularly during the bootup of the slave.

A distinction is made between the following states:

- Init
- Pre-Operational
- Safe-Operational
- Operational
- Bootstrap

The regular state of each EtherCAT slave after bootup is the OP state.

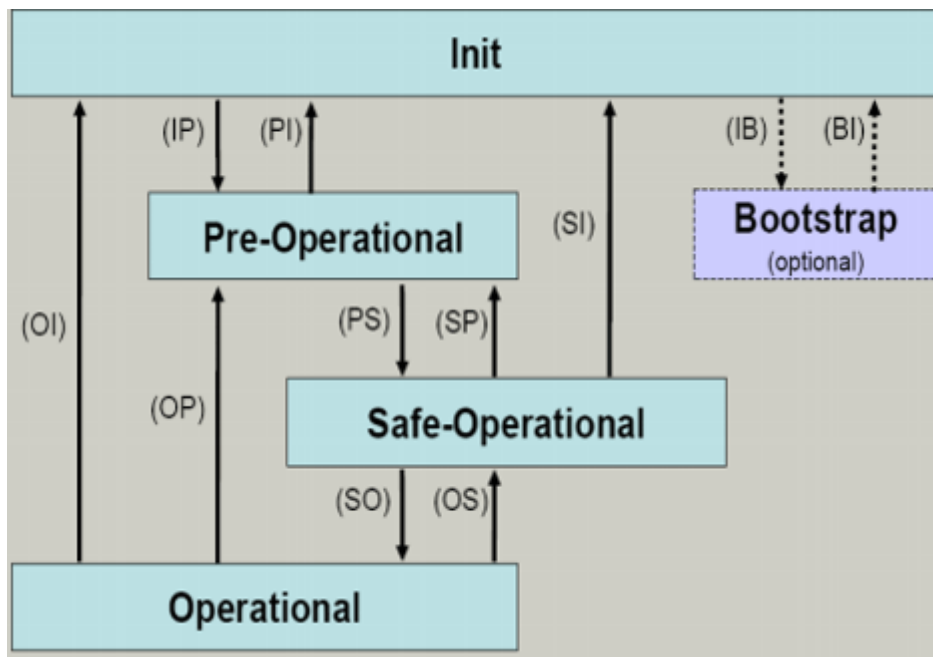


Fig. 25: States of the EtherCAT State Machine

Init

After switch-on the EtherCAT slave in the *Init* state. No mailbox or process data communication is possible. The EtherCAT master initializes sync manager channels 0 and 1 for mailbox communication.

Pre-Operational (Pre-Op)

During the transition between *Init* and *Pre-Op* the EtherCAT slave checks whether the mailbox was initialized correctly.

In *Pre-Op* state mailbox communication is possible, but not process data communication. The EtherCAT master initializes the sync manager channels for process data (from sync manager channel 2), the Fieldbus Memory Management Unit (FMMU) channels and, if the slave supports configurable mapping, PDO mapping or the sync manager PDO assignment. In this state the settings for the process data transfer and perhaps terminal-specific parameters that may differ from the default settings are also transferred.

Safe-Operational (Safe-Op)

During transition between *Pre-Op* and *Safe-Op* the EtherCAT slave checks whether the sync manager channels for process data communication and, if required, the Distributed Clocks settings are correct. Before it acknowledges the change of state, the EtherCAT slave copies current input data into the associated Dual Port (DP)-RAM areas of the ESC.

In *Safe-Op* state mailbox and process data communication is possible, although the slave keeps its outputs in a safe state, while the input data are updated cyclically.

● **Outputs in SAFEOP state**

i The default set watchdog monitoring sets the outputs of the ESC module in a safe state - depending on the settings in SAFEOP and OP - e.g. in OFF state. If this is prevented by deactivation of the monitoring in the module, the outputs can be switched or set also in the SAFEOP state.

Operational (Op)

Before the EtherCAT master switches the EtherCAT slave from *Safe-Op* to *Op* it must transfer valid output data.

In the *Op* state the slave copies the output data of the masters to its outputs. Process data and mailbox communication is possible.

Boot

In the *Boot* state the slave firmware can be updated. The *Boot* state can only be reached via the *Init* state.

In the *Boot* state mailbox communication via the file access over EtherCAT (FoE) protocol is possible, but no other mailbox communication and no process data communication.

3.5 CoE Interface

General description

The CoE interface (CAN application protocol over EtherCAT interface) is used for parameter management of EtherCAT devices. EtherCAT slaves or the EtherCAT master manage fixed (read only) or variable parameters which they require for operation, diagnostics or commissioning.

CoE parameters are arranged in a table hierarchy. In principle, the user has access via the fieldbus. The EtherCAT master (TwinCAT System Manager) can access the local CoE lists of the slaves via EtherCAT in read or write mode, depending on the attributes.

Different CoE data types are possible, including string (text), integer numbers, Boolean values or larger byte fields. They can be used to describe a wide range of features. Examples of such parameters include manufacturer ID, serial number, process data settings, device name, calibration values for analog measurement or passwords.

The order is specified in two levels via hexadecimal numbering: (main)index, followed by subindex.

The value ranges are

- Index: 0x0000 ...0xFFFF (0...65535_{dec})
- Subindex: 0x00...0xFF (0...255_{dec})

A parameter localized in this way is normally written as 0x8010:07, with preceding "0x" to identify the hexadecimal numerical range and a colon between index and subindex.

The relevant ranges for EtherCAT fieldbus users are:

- 0x1000: This is where fixed identity information for the device is stored, including name, manufacturer, serial number etc., plus information about the current and available process data configurations.
- 0x8000: This is where the operational and functional parameters for all channels are stored, such as filter settings or output frequency.

Other important ranges are:

- 0x4000: here are the channel parameters for some EtherCAT devices. Historically, this was the first parameter area before the 0x8000 area was introduced. EtherCAT devices that were previously equipped with parameters in 0x4000 and changed to 0x8000 support both ranges for compatibility reasons and mirror internally.
- 0x6000: Input PDOs ("inputs" from the perspective of the EtherCAT master)
- 0x7000: Output PDOs ("outputs" from the perspective of the EtherCAT master)

● Availability

I Not every EtherCAT device must have a CoE list. Simple I/O modules without dedicated processor usually have no variable parameters and therefore no CoE list.

If a device has a CoE list, it is shown in the TwinCAT System Manager as a separate tab with a listing of the elements:

General EtherCAT Process Data Startup CoE - Online Online				
Update List		☐ Auto Update ☒ Single Update ☒ Show Offline Data		
Advanced...				
Add to Startup...		Offline Data	Module OD (AoE Port): 0	
Index	Name	Flags	Value	
1000	Device type	RO	0x00FA1389 (16389001)	
1008	Device name	RO	EL2502-0000	
1009	Hardware version	RO		
100A	Software version	RO		
+ 1011:0	Restore default parameters	RO	> 1 <	
- 1018:0	Identity	RO	> 4 <	
1018:01	Vendor ID	RO	0x00000002 (2)	
1018:02	Product code	RO	0x09C63052 (163983442)	
1018:03	Revision	RO	0x00130000 (1245184)	
1018:04	Serial number	RO	0x00000000 (0)	
+ 10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	RO	> 1 <	
+ 1400:0	PWM RxPDO-Par Ch.1	RO	> 6 <	
+ 1401:0	PWM RxPDO-Par Ch.2	RO	> 6 <	
+ 1402:0	PWM RxPDO-Par h.1 Ch.1	RO	> 6 <	
+ 1403:0	PWM RxPDO-Par h.1 Ch.2	RO	> 6 <	
+ 1600:0	PWM RxPDO-Map Ch.1	RO	> 1 <	

Fig. 26: "CoE Online" tab

The figure "'CoE Online' tab" shows the CoE objects available in device "EL2502", ranging from 0x1000 to 0x1600. The subindices for 0x1018 are expanded.

NOTICE

Changes in the CoE directory (CAN over EtherCAT directory), program access

When using/manipulating the CoE parameters observe the general CoE notes in chapter "[CoE interface](#)" of the EtherCAT system documentation:

- Keep a startup list if components have to be replaced,
- Distinction between online/offline dictionary,
- Existence of current XML description (download from the [Beckhoff website](#)),
- "[CoE-Reload](#)" for resetting the changes
- Program access during operation via PLC (see [TwinCAT 3 | PLC Library: "Tc2 EtherCAT"](#) and [Example program R/W CoE](#))

Data management and function "NoCoeStorage"

Some parameters, particularly the setting parameters of the slave, are configurable and writeable,

- via the System Manager (Fig. "CoE Online" tab) by clicking.
This is useful for commissioning of the system or slaves. Click on the row of the index to be parameterized and enter a value in the "SetValue" dialog.
- from the control system or PLC via ADS, e.g. through blocks from the TcEtherCAT.lib library.
This is recommended for modifications while the system is running or if no System Manager or operating staff are available.

Data management

If slave CoE parameters are modified online, Beckhoff devices store any changes in a fail-safe manner in the EEPROM, i.e. the modified CoE parameters are still available after a restart. The situation may be different with other manufacturers.

An EEPROM is subject to a limited lifetime with respect to write operations. From typically 100,000 write operations onwards it can no longer be guaranteed that new (changed) data are reliably saved or are still readable. This is irrelevant for normal commissioning. However, if CoE parameters are continuously changed via ADS at machine runtime, it is quite possible for the lifetime limit to be reached. Support for the NoCoeStorage function, which suppresses the saving of changed CoE values, depends on the firmware version.

Please refer to the technical data in this documentation as to whether this applies to the respective device.

- If the function is supported: the function is activated by entering the code word 0x12345678 once in CoE index 0xF008 and remains active as long as the code word is not changed. After switching the device on it is then inactive. Changed CoE values are not saved in the EEPROM and can thus be changed any number of times.
- If the function is not supported: continuous changing of CoE values is not permissible in view of the lifetime limit.

Startup list

Changes in the local CoE list of the terminal are lost if the terminal is replaced. If a terminal is replaced with a new Beckhoff terminal, it will have the default settings. It is therefore advisable to link all changes in the CoE list of an EtherCAT slave with the Startup list of the slave, which is processed whenever the EtherCAT fieldbus is started. In this way a replacement EtherCAT slave can automatically be parameterized with the specifications of the user.

If EtherCAT slaves are used which are unable to store local CoE values permanently, the Startup list must be used.

Recommended approach for manual modification of CoE parameters

- Make the required change in the System Manager (the values are stored locally in the EtherCAT slave).
- If the value is to be stored permanently, enter it in the Startup list.
The order of the Startup entries is usually irrelevant.

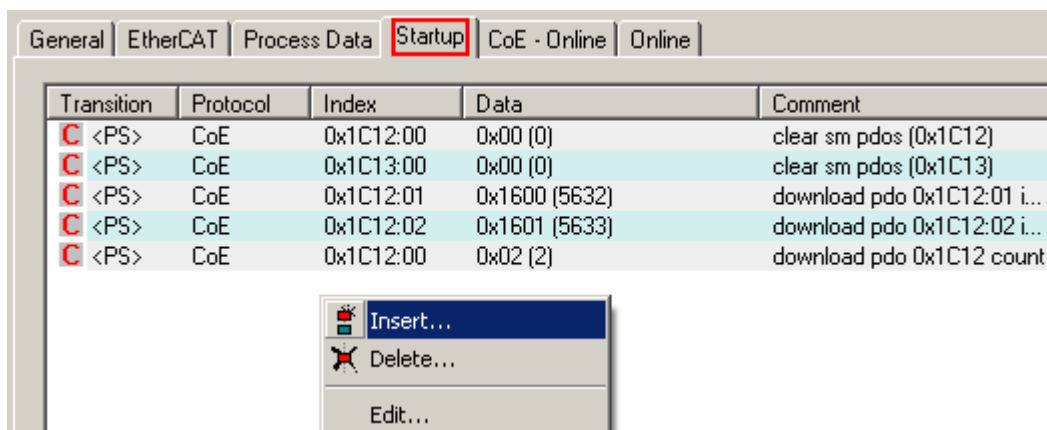


Fig. 27: Startup list in the TwinCAT System Manager

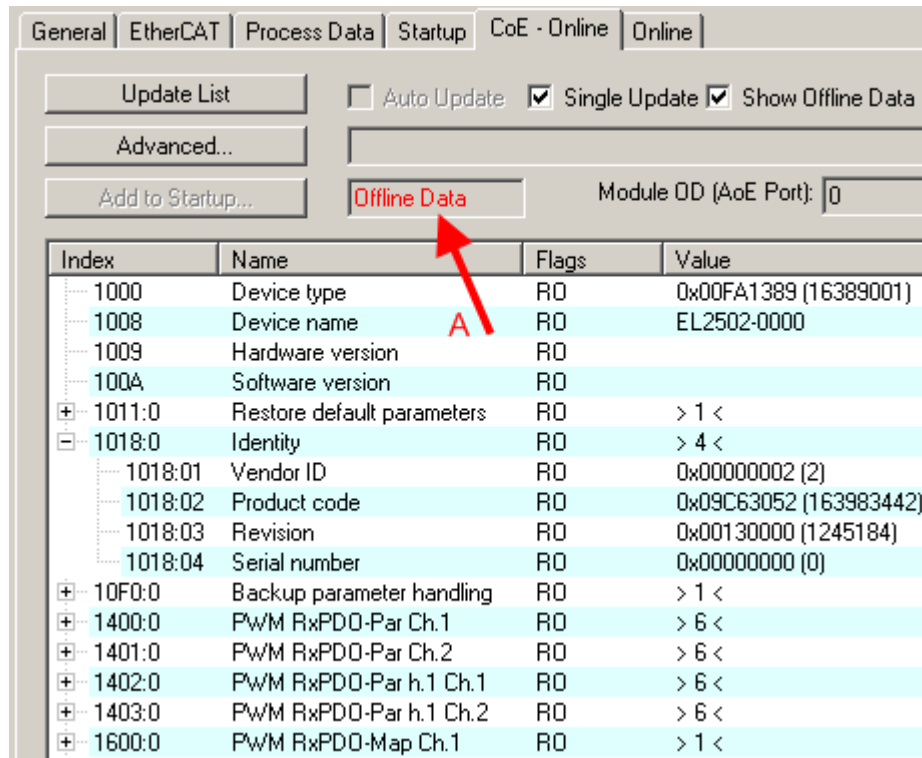
The Startup list may already contain values that were configured by the System Manager based on the ESI specifications. Additional application-specific entries can also be created.

Online / offline list

When working with the TwinCAT System Manager, a distinction must be made as to whether the EtherCAT device is currently "available", i.e. switched on and connected via EtherCAT - i.e. **online** - or whether a configuration is created **offline** without slaves being connected.

In both cases a CoE list as shown in Fig. “CoE online tab” is displayed. The connectivity is shown as offline/online.

- If the slave is offline:
 - The offline list from the ESI file is displayed. In this case modifications are not meaningful or possible.
 - The configured status is shown under Identity.
 - No firmware or hardware version is displayed since these are features of the physical device.
 - **Offline Data** is shown in red.



Index	Name	Flags	Value
1000	Device type	RO	0x00FA1389 (16389001)
1008	Device name	RO	EL2502-0000
1009	Hardware version	RO	
100A	Software version	RO	
1011:0	Restore default parameters	RO	> 1 <
1018:0	Identity	RO	> 4 <
1018:01	Vendor ID	RO	0x00000002 (2)
1018:02	Product code	RO	0x09C63052 (163983442)
1018:03	Revision	RO	0x00130000 (1245184)
1018:04	Serial number	RO	0x00000000 (0)
10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	RO	> 1 <
1400:0	PWM RxD0-Par Ch.1	RO	> 6 <
1401:0	PWM RxD0-Par Ch.2	RO	> 6 <
1402:0	PWM RxD0-Par h.1 Ch.1	RO	> 6 <
1403:0	PWM RxD0-Par h.1 Ch.2	RO	> 6 <
1600:0	PWM RxD0-Map Ch.1	RO	> 1 <

Fig. 28: Offline list

- If the slave is online:
 - The actual current slave list is read. This may take several seconds, depending on the size and cycle time.
 - The actual identity is displayed.
 - The firmware and hardware status of the device is displayed in the CoE.
 - **Online Data** is shown in green.

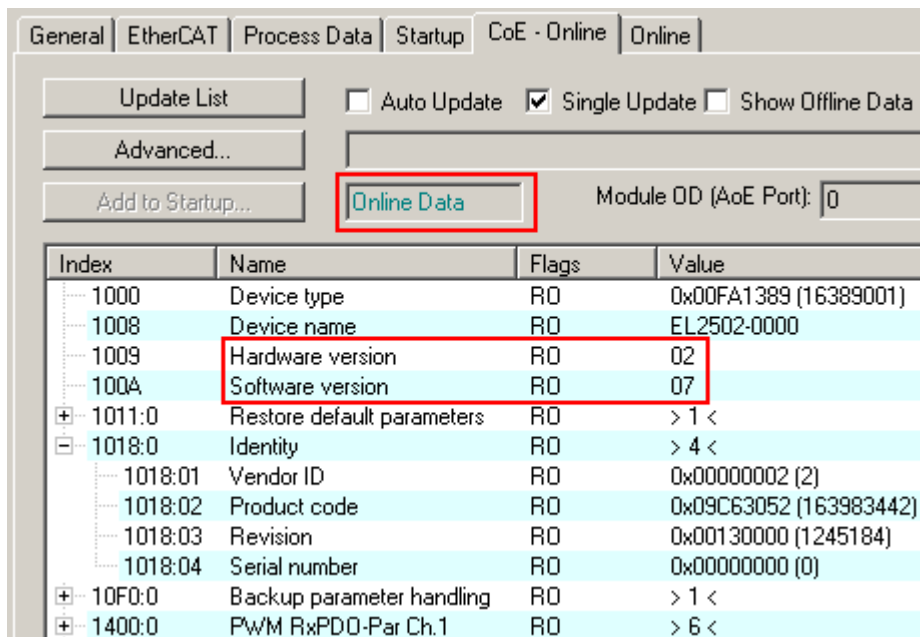


Fig. 29: Online list

Channel-based order

The CoE list is available in EtherCAT devices that usually feature several functionally equivalent channels, for example, a 4-channel analog input terminal also has four logical channels and therefore four identical sets of parameter data for the channels. In order to avoid having to list each channel in the documentation, the placeholder “n” tends to be used for the individual channel numbers.

In the CoE system 16 indices, each with 255 subindices, are generally sufficient for representing all channel parameters. The channel-based order is therefore arranged in 16_{dec} or 10_{hex} steps. The parameter range 0x8000 exemplifies this:

- Channel 0: parameter range 0x8000:00 ... 0x800F:255
- Channel 1: parameter range 0x8010:00 ... 0x801F:255
- Channel 2: parameter range 0x8020:00 ... 0x802F:255
- ...

This is generally written as 0x80n0.

Detailed information on the CoE interface can be found in the [EtherCAT system documentation](#) on the Beckhoff website.

BackUp objects and checksum 0x10F0:01

The following object types, among others, are defined for the CoE parameter/object directory with regard to information retention, but they do not all have to appear in every device at the same time:

- Vendor objects
 - Are stored persistently (fail-safe) in the device.
 - Technically with the property ReadWrite (RW).
 - Can only be modified/deleted if the corresponding vendor password is known.
 - Used for vendor-specific adjustment or identity data.
- BackUp objects
 - These are objects that are stored persistently in the device, even after changes.
 - Technically with the property ReadWrite (RW).
 - They can be modified/deleted at any time via CoE access from the EtherCAT master

- In particular, they are reset to their initial state, which is stored permanently in the firmware, by selecting "Restore Default Parameters" (see chapter "Restoring the delivery state"). Since this reset to a previous value resembles the restoration of a backup, these are referred to as "BackUp objects".
- They are used for regular function parameters of the device that determine the behavior.
- BackUp objects with write protection option.
 - The same applies as for the BackUp objects.
 - In addition, the user can activate write protection for these objects using a code word in xF009, thereby preventing accidental changes. Details can be found in the device documentation of the devices that contain these objects.
- Volatile objects
 - These are objects that are not stored persistently in the device.
 - They are used to display internal information (process data, states, temperatures ...) and are available as ReadOnly (RO) or as function parameters (ReadWrite). However, the latter must be written by the EtherCAT master for each PowerOn if they are to have a value other than the default value.

The device indicates a 16-bit CRC in the 32-bit object 0x10F0:01 CheckSum, subindex 01 of Backup Parameter Handling by means of the current state of the so-called BackUp objects:

10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	RO	> 1 <
10F0:01	Checksum	RO	0x00003C62 (15458)

Fig. 30: CoE index 10F0

If a BackUp object is changed, the firmware calculates a new checksum accordingly. This can be used to detect changes to the BackUp objects.

Note: The initial value of the checksum may vary depending on the firmware version, as function extensions can add additional objects to the CRC's detection range.

3.6 Distributed Clock

The distributed clock represents a local clock in the EtherCAT slave controller (ESC) with the following characteristics:

- Unit *1 ns*
- Zero point *1.1.2000 00:00*
- Size *64 bit* (sufficient for the next 584 years; however, some EtherCAT slaves only offer 32-bit support, i.e. the variable overflows after approx. 4.2 seconds)
- The EtherCAT master automatically synchronizes the local clock with the master clock in the EtherCAT bus with a precision of < 100 ns.

For detailed information please refer to the [EtherCAT system description](#).

4 Mounting and wiring

4.1 Instructions for ESD protection

NOTICE

Destruction of the devices by electrostatic discharge possible!

The devices contain components at risk from electrostatic discharge caused by improper handling.

- When handling the components, ensure that there is no electrostatic discharge; also avoid touching the spring contacts directly (see illustration).
- Contact with highly insulating materials (synthetic fibers, plastic films, etc.) should be avoided when handling components at the same time.
- When handling the components, ensure that the environment (workplace, packaging and persons) is properly earthed.
- Each bus station must be terminated on the right-hand side with the [EL9011](#) or [EL9012](#) end cap to ensure the degree of protection and ESD protection.

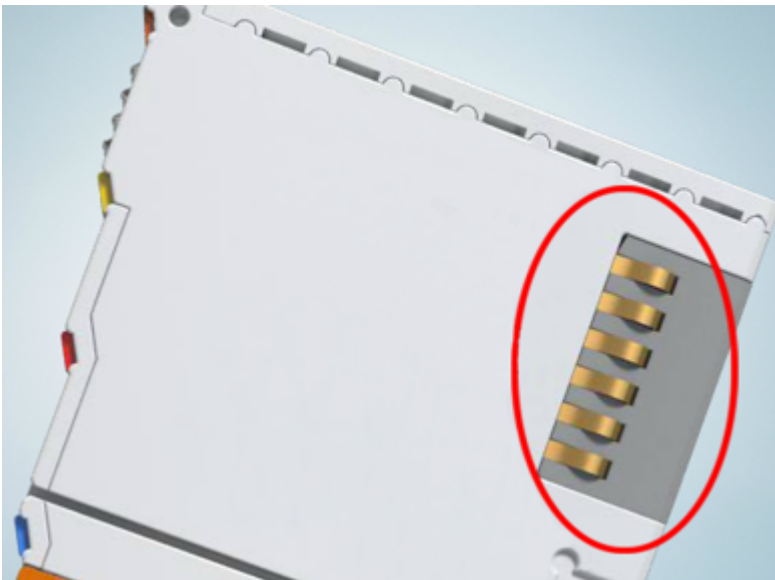


Fig. 31: Spring contacts of the Beckhoff I/O components

4.2 Output protection during DC switching of inductive loads (overvoltage limitation)

The digital outputs can be used to switch inductive loads, provided that the energy generated during shutdown is dissipated outside the output. The focus of this consideration is on DC-excited loads (typically 5-24 V DC in industry).

Two fields need to be considered.

- Selection of the protective circuit
- Dimensioning the protective circuit

Inductive loads, such as electromechanical relays, contactors or coils, want to remain in their steady state. If the driver (in our example, the digital output from Beckhoff) stops supplying (by being shutdown), the coil will attempt to allow the current to continue flowing due to its stored magnetic energy. It will then "draw" current from the switching output until the magnetic energy is used by parasitic effects. Without additional measures, a high negative voltage (ranging from several tens to thousands of volts, depending on the load) will occur at the switch output due to the self-induction of the coil. This voltage may result in immediate destruction, or repeated occurrences may cause damage. This applies to semiconductor switching outputs (e.g. EL20xx, EL28xx) as well as relay switching outputs (e.g. EL26xx).

Another disadvantage is that this short, high voltage (also known as a "transient") in the kV/ μ s range generates significant electromagnetic radiation, causing capacitive interference with neighboring devices and lines. Any damping/suppression components should therefore preferably be placed close to the load (i.e., at the point of origin) so that the transients do not even reach the line.

The following measures can be considered, among others. The attached figures show a relay as an example of a common inductive load.

1. Resistance parallel to inductance

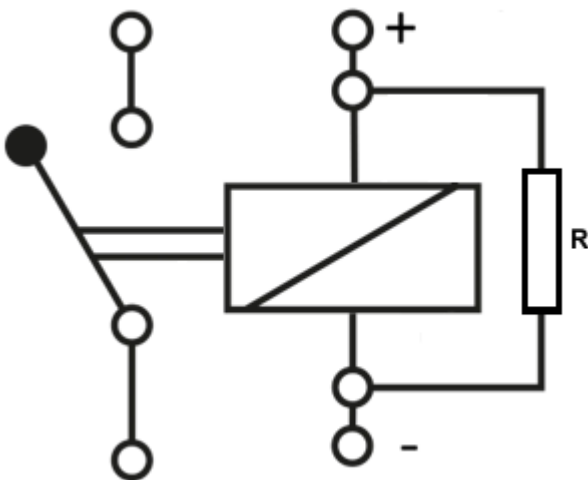


Fig. 32: Resistance parallel to inductance

It is a very simple method, but one in which current constantly flows uselessly past the coil. This circuit is also known as snubbers.

Note: An RC element is common for AC excitation. However, it must be designed very precisely to ensure optimum operation (time behavior, power loss).

2. Solution with semiconductors

- Short-circuit diode on the inductance, free-wheeling diode

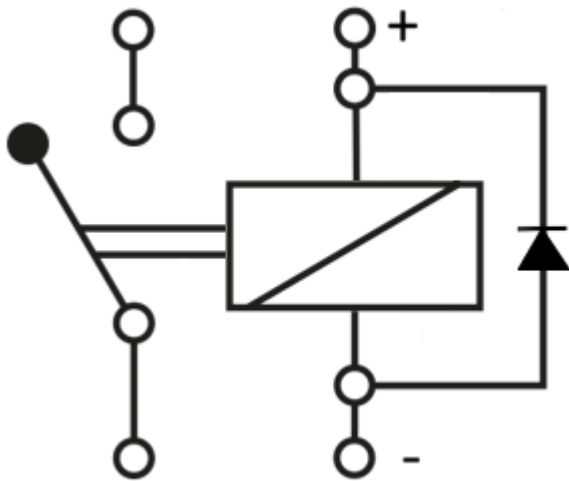


Fig. 33: Short-circuit diode on the inductance, free-wheeling diode

This solution is often the most appropriate for DC excitation and should be considered first. It reliably protects the output as the self-induction voltage is limited to approx. -1 V (even less if a Schottky diode is used). In addition, it is usually easy to dimension, as hardly any power is dissipated via the diode with small DC inductances.

However, the induction voltage only drops very slowly (a few ms), which can be disadvantageous for relays as a switching load or if fast shutdown is desired.

Note: In the event of expected power failures, however, this latching effect may be desirable to prevent the relay from dropping too early.

- Varistor or Zener diode, ideally a bidirectional suppressor diode (TVS= Transient Voltage Suppressor)

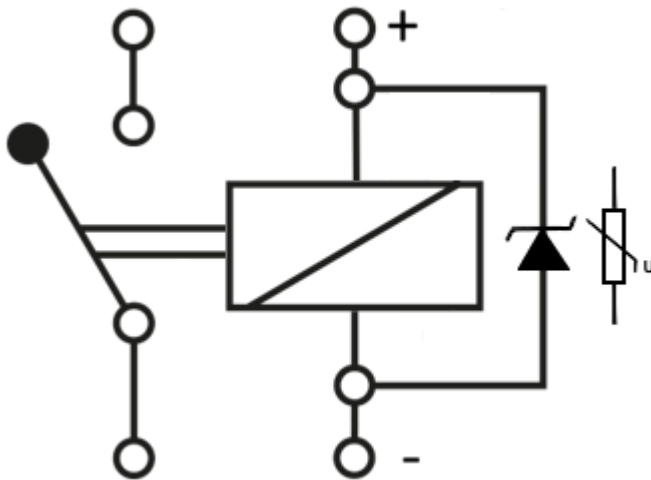


Fig. 34: Example circuit with Zener diode

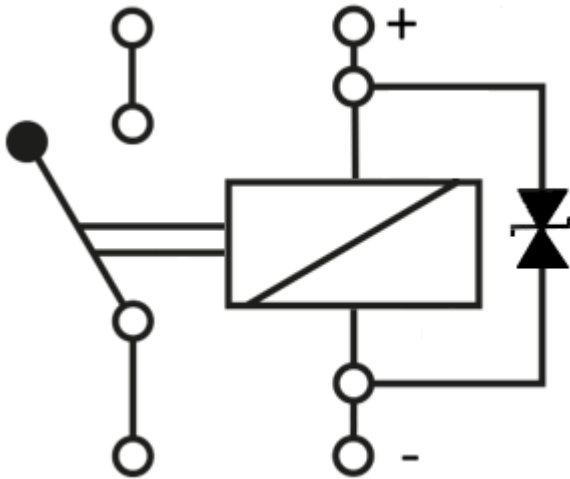


Fig. 35: Example circuit with bidirectional suppressor diode (Transient Voltage Suppressor)

This solution ensures that the load drops relatively quickly (a relay may be required). The coil is not short-circuited, but must dissipate its energy at a higher voltage. This means that the magnetic field can collapse quickly. It should be noted that the semiconductor can become very warm.

The reverse voltage of the Zener diode must be significantly higher than the regular operating voltage, otherwise normal operation is not possible. In a 24 V industrial system (usually up to approx. 29 V are permissible), for example, it is 35 V. Such diodes are also often used in 24 V DC power supplies to temporarily short-circuit transients!

Unfortunately, designing a semiconductor-based overvoltage limitation is not trivial. The following points must be observed:

1. How much (magnetic) energy must be dissipated?
If the inductance of the load and the nominal current are known, the energy stored in the coil can be calculated using the formula $W [J] = 1/2 * L [H] * I^2$. Unfortunately, many manufacturers do not specify the inductance, so it may have to be determined by measurement.
2. What breaking energy [J, Ws, VAs] can the switching output withstand, and is this value sufficient?
See Technical data.
3. How often must the energy be dissipated (switching frequency)?
4. Unfortunately, it is difficult to determine the achievable performance of the protective component because it depends on several factors, including how the generated heat is dissipated (mechanical connection = thermal resistance -> installation costs), the pulse frequency and the tolerable residual voltage level.
5. Therefore, the design typically requires an experimental, system-specific approach. This approach can begin with commercially available standard diodes, such as 1N4007/1000 V or TVS 600 W. Alternatively, you can select normative tests, for which a protective component will then be selected experimentally.

Corresponding components are commercially available

- as discrete, wired components from various electronic distributors/shops.
- as ready-to-install DIN rail accessories.
- as a special accessory for sensitive products (e.g. contactors).

4.3 UL notice

⚠ CAUTION	
	Application Beckhoff EtherCAT modules are intended for use with Beckhoff's UL Listed EtherCAT System only.
⚠ CAUTION	
	Examination For cULus examination, the Beckhoff I/O System has only been investigated for risk of fire and electrical shock (in accordance with UL508 and CSA C22.2 No. 142).
⚠ CAUTION	
	For devices with Ethernet connectors Not for connection to telecommunication circuits.

Basic principles

UL certification according to UL508. Devices with this kind of certification are marked by this sign:



4.4 Installation on mounting rails

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock and damage of device!

Bring the bus terminal system into a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the bus terminals!

The Bus Terminal system and is designed for mounting in a control cabinet or terminal box.

Assembly

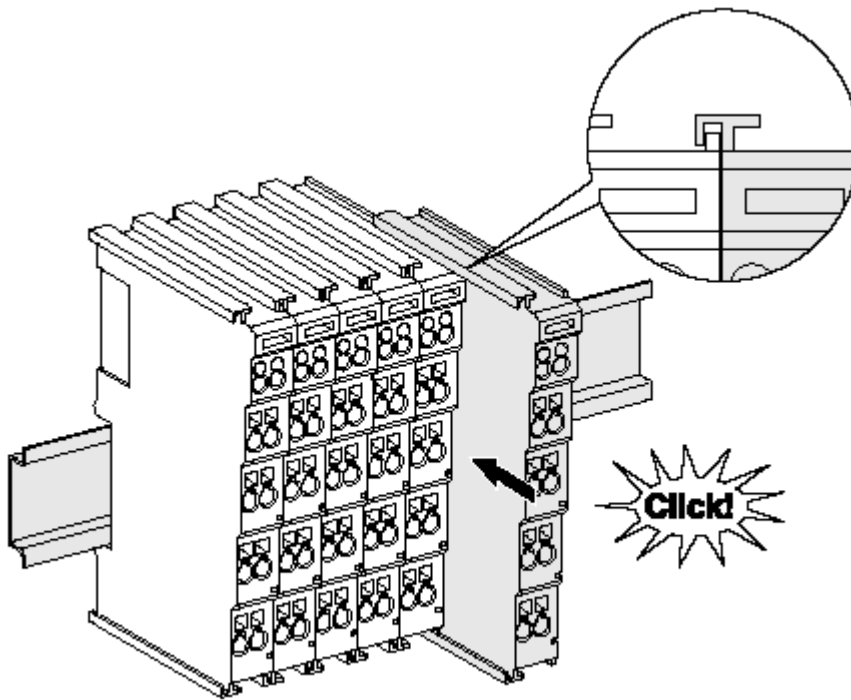


Fig. 36: Attaching on mounting rail

The bus coupler and bus terminals are attached to commercially available 35 mm mounting rails (DIN rails according to EN 60715) by applying slight pressure:

1. First attach the fieldbus coupler to the mounting rail.
2. The bus terminals are now attached on the right-hand side of the fieldbus coupler. Join the components with tongue and groove and push the terminals against the mounting rail, until the lock clicks onto the mounting rail.

If the terminals are clipped onto the mounting rail first and then pushed together without tongue and groove, the connection will not be operational! When correctly assembled, no significant gap should be visible between the housings.

i Fixing of mounting rails

The locking mechanism of the terminals and couplers extends to the profile of the mounting rail. At the installation, the locking mechanism of the components must not come into conflict with the fixing bolts of the mounting rail. To mount the mounting rails with a height of 7.5 mm under the terminals and couplers, you should use flat mounting connections (e.g. countersunk screws or blind rivets).

NOTICE

Ground the mounting rail!

Ensure that the mounting rail is sufficiently grounded.

Connections within a bus terminal block

The electric connections between the Bus Coupler and the Bus Terminals are automatically realized by joining the components:

- The six spring contacts of the E-Bus/K-Bus deal with the transfer of the data and the supply of the Bus Terminal electronics.
- The power contacts deal with the supply for the field electronics and thus represent a supply rail within the bus terminal block. The power contacts are supplied via terminals points on the Bus Coupler (up to 24 V) or for higher voltages via power feed terminals.



Power Contacts

During the design of a bus terminal block, the pin assignment of the individual Bus Terminals must be taken account of, since some types (e.g. analog Bus Terminals or digital 4-channel Bus Terminals) do not or not fully loop through the power contacts. Power Feed Terminals (EL91xx, EL92xx or KL91xx, KL92xx) interrupt the power contacts and thus represent the start of a new supply rail.

Power contact $\perp$

The power contact labeled $\perp$ (earthing connection according to IEC 60417-5017, British English: earth, American English: ground) can be used as grounding. For safety reasons this contact mates first when plugging together, and can ground short-circuit currents of up to 125 A.

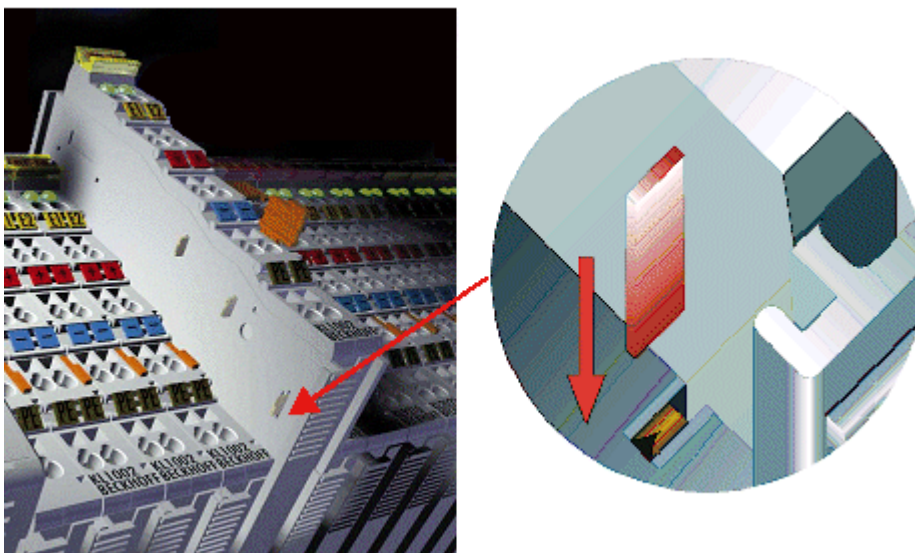


Fig. 37: Power contact on left side

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock!

The power contact labeled $\perp$ must not be used for other potentials!

NOTICE

Possible damage of the device

Note that, for reasons of electromagnetic compatibility, the earthing contacts are capacitatively coupled to the mounting rail. This may lead to incorrect results during insulation testing or to damage on the terminal (e.g. disruptive discharge to the earthing line during insulation testing of a consumer with a nominal voltage of 230 V). For insulation testing, disconnect the earthing supply line at the Bus Coupler or the Power Feed Terminal! In order to decouple further feed points for testing, these Power Feed Terminals can be released and pulled at least 10 mm from the group of terminals.

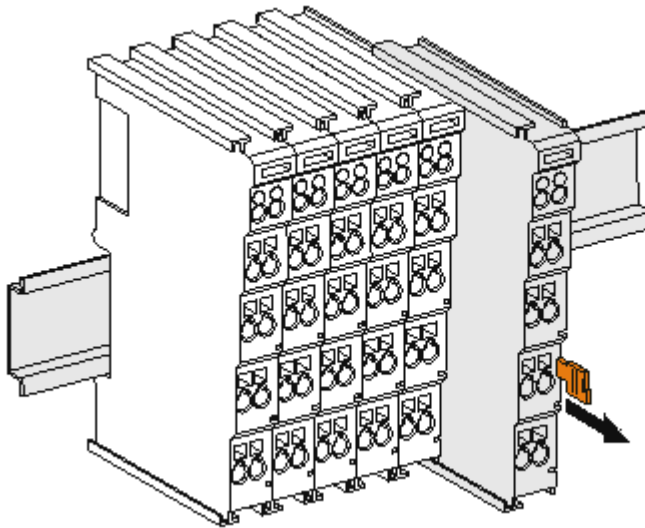
Disassembly

Fig. 38: Disassembling of terminal

Each terminal is secured by a lock on the mounting rail, which must be released for disassembly:

1. Pull the terminal by its orange-colored lugs approximately 1 cm away from the mounting rail. In doing so for this terminal the mounting rail lock is released automatically and you can pull the terminal out of the bus terminal block easily without excessive force.
2. Grasp the released terminal with thumb and index finger simultaneous at the upper and lower grooved housing surfaces and pull the terminal out of the bus terminal block.

4.5 Installation positions

NOTICE

Constraints regarding installation position and operating temperature range

- Please refer to the technical data of the device to ascertain whether any restrictions regarding the installation position and/or the operating temperature range have been specified.
- When installing devices with increased heat dissipation, ensure that there is sufficient space above and below the devices during operation to guarantee adequate ventilation!

The installation positions and their names for mounting devices on mounting rails are specified below. The illustration of the devices in the following figures is an example.

The following applies to all installation positions: The reference direction "down" (see arrow) is the acceleration of gravity.

Horizontal installation (standard installation)

The mounting rail is mounted horizontally on a vertical mounting plate.
The connection level of the devices points to the front.

The devices are ventilated from below, which enables optimum cooling of the electronics through convection. This is therefore also the recommended installation position.

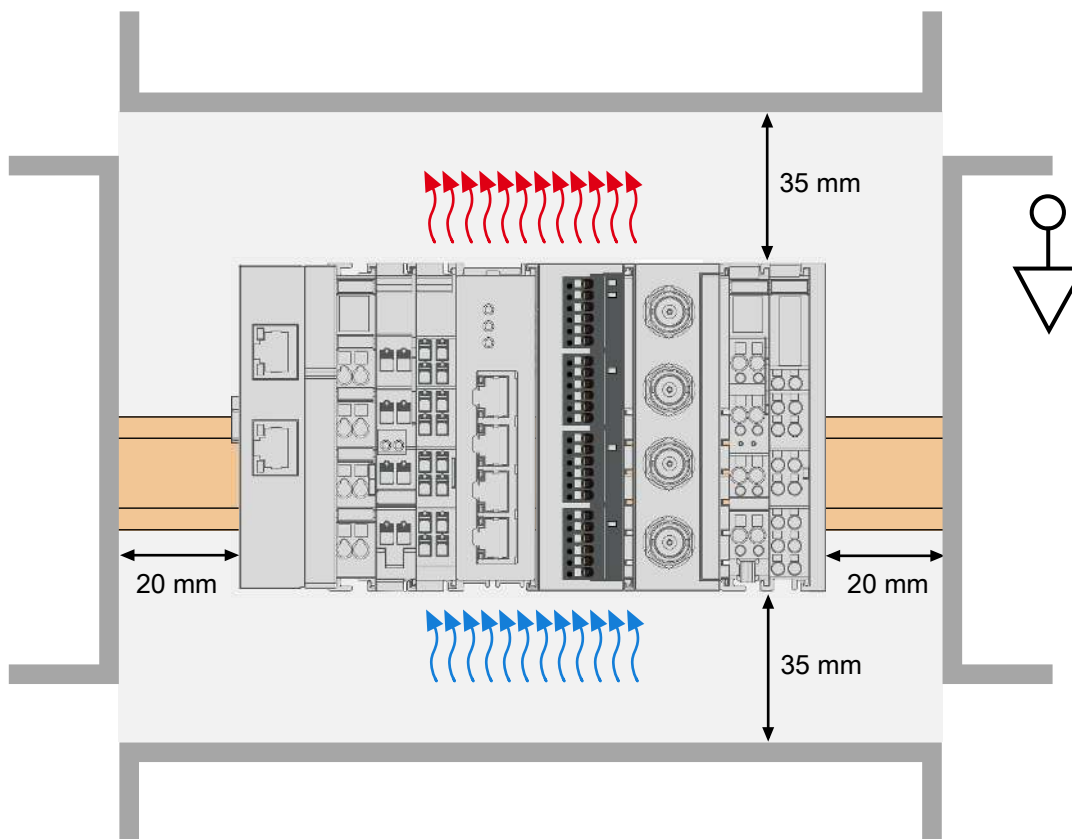


Fig. 39: Recommended minimum distances for standard installation position

NOTICE

Compliance with the minimum distances

Compliance with the minimum distances shown in the figure "Recommended minimum distances for standard installation position" is strongly recommended in all installation positions.

Vertical installation

The mounting rail is mounted vertically on a vertical mounting plate.
The connection level of the devices points to the front.
The devices can be arranged as follows:

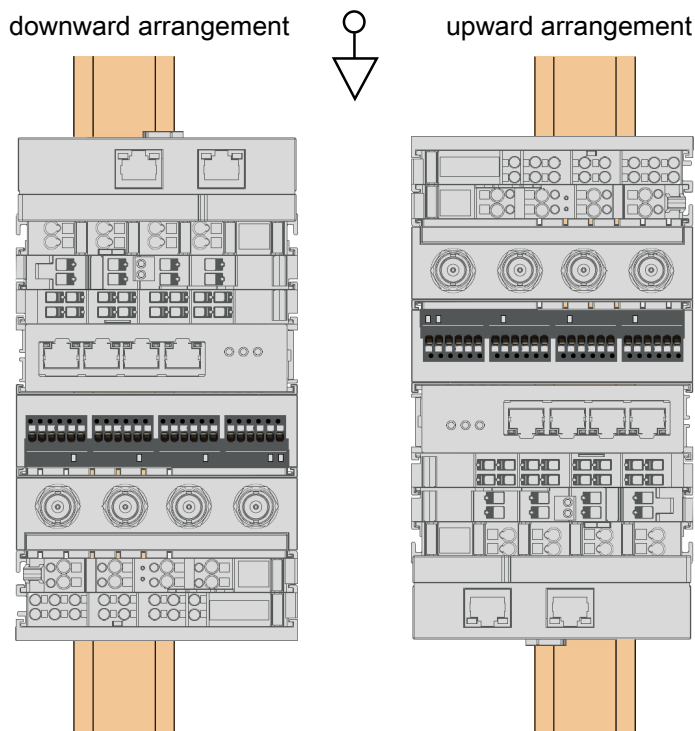


Fig. 40: Installation position Vertical, downward arrangement (left) / upward arrangement (right)

Flat installation

In the flat installation position, the mounting rail is laid on a horizontal mounting plate.
The connection level of the devices points upwards.

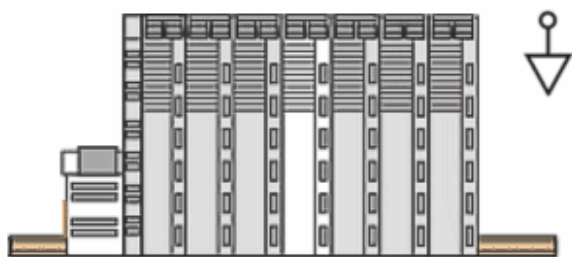


Fig. 41: Flat installation position

NOTICE

Danger of sliding off the mounting rail

Particularly in the "vertical" installation position, but also in other installation positions under corresponding mechanical load, the terminal segment may move on the mounting rail. These can lead to undesirable malfunctions.

- If this risk exists, secure the terminal segment with appropriate locking devices, e.g. by clamping it to the mounting rail.

NOTICE

Compliance with the minimum distances

Compliance with the minimum distances shown in the figure "Recommended minimum distances for standard installation position" is strongly recommended in all installation positions.

Installation positions with ZB8610 fan cartridge

If the cooling should or must be increased for the intended application, the ZB8610 fan cartridge can be mounted on the underside of the device. In the horizontal installation position, the devices are ventilated from bottom to top by the fan cartridge. The optimum cooling is further enhanced by convection ventilation (see following figure).

The fan cartridge can be used in any installation position.

Further information on operation with and without a fan can be found in the technical data for the device (e.g. derating, information on installation positions, etc.).

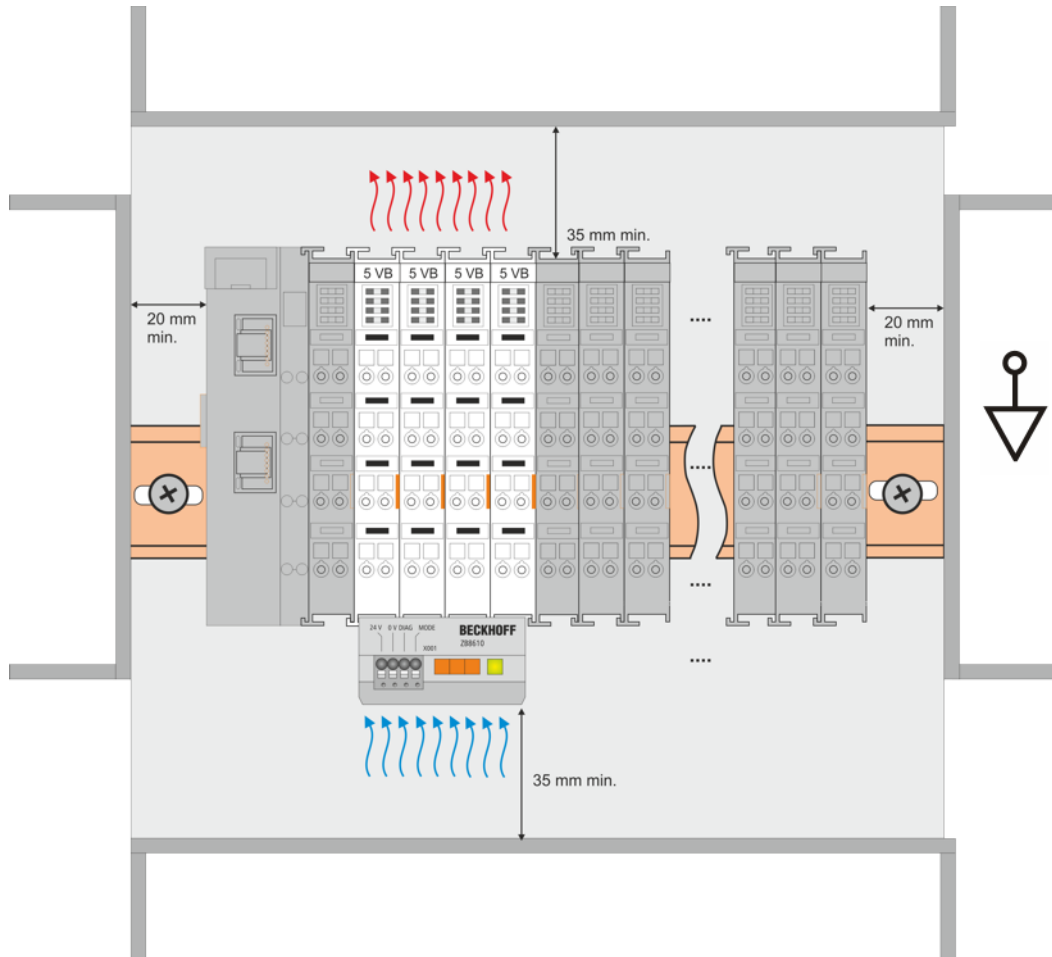


Fig. 42: Recommended minimum distances for operation with fan, using horizontal installation position as an example

NOTICE

Compliance with the minimum distances

Compliance with the minimum distances as shown in the figure "Recommended minimum distances for operation with fan" is strongly recommended.

4.6 Positioning of passive Terminals



Hint for positioning of passive terminals in the bus terminal block

EtherCAT Terminals, which do not take an active part in data transfer within the bus terminal block are so called passive terminals. The passive terminals have no current consumption out of the E-Bus.

To ensure an optimal data transfer, you must not directly string together more than two passive terminals!

Examples for positioning of passive terminals (highlighted)

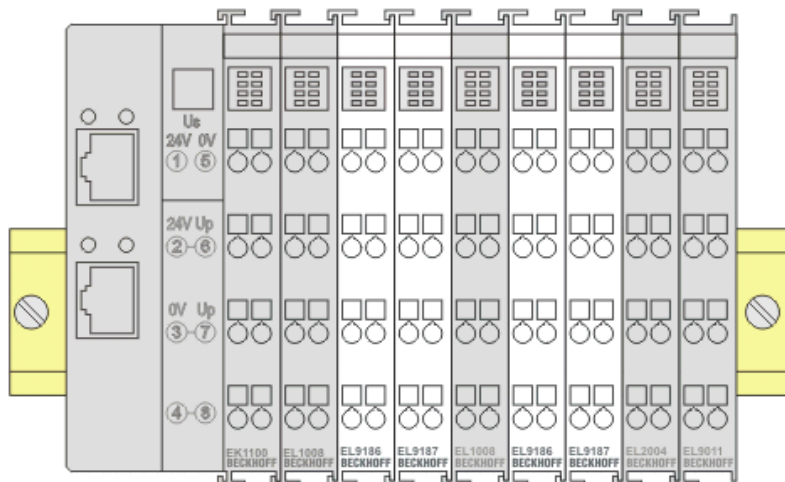


Fig. 43: Correct positioning

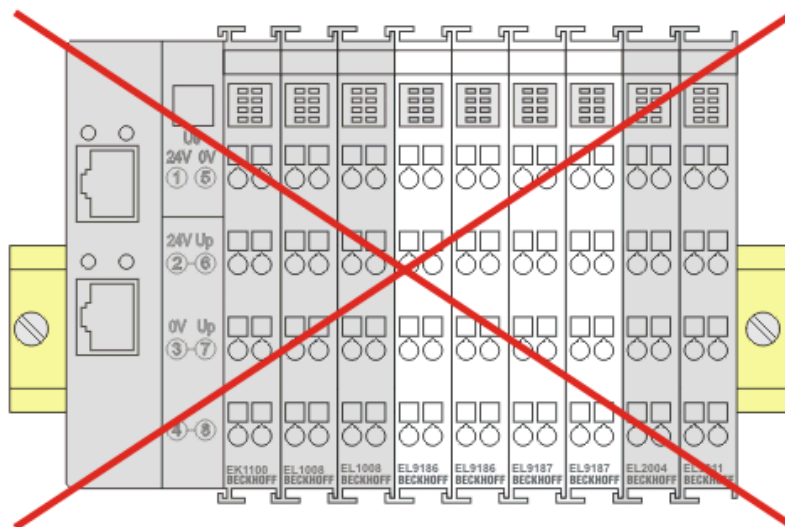


Fig. 44: Incorrect positioning

4.7 Installation instructions for enhanced mechanical load capacity

WARNING

Risk of injury through electric shock and damage to the device!

Bring the Bus Terminal system into a safe, de-energized state before starting mounting, disassembly or wiring of the Bus Terminals!

Additional checks

The terminals have undergone the following additional tests:

Verification	Explanation
Vibration	10 frequency runs in 3 axes
	6 Hz < f < 60 Hz displacement 0.35 mm, constant amplitude
	60.1 Hz < f < 500 Hz acceleration 5 g, constant amplitude
Shocks	1000 shocks in each direction, in 3 axes
	25 g, 6 ms

Additional installation instructions and notes

For terminals with enhanced mechanical load capacity, the following additional installation instructions and notes apply:

- The enhanced mechanical load capacity is valid for all permissible installation positions.
- Use a mounting rail according to EN 60715 TH35-15.
- Fix the terminal segment on both sides of the mounting rail with a mechanical fixture, e.g. an earth terminal or reinforced end clamp.
- The maximum total extension of the terminal segment (without coupler) is:
64 terminals (12 mm mounting width) or 32 terminals (24 mm mounting width)
- Avoid deformation, twisting, crushing and bending of the mounting rail during edging and installation of the rail.
- The mounting points of the mounting rail must be set at 5 cm intervals.
- Use countersunk head screws to fasten the mounting rail.
- The free length between the strain relief and the wire connection should be kept as short as possible. A distance of approx. 10 cm should be maintained to the cable duct.

4.8 Connection

4.8.1 Connection system

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock and damage of device!

Bring the bus terminal system into a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the bus terminals!

Overview

The bus terminal system offers different connection options for optimum adaptation to the respective application:

- The terminals of ELxxxx and KLxxxx series with standard wiring include electronics and connection level in a single enclosure.
- The terminals of ESxxxx and KSxxxx series feature a pluggable connection level and enable steady wiring while replacing.
- The High Density Terminals (HD Terminals) include electronics and connection level in a single enclosure and have advanced packaging density.

Standard wiring (ELxxxx / KLxxxx)



Fig. 45: Standard wiring

The terminals of the ELxxxx and KLxxxx series integrate screwless spring-cage technology for quick and easy wiring.

Pluggable wiring (ESxxxx / KSxxxx)



Fig. 46: Pluggable wiring

The terminals of ESxxxx and KSxxxx series feature a pluggable connection level. The assembly and wiring procedure is the same as for the ELxxxx and KLxxxx series. The pluggable connection level enables the complete wiring to be removed as a plug connector from the top of the housing for servicing. The lower section can be removed from the terminal block by pulling the unlocking tab. Insert the new component and plug in the connector with the wiring. This reduces the installation time and eliminates the risk of wires being mixed up.

The familiar dimensions of the terminal only had to be changed slightly. The new connector adds about 3 mm. The maximum height of the terminal remains unchanged.

A tab for strain relief of the cable simplifies assembly in many applications and prevents tangling of individual connection wires when the connector is removed.

Conductor cross sections between 0.08 mm² and 2.5 mm² can continue to be used with the proven spring force technology.

The overview and nomenclature of the product names for ESxxxx and KSxxxx series has been retained as known from ELxxxx and KLxxxx series.

High Density Terminals (HD Terminals)



Fig. 47: High Density Terminals

The terminals from these series with 16/32 terminal points are distinguished by a particularly compact design, as the packaging density is twice as large as that of the standard 12 mm bus terminals. Massive conductors and conductors with a wire end sleeve can be inserted directly into the spring loaded terminal point without tools.



Wiring HD Terminals

The High Density Terminals of the ELx8xx and KLx8xx series doesn't support pluggable wiring.

Ultrasonically compacted (ultrasonically welded) strands



Ultrasonically compacted (ultrasonically welded) strands

Ultrasonically compacted (ultrasonically welded) strands can also be connected to the standard and high-density terminals. In this case, please note the tables concerning the wire-size width [► 63]!

4.8.2 Wiring

⚠ WARNING

Risk of electric shock and damage of device!

Bring the bus terminal system into a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the bus terminals!

Terminals for standard wiring ELxxxx/KLxxxx and for pluggable wiring ESxxxx/KSxxxx

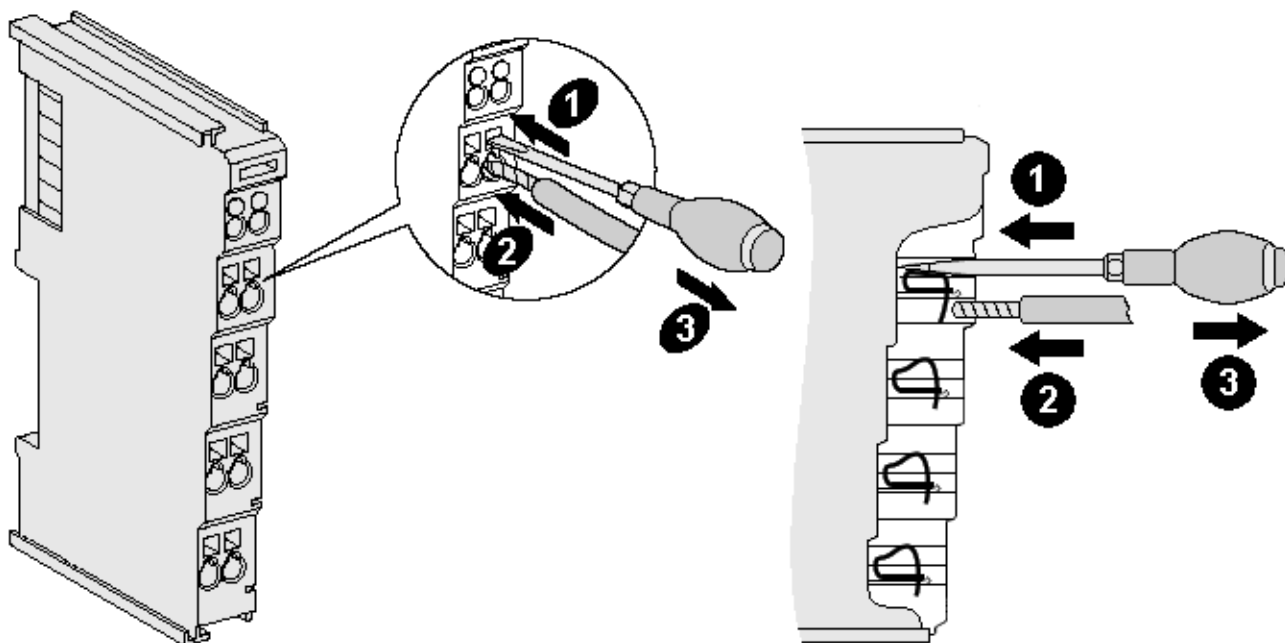


Fig. 48: Connecting a cable on a terminal point

Up to eight terminal points enable the connection of solid or finely stranded cables to the bus terminal. The terminal points are implemented in spring force technology. Connect the cables as follows (see fig. "Connecting a cable on a terminal point"):

1. Open a terminal point by pushing a screwdriver straight against the stop into the square opening above the terminal point. Do not turn the screwdriver or move it alternately (don't toggle).
2. The wire can now be inserted into the round terminal opening without any force.
3. When the screwdriver is removed, the terminal point closes automatically and holds the wire securely and permanently in place

See the following table for the suitable wire size width:

Terminal housing	ELxxxx, KLxxxx	ESxxxx, KSxxxx
Wire size width (single core wires)	0.08 ... 2.5 mm ²	0.08 ... 2.5 mm ²
Wire size width (fine-wire conductors)	0.08 ... 2.5 mm ²	0.08 ... 2.5 mm ²
Wire size width (conductors with a wire end sleeve)	0.14 ... 1.5 mm ²	0.14 ... 1.5 mm ²
Wire stripping length	8 ... 9 mm	9 ... 10 mm

High Density Terminals (HD Terminals [► 61]) with 16/32 terminal points

The conductors of the HD Terminals are connected without tools for single-wire conductors using the direct plug-in technique, i.e. after stripping the wire is simply plugged into the terminal point. The cables are released, as usual, using the contact release with the aid of a screwdriver. See the following table for the suitable wire size width.

Terminal housing	High Density Housing
Wire size width (single core wires)	0.08 ... 1.5 mm ²
Wire size width (fine-wire conductors)	0.25 ... 1.5 mm ²
Wire size width (conductors with a wire end sleeve)	0.14 ... 0.75 mm ²
Wire size width (ultrasonically compacted [ultrasonically welded] strands)	only 1.5 mm ² (see <u>notice</u> [► 61])
Wire stripping length	8 ... 9 mm

4.8.3 Shielding**Shielding**

Encoder, analog sensors and actuators should always be connected with shielded, twisted paired wires.

4.9 Note - power supply

WARNING

Power supply from SELV / PELV power supply unit!

SELV / PELV circuits (safety extra-low voltage / protective extra-low voltage) according to IEC 61010-2-201 must be used to supply this device.

Notes:

- SELV / PELV circuits may give rise to further requirements from standards such as IEC 60204-1 et al, for example with regard to cable spacing and insulation.
- A SELV supply provides safe electrical isolation and limitation of the voltage without a connection to the protective conductor, a PELV supply also requires a safe connection to the protective conductor.

4.10 Disposal



Products marked with a crossed-out wheeled bin shall not be discarded with the normal waste stream. The device is considered as waste electrical and electronic equipment. The national regulations for the disposal of waste electrical and electronic equipment must be observed.

5 Commissioning

5.1 TwinCAT Quick Start

TwinCAT is a development environment for real-time control including a multi PLC system, NC axis control, programming and operation. The whole system is mapped through this environment and enables access to a programming environment (including compilation) for the controller. Individual digital or analog inputs or outputs can also be read or written directly, in order to verify their functionality, for example.

For further information, please refer to <http://infosys.beckhoff.com>:

- **EtherCAT System Manual:**
Fieldbus Components → EtherCAT Terminals → EtherCAT System Documentation → Setup in the TwinCAT System Manager
- **TwinCAT 2** → TwinCAT System Manager → I/O Configuration
- In particular, for TwinCAT – driver installation:
Fieldbus components → Fieldbus Cards and Switches → FC900x – PCI Cards for Ethernet → Installation

Devices contain the relevant terminals for the actual configuration. All configuration data can be entered directly via editor functions (offline) or via the `scan function (online):

- **“offline”**: The configuration can be customized by adding and positioning individual components. These can be selected from a directory and configured.
 - The procedure for the offline mode can be found under <http://infosys.beckhoff.com>:
TwinCAT 2 → TwinCAT System Manager → IO Configuration → Add an I/O device
- **“online”**: The existing hardware configuration is read
 - See also <http://infosys.beckhoff.com>:
Fieldbus components → Fieldbus Cards and Switches → FC900x – PCI Cards for Ethernet → Installation → Searching for devices

The following relationship is envisaged between the user PC and individual control elements:

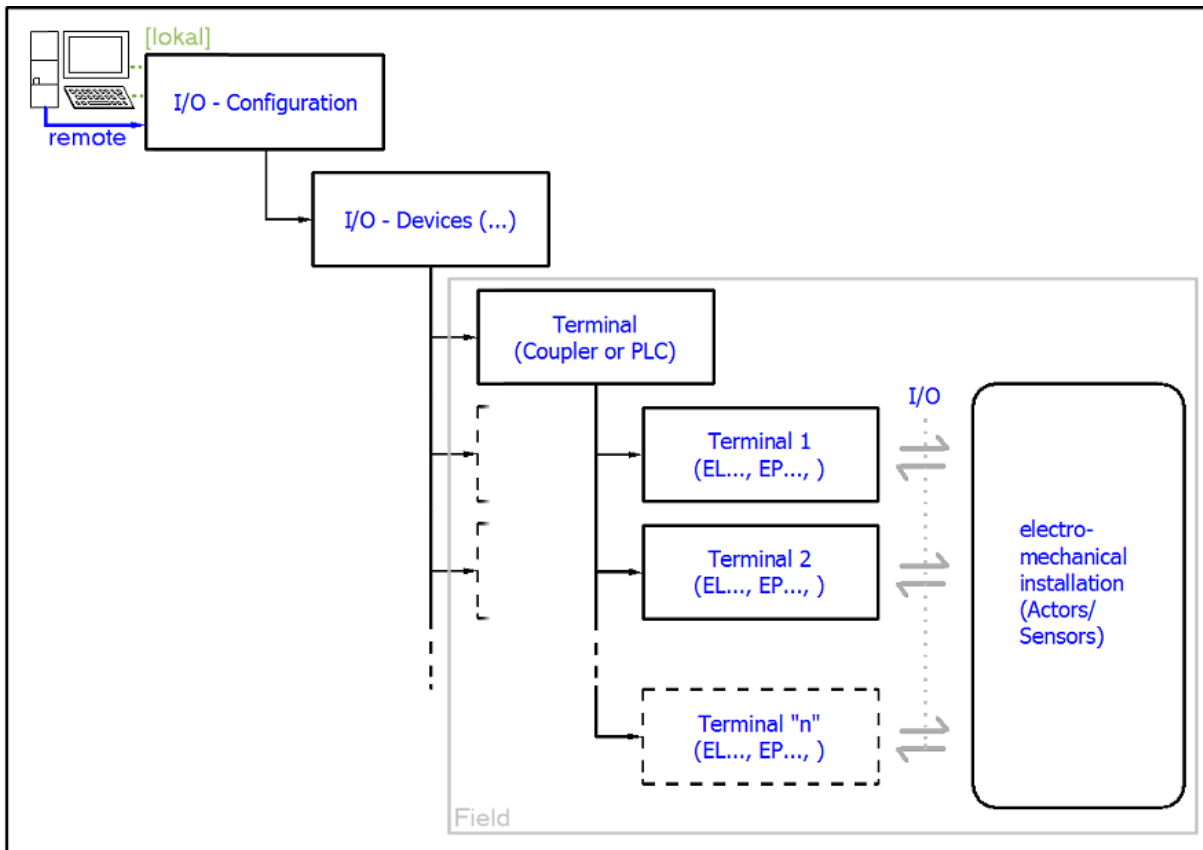


Fig. 49: Relationship between user side (commissioning) and installation

Insertion of certain components (I/O device, terminal, box...) by users functions the same way as in TwinCAT 2 and TwinCAT 3. The descriptions below relate solely to the online procedure.

Example configuration (actual configuration)

Based on the following example configuration, the subsequent subsections describe the procedure for TwinCAT 2 and TwinCAT 3:

- **CX2040** control system (PLC) including **CX2100-0004** power supply unit
- Connected to CX2040 on the right (E-bus):
EL1004 (4-channel digital input terminal 24 V_{DC})
- Linked via the X001 port (RJ-45): **EK1100** EtherCAT Coupler
- Connected to the EK1100 EtherCAT Coupler on the right (E-bus):
EL2008 (8-channel digital output terminal 24 V_{DC}; 0.5 A)
- (Optional via X000: a link to an external PC for the user interface)

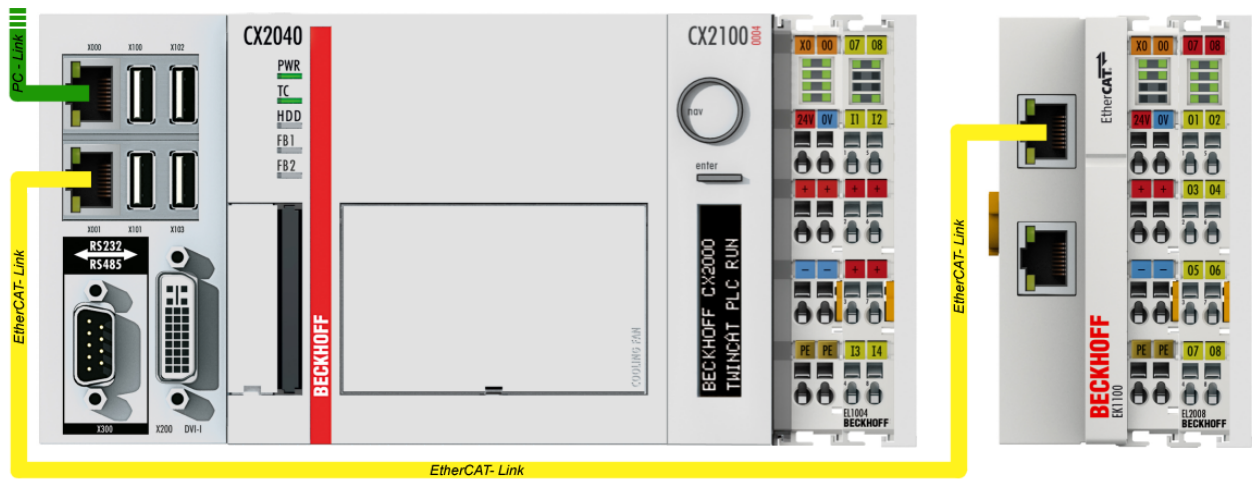


Fig. 50: Control configuration with Embedded PC, input (EL1004) and output (EL2008)

Note that all combinations of a configuration are possible; for example, the EL1004 terminal could also be connected after the coupler, or the EL2008 terminal could additionally be connected to the CX2040 on the right, in which case the EK1100 coupler wouldn't be necessary.

5.1.1 TwinCAT 2

Startup

TwinCAT 2 basically uses two user interfaces: the TwinCAT System Manager for communication with the electromechanical components and TwinCAT PLC Control for the development and compilation of a controller. The starting point is the TwinCAT System Manager.

After successful installation of the TwinCAT system on the PC to be used for development, the TwinCAT 2 System Manager displays the following user interface after startup:

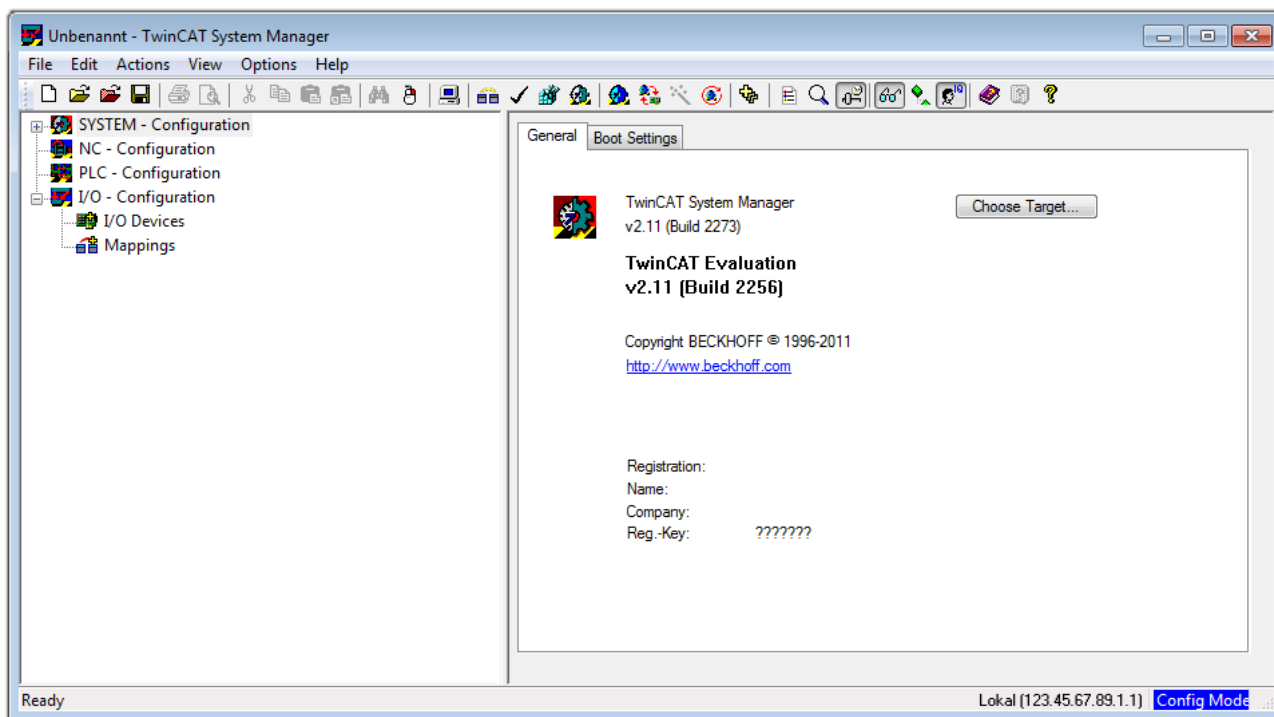


Fig. 51: Initial TwinCAT 2 user interface

Generally, TwinCAT can be used in local or remote mode. Once the TwinCAT system, including the user interface (standard) is installed on the respective PLC, TwinCAT can be used in local mode and thus the next step is “Insert Device [I▶ 71]”.

If the intention is to address the TwinCAT runtime environment installed on a PLC remotely from another system used as a development environment, the target system must be made known first. In the menu under

“Actions” → “Choose Target System...”, the following window is opened for this via the symbol “” or the “F8” key:

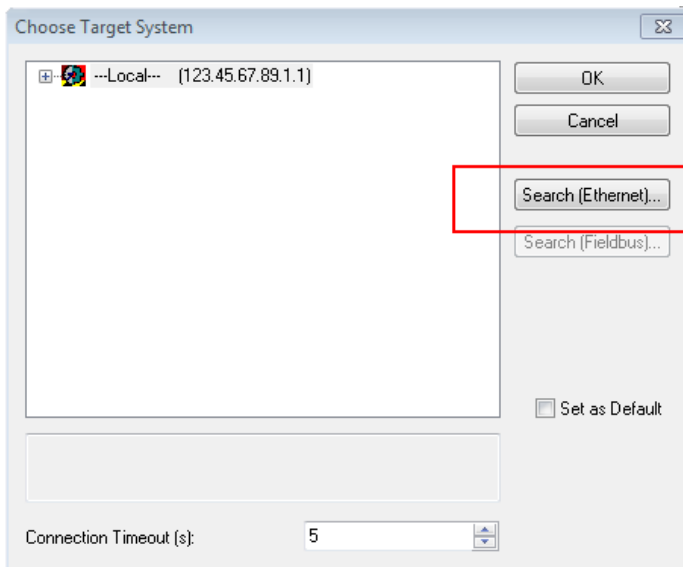


Fig. 52: Selection of the target system

Use “Search (Ethernet)...” to enter the target system. Thus another dialog opens to either:

- enter the known computer name after “Enter Host Name / IP:” (as shown in red)
- perform a “Broadcast Search” (if the exact computer name is not known)
- enter the known computer – IP or AmsNetID

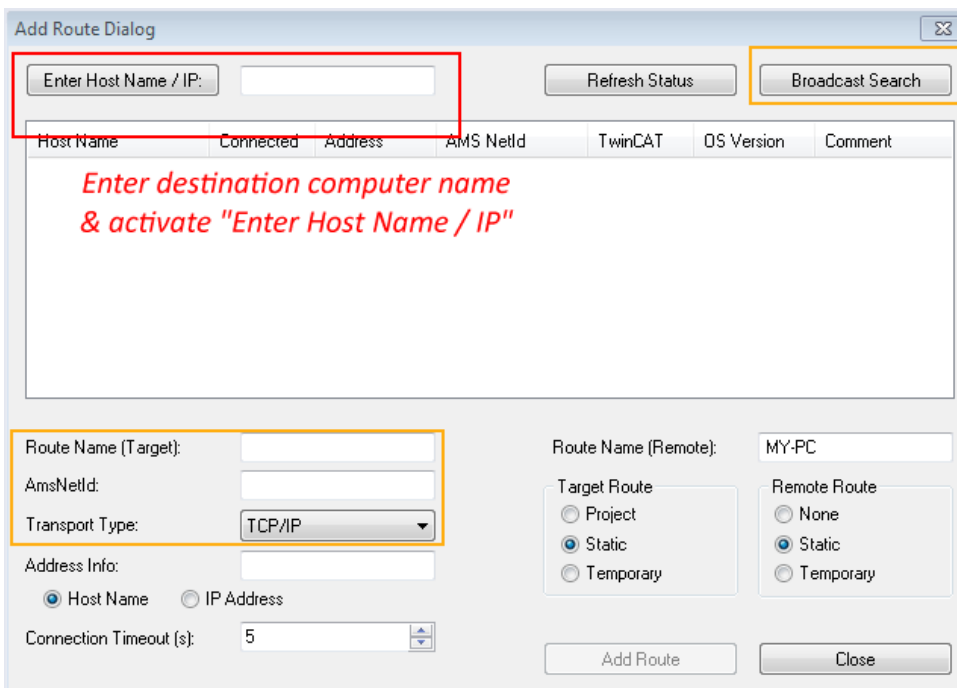
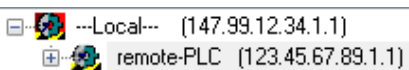


Fig. 53: specify the PLC for access by the TwinCAT System Manager: selection of the target system

Once the target system has been entered, it is available for selection as follows (a correct password may have to be entered before this):



After confirmation with “OK”, the target system can be accessed via the System Manager.

Adding devices

In the configuration tree of the TwinCAT 2 System Manager user interface on the left, select “I/O Devices” and then right-click to open a context menu and select “Scan Devices...”, or start the action in the menu bar

via . The TwinCAT System Manager may first have to be set to “Config Mode” via  or via the menu

“Actions” → “Set/Reset TwinCAT to Config Mode...” (Shift + F4).

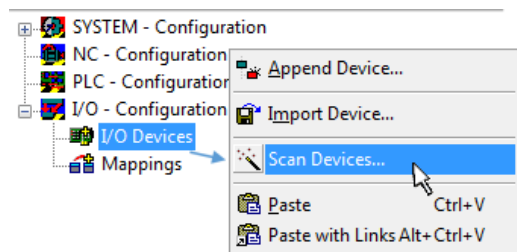


Fig. 54: Select “Scan Devices...”

Confirm the warning message, which follows, and select the “EtherCAT” devices in the dialog:

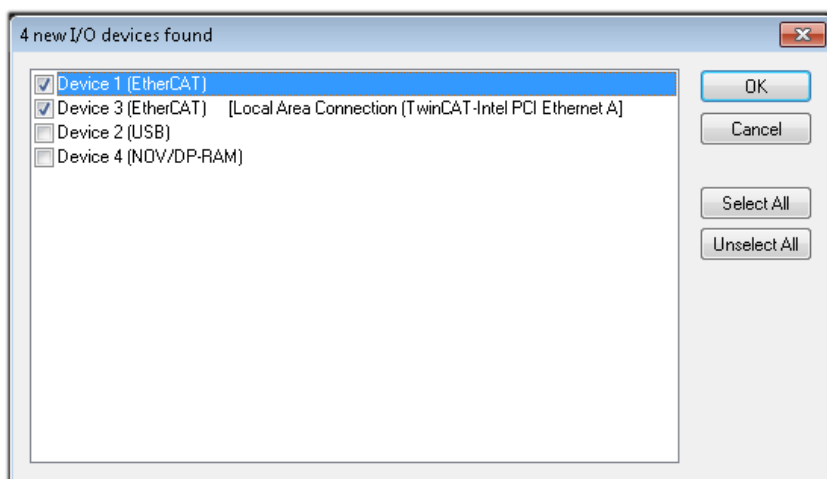


Fig. 55: Automatic detection of I/O devices: selection of the devices to be integrated

Confirm the message “Find new boxes”, in order to determine the terminals connected to the devices. “Free Run” enables manipulation of input and output values in “Config Mode” and should also be acknowledged.

Based on the [example configuration](#) [► 67] described at the beginning of this section, the result is as follows:

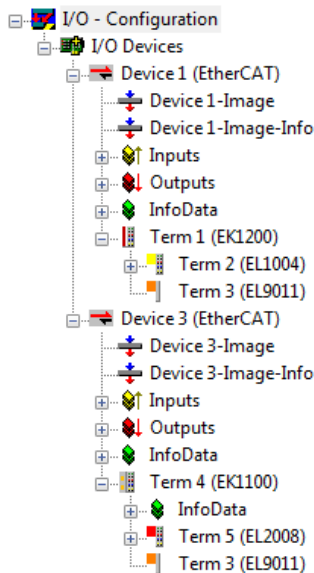


Fig. 56: Mapping of the configuration in the TwinCAT 2 System Manager

The whole process consists of two stages, which can also be performed separately (first determine the devices, then determine the connected elements such as boxes, terminals, etc.). A scan (search function) can also be initiated by selecting “Device ...” from the context menu, which then only reads the elements below which are present in the configuration:

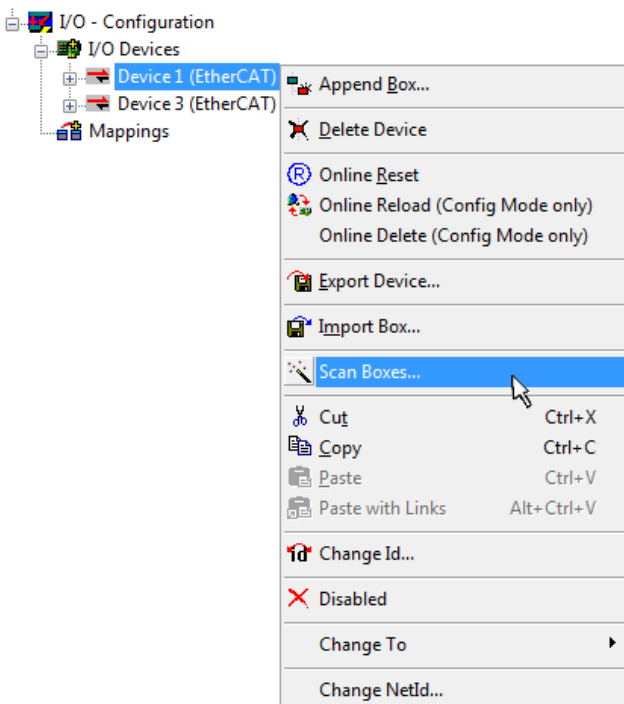


Fig. 57: Reading of individual terminals connected to a device

This functionality is useful if the actual configuration is modified at short notice.

Programming and integrating the PLC

TwinCAT PLC Control is the development environment for generating the controller in different program environments: TwinCAT PLC Control supports all languages described in IEC 61131-3. There are two text-based languages and three graphical languages.

- **Text-based languages**
 - Instruction List (IL)
 - Structured Text (ST)

- **Graphical languages**
 - Function Block Diagram (FBD)
 - Ladder Diagram (LD)
 - The Continuous Function Chart Editor (CFC)
 - Sequential Function Chart (SFC)

The following section refers solely to Structured Text (ST).

After starting TwinCAT PLC Control, the following user interface is shown for an initial project:

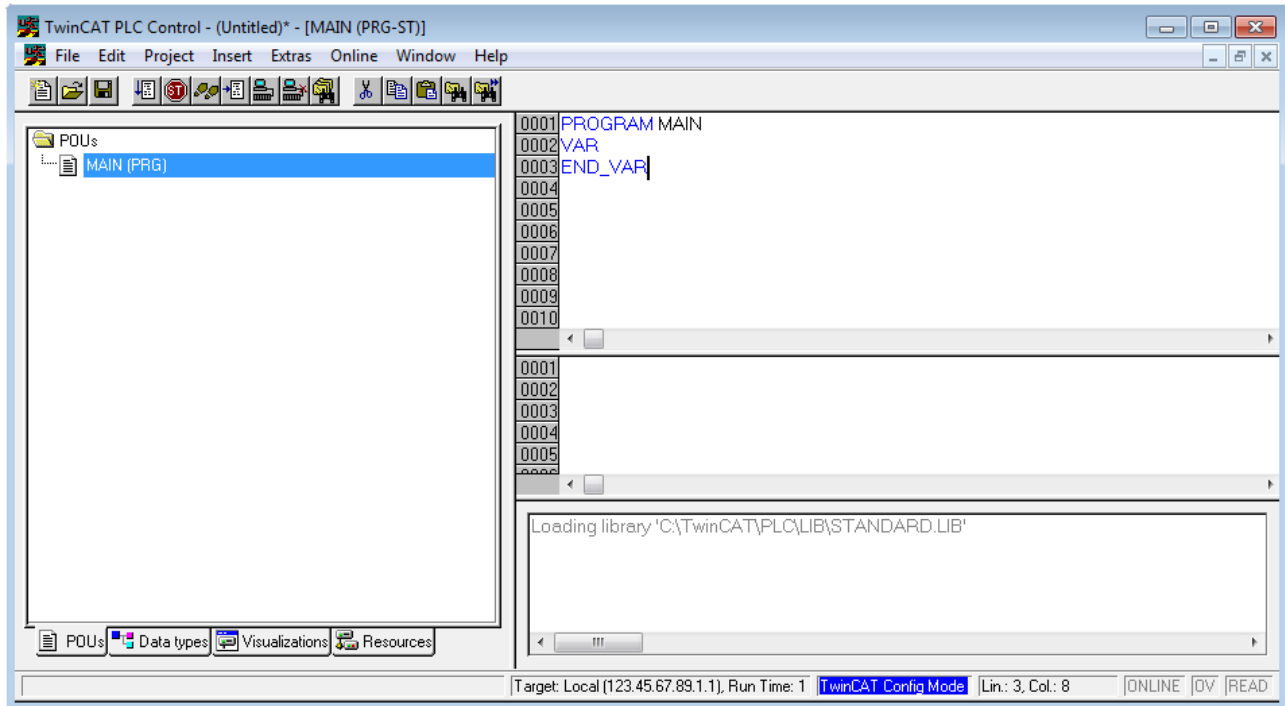


Fig. 58: TwinCAT PLC Control after startup

Example variables and an example program have been created and stored under the name "PLC_example.pro":

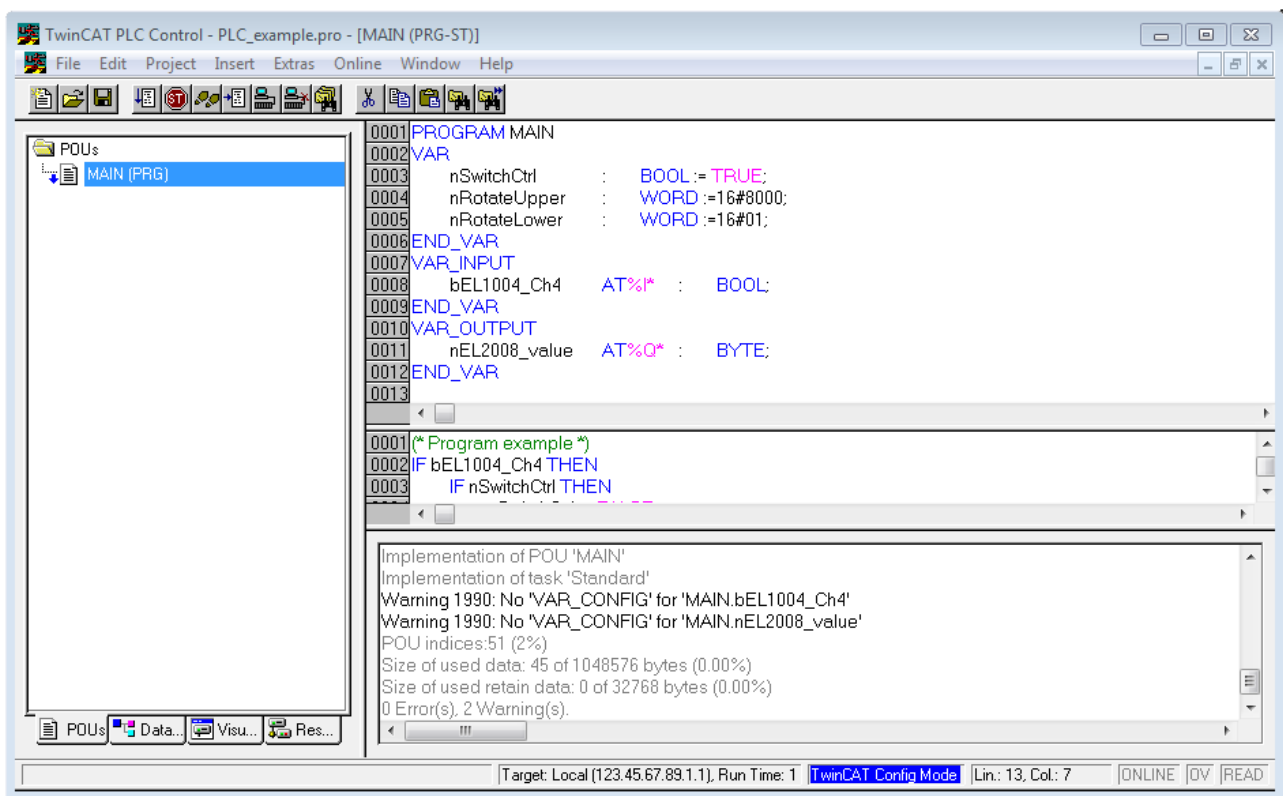


Fig. 59: Example program with variables after a compile process (without variable integration)

Warning 1990 (missing “VAR_CONFIG”) after a compile process indicates that the variables defined as external (with the ID “AT%I*” or “AT%Q*”) have not been assigned. After successful compilation, TwinCAT PLC Control creates a “*.tpy” file in the directory in which the project was stored. This file (“*.tpy”) contains variable assignments and is not known to the System Manager, hence the warning. Once the System Manager has been notified, the warning no longer appears.

First, integrate the TwinCAT PLC Control project in the **System Manager**. This is performed via the context menu of the PLC configuration (right-click) and selecting “Append PLC Project...”:

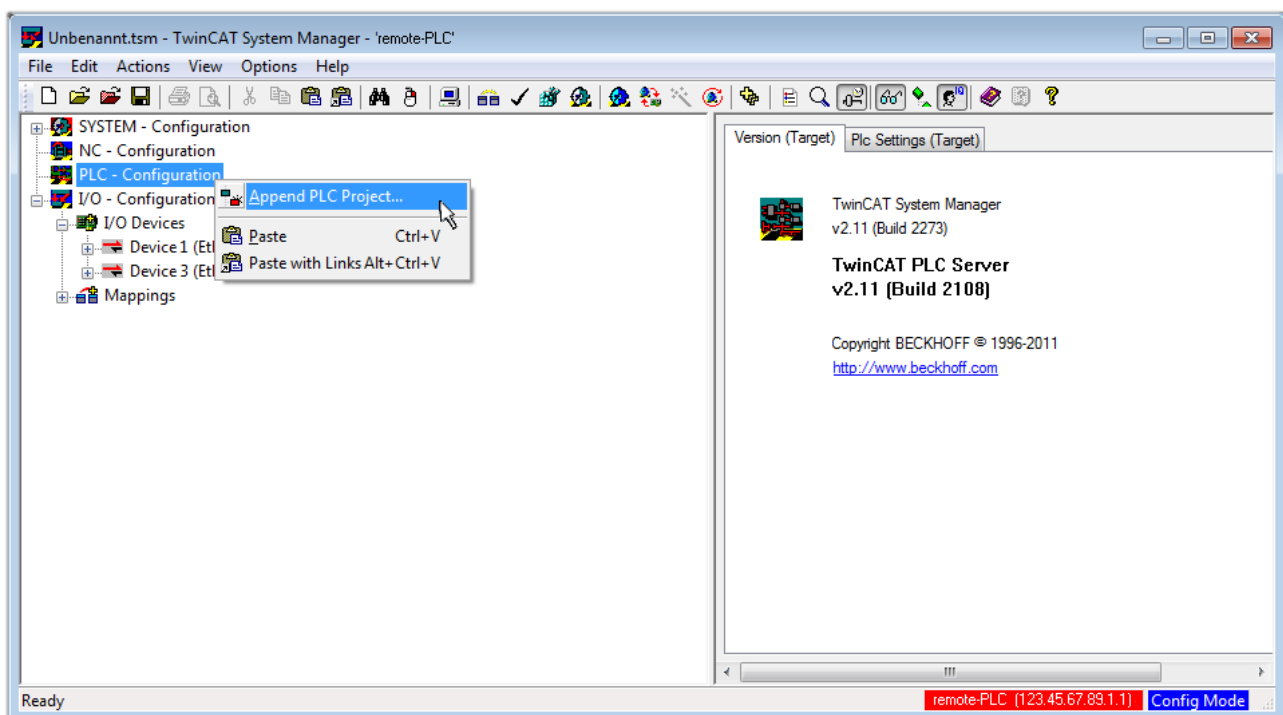


Fig. 60: Appending the TwinCAT PLC Control project

Select the PLC configuration “PLC_example.tpy” in the browser window that opens. The project including the two variables identified with “AT” are then integrated in the configuration tree of the System Manager:

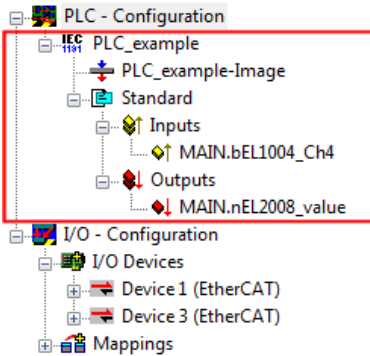


Fig. 61: PLC project integrated in the PLC configuration of the System Manager

The two variables “bEL1004_Ch4” and “nEL2008_value” can now be assigned to certain process objects of the I/O configuration.

Assigning variables

Open a window for selecting a suitable process object (PDO) via the context menu of a variable of the integrated project “PLC_example” and via “Modify Link...” “Standard”:

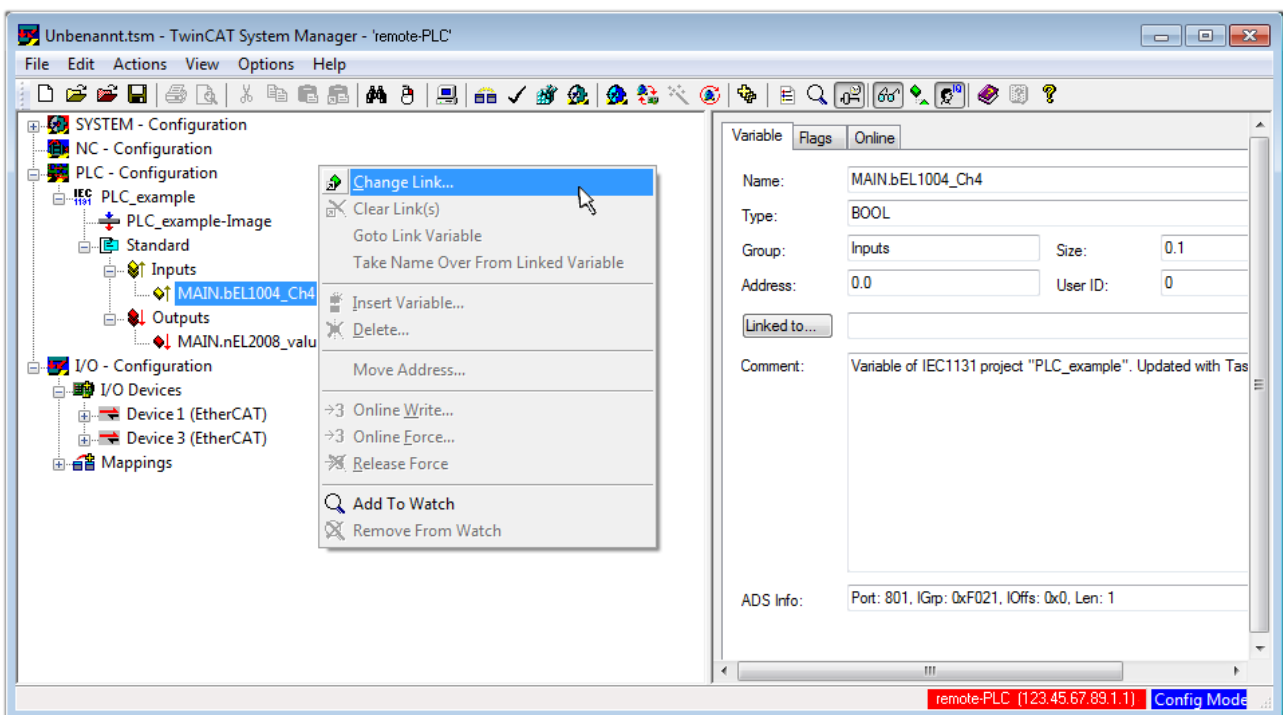


Fig. 62: Creating the links between PLC variables and process objects

In the window that opens, the process object for the “bEL1004_Ch4” BOOL-type variable can be selected from the PLC configuration tree:

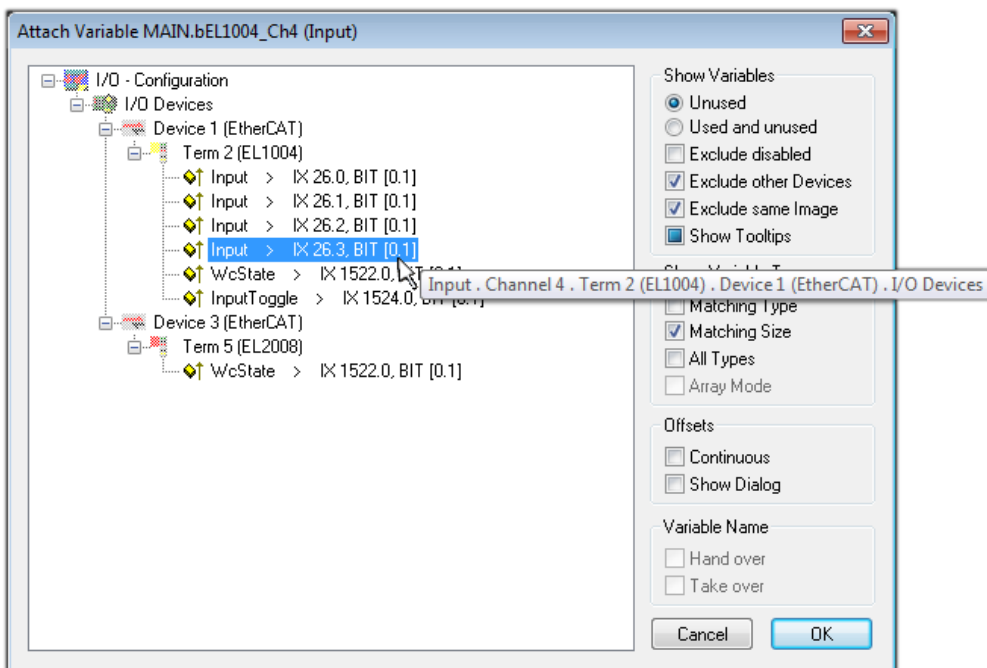


Fig. 63: Selecting BOOL-type PDO

According to the default setting, only certain PDO objects are now available for selection. In this example, the input of channel 4 of the EL1004 terminal is selected for linking. In contrast, the checkbox “All types” must be ticked to create the link for the output variables, in order to allocate a set of eight separate output bits to a byte variable in this case. The following diagram shows the whole process:

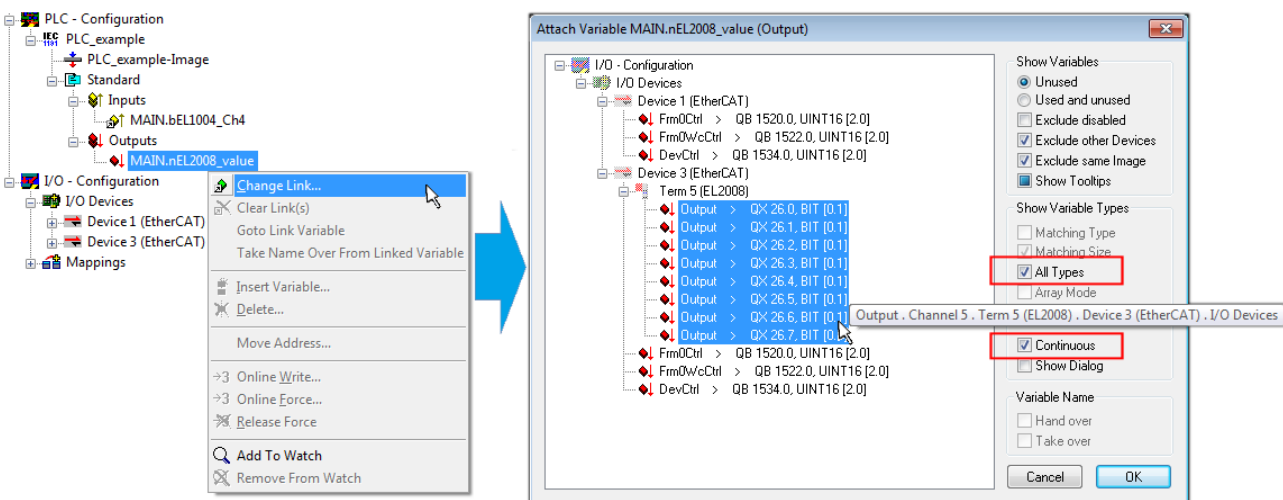


Fig. 64: Selecting several PDOs simultaneously: activate “Continuous” and “All types”

Note that the “Continuous” checkbox was also activated. This is designed to allocate the bits contained in the byte of the “nEL2008_value” variable sequentially to all eight selected output bits of the EL2008 Terminal. It is thus possible to subsequently address all eight outputs of the terminal in the program with a byte corresponding to bit 0 for channel 1 to bit 7 for channel 8 of the PLC. A special symbol () on the yellow or red object of the variable indicates that a link exists. The links can also be checked by selecting “Goto Link Variable” from the context menu of a variable. The opposite linked object, in this case the PDO, is automatically selected:

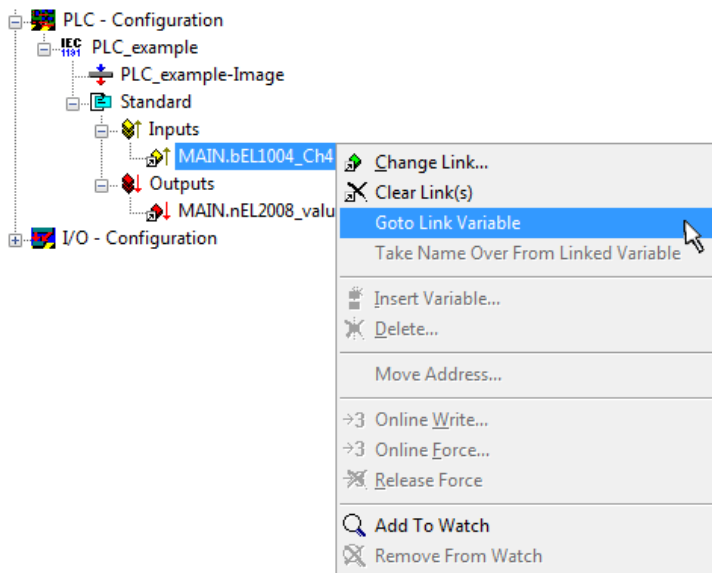
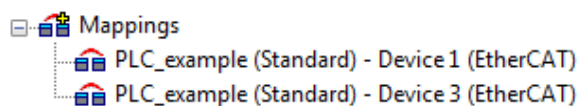


Fig. 65: Application of a “Goto Link Variable”, using “MAIN.bEL1004_Ch4” as an example

The process of assigning variables to the PDO is completed via the menu option “Actions” → “Create

assignment”, or via .

This can be visualized in the configuration:



The process of creating links can also be performed in the opposite direction, i.e. starting with individual PDOs to a variable. However, in this example, it would not be possible to select all output bits for the EL2008, since the terminal only makes individual digital outputs available. If a terminal has a byte, word, integer or similar PDO, it is also possible to allocate this to a set of bit-standardized variables. Here, too, a “Goto Link Variable” can be executed in the other direction, so that the respective PLC instance can then be selected.

Activation of the configuration

The allocation of PDO to PLC variables has now established the connection from the controller to the inputs and outputs of the terminals. The configuration can now be activated. First, the configuration can be verified

via  (or via “Actions” → “Check Configuration”). If no error is present, the configuration can be

activated via  (or via “Actions” → “Activate Configuration...”) to transfer the System Manager settings to the runtime system. Confirm the messages “Old configurations will be overwritten!” and “Restart TwinCAT system in Run mode” with “OK”.

A few seconds later, the real-time status **RTime 0%** is displayed at the bottom right in the System Manager. The PLC system can then be started as described below.

Starting the controller

Starting from a remote system, the PLC control has to be linked with the embedded PC over the Ethernet via “Online” → “Choose Runtime System...”:

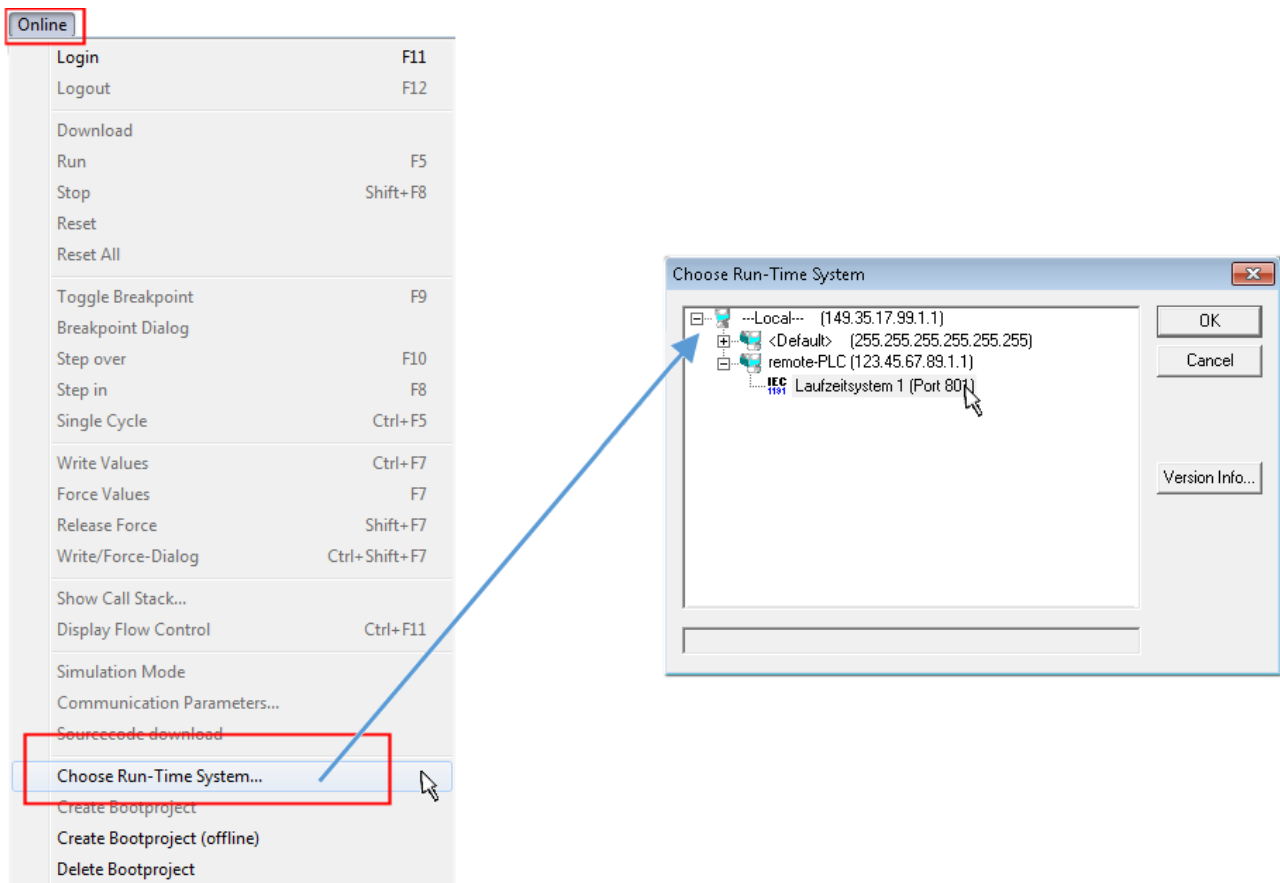
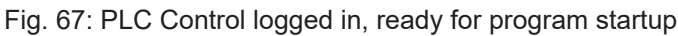


Fig. 66: Choose target system (remote)

In this example, "Runtime system 1 (port 801)" is selected and confirmed. Link the PLC with the real-time

system via the menu option "Online" → "Login", the F11 key or by clicking on the symbol . The control program can then be loaded for execution. This results in the message "No program on the controller! Should the new program be loaded?", which should be confirmed with "Yes". The runtime environment is ready for the program start:



Startup

After successful installation of the TwinCAT system on the PC to be used for development, TwinCAT 3 (shell) displays the following user interface after startup:

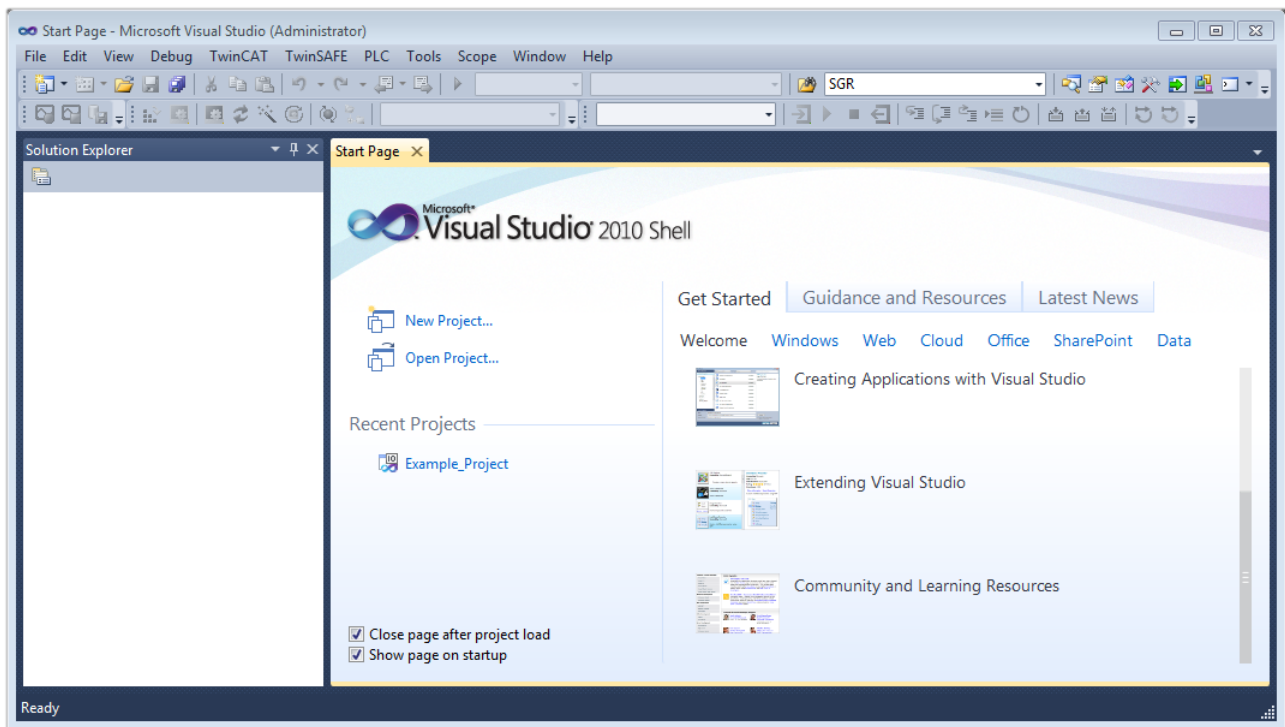


Fig. 68: Initial TwinCAT 3 user interface

First create a new project via  **New TwinCAT Project...** (or under “File”→“New”→“Project...”). In the following dialog, make the corresponding entries as required (as shown in the diagram):

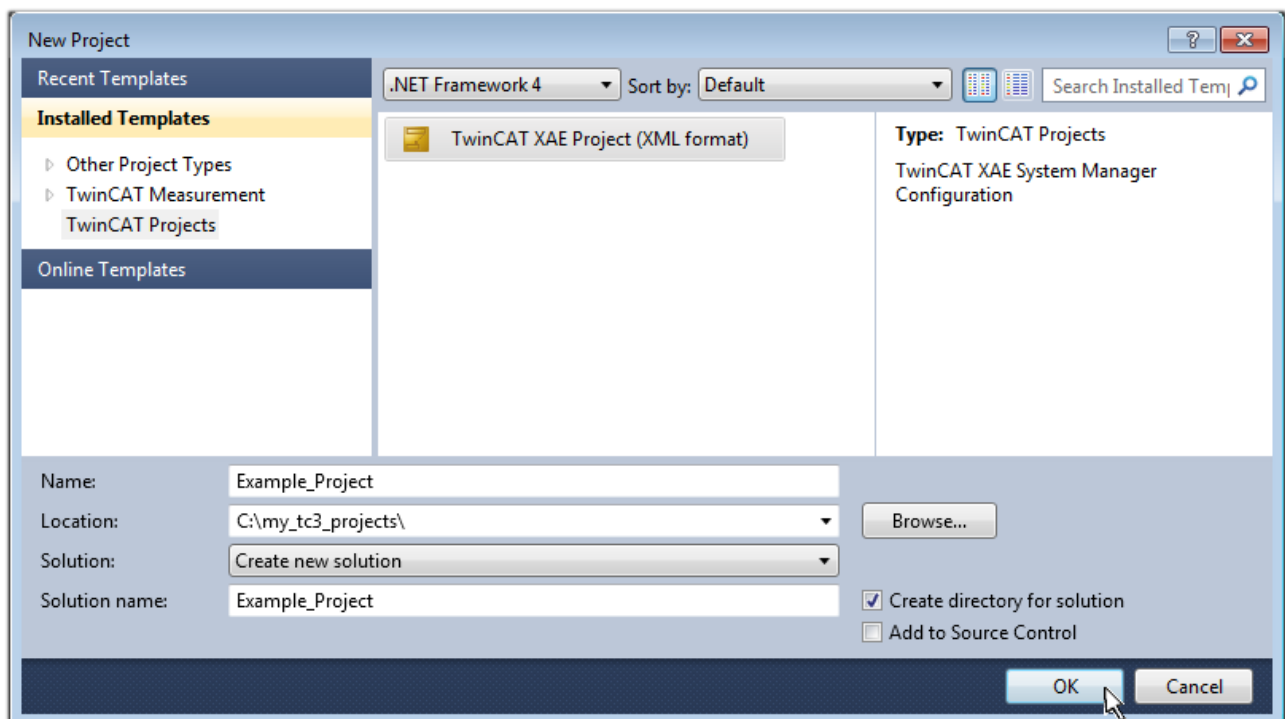


Fig. 69: Create new TwinCAT 3 project

The new project is then available in the project folder explorer:

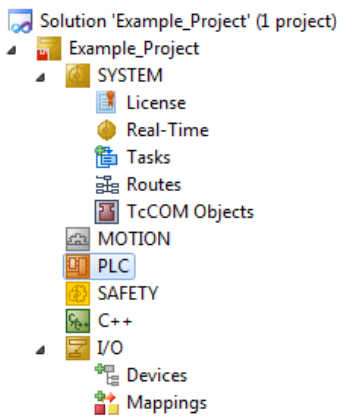
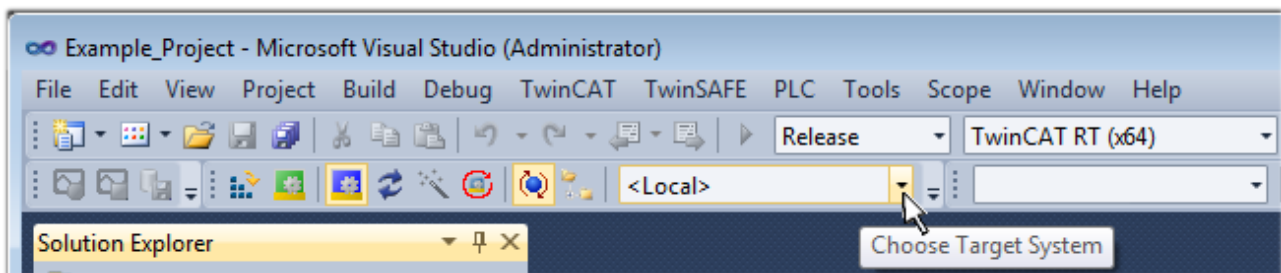


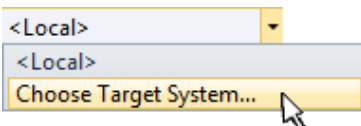
Fig. 70: New TwinCAT 3 project in the project folder explorer

Generally, TwinCAT can be used in local or remote mode. Once the TwinCAT system including the user interface (standard) is installed on the respective PLC (locally), TwinCAT can be used in local mode and the process can be continued with the next step, “[Insert Device](#) | [82](#)”.

If the intention is to address the TwinCAT runtime environment installed on a PLC remotely from another system used as a development environment, the target system must be made known first. Via the symbol in the menu bar:



expand the pull-down menu:



and open the following window:

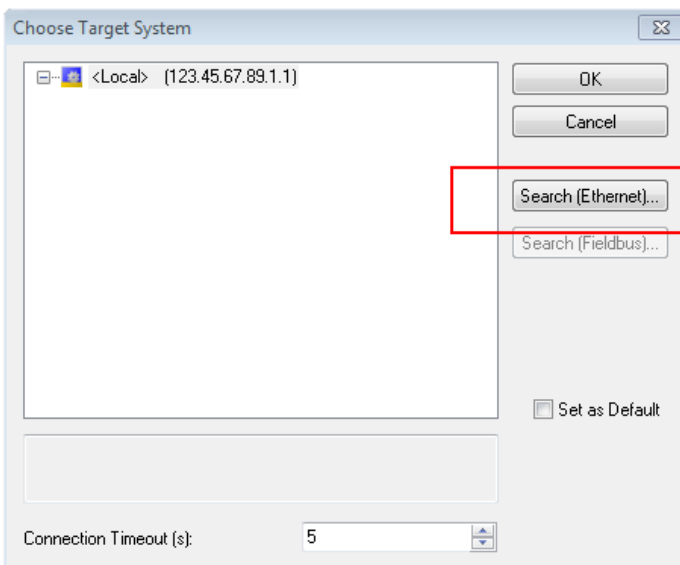


Fig. 71: Selection dialog: Choose the target system

Use “Search (Ethernet)...” to enter the target system. Thus another dialog opens to either:

- enter the known computer name after “Enter Host Name / IP:” (as shown in red)
- perform a “Broadcast Search” (if the exact computer name is not known)
- enter the known computer – IP or AmsNetId

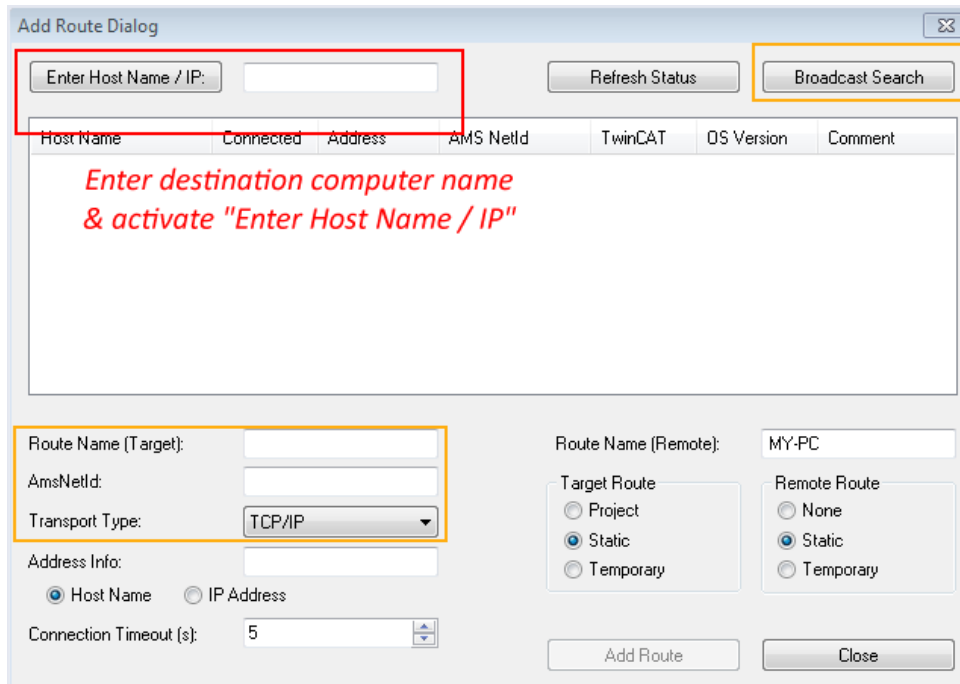
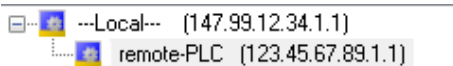


Fig. 72: specify the PLC for access by the TwinCAT System Manager: selection of the target system

Once the target system has been entered, it is available for selection as follows (the correct password may have to be entered beforehand):



After confirmation with “OK” the target system can be accessed via the Visual Studio shell.

Adding devices

In the project folder explorer on the left of the Visual Studio shell user interface, select “Devices” within the

element “I/O”, then right-click to open a context menu and select “Scan” or start the action via  in the

menu bar. The TwinCAT System Manager may first have to be set to “Config mode” via  or via the menu “TwinCAT” → “Restart TwinCAT (Config Mode)”.

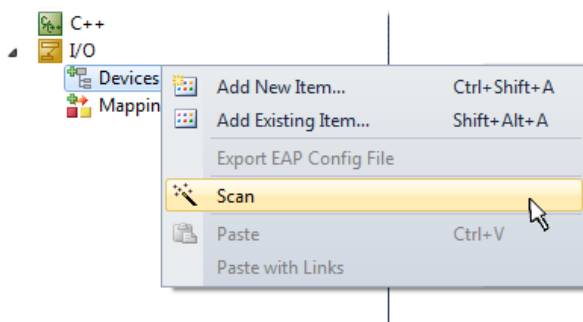


Fig. 73: Select “Scan”

Confirm the warning message, which follows, and select the “EtherCAT” devices in the dialog:

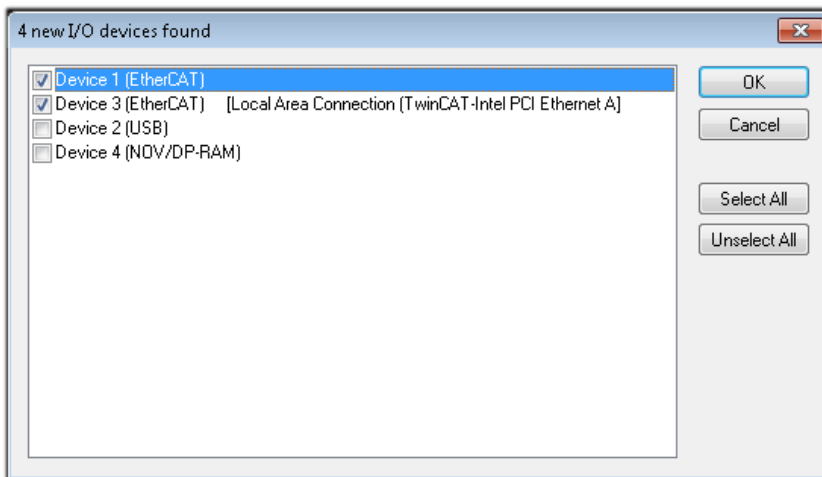


Fig. 74: Automatic detection of I/O devices: selection of the devices to be integrated

Confirm the message “Find new boxes”, in order to determine the terminals connected to the devices. “Free Run” enables manipulation of input and output values in “Config Mode” and should also be acknowledged.

Based on the [example configuration \[► 67\]](#) described at the beginning of this section, the result is as follows:

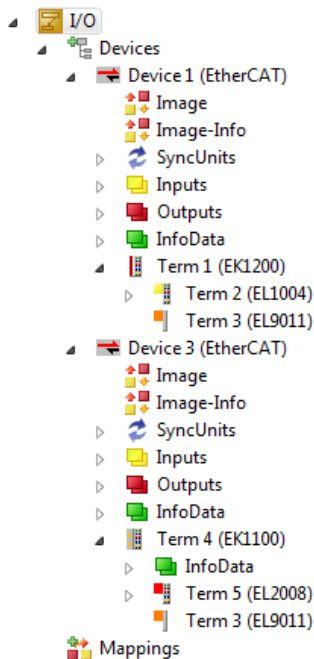


Fig. 75: Mapping of the configuration in VS shell of the TwinCAT 3 environment

The whole process consists of two stages, which can also be performed separately (first determine the devices, then determine the connected elements such as boxes, terminals, etc.). A scan (search function) can also be initiated by selecting “Device ...” from the context menu, which then only reads the elements below which are present in the configuration:

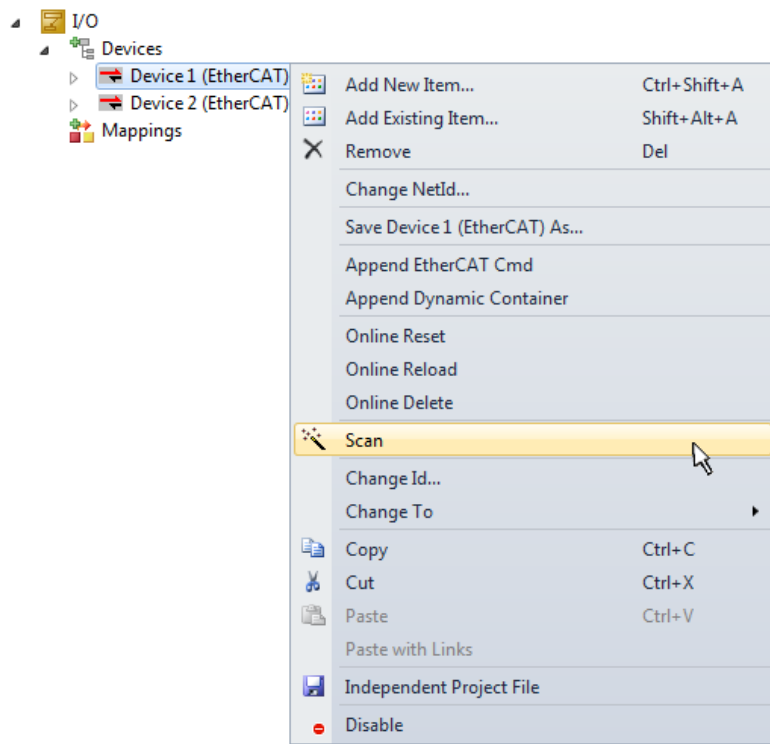


Fig. 76: Reading of individual terminals connected to a device

This functionality is useful if the actual configuration is modified at short notice.

Programming the PLC

TwinCAT PLC Control is the development environment for generating the controller in different program environments: TwinCAT PLC Control supports all languages described in IEC 61131-3. There are two text-based languages and three graphical languages.

- **Text-based languages**
 - Instruction List (IL)
 - Structured Text (ST)
- **Graphical languages**
 - Function Block Diagram (FBD)
 - Ladder Diagram (LD)
 - The Continuous Function Chart Editor (CFC)
 - Sequential Function Chart (SFC)

The following section refers solely to Structured Text (ST).

In order to create a programming environment, a PLC subproject is added to the example project via the context menu of the "PLC" in the project folder explorer by selecting "Add New Item....":

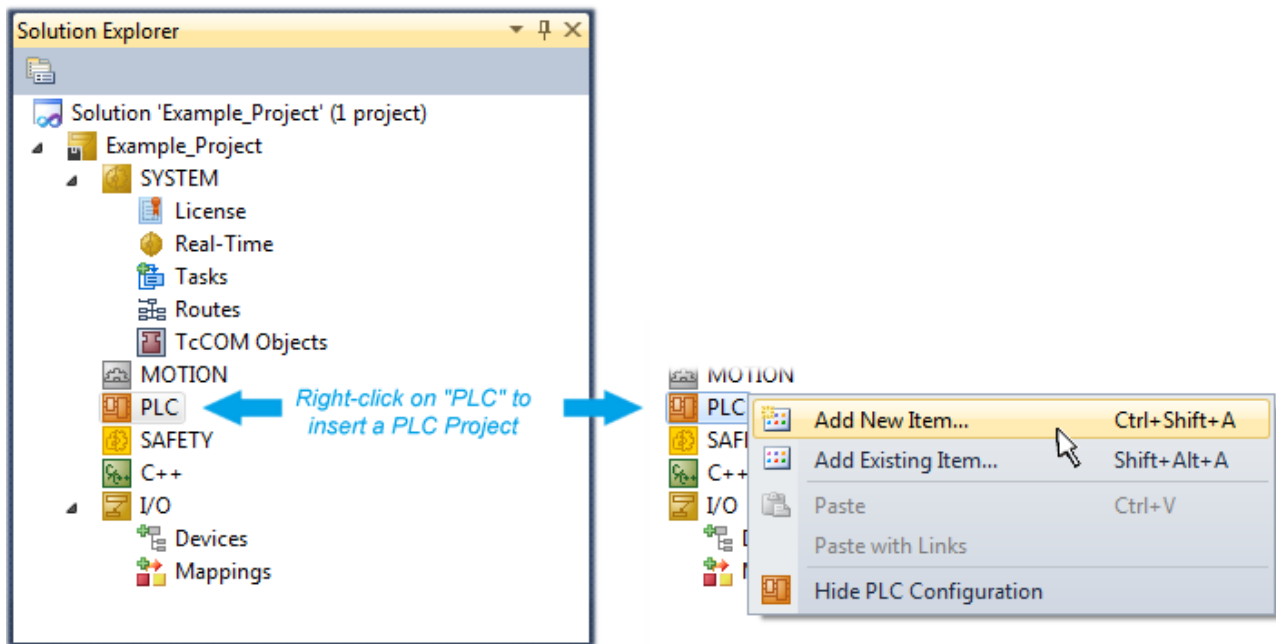


Fig. 77: Adding the programming environment in "PLC"

In the dialog that opens, select "Standard PLC project" and enter "PLC_example" as project name, for example, and select a corresponding directory:

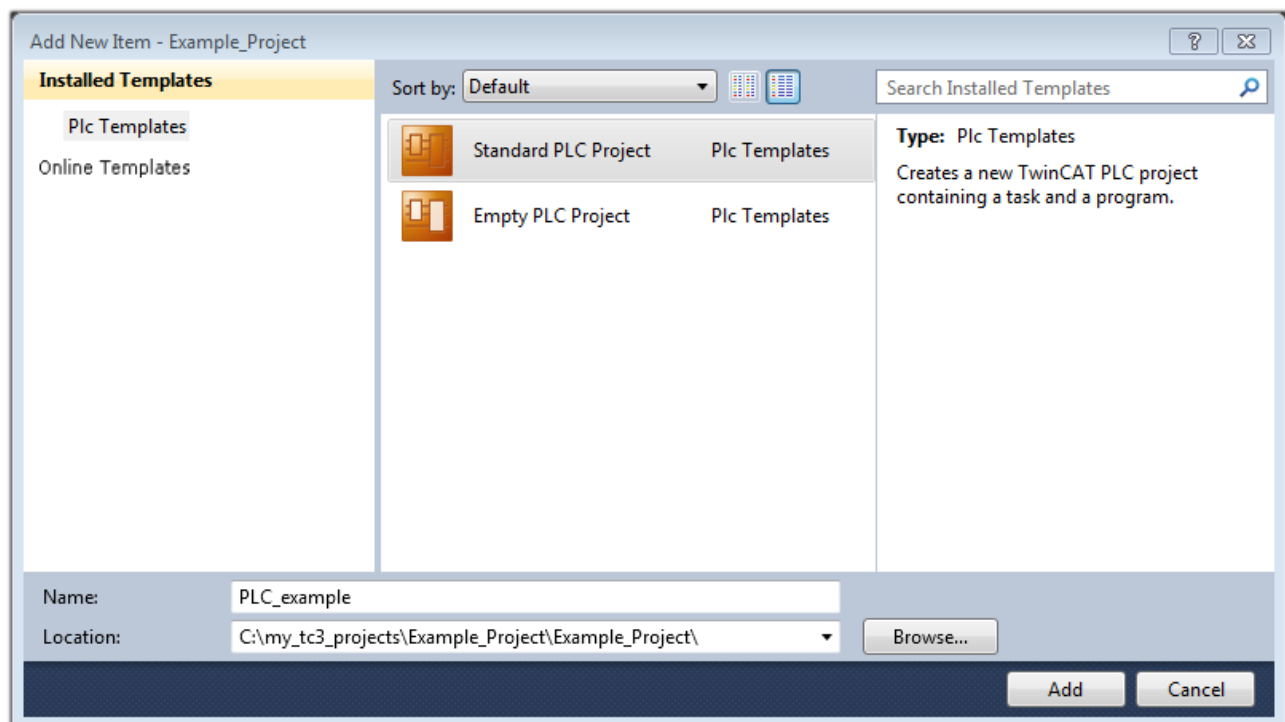


Fig. 78: Specifying the name and directory for the PLC programming environment

The "Main" program, which already exists due to selecting "Standard PLC project", can be opened by double-clicking on "PLC_example_project" in "POUs". The following user interface is shown for an initial project:

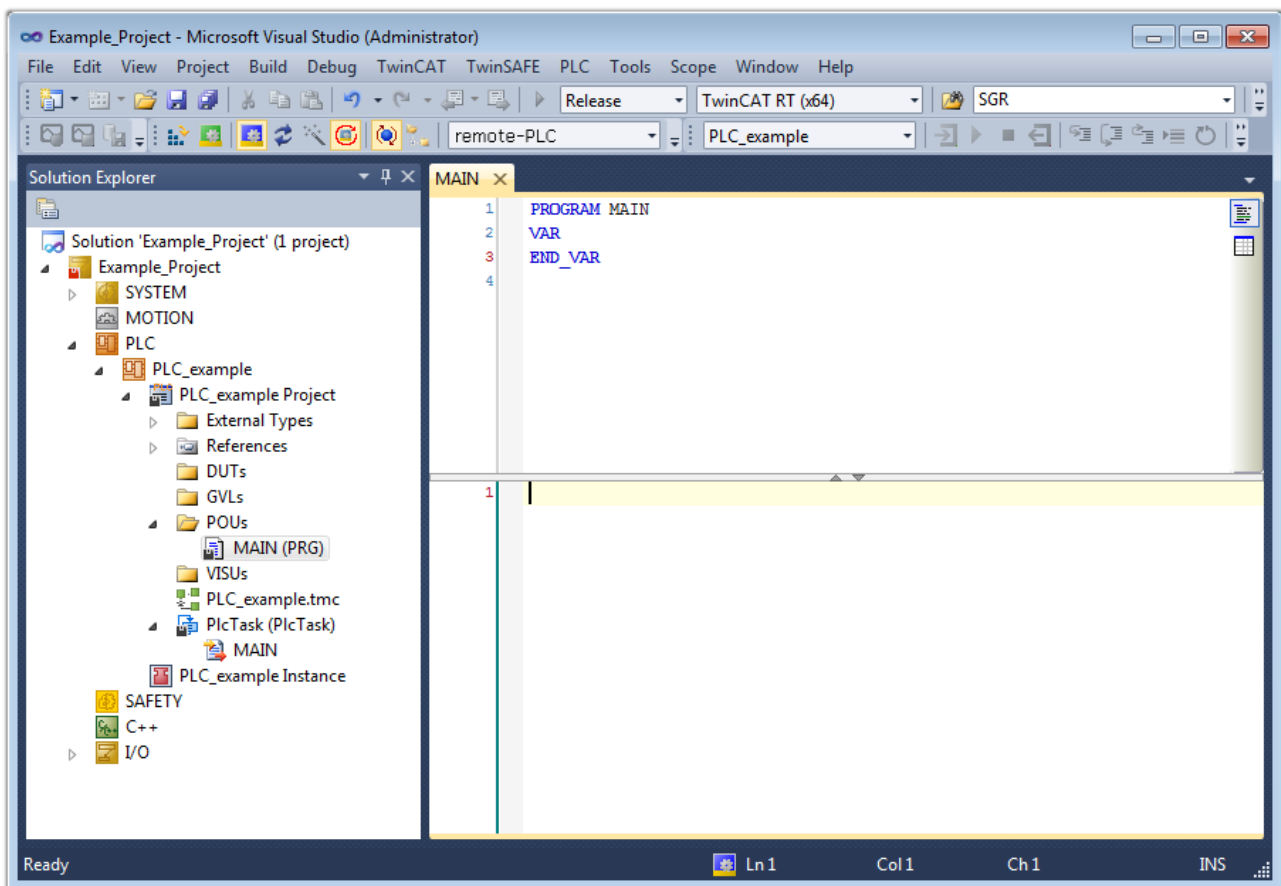


Fig. 79: Initial “Main” program for the standard PLC project

Now example variables and an example program have been created for the next stage of the process:

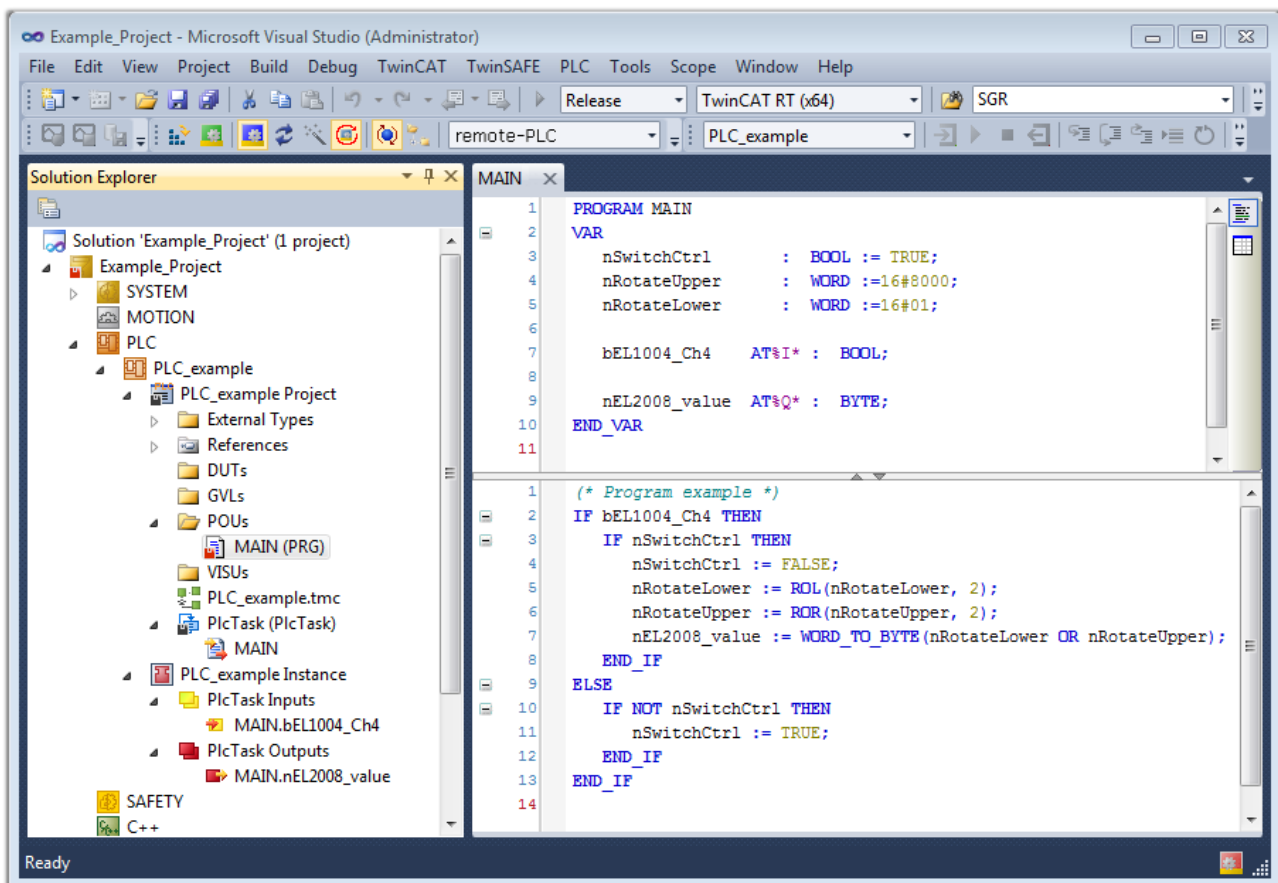


Fig. 80: Example program with variables after a compile process (without variable integration)

The control program is now created as a project folder, followed by the compile process:

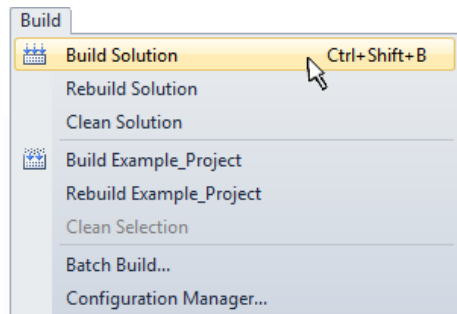
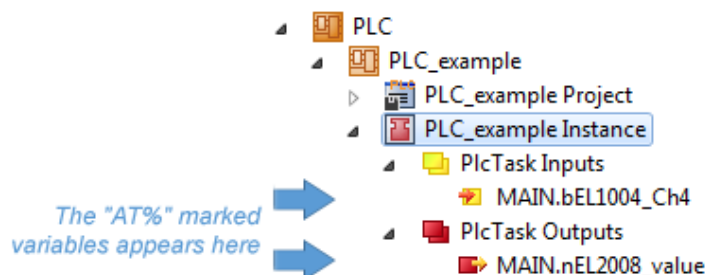


Fig. 81: Start program compilation

The following variables, identified in the ST/PLC program with “AT%”, are then available under “Assignments” in the project folder explorer:



Assigning variables

Via the menu of an instance – variables in the “PLC” context, use the “Modify Link...” option to open a window to select a suitable process object (PDO) for linking:

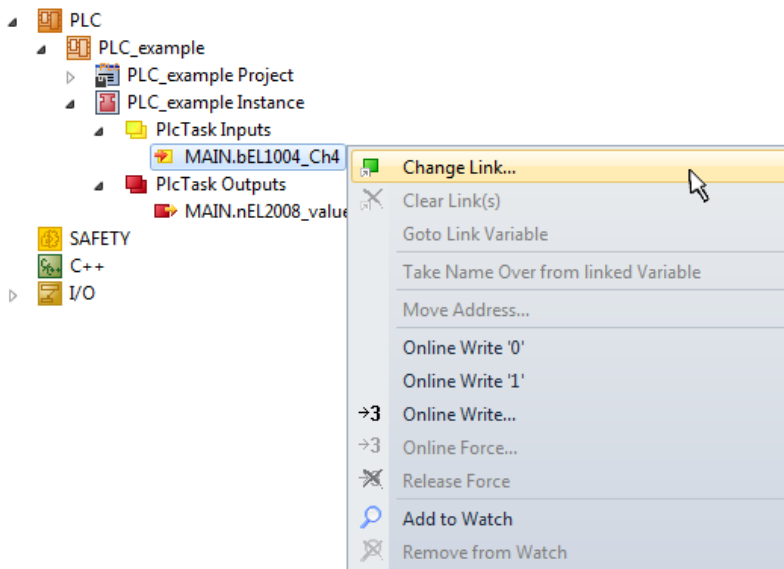


Fig. 82: Creating the links between PLC variables and process objects

In the window that opens, the process object for the “bEL1004_Ch4” BOOL-type variable can be selected from the PLC configuration tree:

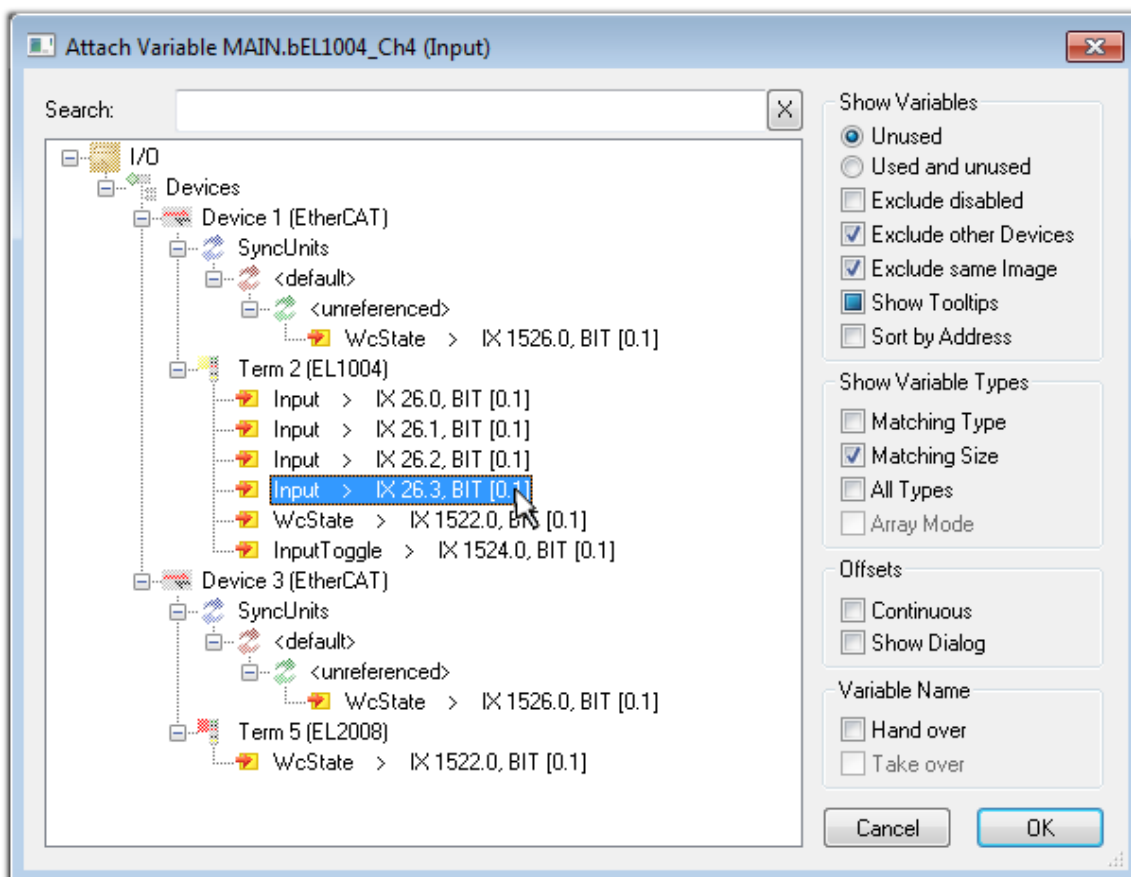


Fig. 83: Selecting BOOL-type PDO

According to the default setting, only certain PDO objects are now available for selection. In this example, the input of channel 4 of the EL1004 terminal is selected for linking. In contrast, the checkbox “All types” must be ticked to create the link for the output variables, in order to allocate a set of eight separate output bits to a byte variable in this case. The following diagram shows the whole process:

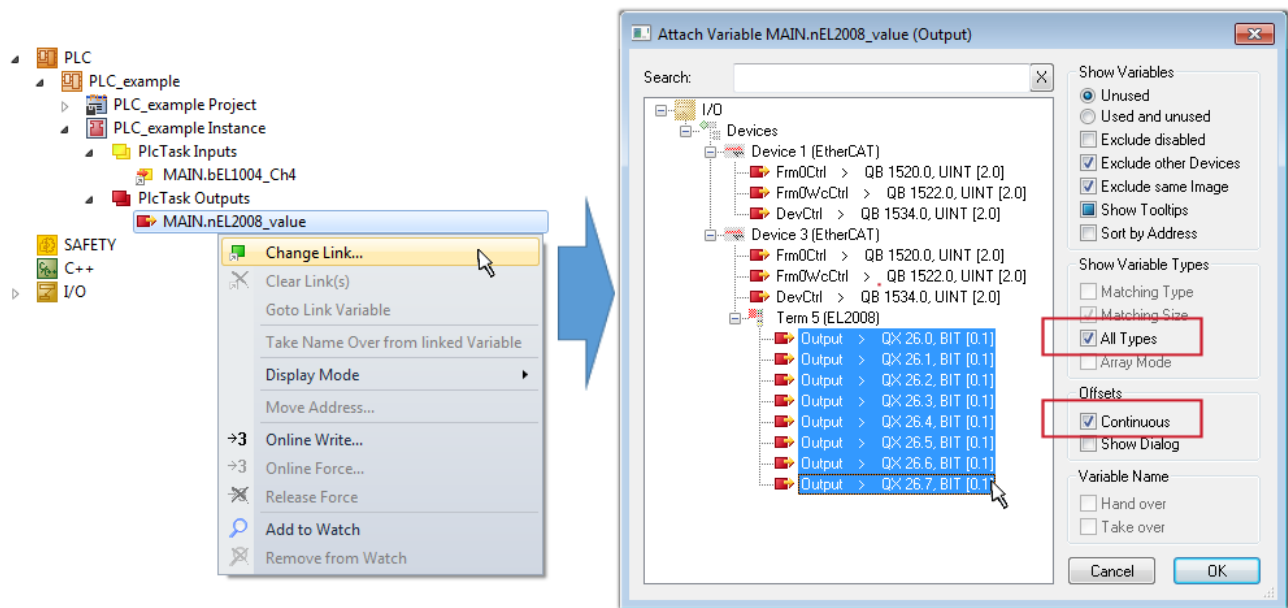


Fig. 84: Selecting several PDOs simultaneously: activate “Continuous” and “All types”

Note that the “Continuous” checkbox was also activated. This is designed to allocate the bits contained in the byte of the “nEL2008_value” variable sequentially to all eight selected output bits of the EL2008 Terminal. It is thus possible to subsequently address all eight outputs of the terminal in the program with a byte corresponding to bit 0 for channel 1 to bit 7 for channel 8 of the PLC. A special symbol () on the yellow or red object of the variable indicates that a link exists. The links can also be checked by selecting “Goto Link Variable” from the context menu of a variable. The opposite linked object, in this case the PDO, is automatically selected:

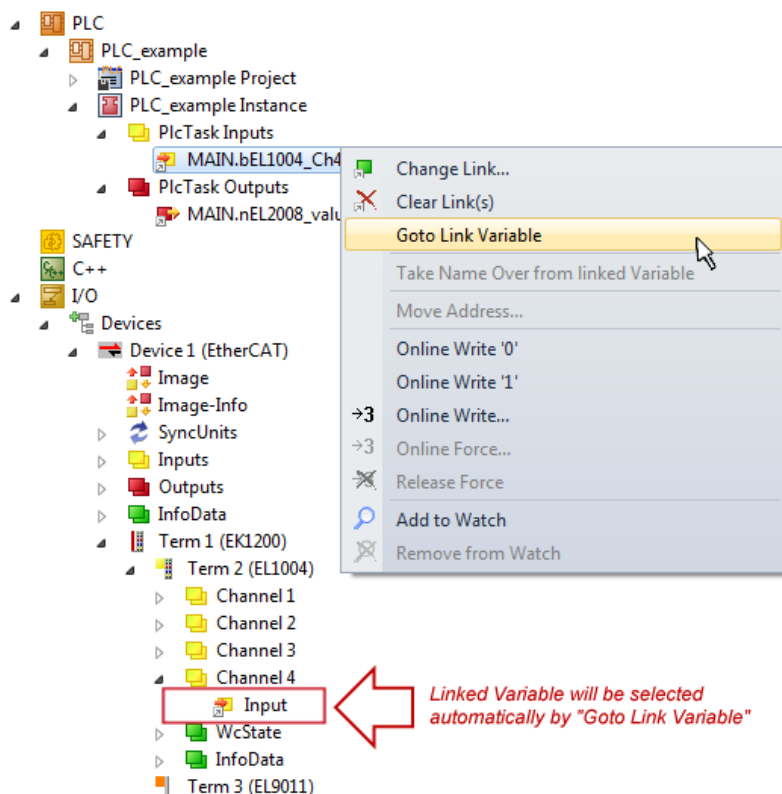


Fig. 85: Application of a “Goto Link Variable”, using “MAIN.bEL1004_Ch4” as an example

The process of creating links can also be performed in the opposite direction, i.e. starting with individual PDOs to a variable. However, in this example, it would not be possible to select all output bits for the EL2008, since the terminal only makes individual digital outputs available. If a terminal has a byte, word,

integer or similar PDO, it is also possible to allocate this to a set of bit-standardized variables. Here, too, a “Goto Link Variable” can be executed in the other direction, so that the respective PLC instance can then be selected.

● Note on type of variable assignment

1 The following type of variable assignment can only be used from TwinCAT version V3.1.4024.4 onwards and is only available for terminals with a microcontroller.

In TwinCAT, a structure can be created from the mapped process data of a terminal. An instance of this structure can then be created in the PLC, so it is possible to access the process data directly from the PLC without having to declare own variables.

The procedure for the EL3001 1-channel analog input terminal -10...+10 V is shown as an example.

1. First, the required process data must be selected in the “Process data” tab in TwinCAT.
2. After that, the PLC data type must be generated in the “PLC” tab via the check box.
3. The data type in the “Data Type” field can then be copied using the “Copy” button.

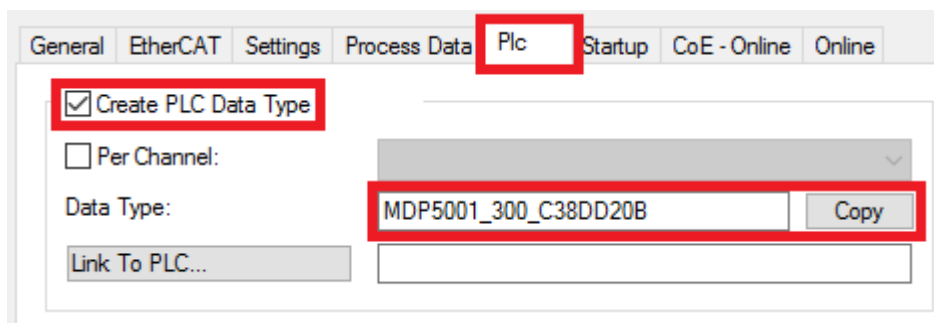


Fig. 86: Creating a PLC data type

4. An instance of the data structure of the copied data type must then be created in the PLC.

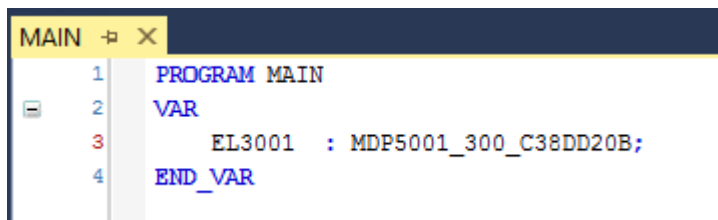


Fig. 87: Instance_of_struct

5. Then the project folder must be created. This can be done either via the key combination “CTRL + Shift + B” or via the “Build” tab in TwinCAT.
6. The structure in the “PLC” tab of the terminal must then be linked to the created instance.

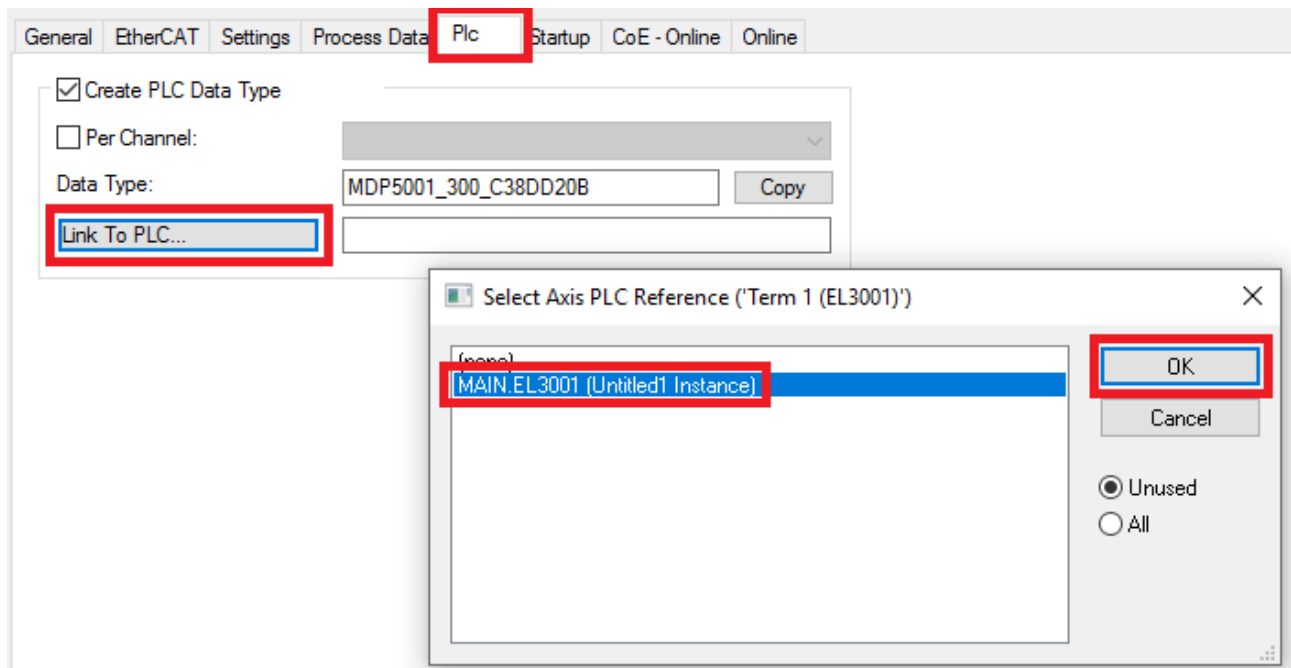


Fig. 88: Linking the structure

7. In the PLC, the process data can then be read or written via the structure in the program code.

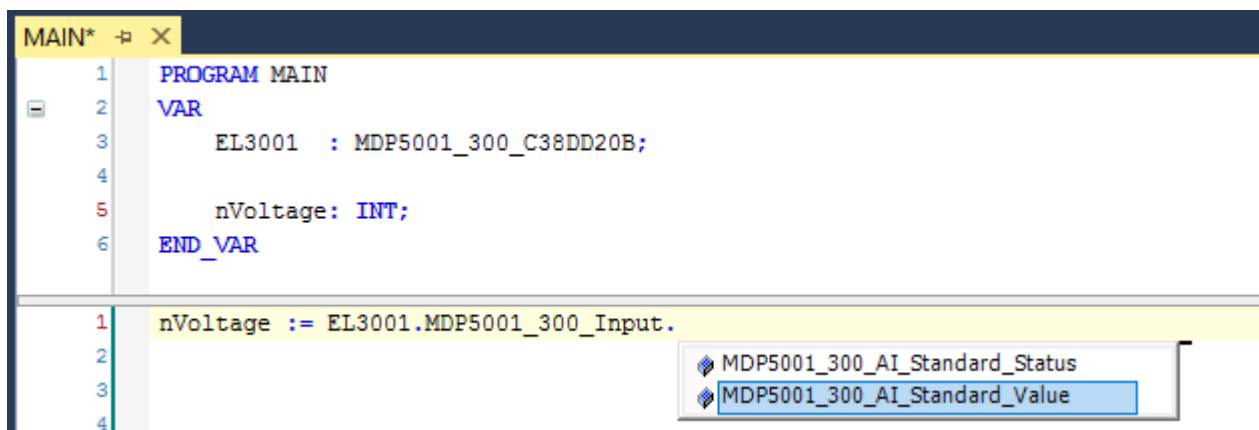
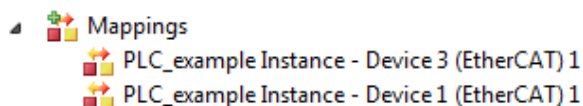


Fig. 89: Reading a variable from the structure of the process data

Activation of the configuration

The allocation of PDO to PLC variables has now established the connection from the controller to the inputs

and outputs of the terminals. The configuration can now be activated with  or via the menu under "TwinCAT" in order to transfer the settings of the development environment to the runtime system. Confirm the messages "Old configurations will be overwritten!" and "Restart TwinCAT system in Run mode" with "OK". The corresponding assignments can be seen in the project folder explorer:



A few seconds later, the corresponding status of the Run mode is displayed in the form of a rotating symbol



at the bottom right of the VS shell development environment. The PLC system can then be started as described below.

Starting the controller

Select the menu option “PLC” → “Login” or click on  to link the PLC with the real-time system and load the control program for execution. This results in the message “No program on the controller! Should the new program be loaded?”, which should be acknowledged with “Yes”. The runtime environment is ready for

the program to be started by clicking on symbol , the “F5” key or via “PLC” in the menu, by selecting “Start”. The started programming environment shows the runtime values of individual variables:

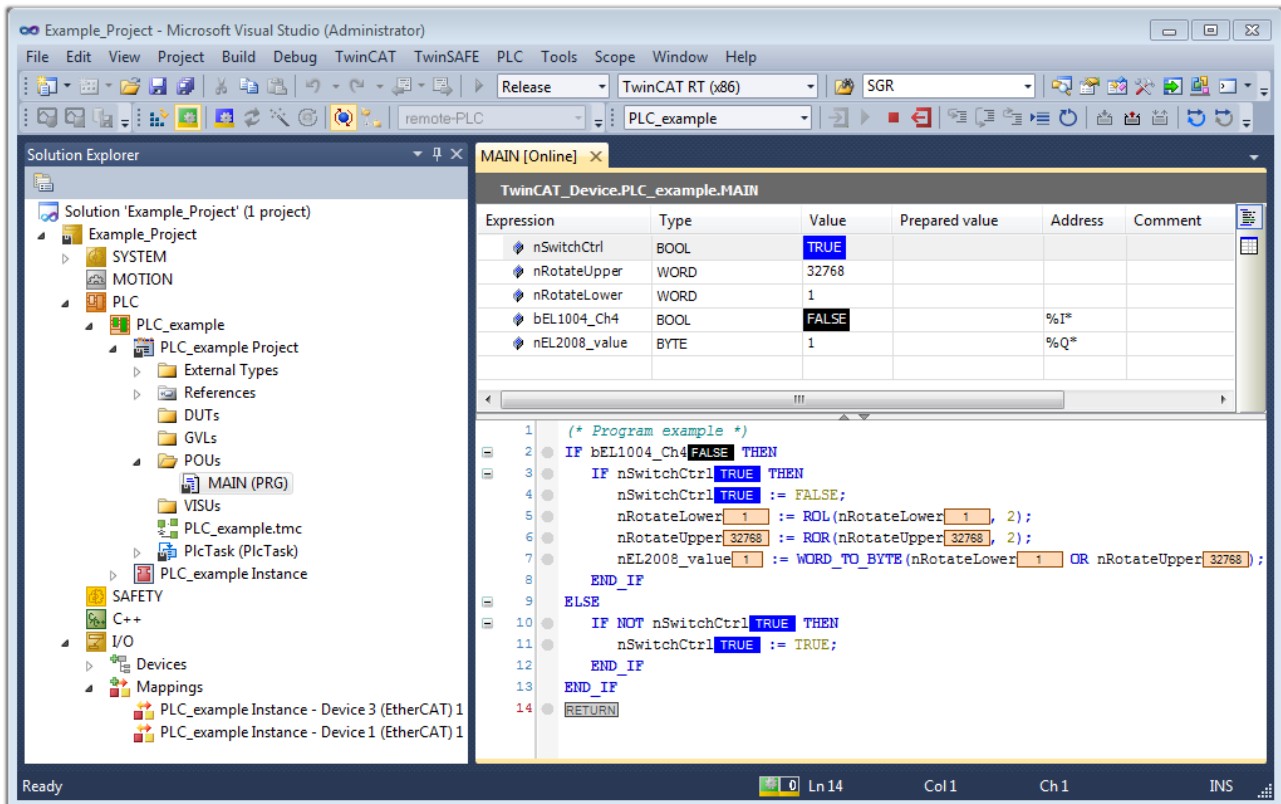


Fig. 90: TwinCAT 3 development environment (VS shell): logged-in, after program startup

The two operator control elements for stopping  and logout  result in the required action (also, “Shift + F5” can be used for stop, or both actions can be selected via the PLC menu).

5.2 TwinCAT Development Environment

The Software for automation TwinCAT (The Windows Control and Automation Technology) will be distinguished into:

- TwinCAT 2: System Manager (Configuration) and PLC Control (Programming)
- TwinCAT 3: Enhancement of TwinCAT 2 (Programming and Configuration takes place via a common Development Environment)

Details:

- **TwinCAT 2:**
 - Connects I/O devices to tasks in a variable-oriented manner
 - Connects tasks to tasks in a variable-oriented manner
 - Supports units at the bit level
 - Supports synchronous or asynchronous relationships
 - Exchange of consistent data areas and process images

- Datalink on NT - Programs by open Microsoft Standards (OLE, OCX, ActiveX, DCOM+, etc.)
- Integration of IEC 61131-3-Software-SPS, Software- NC and Software-CNC within Windows NT/ 2000/XP/Vista, Windows 7, NT/XP Embedded, CE
- Interconnection to all common fieldbusses
- [More...](#)

Additional features:

- **TwinCAT 3 (eXtended Automation):**
 - Visual Studio® integration
 - Choice of the programming language
 - Supports object orientated extension of IEC 61131-3
 - Usage of C/C++ as programming language for real time applications
 - Connection to MATLAB®/Simulink®
 - Open interface for expandability
 - Flexible run-time environment
 - Active support of multi-core- and 64 bit operating system
 - Automatic code generation and project creation with the TwinCAT Automation Interface
 - [More...](#)

Within the following sections commissioning of the TwinCAT Development Environment on a PC System for the control and also the basically functions of unique control elements will be explained.

Please see further information to TwinCAT 2 and TwinCAT 3 at <http://infosys.beckhoff.com>.

5.2.1 Installation of the TwinCAT real-time driver

In order to assign real-time capability to a standard Ethernet port of an IPC controller, the Beckhoff real-time driver has to be installed on this port under Windows.

This can be done in several ways.

A: Via the TwinCAT Adapter dialog

In the System Manager call up the TwinCAT overview of the local network interfaces via Options → Show Real Time Ethernet Compatible Devices.

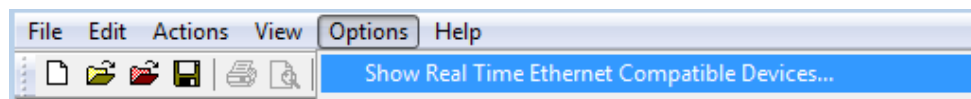


Fig. 91: System Manager "Options" (TwinCAT 2)

This has to be called up by the menu "TwinCAT" within the TwinCAT 3 environment:

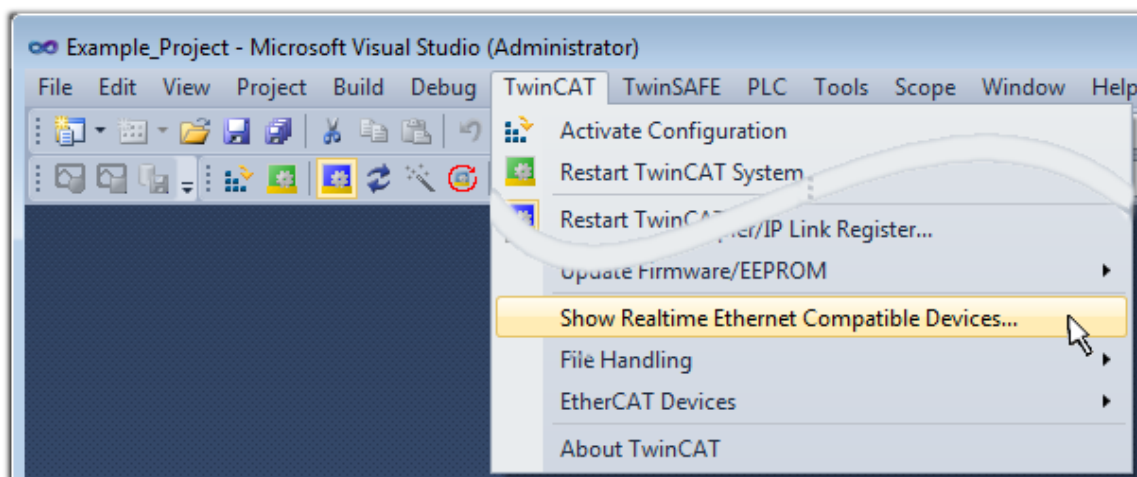


Fig. 92: Call up under VS Shell (TwinCAT 3)

B: Via TcRteInstall.exe in the TwinCAT directory

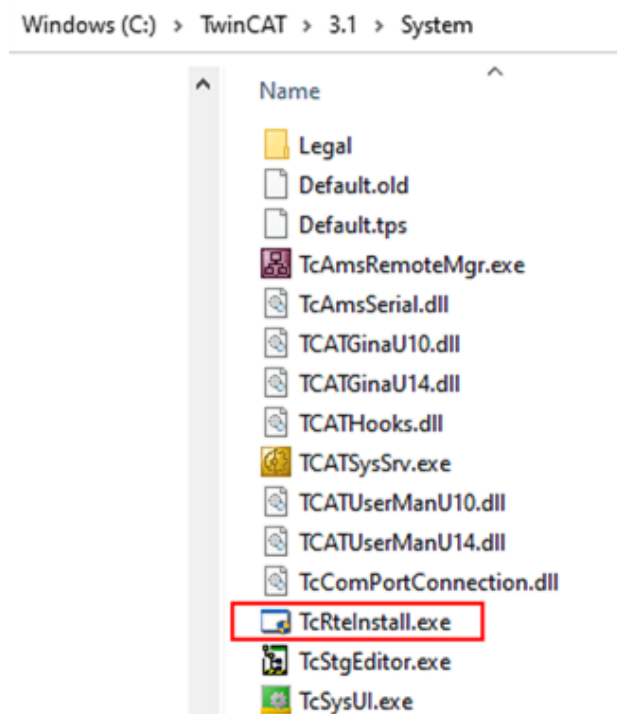


Fig. 93: TcRteInstall in the TwinCAT directory

In both cases, the following dialog appears:

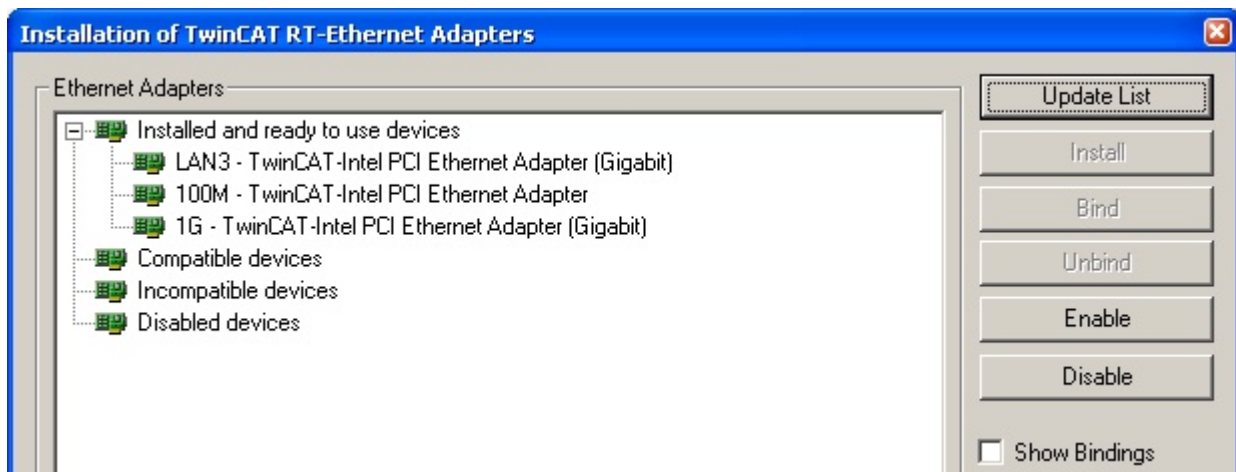


Fig. 94: Overview of network interfaces

Interfaces listed under “Compatible devices” can be assigned a driver via the “Install” button. A driver should only be installed on compatible devices.

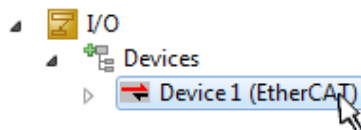
A Windows warning regarding the unsigned driver can be ignored.

Alternatively an EtherCAT-device can be inserted first of all as described in chapter [Offline configuration creation](#), section “Creating the EtherCAT device” [► 105] in order to view the compatible ethernet ports via its EtherCAT properties (tab “Adapter”, button “Compatible Devices...”):



Fig. 95: EtherCAT device properties (TwinCAT 2): click on “Compatible Devices...” of tab “Adapter”

TwinCAT 3: the properties of the EtherCAT device can be opened by double click on “Device .. (EtherCAT)” within the Solution Explorer under “I/O”:



After the installation the driver appears activated in the Windows overview for the network interface (Windows Start → System Properties → Network)

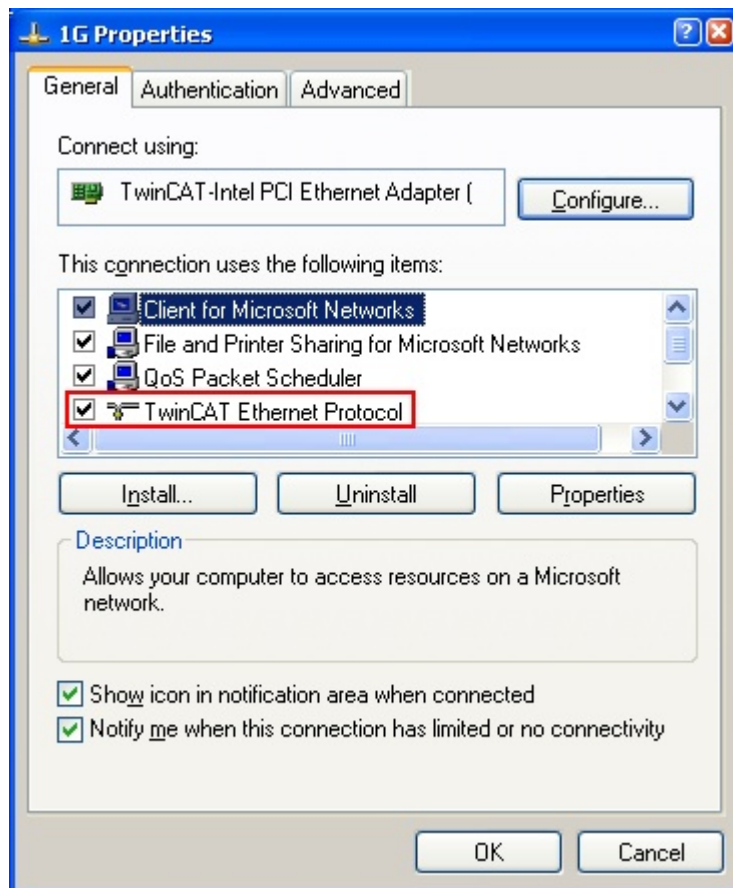


Fig. 96: Windows properties of the network interface

A correct setting of the driver could be:

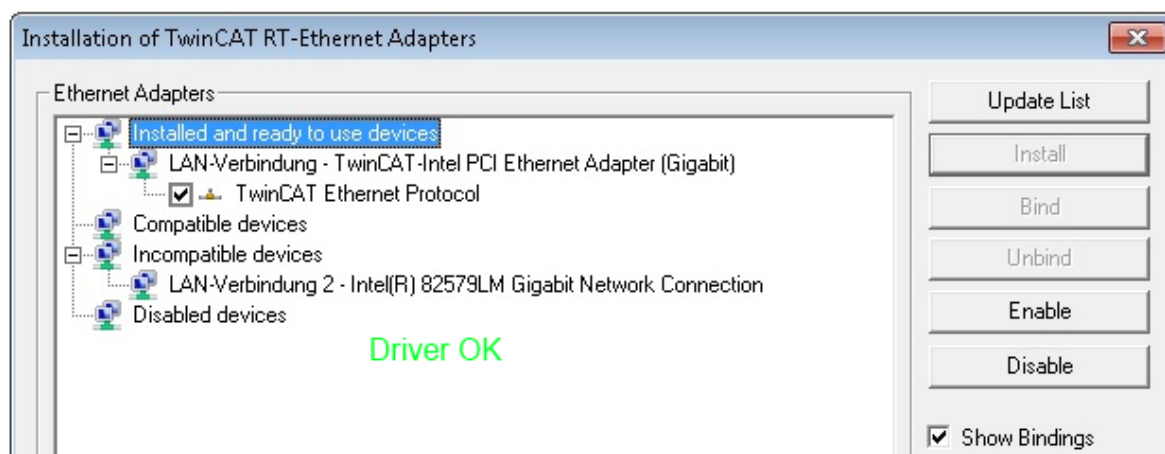


Fig. 97: Exemplary correct driver setting for the Ethernet port

Other possible settings have to be avoided:

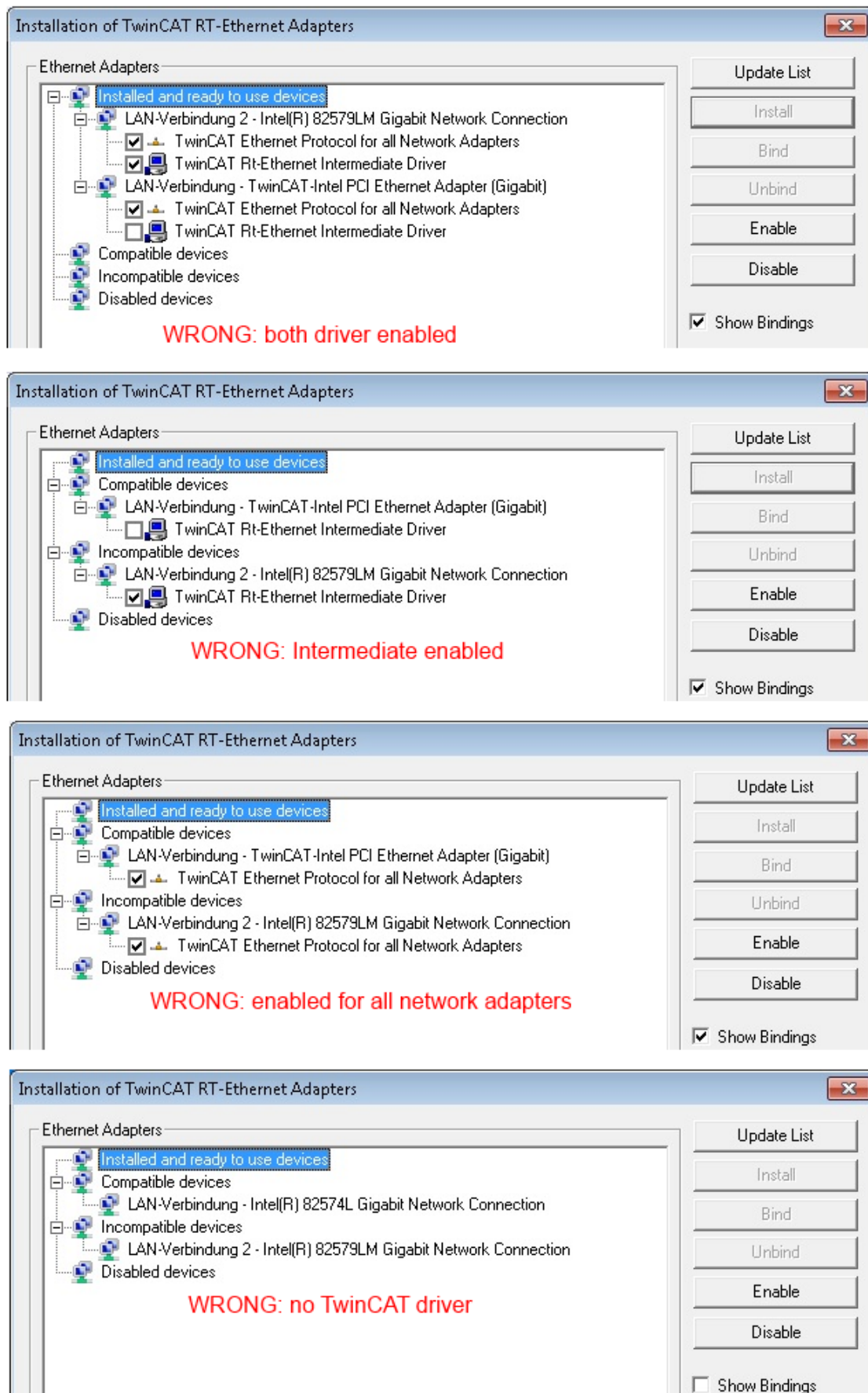


Fig. 98: Incorrect driver settings for the Ethernet port

IP address of the port used



IP address/DHCP

In most cases an Ethernet port that is configured as an EtherCAT device will not transport general IP packets. For this reason and in cases where an EL6601 or similar devices are used it is useful to specify a fixed IP address for this port via the "Internet Protocol TCP/IP" driver setting and to disable DHCP. In this way the delay associated with the DHCP client for the Ethernet port assigning itself a default IP address in the absence of a DHCP server is avoided. A suitable address space is 192.168.x.x, for example.

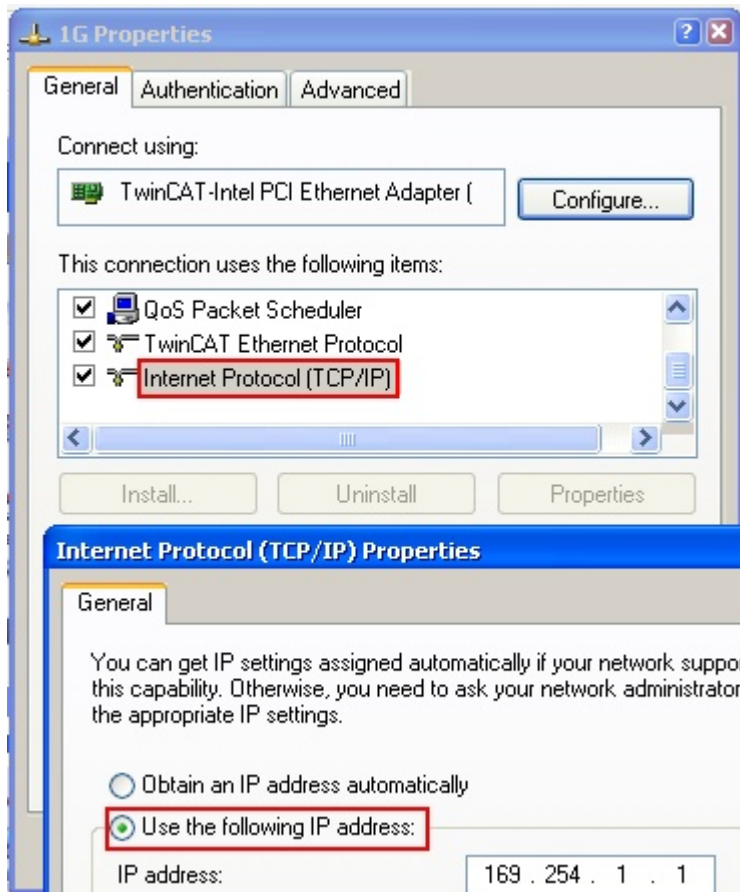


Fig. 99: TCP/IP setting for the Ethernet port

5.2.2 Notes regarding ESI device description

Installation of the latest ESI device description

The TwinCAT EtherCAT master/System Manager needs the device description files for the devices to be used in order to generate the configuration in online or offline mode. The device descriptions are contained in the so-called ESI files (EtherCAT Slave Information) in XML format. These files can be requested from the respective manufacturer and are made available for download. An *.xml file may contain several device descriptions.

The ESI files for Beckhoff EtherCAT devices are available on the [Beckhoff website](#).

The ESI files should be stored in the TwinCAT installation directory.

Default settings:

- **TwinCAT 2:** C:\TwinCAT\IO\EtherCAT
- **TwinCAT 3:** C:\TwinCAT\3.1\Config\Io\EtherCAT

The files are read (once) when a new System Manager window is opened, if they have changed since the last time the System Manager window was opened.

A TwinCAT installation includes the set of Beckhoff ESI files that was current at the time when the TwinCAT build was created.

For TwinCAT 2.11/TwinCAT 3 and higher, the ESI directory can be updated from the System Manager, if the programming PC is connected to the Internet; by

- **TwinCAT 2:** Option → “Update EtherCAT Device Descriptions”
- **TwinCAT 3:** TwinCAT → EtherCAT Devices → “Update Device Descriptions (via ETG Website)...”

The [TwinCAT ESI Updater](#) [► 103] is available for this purpose.



ESI

The *.xml files are associated with *.xsd files, which describe the structure of the ESI XML files. To update the ESI device descriptions, both file types should therefore be updated.

Device differentiation

EtherCAT devices/slaves are distinguished by four properties, which determine the full device identifier. For example, the device identifier EL2521-0025-1018 consists of:

- family key “EL”
- name “2521”
- type “0025”
- and revision “1018”

(EL2521-0025-1018)

Fig. 100: Identifier structure

The order identifier consisting of name + type (here: EL2521-0025) describes the device function. The revision indicates the technical progress and is managed by Beckhoff. In principle, a device with a higher revision can replace a device with a lower revision, unless specified otherwise, e.g. in the documentation. Each revision has its own ESI description. See [further notes](#) [► 10].

Online description

If the EtherCAT configuration is created online through scanning of real devices (see section Online setup) and no ESI descriptions are available for a slave (specified by name and revision) that was found, the System Manager asks whether the description stored in the device should be used. In any case, the System Manager needs this information for setting up the cyclic and acyclic communication with the slave correctly.

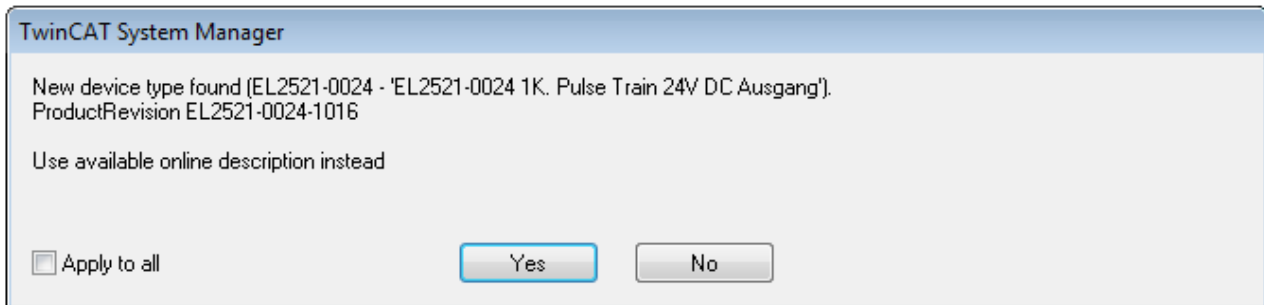


Fig. 101: OnlineDescription information window (TwinCAT 2)

In TwinCAT 3 a similar window appears, which also offers the Web update:

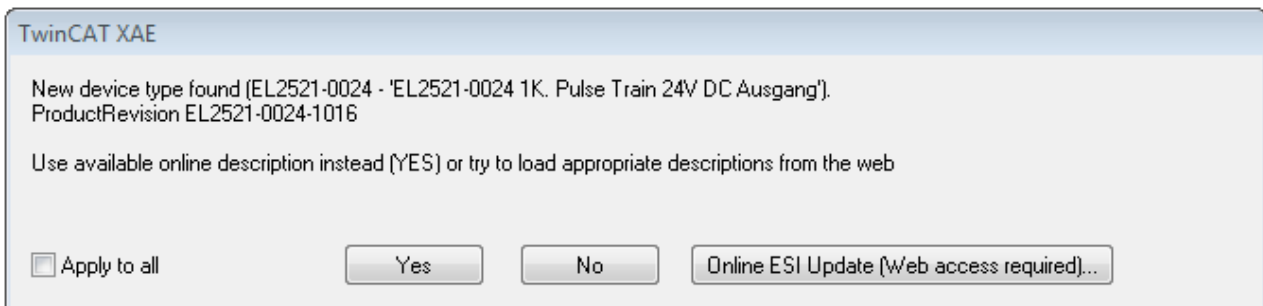


Fig. 102: Information window OnlineDescription (TwinCAT 3)

If possible, the Yes is to be rejected and the required ESI is to be requested from the device manufacturer. After installation of the XML/XSD file the configuration process should be repeated.

NOTICE

Changing the “usual” configuration through a scan

- ✓ If a scan discovers a device that is not yet known to TwinCAT, distinction has to be made between two cases. Taking the example here of the EL2521-0000 in the revision 1019
 - a) no ESI is present for the EL2521-0000 device at all, either for the revision 1019 or for an older revision. The ESI must then be requested from the manufacturer (in this case Beckhoff).
 - b) an ESI is present for the EL2521-0000 device, but only in an older revision, e.g. 1018 or 1017. In this case an in-house check should first be performed to determine whether the spare parts stock allows the integration of the increased revision into the configuration at all. A new/higher revision usually also brings along new features. If these are not to be used, work can continue without reservations with the previous revision 1018 in the configuration. This is also stated by the Beckhoff compatibility rule.

Refer in particular to the chapter “General notes on the use of Beckhoff EtherCAT IO components” and for manual configuration to the chapter “Offline configuration creation [► 105]”.

If the OnlineDescription is used regardless, the System Manager reads a copy of the device description from the EEPROM in the EtherCAT slave. In complex slaves the size of the EEPROM may not be sufficient for the complete ESI, in which case the ESI would be *incomplete* in the configurator. Therefore it's recommended using an offline ESI file with priority in such a case.

The System Manager creates for online recorded device descriptions a new file “OnlineDescription0000...xml” in its ESI directory, which contains all ESI descriptions that were read online.

OnlineDescriptionCache000000002.xml

Fig. 103: File OnlineDescription.xml created by the System Manager

If a slave is desired to be added manually to the configuration at a later stage, online created slaves are indicated by a prepended symbol ">" in the selection list (see Figure *Indication of an online recorded ESI of EL2521 as an example*).

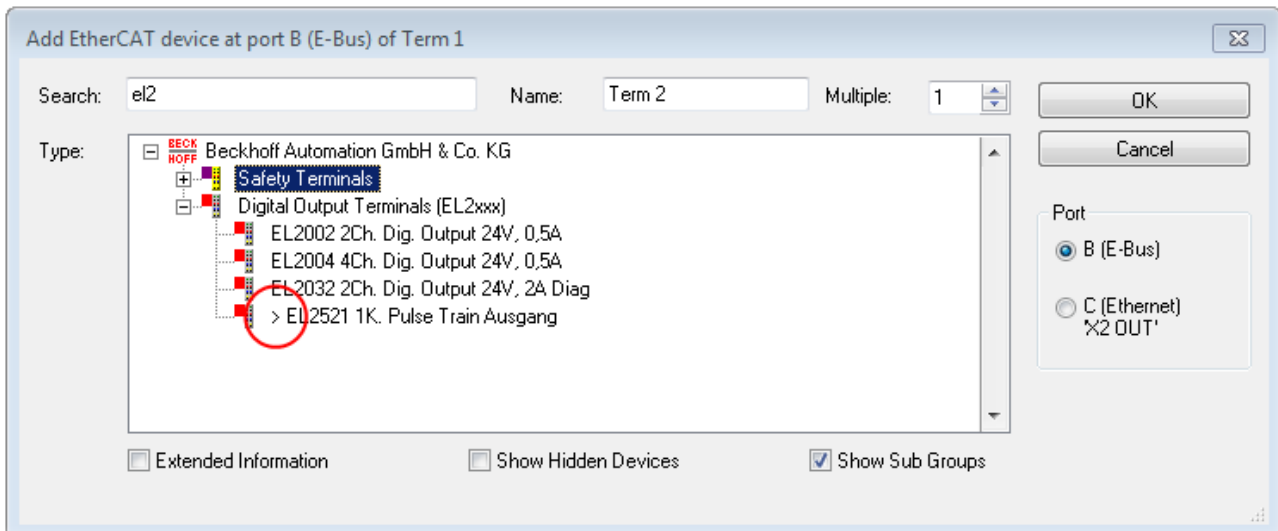


Fig. 104: Indication of an online recorded ESI of EL2521 as an example

If such ESI files are used and the manufacturer's files become available later, the file OnlineDescription.xml should be deleted as follows:

- close all System Manager windows
- restart TwinCAT in Config mode
- delete "OnlineDescription0000...xml"
- restart TwinCAT System Manager

This file should not be visible after this procedure, if necessary press <F5> to update

OnlineDescription for TwinCAT 3.x

In addition to the file described above "OnlineDescription0000...xml", a so called EtherCAT cache with new discovered devices is created by TwinCAT 3.x, e.g. under Windows 7:

C:\User\[USERNAME]\AppData\Roaming\Beckhoff\TwinCAT3\Components\Base\EtherCATCache.xml

(Please note the language settings of the OS!)

You have to delete this file, too.

Faulty ESI file

If an ESI file is faulty and the System Manager is unable to read it, the System Manager brings up an information window.

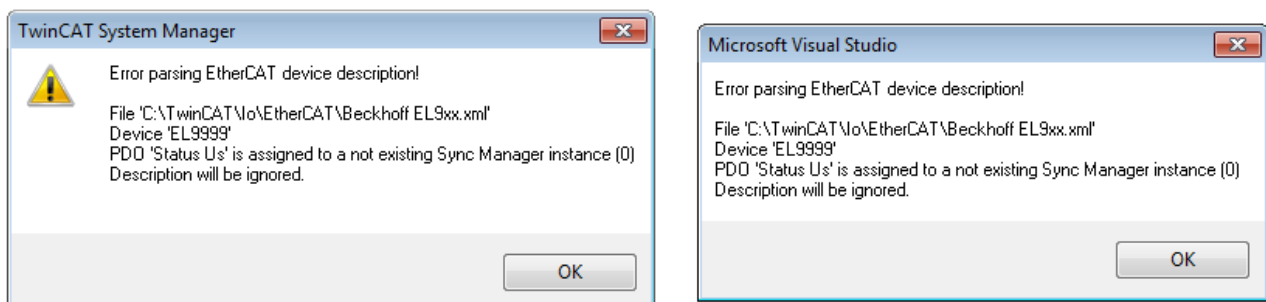


Fig. 105: Information window for faulty ESI file (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

Reasons may include:

- Structure of the *.xml does not correspond to the associated *.xsd file → check your schematics
- Contents cannot be translated into a device description → contact the file manufacturer

5.2.3 TwinCAT ESI Updater

The ESI Updater is a convenient option for automatic downloading of ESI data provided by EtherCAT manufacturers via the Internet into the TwinCAT directory (ESI = EtherCAT slave information). TwinCAT accesses the central ESI ULR directory list stored at ETG; the entries can then be viewed in the Updater dialog, although they cannot be changed there.

5.2.3.1 TwinCAT 3

Step 1) Updating the ESI data sets

The Updater can be accessed under:

“TwinCAT” → “EtherCAT Devices” → “Update Device Description (via ETG Website)...”

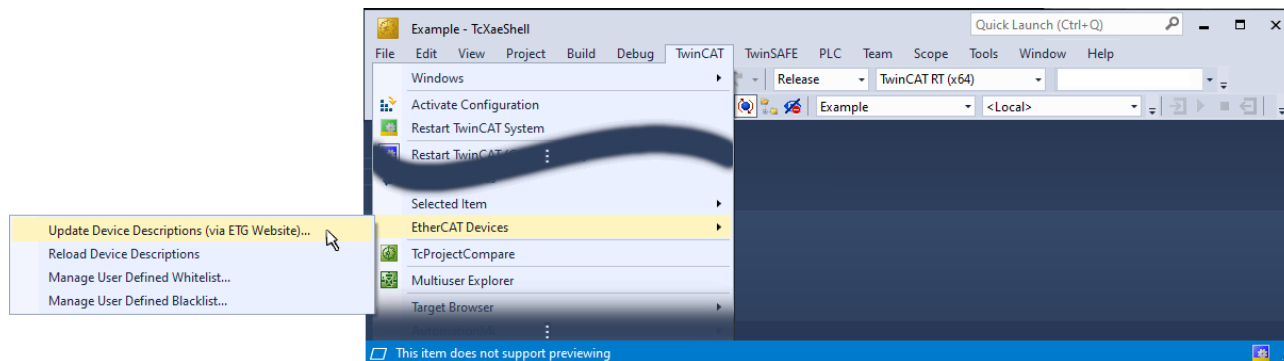
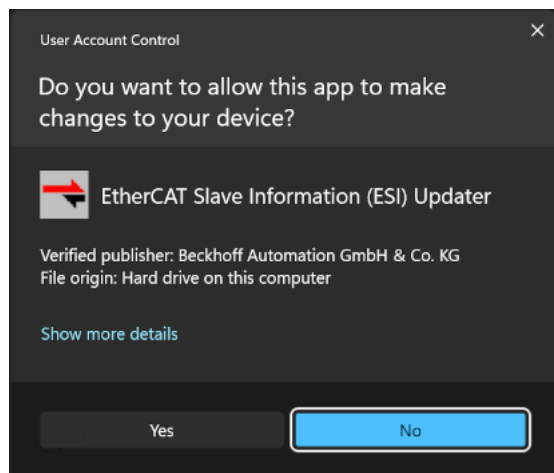


Fig. 106: Calling the ESI Updater (TwinCAT 3)

A prompt for Windows user account control appears after the call, which must be confirmed with [Yes]:



The "Updater" window then appears, showing the configuration data source:

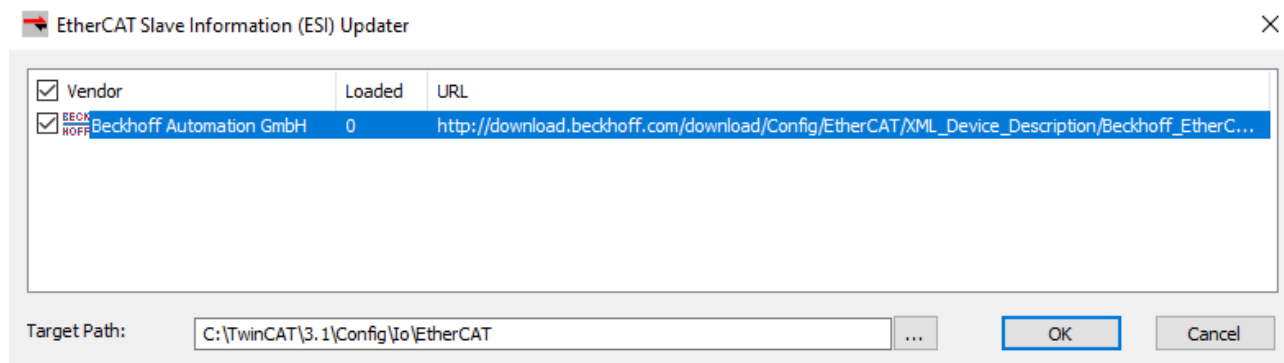
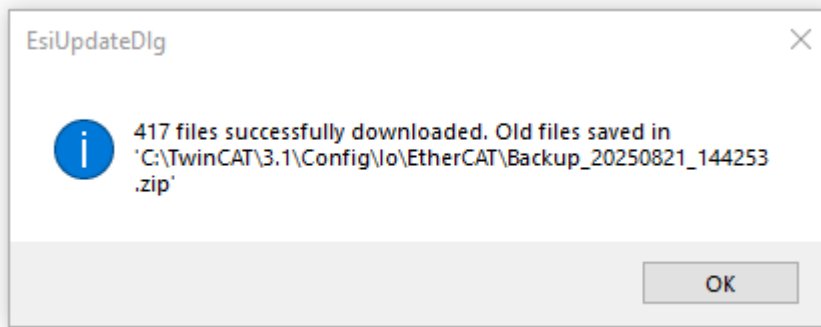


Fig. 107: (ESI) Updater

Select the desired line and click [OK] to start the download or update process. This may take a few minutes. The completion of the download process is indicated by the message



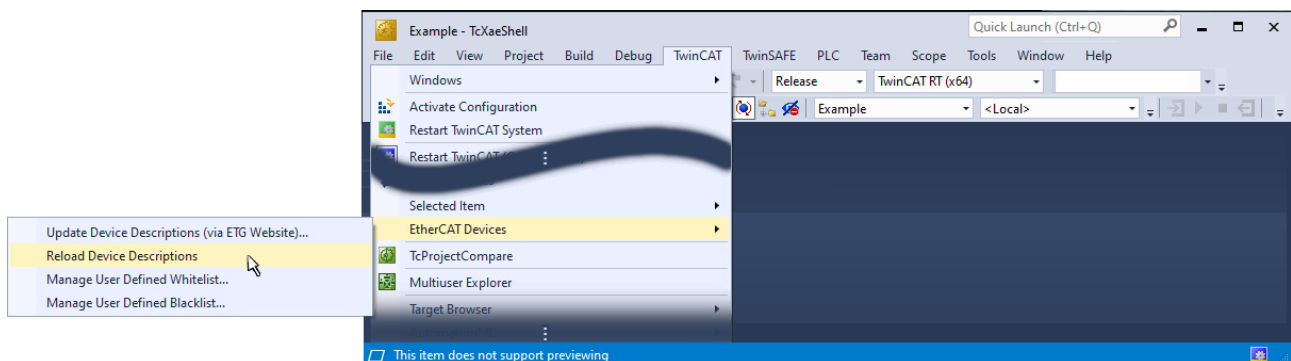
, which shows the number of downloaded files and the storage location or the backup zip folder. Click [OK] to close the window.

Note: Manually added ESI files are not moved to the backup zip folder and remain accessible in TwinCAT. Only the ESI files supplied by Beckhoff are managed automatically.

The (ESI) Updater window that is still open can now be closed with [X] (top right) or [Cancel].

Step 2) Update ESI cache

The ESI files must now be loaded into the application cache in order to be able to use them. This is done either by restarting TwinCAT or by calling up "TwinCAT" → "EtherCAT Devices" → "Reload Device Descriptions":



The status of the cache rebuild can be seen in the lower status bar in TwinCAT.

5.2.3.2 TwinCAT 2

For TwinCAT 2.11 and higher, the System Manager can search for current Beckhoff ESI files automatically, if an online connection is available:

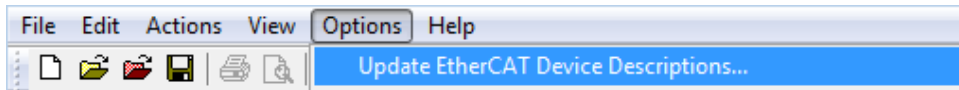


Fig. 108: Using the ESI Updater (>= TwinCAT 2.11)

The call is made via:

“Options” → “Update EtherCAT Device Descriptions”.

5.2.4 Distinction between Online and Offline

The distinction between online and offline refers to the presence of the actual I/O environment (drives, terminals, EJ-modules). If the configuration is to be prepared in advance of the system configuration as a programming system, e.g. on a laptop, this is only possible in “Offline configuration” mode. In this case all components have to be entered manually in the configuration, e.g. based on the electrical design.

If the designed control system is already connected to the EtherCAT system and all components are energised and the infrastructure is ready for operation, the TwinCAT configuration can simply be generated through “scanning” from the runtime system. This is referred to as online configuration.

In any case, during each startup the EtherCAT master checks whether the slaves it finds match the configuration. This test can be parameterised in the extended slave settings. Refer to [note “Installation of the latest ESI-XML device description” \[► 99\]](#).

For preparation of a configuration:

- the real EtherCAT hardware (devices, couplers, drives) must be present and installed
- the devices/modules must be connected via EtherCAT cables or in the terminal/ module strand in the same way as they are intended to be used later
- the devices/modules be connected to the power supply and ready for communication
- TwinCAT must be in CONFIG mode on the target system.

The online scan process consists of:

- [detecting the EtherCAT device \[► 111\]](#) (Ethernet port at the IPC)
- [detecting the connected EtherCAT devices \[► 112\]](#). This step can be carried out independent of the preceding step
- [troubleshooting \[► 115\]](#)

The [scan with existing configuration \[► 116\]](#) can also be carried out for comparison.

5.2.5 OFFLINE configuration creation

Creating the EtherCAT device

Create an EtherCAT device in an empty System Manager window.

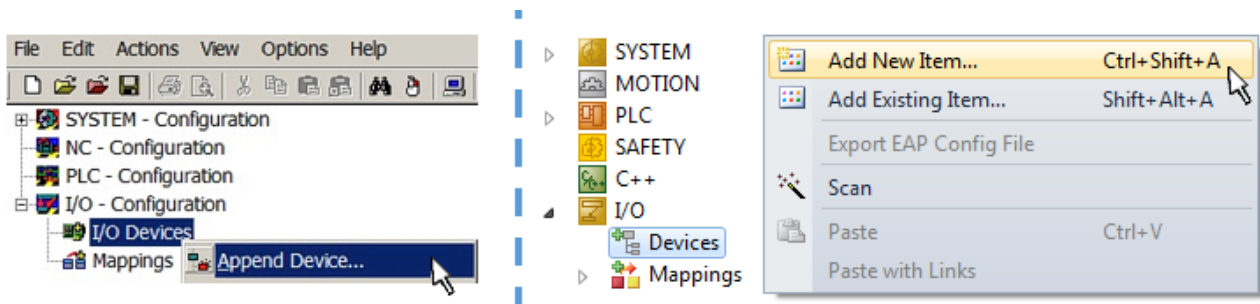


Fig. 109: Append EtherCAT device (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

Select type “EtherCAT” for an EtherCAT I/O application with EtherCAT slaves. For the present publisher/ subscriber service in combination with an EL6601/EL6614 terminal select “EtherCAT Automation Protocol via EL6601”.

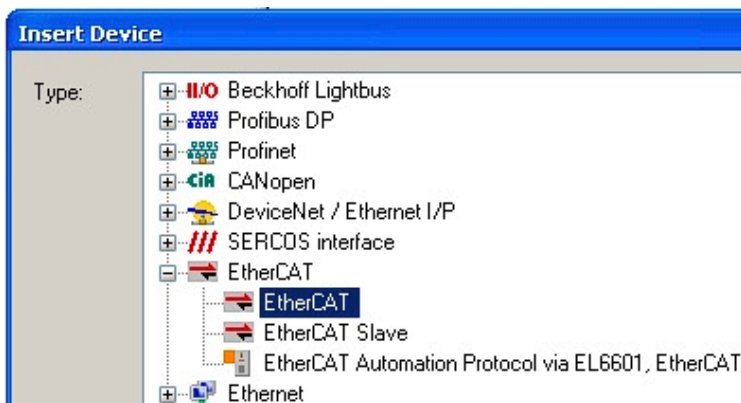


Fig. 110: Selecting the EtherCAT connection (TwinCAT 2.11, TwinCAT 3)

Then assign a real Ethernet port to this virtual device in the runtime system.



Fig. 111: Selecting the Ethernet port

This query may appear automatically when the EtherCAT device is created, or the assignment can be set/ modified later in the properties dialog; see Fig. “EtherCAT device properties (TwinCAT 2)”.

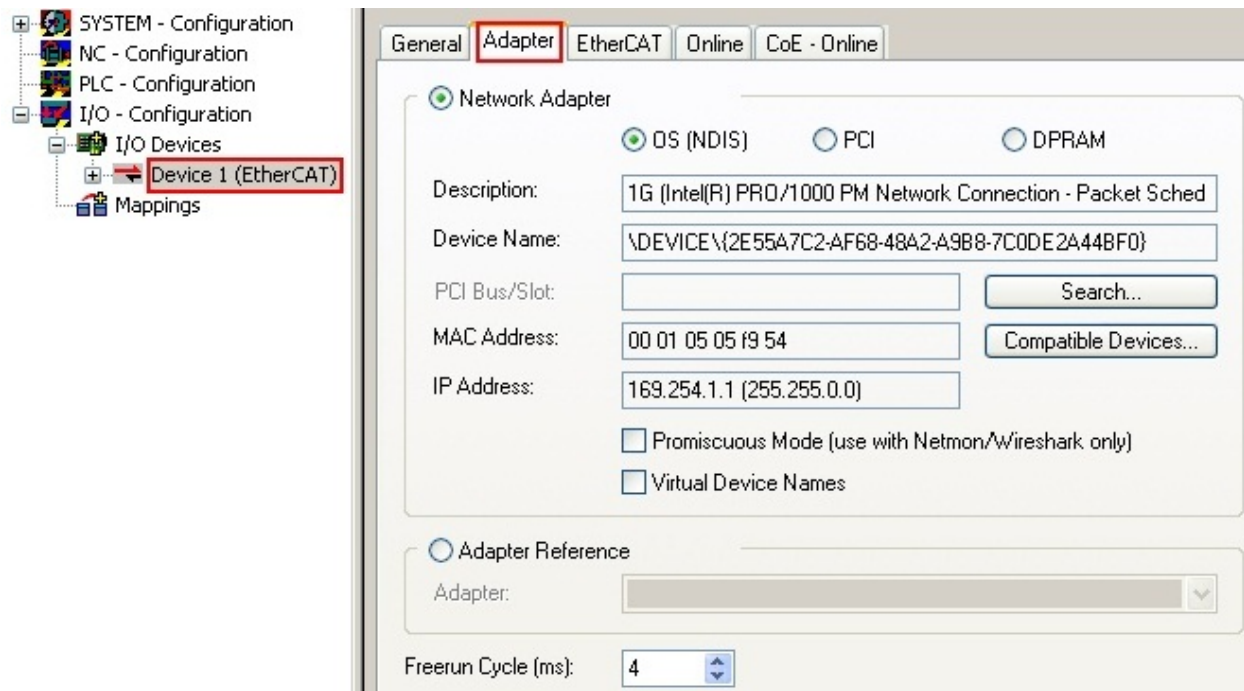
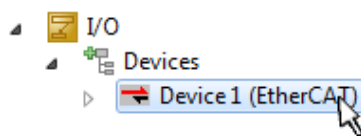


Fig. 112: EtherCAT device properties (TwinCAT 2)

TwinCAT 3: the properties of the EtherCAT device can be opened by double click on “Device .. (EtherCAT)” within the Solution Explorer under “I/O”:



1 Selecting the Ethernet port

Ethernet ports can only be selected for EtherCAT devices for which the TwinCAT real-time driver is installed. This has to be done separately for each port. Please refer to the respective [installation page](#) [► 93].

Defining EtherCAT slaves

Further devices can be appended by right-clicking on a device in the configuration tree.

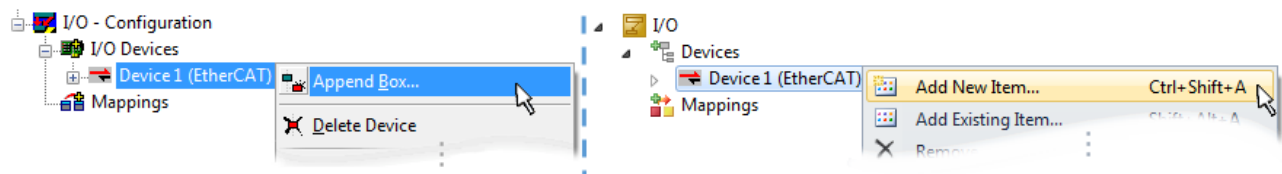


Fig. 113: Appending EtherCAT devices (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

The dialog for selecting a new device opens. Only devices for which ESI files are available are displayed.

Only devices are offered for selection that can be appended to the previously selected device. Therefore, the physical layer available for this port is also displayed (Fig. “Selection dialog for new EtherCAT device”, A). In the case of cable-based Fast-Ethernet physical layer with PHY transfer, then also only cable-based devices are available, as shown in Fig. “Selection dialog for new EtherCAT device”. If the preceding device has several free ports (e.g. EK1122 or EK1100), the required port can be selected on the right-hand side (A).

Overview of physical layer

- “Ethernet”: cable-based 100BASE-TX: couplers, box modules, devices with RJ45/M8/M12 connector
- “E-Bus”: LVDS “terminal bus”, EtherCAT plug-in modules (EJ), EtherCAT terminals (EL/ES), various modular modules

The search field facilitates finding specific devices (from TwinCAT 2.11 or TwinCAT 3).

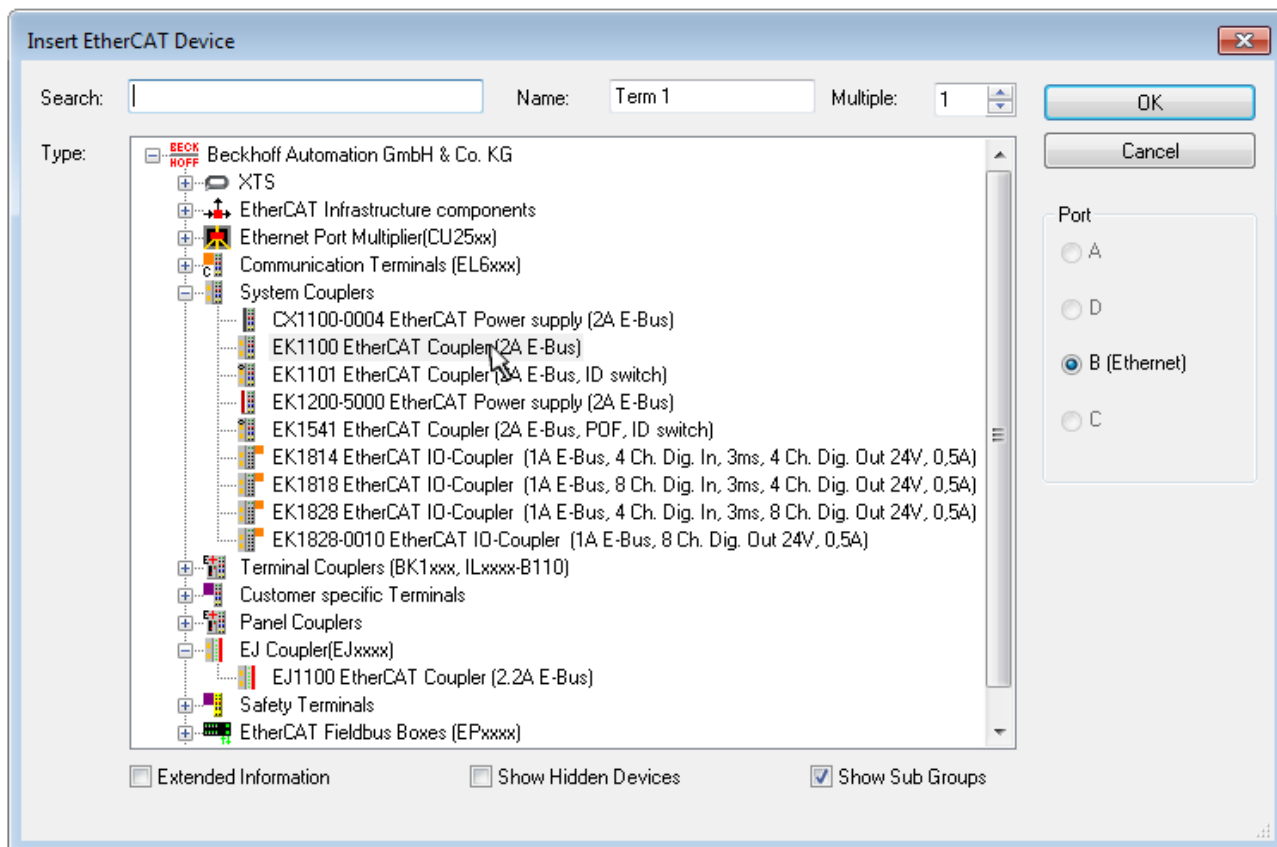


Fig. 114: Selection dialog for new EtherCAT device

By default, only the name/device type is used as selection criterion. For selecting a specific revision of the device, the revision can be displayed as “Extended Information”.

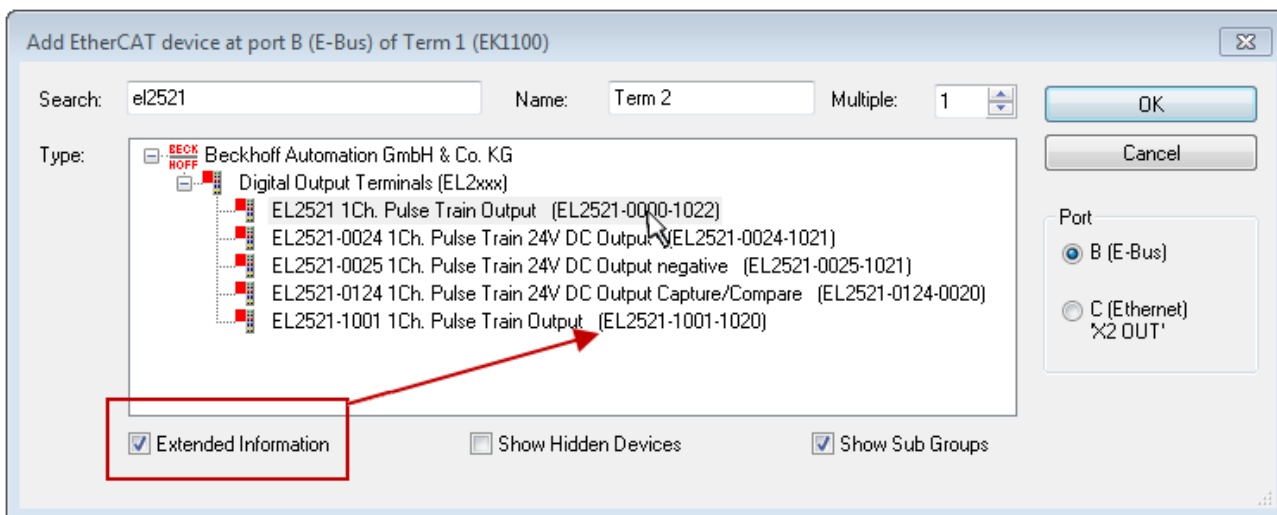


Fig. 115: Display of device revision

In many cases several device revisions were created for historic or functional reasons, e.g. through technological advancement. For simplification purposes (see Fig. “Selection dialog for new EtherCAT device”) only the last (i.e. highest) revision and therefore the latest state of production is displayed in the selection dialog for Beckhoff devices. To show all device revisions available in the system as ESI descriptions tick the “Show Hidden Devices” check box, see Fig. “Display of previous revisions”.

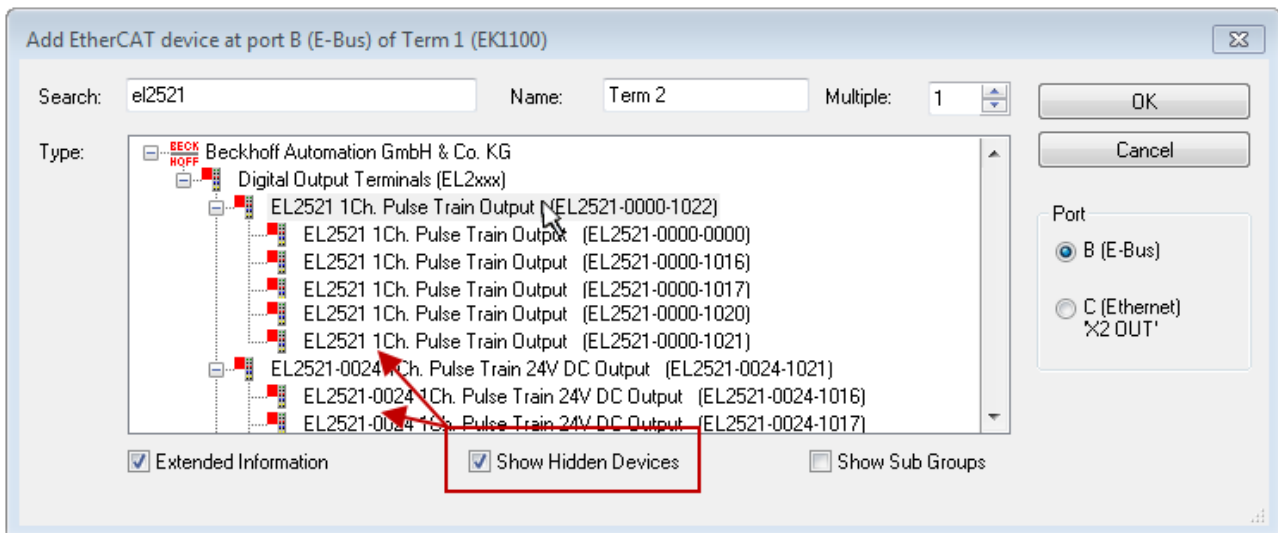


Fig. 116: Display of previous revisions

● Device selection based on revision, compatibility

i The ESI description also defines the process image, the communication type between master and slave/device and the device functions, if applicable. The physical device (firmware, if available) has to support the communication queries/settings of the master. This is backward compatible, i.e. newer devices (higher revision) should be supported if the EtherCAT master addresses them as an older revision. The following compatibility rule of thumb is to be assumed for Beckhoff EtherCAT Terminals/ Boxes/ EJ-modules:

device revision in the system $\geq$ device revision in the configuration

This also enables subsequent replacement of devices without changing the configuration (different specifications are possible for drives).

Example

If an EL2521-0025-**1018** is specified in the configuration, an EL2521-0025-**1018** or higher (**-1019**, **-1020**) can be used in practice.

Name
(EL2521-0025-1018)
Revision

Fig. 117: Name/revision of the terminal

If current ESI descriptions are available in the TwinCAT system, the last revision offered in the selection dialog matches the Beckhoff state of production. It is recommended to use the last device revision when creating a new configuration, if current Beckhoff devices are used in the real application. Older revisions should only be used if older devices from stock are to be used in the application.

In this case the process image of the device is shown in the configuration tree and can be parameterized as follows: linking with the task, CoE/DC settings, plug-in definition, startup settings, ...

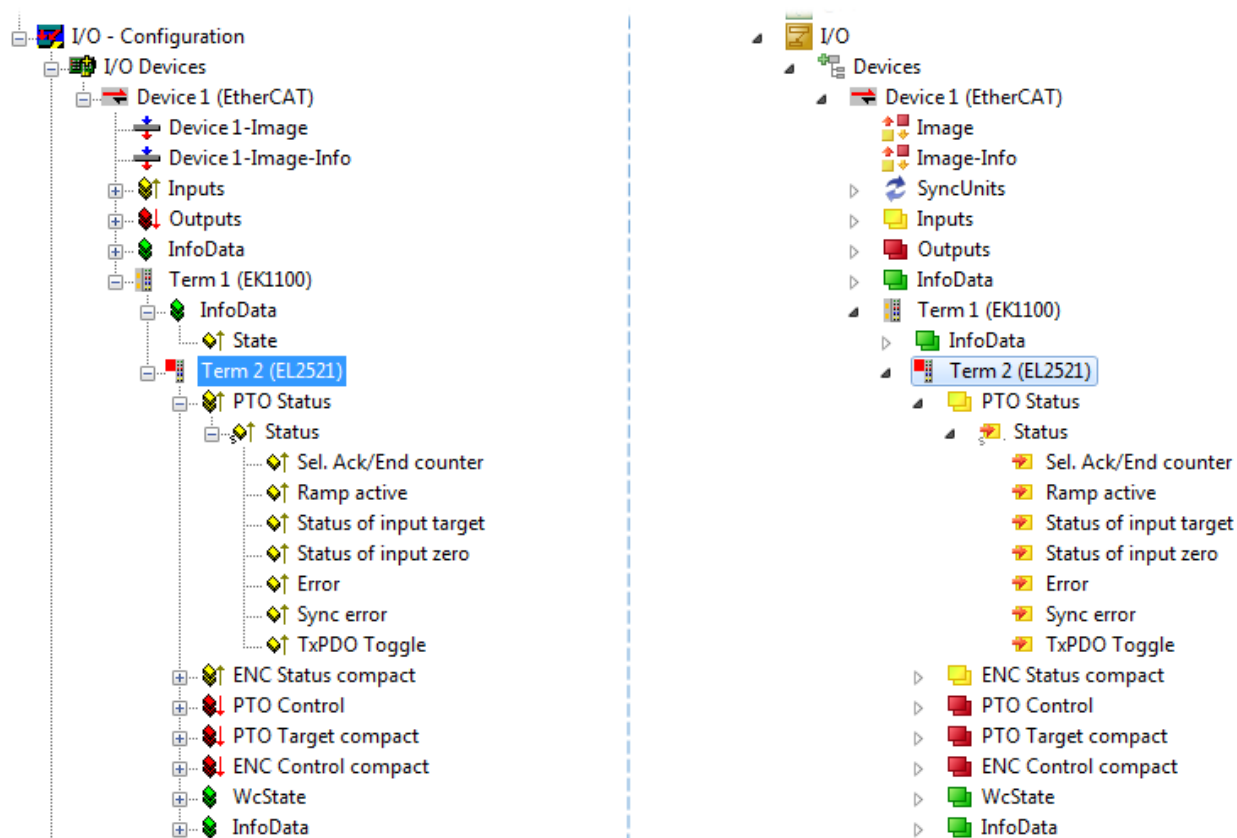


Fig. 118: EtherCAT terminal in the TwinCAT tree (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

5.2.6 ONLINE configuration creation

Detecting/scanning of the EtherCAT device

The online device search can be used if the TwinCAT system is in CONFIG mode. This can be indicated by a symbol right below in the information bar:

- on TwinCAT 2 by a blue display “Config Mode” within the System Manager window:  .
- on TwinCAT 3 within the user interface of the development environment by a symbol  .

TwinCAT can be set into this mode:

- TwinCAT 2: by selection of  in the Menubar or by “Actions” → “Set/Reset TwinCAT to Config Mode...”
- TwinCAT 3: by selection of  in the Menubar or by “TwinCAT” → “Restart TwinCAT (Config Mode)”

1 Online scanning in Config mode

The online search is not available in RUN mode (production operation). Note the differentiation between TwinCAT programming system and TwinCAT target system.

The TwinCAT 2 icon () or TwinCAT 3 icon () within the Windows-Taskbar always shows the TwinCAT mode of the local IPC. Compared to that, the System Manager window of TwinCAT 2 or the user interface of TwinCAT 3 indicates the state of the target system.

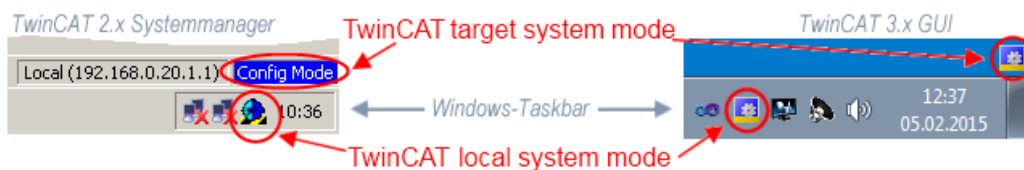


Fig. 119: Differentiation local/target system (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

Right-clicking on “I/O Devices” in the configuration tree opens the search dialog.

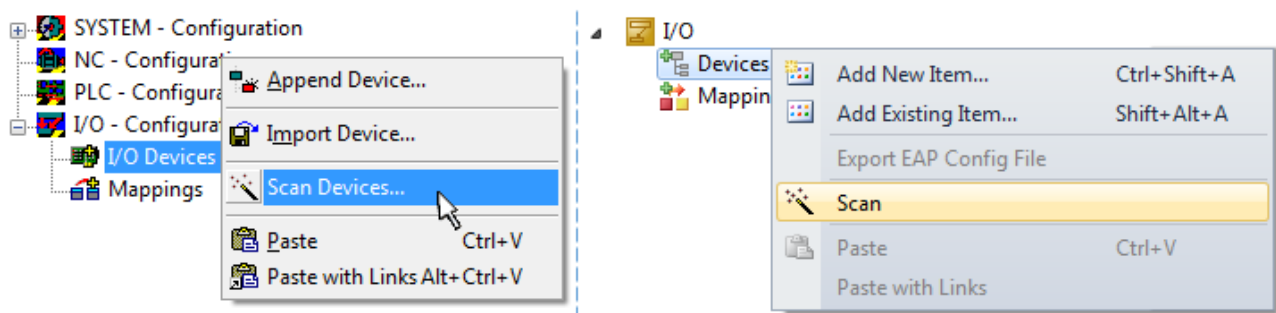


Fig. 120: Scan Devices (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

This scan mode attempts to find not only EtherCAT devices (or Ethernet ports that are usable as such), but also NOV-RAM, fieldbus cards, SMB etc. However, not all devices can be found automatically.

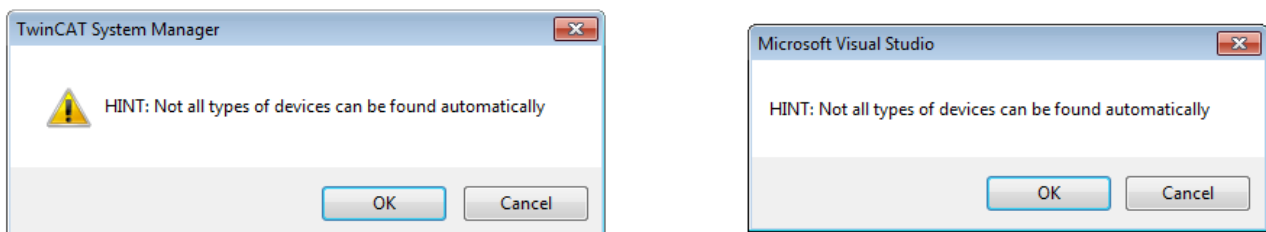


Fig. 121: Note for automatic device scan (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

Ethernet ports with installed TwinCAT real-time driver are shown as “RT Ethernet” devices. An EtherCAT frame is sent to these ports for testing purposes. If the scan agent detects from the response that an EtherCAT slave is connected, the port is immediately shown as an “EtherCAT Device”.

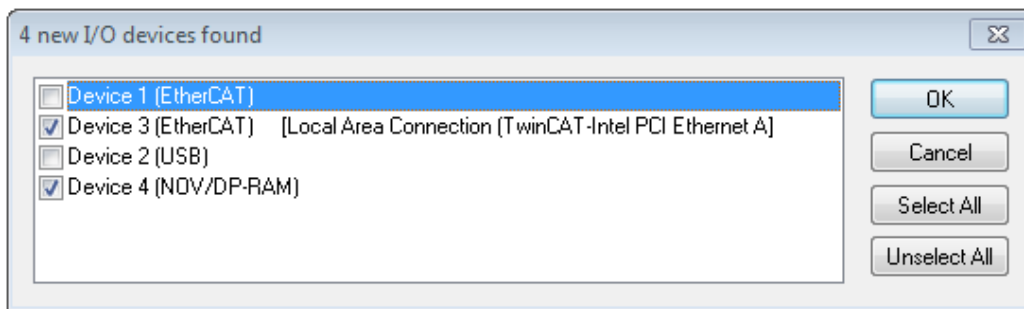


Fig. 122: Detected Ethernet devices

Via respective checkboxes devices can be selected (as illustrated in Fig. “Detected Ethernet devices” e.g. Device 3 and Device 4 were chosen). After confirmation with “OK” a device scan is suggested for all selected devices, see Fig.: “Scan query after automatic creation of an EtherCAT device”.

● Selecting the Ethernet port

i

Ethernet ports can only be selected for EtherCAT devices for which the TwinCAT real-time driver is installed. This has to be done separately for each port. Please refer to the respective [installation page](#) [► 93].

Detecting/Scanning the EtherCAT devices

● Online scan functionality

i

During a scan the master queries the identity information of the EtherCAT slaves from the slave EEPROM. The name and revision are used for determining the type. The respective devices are located in the stored ESI data and integrated in the configuration tree in the default state defined there.

Name
(EL2521-0025-1018)
Revision

Fig. 123: Example default state

NOTICE

Slave scanning in practice in series machine production

The scanning function should be used with care. It is a practical and fast tool for creating an initial configuration as a basis for commissioning. In series machine production or reproduction of the plant, however, the function should no longer be used for the creation of the configuration, but if necessary for [comparison](#) [► 116] with the defined initial configuration. Background: since Beckhoff occasionally increases the revision version of the delivered products for product maintenance reasons, a configuration can be created by such a scan which (with an identical machine construction) is identical according to the device list; however, the respective device revision may differ from the initial configuration.

Example:

Company A builds the prototype of a machine B, which is to be produced in series later on. To do this the prototype is built, a scan of the IO devices is performed in TwinCAT and the initial configuration “B.tsm” is created. The EL2521-0025 EtherCAT terminal with the revision 1018 is located somewhere. It is thus built into the TwinCAT configuration in this way:

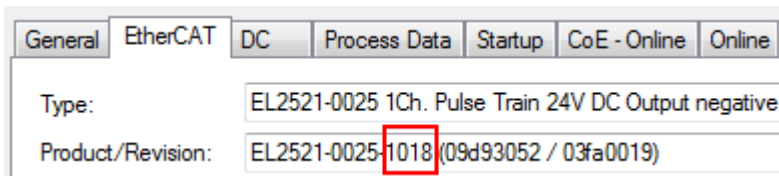


Fig. 124: Installing EtherCAT terminal with revision -1018

Likewise, during the prototype test phase, the functions and properties of this terminal are tested by the programmers/commissioning engineers and used if necessary, i.e. addressed from the PLC “B.pro” or the NC. (the same applies correspondingly to the TwinCAT 3 solution files).

The prototype development is now completed and series production of machine B starts, for which Beckhoff continues to supply the EL2521-0025-0018. If the commissioning engineers of the series machine production department always carry out a scan, a B configuration with the identical contents results again for each machine. Likewise, A might create spare parts stores worldwide for the coming series-produced machines with EL2521-0025-1018 terminals.

After some time Beckhoff extends the EL2521-0025 by a new feature C. Therefore the FW is changed, outwardly recognizable by a higher FW version and a **new revision -1019**. Nevertheless the new device naturally supports functions and interfaces of the predecessor version(s); an adaptation of “B.tsm” or even “B.pro” is therefore unnecessary. The series-produced machines can continue to be built with “B.tsm” and “B.pro”; it makes sense to perform a comparative scan [► 116] against the initial configuration “B.tsm” in order to check the built machine.

However, if the series machine production department now doesn't use “B.tsm”, but instead carries out a scan to create the productive configuration, the revision **-1019** is automatically detected and built into the configuration:

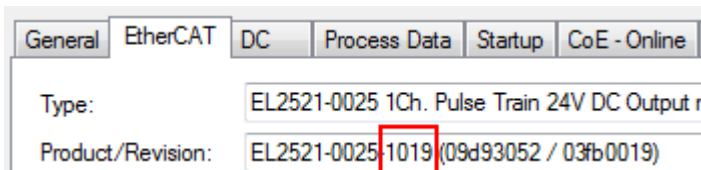


Fig. 125: Detection of EtherCAT terminal with revision -1019

This is usually not noticed by the commissioning engineers. TwinCAT cannot signal anything either, since a new configuration is essentially created. According to the compatibility rule, however, this means that no EL2521-0025-**1018** should be built into this machine as a spare part (even if this nevertheless works in the vast majority of cases).

In addition, it could be the case that, due to the development accompanying production in company A, the new feature C of the EL2521-0025-1019 (for example, an improved analog filter or an additional process data for the diagnosis) is discovered and used without in-house consultation. The previous stock of spare part devices are then no longer to be used for the new configuration “B2.tsm” created in this way. ► if series machine production is established, the scan should only be performed for informative purposes for comparison with a defined initial configuration. Changes are to be made with care!

If an EtherCAT device was created in the configuration (manually or through a scan), the I/O field can be scanned for devices/slaves.



Fig. 126: Scan query after automatic creation of an EtherCAT device (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

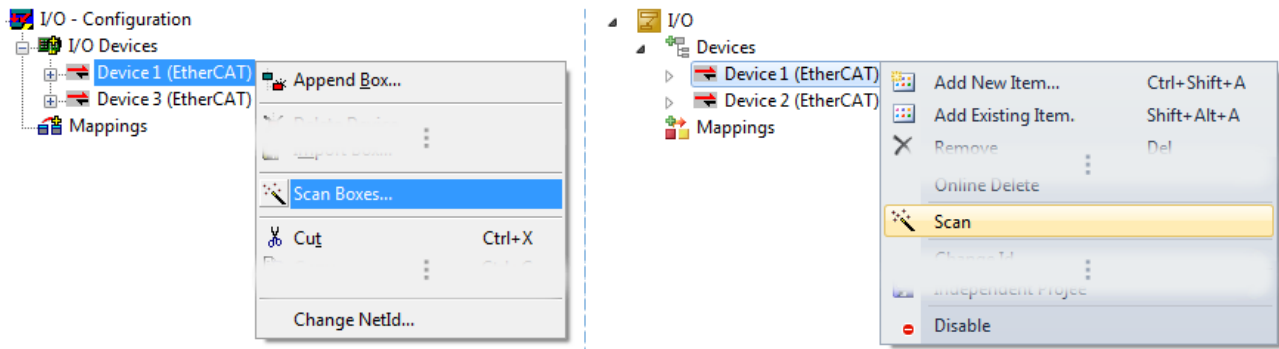


Fig. 127: Manual scanning for devices on a specified EtherCAT device (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

In the System Manager (TwinCAT 2) or the User Interface (TwinCAT 3) the scan process can be monitored via the progress bar at the bottom in the status bar.



Fig. 128: Scan progress example by TwinCAT 2

The configuration is established and can then be switched to online state (OPERATIONAL).



Fig. 129: Config/FreeRun query (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

In Config/FreeRun mode the System Manager display alternates between blue and red, and the EtherCAT device continues to operate with the idling cycle time of 4 ms (default setting), even without active task (NC, PLC).



Fig. 130: Displaying of "Free Run" and "Config Mode" toggling right below in the status bar



Fig. 131: TwinCAT can also be switched to this state by using a button (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

The EtherCAT system should then be in a functional cyclic state, as shown in Fig. *Online display example*.

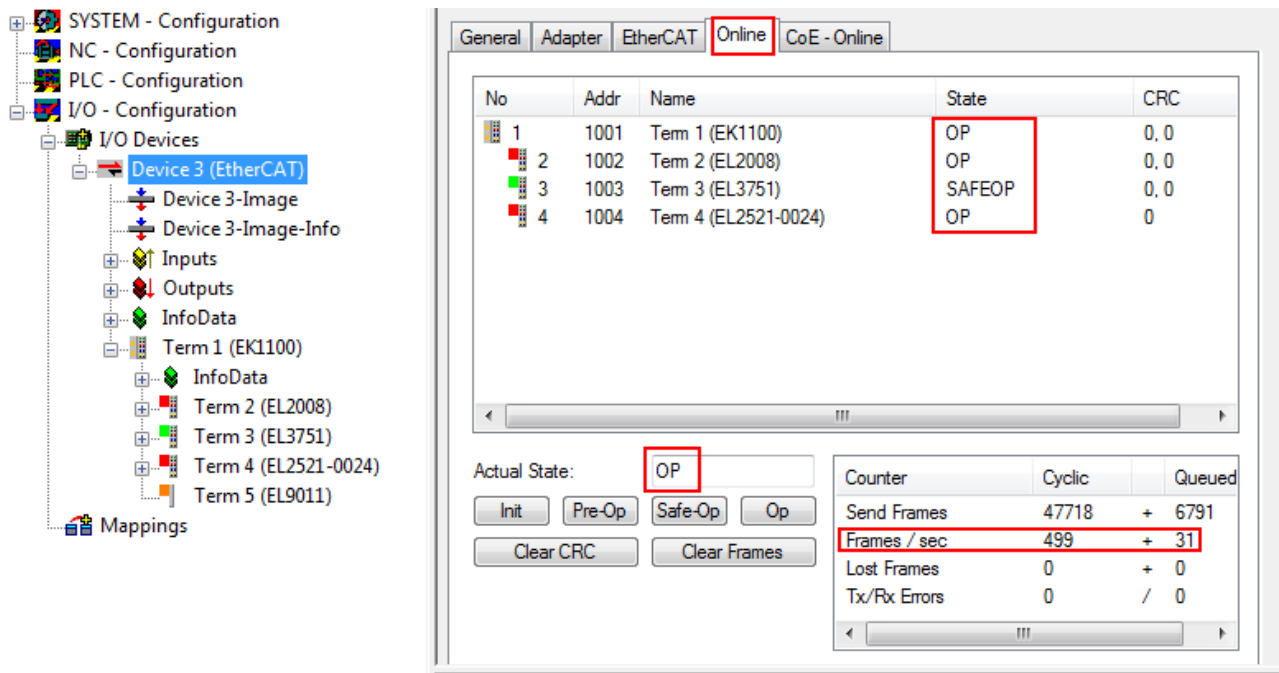


Fig. 132: Online display example

Please note:

- all slaves should be in OP state
- the EtherCAT master should be in “Actual State” OP
- “frames/sec” should match the cycle time taking into account the sent number of frames
- no excessive “LostFrames” or CRC errors should occur

The configuration is now complete. It can be modified as described under [manual procedure](#) [► 105].

Troubleshooting

Various effects may occur during scanning.

- An **unknown device** is detected, i.e. an EtherCAT slave for which no ESI XML description is available. In this case the System Manager offers to read any ESI that may be stored in the device. This case is described in the chapter “Notes regarding ESI device description”.
- **Device are not detected properly**
Possible reasons include:
 - faulty data links, resulting in data loss during the scan
 - slave has invalid device description

The connections and devices should be checked in a targeted manner, e.g. via the emergency scan. Then re-run the scan.

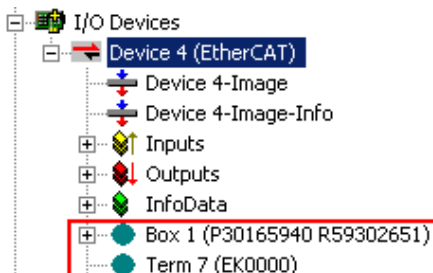


Fig. 133: Faulty identification

In the System Manager such devices may be set up as EK0000 or unknown devices. Operation is not possible or meaningful.

Scan over existing Configuration

NOTICE**Change of the configuration after comparison**

With this scan (TwinCAT 2.11 or 3.1) only the device properties vendor (manufacturer), device name and revision are compared at present! A “ChangeTo” or “Copy” should only be carried out with care, taking into consideration the Beckhoff IO compatibility rule (see above). The device configuration is then replaced by the revision found; this can affect the supported process data and functions.

If a scan is initiated for an existing configuration, the actual I/O environment may match the configuration exactly or it may differ. This enables the configuration to be compared.



Fig. 134: Identical configuration (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

If differences are detected, they are shown in the correction dialog, so that the user can modify the configuration as required.

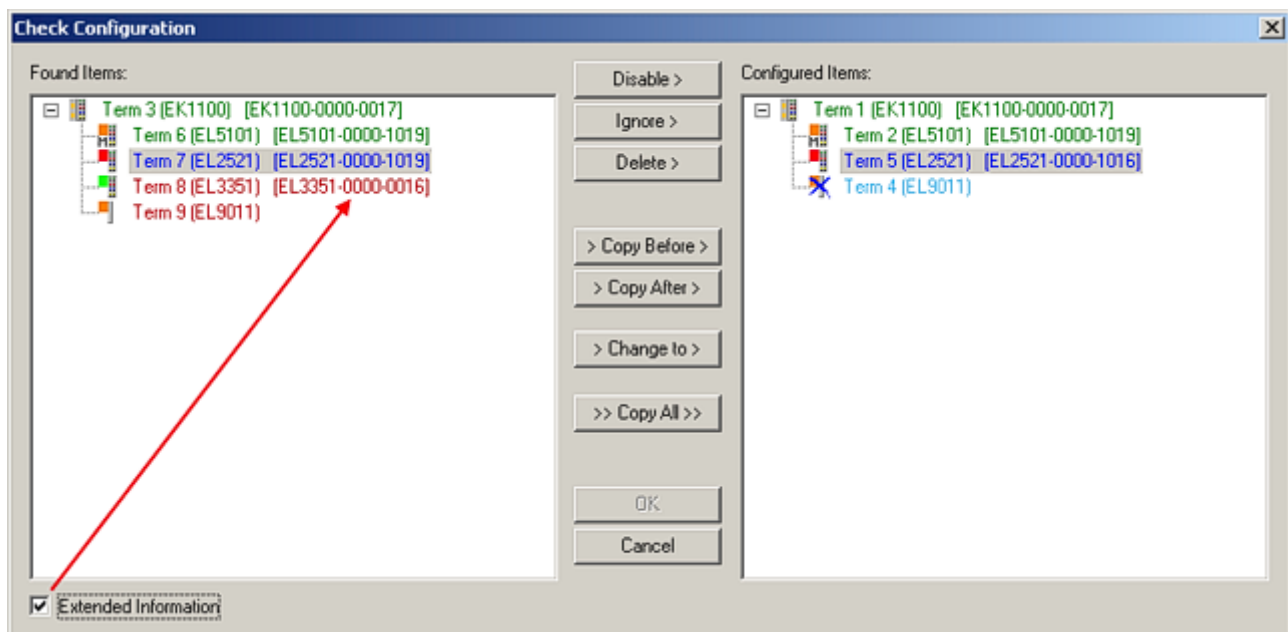


Fig. 135: Correction dialog

It is advisable to tick the “Extended Information” check box to reveal differences in the revision.

Color	Explanation
green	This EtherCAT slave matches the entry on the other side. Both type and revision match.
blue	<p>This EtherCAT slave is present on the other side, but in a different revision. This other revision can have other default values for the process data as well as other/additional functions.</p> <p>If the found revision is higher than the configured revision, the slave may be used provided compatibility issues are taken into account.</p> <p>If the found revision is lower than the configured revision, it is likely that the slave cannot be used. The found device may not support all functions that the master expects based on the higher revision number.</p>
light blue	This EtherCAT slave is ignored ("Ignore" button)
red	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This EtherCAT slave is not present on the other side. It is present, but in a different revision, which also differs in its properties from the one specified. The compatibility principle then also applies here: if the found revision is higher than the configured revision, use is possible provided compatibility issues are taken into account, since the successor devices should support the functions of the predecessor devices. If the found revision is lower than the configured revision, it is likely that the slave cannot be used. The found device may not support all functions that the master expects based on the higher revision number.

i Device selection based on revision, compatibility

The ESI description also defines the process image, the communication type between master and slave/device and the device functions, if applicable. The physical device (firmware, if available) has to support the communication queries/settings of the master. This is backward compatible, i.e. newer devices (higher revision) should be supported if the EtherCAT master addresses them as an older revision. The following compatibility rule of thumb is to be assumed for Beckhoff EtherCAT Terminals/ Boxes/ EJ-modules:

device revision in the system $\geq$ device revision in the configuration

This also enables subsequent replacement of devices without changing the configuration (different specifications are possible for drives).

Example

If an EL2521-0025-**1018** is specified in the configuration, an EL2521-0025-**1018** or higher (**-1019**, **-1020**) can be used in practice.

Name
(EL2521-0025-1018)
Revision

Fig. 136: Name/revision of the terminal

If current ESI descriptions are available in the TwinCAT system, the last revision offered in the selection dialog matches the Beckhoff state of production. It is recommended to use the last device revision when creating a new configuration, if current Beckhoff devices are used in the real application. Older revisions should only be used if older devices from stock are to be used in the application.

In this case the process image of the device is shown in the configuration tree and can be parameterized as follows: linking with the task, CoE/DC settings, plug-in definition, startup settings, ...

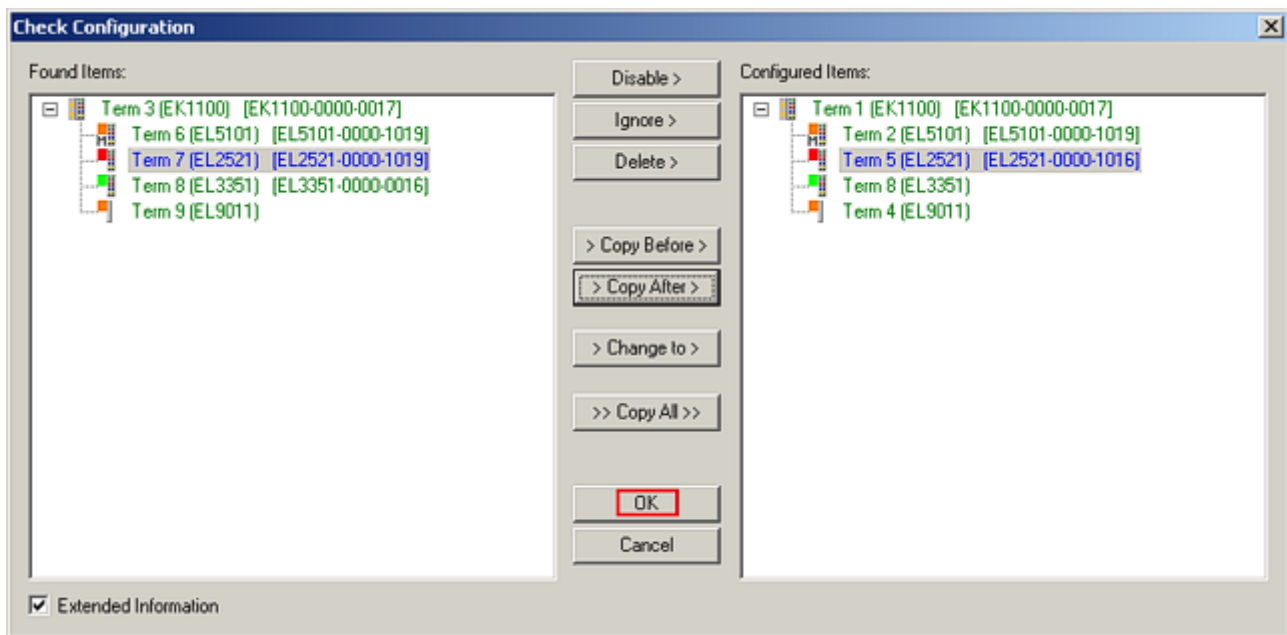


Fig. 137: Correction dialog with modifications

Once all modifications have been saved or accepted, click “OK” to transfer them to the real *.tsm configuration.

Change to Compatible Type

TwinCAT offers a function *Change to Compatible Type...* for the exchange of a device whilst retaining the links in the task.

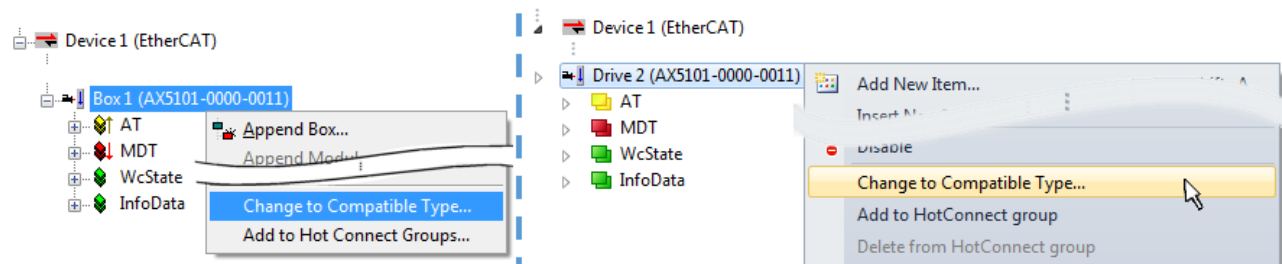


Fig. 138: Dialog “Change to Compatible Type...” (left: TwinCAT 2; right: TwinCAT 3)

The following elements in the ESI of an EtherCAT device are compared by TwinCAT and assumed to be the same in order to decide whether a device is indicated as “compatible”:

- Physics (e.g. RJ45, Ebus...)
- FMMU (additional ones are allowed)
- SyncManager (SM, additional ones are allowed)
- EoE (attributes MAC, IP)
- CoE (attributes SdoInfo, PdoAssign, PdoConfig, PdoUpload, CompleteAccess)
- FoE
- PDO (process data: Sequence, SyncUnit SU, SyncManager SM, EntryCount, Entry.Datatype)

This function is preferably to be used on AX5000 devices.

Change to Alternative Type

The TwinCAT System Manager offers a function for the exchange of a device: Change to Alternative Type

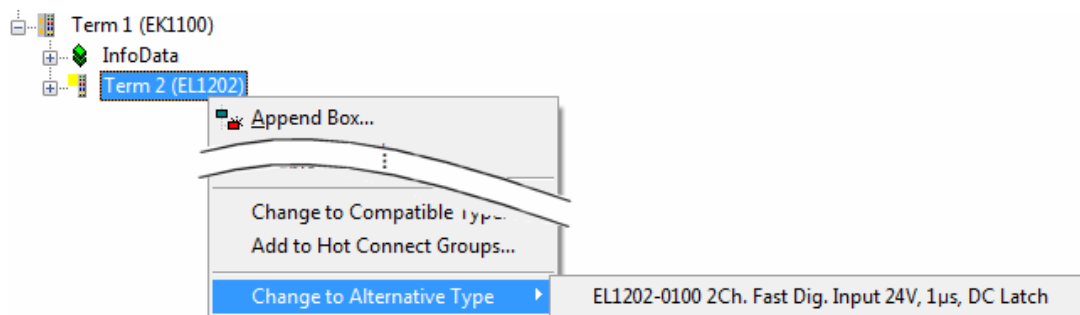


Fig. 139: TwinCAT 2 Dialog Change to Alternative Type

If called, the System Manager searches in the procured device ESI (in this example: EL1202-0000) for details of compatible devices contained there. The configuration is changed and the ESI-EEPROM is overwritten at the same time – therefore this process is possible only in the online state (ConfigMode).

5.2.7 EtherCAT subscriber configuration

In the left-hand window of the TwinCAT 2 System Manager or the Solution Explorer of the TwinCAT 3 Development Environment respectively, click on the element of the terminal within the tree you wish to configure (in the example: EL3751 Terminal 3).

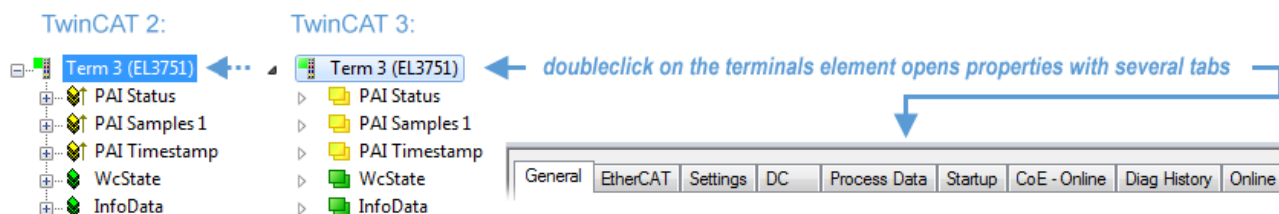


Fig. 140: Branch element as terminal EL3751

In the right-hand window of the TwinCAT System Manager (TwinCAT 2) or the Development Environment (TwinCAT 3), various tabs are now available for configuring the terminal. And yet the dimension of complexity of a subscriber determines which tabs are provided. Thus as illustrated in the example above the terminal EL3751 provides many setup options and also a respective number of tabs are available. On the contrary by the terminal EL1004 for example the tabs “General”, “EtherCAT”, “Process Data” and “Online” are available only. Several terminals, as for instance the EL6695 provide special functions by a tab with its own terminal name, so “EL6695” in this case. A specific tab “Settings” by terminals with a wide range of setup options will be provided also (e.g. EL3751).

“General” tab

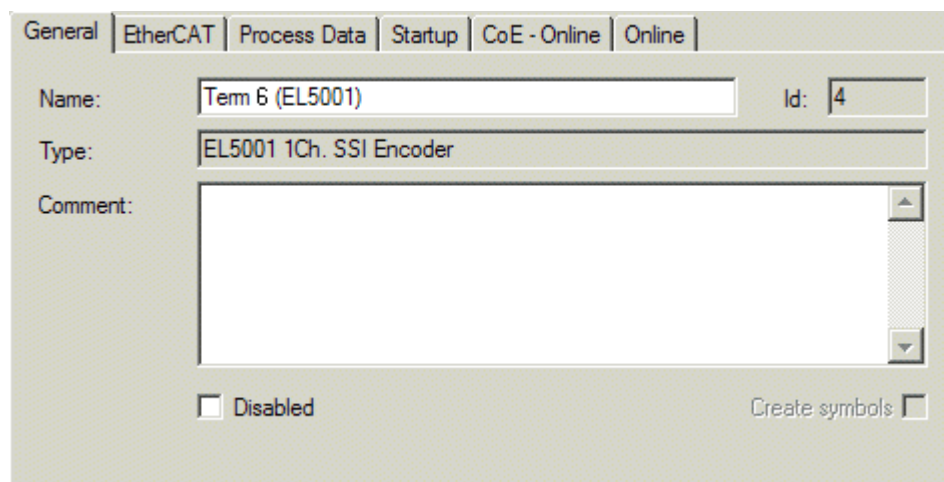


Fig. 141: “General” tab

Name	Name of the EtherCAT device
Id	Number of the EtherCAT device
Type	EtherCAT device type
Comment	Here you can add a comment (e.g. regarding the system).
Disabled	Here you can deactivate the EtherCAT device.
Create symbols	Access to this EtherCAT slave via ADS is only available if this control box is activated.

“EtherCAT” tab

The screenshot shows the 'EtherCAT' configuration tab. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Type:** Text field with value 'EL5001 1Ch. SSI Encoder'.
- Product/Revision:** Text field with value 'EL5001-0000-0000'.
- Auto Inc Addr:** Text field with value 'FFFD'.
- EtherCAT Addr:** A checkbox is unchecked, followed by a text field with value '1004' and a small increment/decrement control.
- Advanced Settings...** A button to the right of the EtherCAT Addr field.
- Previous Port:** A dropdown menu showing 'Term 5 (EL6021) - B'.
- Link:** A URL at the bottom: <https://www.beckhoff.com/EL5001>.

Fig. 142: “EtherCAT” tab

Type	EtherCAT device type
Product/Revision	Product and revision number of the EtherCAT device
Auto Inc Addr.	Auto increment address of the EtherCAT device. The auto increment address can be used for addressing each EtherCAT device in the communication ring through its physical position. Auto increment addressing is used during the start-up phase when the EtherCAT master allocates addresses to the EtherCAT devices. With auto increment addressing the first EtherCAT slave in the ring has the address 0000 _{hex} . For each further slave the address is decremented by 1 (FFFF _{hex} , FFFE _{hex} etc.).
EtherCAT Addr.	Fixed address of an EtherCAT slave. This address is allocated by the EtherCAT master during the start-up phase. Tick the control box to the left of the input field in order to modify the default value.
Previous Port	Name and port of the EtherCAT device to which this device is connected. If it is possible to connect this device with another one without changing the order of the EtherCAT devices in the communication ring, then this combination field is activated and the EtherCAT device to which this device is to be connected can be selected.
Advanced Settings	This button opens the dialogs for advanced settings.

The link at the bottom of the tab points to the product page for this EtherCAT device on the web.

“Process Data” tab

Indicates the configuration of the process data. The input and output data of the EtherCAT slave are represented as CANopen process data objects (**Process Data Objects**, PDOs). The user can select a PDO via PDO assignment and modify the content of the individual PDO via this dialog, if the EtherCAT slave supports this function.

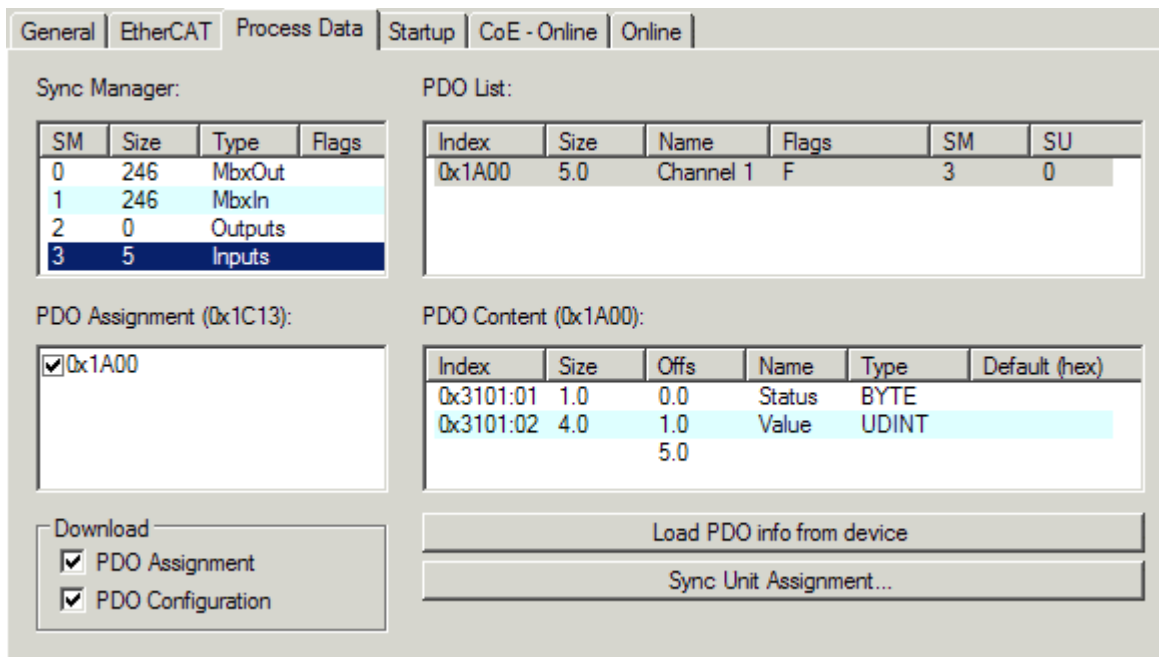


Fig. 143: "Process Data" tab

The process data (PDOs) transferred by an EtherCAT slave during each cycle are user data which the application expects to be updated cyclically or which are sent to the slave. To this end the EtherCAT master (Beckhoff TwinCAT) parameterizes each EtherCAT slave during the start-up phase to define which process data (size in bits/bytes, source location, transmission type) it wants to transfer to or from this slave. Incorrect configuration can prevent successful start-up of the slave.

For Beckhoff EtherCAT EL, ES, EM, EJ and EP slaves the following applies in general:

- The input/output process data supported by the device are defined by the manufacturer in the ESI/XML description. The TwinCAT EtherCAT Master uses the ESI description to configure the slave correctly.
- The process data can be modified in the System Manager. See the device documentation. Examples of modifications include: mask out a channel, displaying additional cyclic information, 16-bit display instead of 8-bit data size, etc.
- In so-called "intelligent" EtherCAT devices the process data information is also stored in the CoE directory. Any changes in the CoE directory that lead to different PDO settings prevent successful startup of the slave. It is not advisable to deviate from the designated process data, because the device firmware (if available) is adapted to these PDO combinations.

If the device documentation allows modification of process data, proceed as follows (see Figure *Configuring the process data*).

- A: select the device to configure
- B: in the "Process Data" tab select Input or Output under SyncManager (C)
- D: the PDOs can be selected or deselected
- H: the new process data are visible as linkable variables in the System Manager
The new process data are active once the configuration has been activated and TwinCAT has been restarted (or the EtherCAT master has been restarted)
- E: if a slave supports this, Input and Output PDO can be modified simultaneously by selecting a so-called PDO record ("predefined PDO settings").

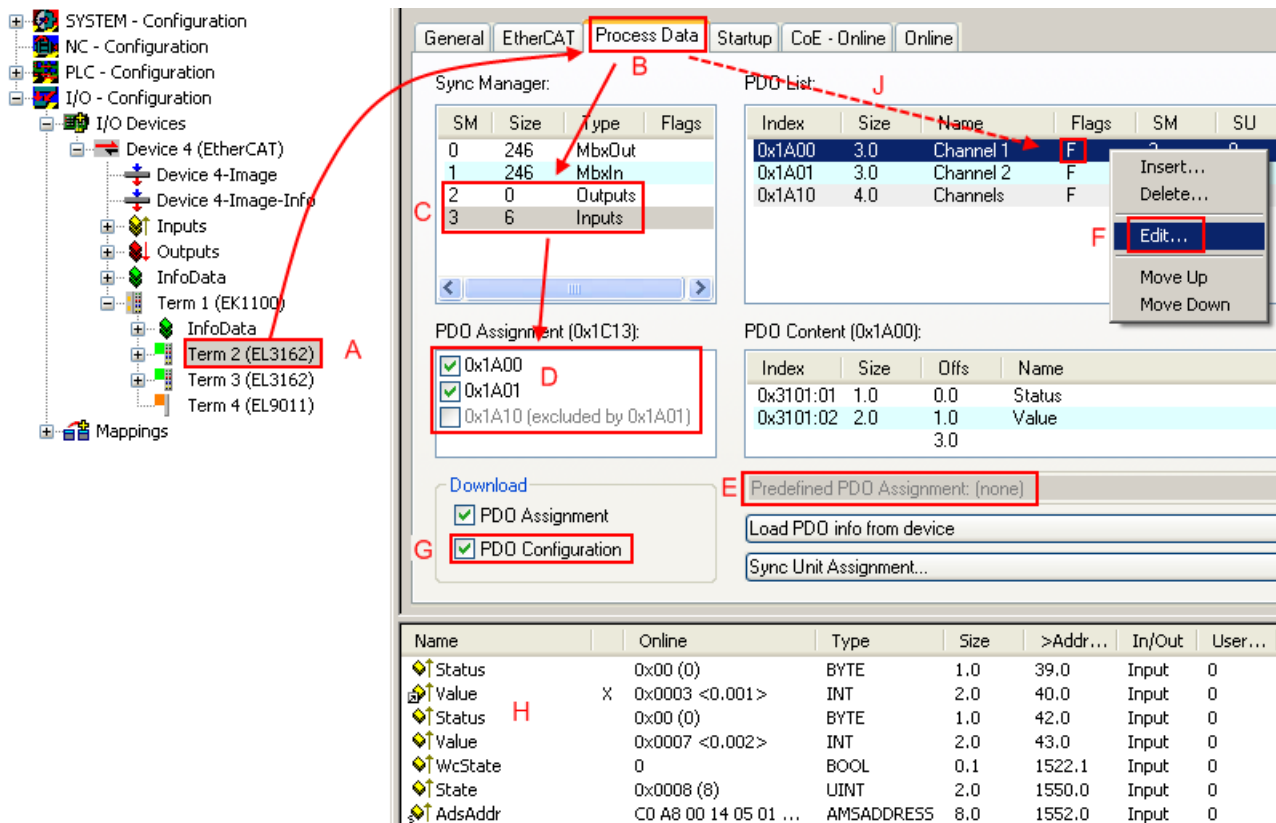


Fig. 144: Configuring the process data

Manual modification of the process data

According to the ESI description, a PDO can be identified as “fixed” with the flag “F” in the PDO overview (Fig. *Configuring the process data*, J). The configuration of such PDOs cannot be changed, even if TwinCAT offers the associated dialog (“Edit”). In particular, CoE content cannot be displayed as cyclic process data. This generally also applies in cases where a device supports download of the PDO configuration, “G”. In case of incorrect configuration the EtherCAT slave usually refuses to start and change to OP state. The System Manager displays an “invalid SM cfg” logger message: This error message (“invalid SM IN cfg” or “invalid SM OUT cfg”) also indicates the reason for the failed start.

A detailed description [► 127] can be found at the end of this section.

“Startup” tab

The *Startup* tab is displayed if the EtherCAT slave has a mailbox and supports the *CANopen over EtherCAT* (CoE) or *Servo drive over EtherCAT* protocol. This tab indicates which download requests are sent to the mailbox during startup. It is also possible to add new mailbox requests to the list display. The download requests are sent to the slave in the same order as they are shown in the list.

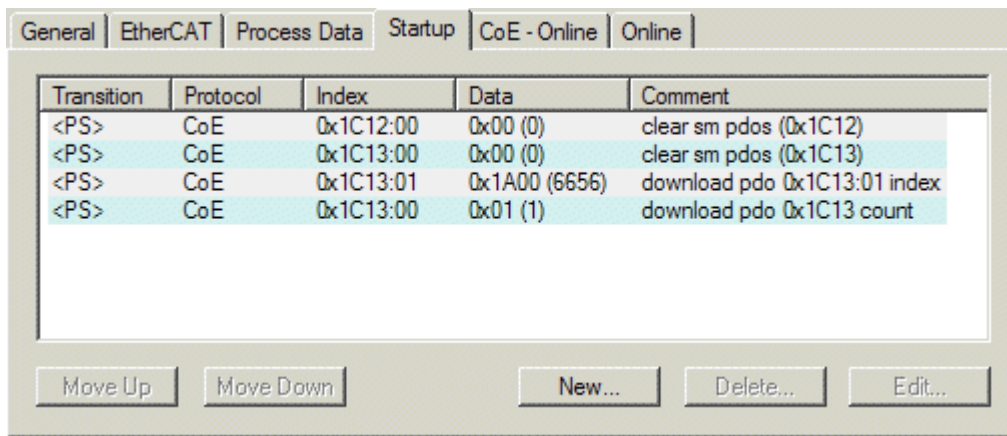


Fig. 145: "Startup" tab

Column	Description
Transition	Transition to which the request is sent. This can either be <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the transition from pre-operational to safe-operational (PS), or the transition from safe-operational to operational (SO). If the transition is enclosed in "<>" (e.g. <PS>), the mailbox request is fixed and cannot be modified or deleted by the user.
Protocol	Type of mailbox protocol
Index	Index of the object
Data	Date on which this object is to be downloaded.
Comment	Description of the request to be sent to the mailbox

Move Up	This button moves the selected request up by one position in the list.
Move Down	This button moves the selected request down by one position in the list.
New	This button adds a new mailbox download request to be sent during startup.
Delete	This button deletes the selected entry.
Edit	This button edits an existing request.

"CoE - Online" tab

The additional *CoE - Online* tab is displayed if the EtherCAT slave supports the *CANopen over EtherCAT* (CoE) protocol. This dialog lists the content of the object list of the slave (SDO upload) and enables the user to modify the content of an object from this list. Details for the objects of the individual EtherCAT devices can be found in the device-specific object descriptions.

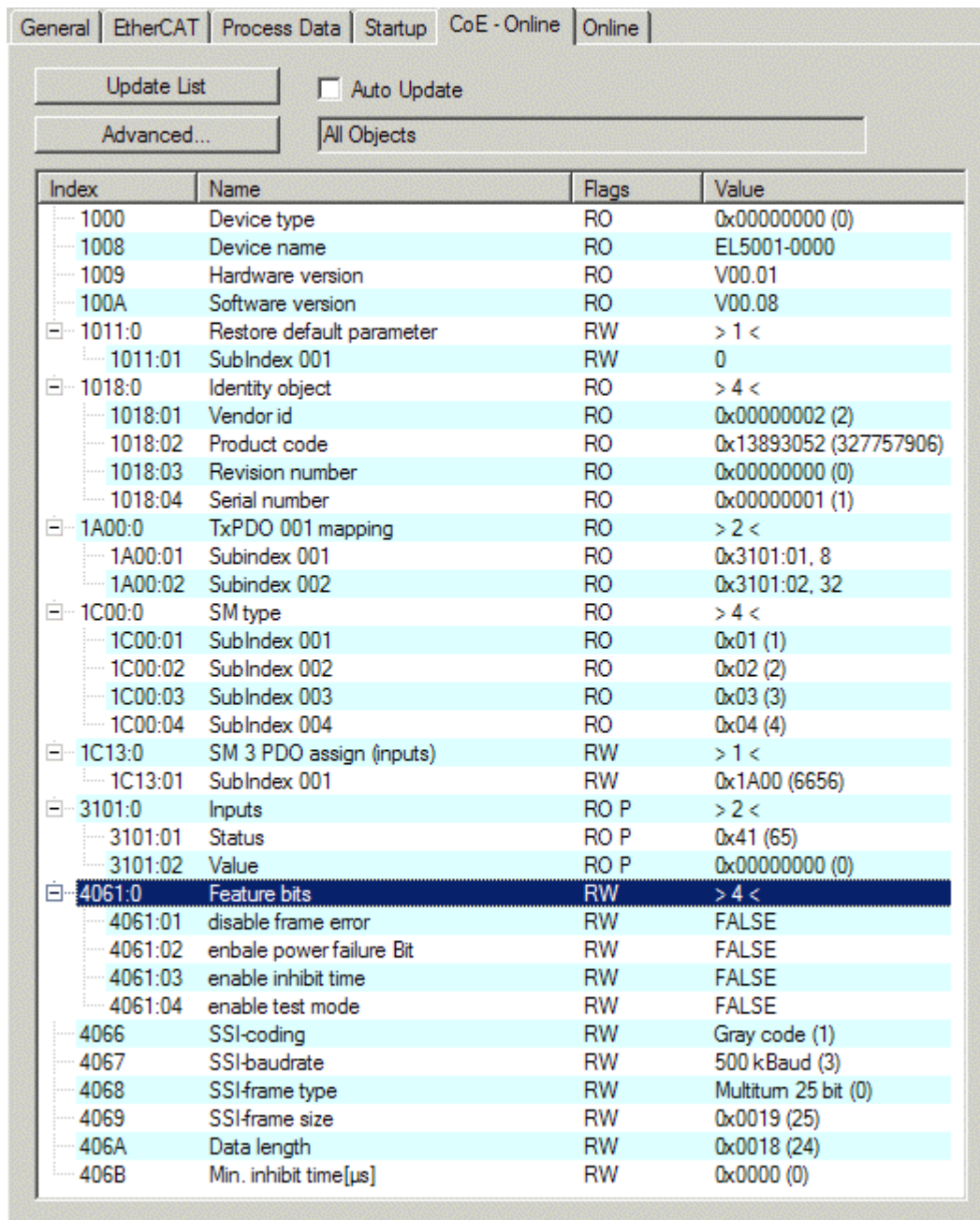


Fig. 146: "CoE - Online" tab

Object list display

Column	Description
Index	Index and sub-index of the object
Name	Name of the object
Flags	RW The object can be read, and data can be written to the object (read/write)
	RO The object can be read, but no data can be written to the object (read only)
	P An additional P identifies the object as a process data object.
Value	Value of the object

Update List The *Update list* button updates all objects in the displayed list

Auto Update If this check box is selected, the content of the objects is updated automatically.

Advanced The *Advanced* button opens the *Advanced Settings* dialog. Here you can specify which objects are displayed in the list.

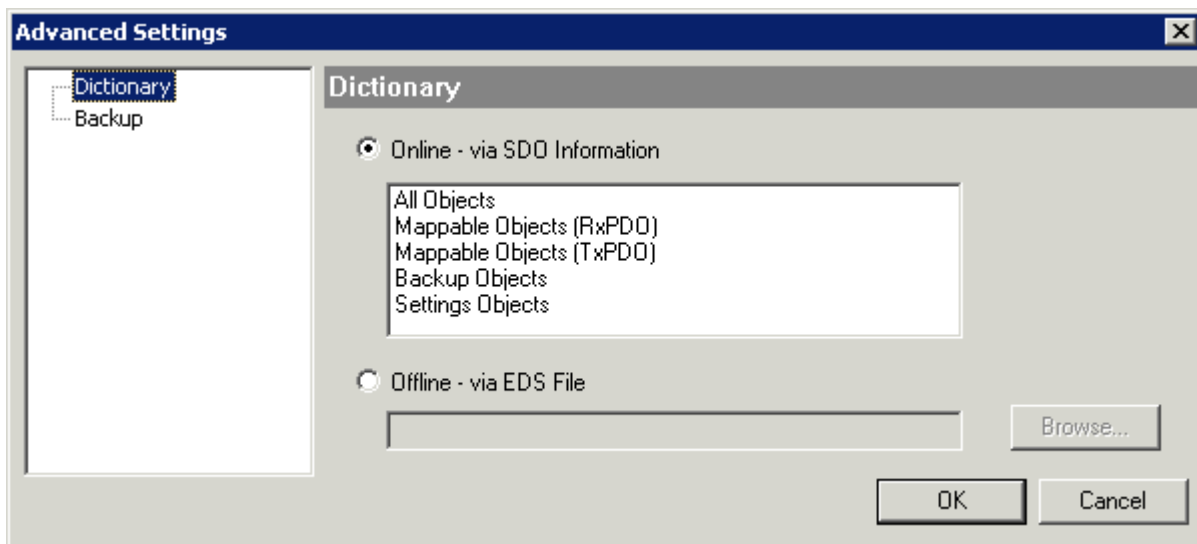


Fig. 147: Dialog "Advanced settings"

Online - via SDO Information If this option button is selected, the list of the objects included in the object list of the slave is uploaded from the slave via SDO information. The list below can be used to specify which object types are to be uploaded.

Offline - via EDS File If this option button is selected, the list of the objects included in the object list is read from an EDS file provided by the user.

"Online" tab

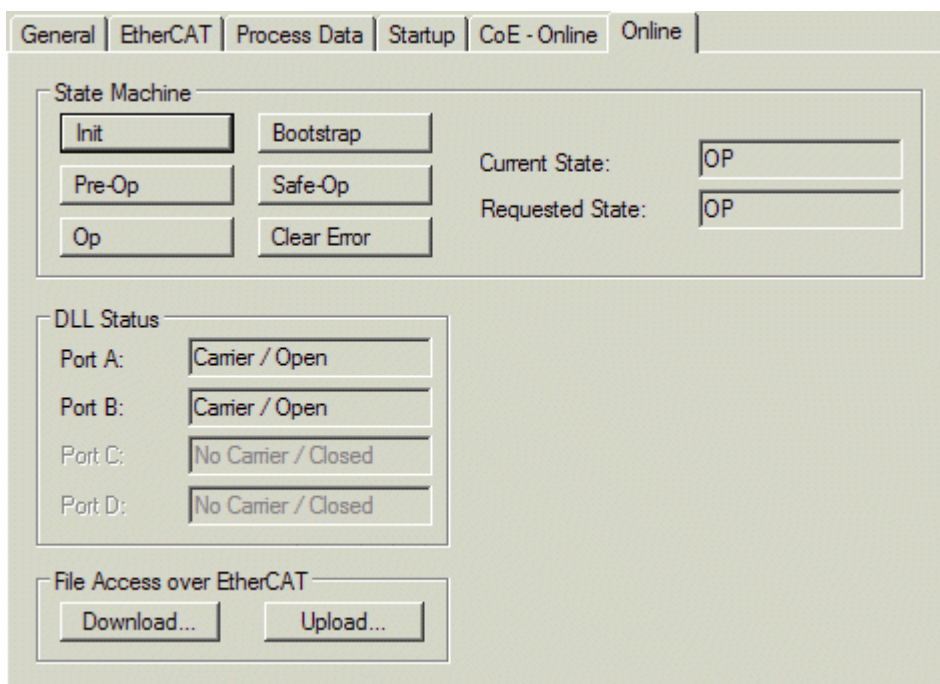


Fig. 148: "Online" tab

State Machine

Init	This button attempts to set the EtherCAT device to the <i>Init</i> state.
Pre-Op	This button attempts to set the EtherCAT device to the <i>pre-operational</i> state.
Op	This button attempts to set the EtherCAT device to the <i>operational</i> state.
Bootstrap	This button attempts to set the EtherCAT device to the <i>Bootstrap</i> state.
Safe-Op	This button attempts to set the EtherCAT device to the <i>safe-operational</i> state.
Clear Error	This button attempts to delete the fault display. If an EtherCAT slave fails during change of state it sets an error flag. Example: An EtherCAT slave is in PREOP state (pre-operational). The master now requests the SAFEOP state (safe-operational). If the slave fails during change of state it sets the error flag. The current state is now displayed as ERR PREOP. When the <i>Clear Error</i> button is pressed the error flag is cleared, and the current state is displayed as PREOP again.
Current State	Indicates the current state of the EtherCAT device.
Requested State	Indicates the state requested for the EtherCAT device.

DLL Status

Indicates the DLL status (data link layer status) of the individual ports of the EtherCAT slave. The DLL status can have four different states:

Status	Description
No Carrier / Open	No carrier signal is available at the port, but the port is open.
No Carrier / Closed	No carrier signal is available at the port, and the port is closed.
Carrier / Open	A carrier signal is available at the port, and the port is open.
Carrier / Closed	A carrier signal is available at the port, but the port is closed.

File Access over EtherCAT

Download	With this button a file can be written to the EtherCAT device.
Upload	With this button a file can be read from the EtherCAT device.

“DC” tab (Distributed Clocks)

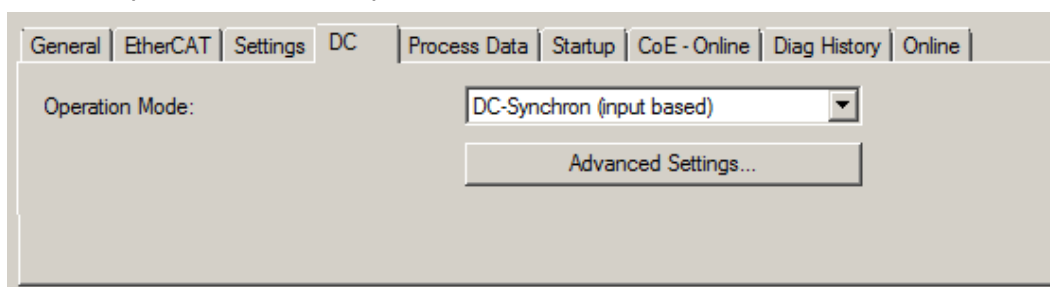


Fig. 149: “DC” tab (Distributed Clocks)

Operation Mode	Options (optional): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FreeRun • SM-Synchron • DC-Synchron (Input based) • DC-Synchron
Advanced Settings...	Advanced settings for readjustment of the real time determinant TwinCAT-clock

Detailed information to Distributed Clocks is specified on <http://infosys.beckhoff.com>:

Fieldbus Components → EtherCAT Terminals → EtherCAT System documentation → EtherCAT basics → Distributed Clocks

5.2.7.1 Detailed description of Process Data tab

Sync Manager

Lists the configuration of the Sync Manager (SM).

If the EtherCAT device has a mailbox, SM0 is used for the mailbox output (MbxOut) and SM1 for the mailbox input (MbxIn).

SM2 is used for the output process data (outputs) and SM3 (inputs) for the input process data.

If an input is selected, the corresponding PDO assignment is displayed in the *PDO Assignment* list below.

PDO Assignment

PDO assignment of the selected Sync Manager. All PDOs defined for this Sync Manager type are listed here:

- If the output Sync Manager (outputs) is selected in the Sync Manager list, all RxPDOs are displayed.
- If the input Sync Manager (inputs) is selected in the Sync Manager list, all TxPDOs are displayed.

The selected entries are the PDOs involved in the process data transfer. In the tree diagram of the System Manager these PDOs are displayed as variables of the EtherCAT device. The name of the variable is identical to the *Name* parameter of the PDO, as displayed in the PDO list. If an entry in the PDO assignment list is deactivated (not selected and greyed out), this indicates that the input is excluded from the PDO assignment. In order to be able to select a greyed out PDO, the currently selected PDO has to be deselected first.

i Activation of PDO assignment

- ✓ If you have changed the PDO assignment, in order to activate the new PDO assignment,
 - a) the EtherCAT slave has to run through the PS status transition cycle (from pre-operational to safe-operational) once (see [Online tab \[► 125\]](#)),
 - b) and the System Manager has to reload the EtherCAT slaves



(button for TwinCAT 2 or



button for TwinCAT 3)

PDO list

List of all PDOs supported by this EtherCAT device. The content of the selected PDOs is displayed in the *PDO Content* list. The PDO configuration can be modified by double-clicking on an entry.

Column	Description	
Index	PDO index.	
Size	Size of the PDO in bytes.	
Name	Name of the PDO. If this PDO is assigned to a Sync Manager, it appears as a variable of the slave with this parameter as the name.	
Flags	F	Fixed content: The content of this PDO is fixed and cannot be changed by the System Manager.
	M	Mandatory PDO. This PDO is mandatory and must therefore be assigned to a Sync Manager! Consequently, this PDO cannot be deleted from the <i>PDO Assignment</i> list
SM	Sync Manager to which this PDO is assigned. If this entry is empty, this PDO does not take part in the process data traffic.	
SU	Sync unit to which this PDO is assigned.	

PDO Content

Indicates the content of the PDO. If flag F (fixed content) of the PDO is not set the content can be modified.

Download

If the device is intelligent and has a mailbox, the configuration of the PDO and the PDO assignments can be downloaded to the device. This is an optional feature that is not supported by all EtherCAT slaves.

PDO Assignment

If this check box is selected, the PDO assignment that is configured in the PDO Assignment list is downloaded to the device on startup. The required commands to be sent to the device can be viewed in the [Startup \[► 122\]](#) tab.

PDO Configuration

If this check box is selected, the configuration of the respective PDOs (as shown in the PDO list and the PDO Content display) is downloaded to the EtherCAT slave.

5.2.8 Import/Export of EtherCAT devices with SCI and XTI

SCI and XTI Export/Import – Handling of user-defined modified EtherCAT slaves

5.2.8.1 Basic principles

An EtherCAT slave is basically parameterized through the following elements:

- Cyclic process data (PDO)
- Synchronization (Distributed Clocks, FreeRun, SM-Synchron)
- CoE parameters (acyclic object dictionary)

Note: Not all three elements may be present, depending on the slave.

For a better understanding of the export/import function, let's consider the usual procedure for IO configuration:

- The user/programmer processes the IO configuration in the TwinCAT system environment. This involves all input/output devices such as drives that are connected to the fieldbuses used.
Note: In the following sections, only EtherCAT configurations in the TwinCAT system environment are considered.
- For example, the user manually adds devices to a configuration or performs a scan on the online system.
- This results in the IO system configuration.
- On insertion, the slave appears in the system configuration in the default configuration provided by the vendor, consisting of default PDO, default synchronization method and CoE StartUp parameter as defined in the ESI (XML device description).
- If necessary, elements of the slave configuration can be changed, e.g. the PDO configuration or the synchronization method, based on the respective device documentation.

It may become necessary to reuse the modified slave in other projects in this way, without having to make equivalent configuration changes to the slave again. To accomplish this, proceed as follows:

- Export the slave configuration from the project,
- Store and transport as a file,
- Import into another EtherCAT project.

TwinCAT offers two methods for this purpose:

- within the TwinCAT environment: Export/Import as **xti** file or
- outside, i.e. beyond the TwinCAT limits: Export/Import as **sci** file.

An example is provided below for illustration purposes: an EL3702 terminal with standard setting is switched to 2-fold oversampling (blue) and the optional PDO "StartTimeNextLatch" is added (red):

The screenshot shows the TwinCAT Project34 interface. In the Solution Explorer, 'Term 2 (EL3702)' is selected. Red arrows trace the configuration path: from 'Term 2 (EL3702)' to the 'Process Data' tab, then to the 'PDO List' table, then to the 'PDO Assignment' list where '0x1B10' is selected, and finally to the 'Online' data table where 'Ch1 Value' and 'StartTimeNextLa...' are highlighted.

SM	Size	Type	Flags
0	6	Inputs	
1	6	Inputs	
2	4	Inputs	

Index	Size	Name
0x1B00	2.0	Ch1 CycleCount
0x1A00	2.0	Ch1 Sample 0
0x1A01	2.0	Ch1 Sample 1
0x1A02	2.0	Ch1 Sample 2
0x1A03	2.0	Ch1 Sample 3
0x1A04	2.0	Ch1 Sample 4
0x1A05	2.0	Ch1 Sample 5

Index	Size	Name
0x1AE0	2.0	Ch1 CycleCount
0x1AE1	2.0	Ch1 Sample 0
0x1AE2	2.0	Ch1 Sample 1
0x1AE3	2.0	Ch1 Sample 2
0x1B10	2.0	Ch1 CycleCount

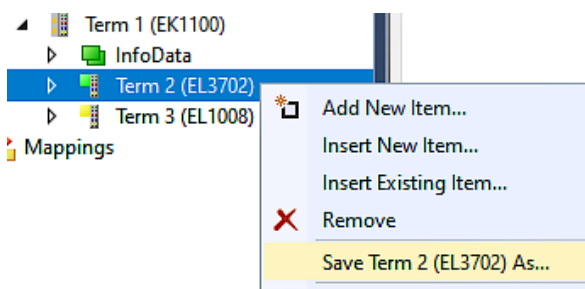
Index	Size	Offs	Name
0x6800:01	2.0	0.0	Ch1 CycleCount
		2.0	

Name	Online	Type	Size	>Addr...
Ch1 CycleCount		UINT	2.0	58.0
Ch1 Value		INT	2.0	60.0
Ch1 Value		INT	2.0	62.0
Ch2 CycleCount		UINT	2.0	64.0
Ch2 Value		INT	2.0	66.0
Ch2 Value		INT	2.0	68.0
StartTimeNextLa...		UDINT	4.0	70.0
WcState		BIT	0.1	1522.2

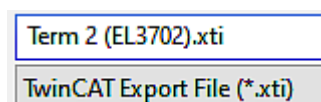
The two methods for exporting and importing the modified terminal referred to above are demonstrated below.

5.2.8.2 Procedure within TwinCAT with xti files

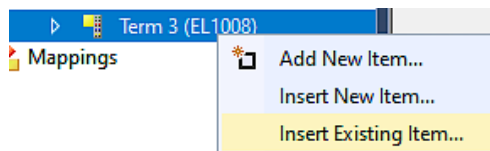
Each IO device can be exported/saved individually:



The xti file can be stored:



and imported again in another TwinCAT system via "Insert Existing item":



5.2.8.3 Procedure within and outside TwinCAT with sci file

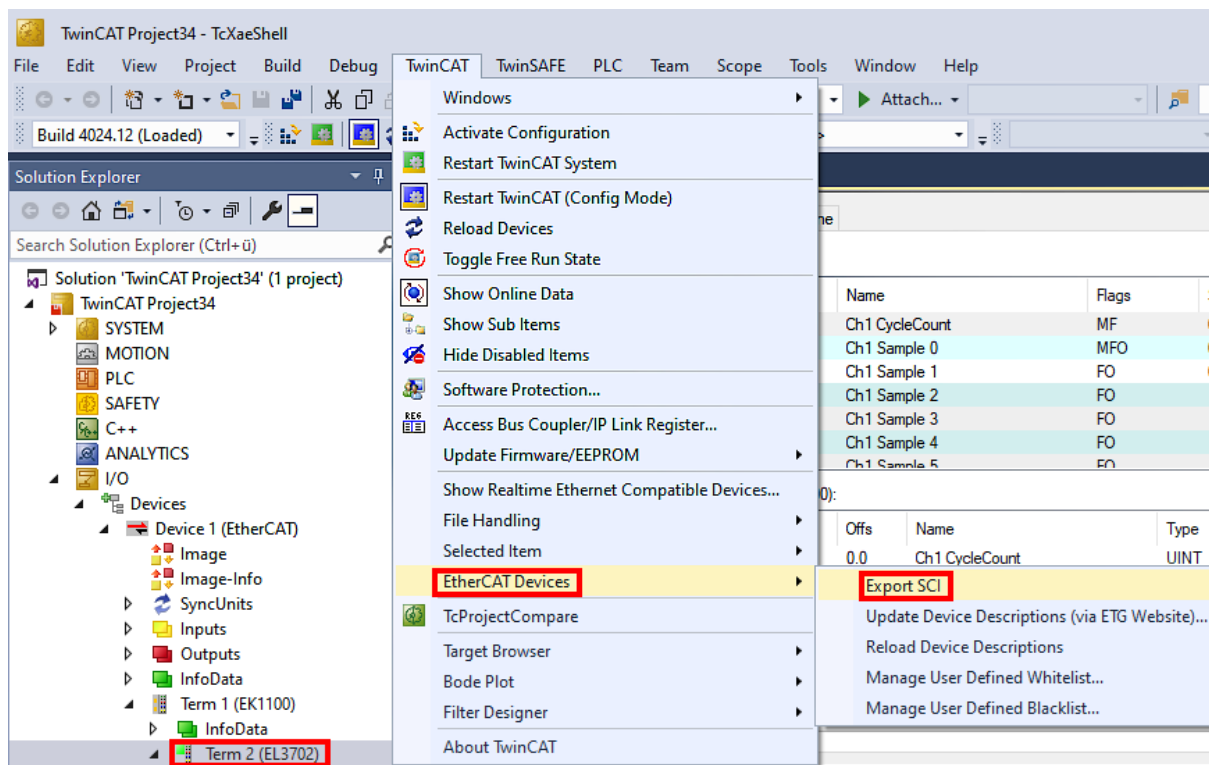
Note regarding availability (2021/01)

The SCI method is available from TwinCAT 3.1 build 4024.14.

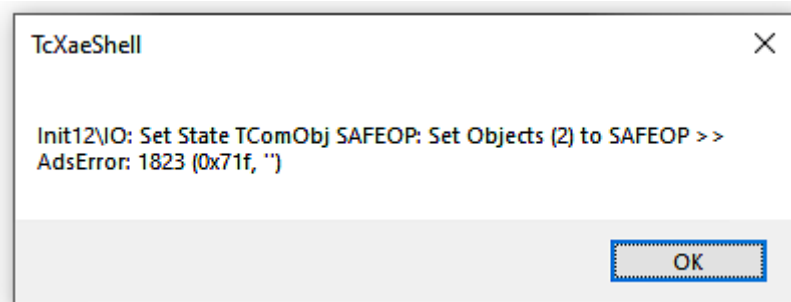
The Slave Configuration Information (SCI) describes a specific complete configuration for an EtherCAT slave (terminal, box, drive...) based on the setting options of the device description file (ESI, EtherCAT Slave Information). That is, it includes PDO, CoE, synchronization.

Export:

- select a single device via the menu (multiple selection is also possible):
TwinCAT → EtherCAT Devices → Export SCI.



- If TwinCAT is offline (i.e. if there is no connection to an actual running controller) a warning message may appear, because after executing the function the system attempts to reload the EtherCAT segment. However, in this case this is not relevant for the result and can be acknowledged by clicking OK:



- A description may also be provided:

- Explanation of the dialog box:

Name	Name of the SCI, assigned by the user.	
Description	Description of the slave configuration for the use case, assigned by the user.	
Options	Keep modules	If a slave supports modules/slots, the user can decide whether these are to be exported or whether the module and device data are to be combined during export.
	AoE Set AmsNetId	The configured AmsNetId is exported. Usually this is network-dependent and cannot always be determined in advance.
	EoE Set MAC and IP	The configured virtual MAC and IP addresses are stored in the SCI. Usually these are network-dependent and cannot always be determined in advance.
	CoE Set cycle time(0x1C3x.2)	The configured cycle time is exported. Usually this is network-dependent and cannot always be determined in advance.
ESI	Reference to the original ESI file.	
Export	Save SCI file.	

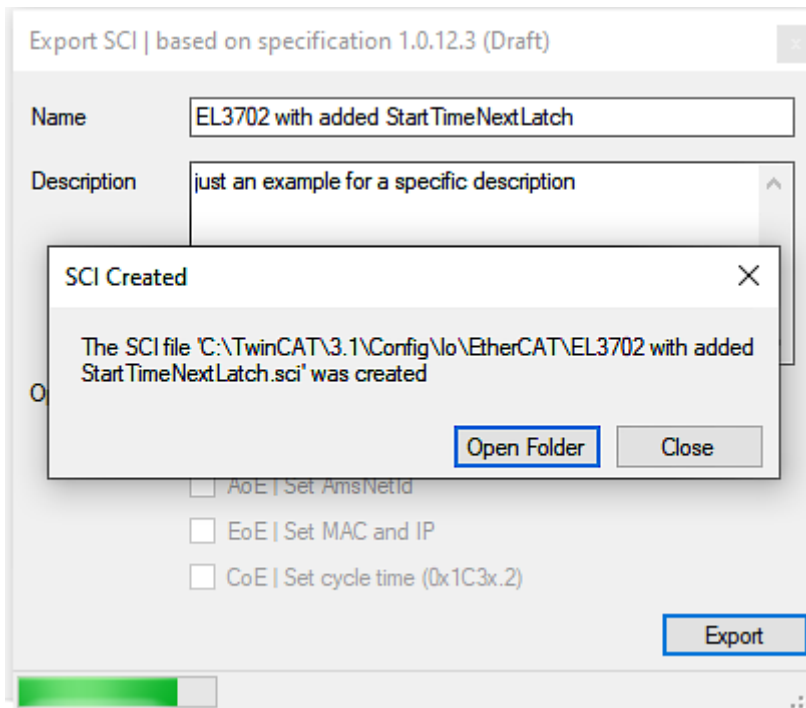
- A list view is available for multiple selections (*Export multiple SCI files*):

- Selection of the slaves to be exported:
 - All:
All slaves are selected for export.

- None:
All slaves are deselected.
- The sci file can be saved locally:

Dateiname:	EL3702 with added StartTimeNextLatch.sci
Dateityp:	SCI file (*.sci)

- The export takes place:

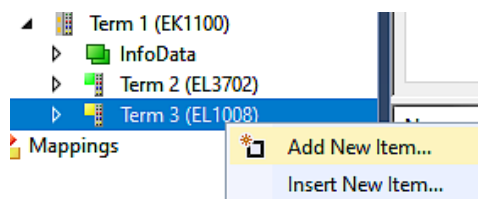


Import

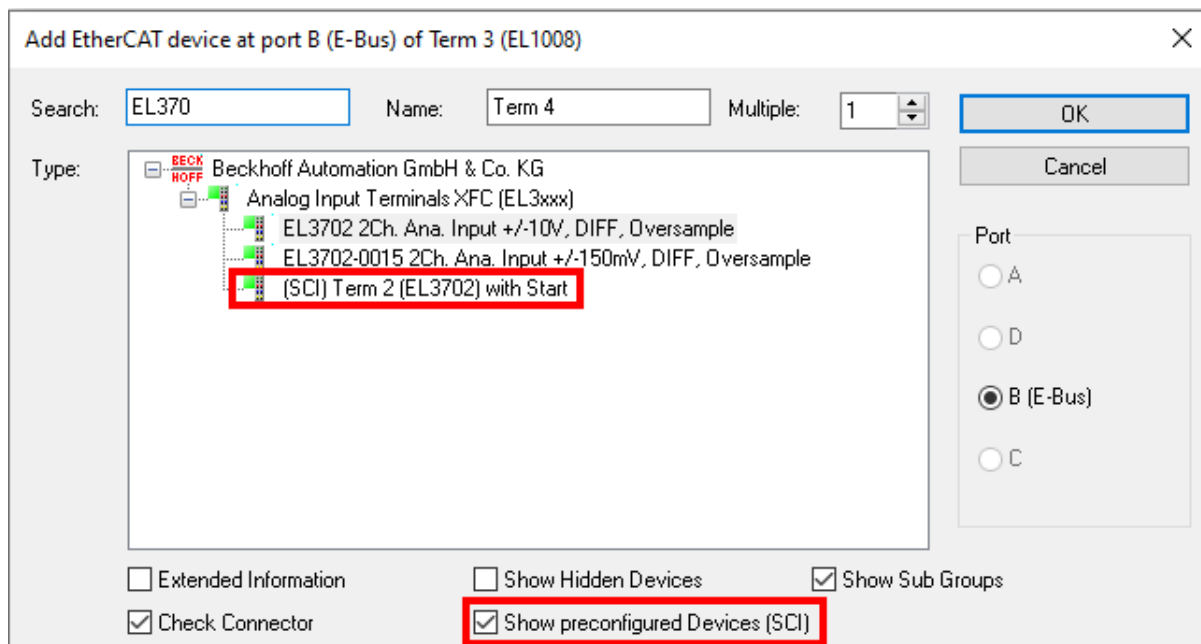
- An sci description can be inserted manually into the TwinCAT configuration like any normal Beckhoff device description.
- The sci file must be located in the TwinCAT ESI path, usually under:
C:\TwinCAT\3.1\Config\Io\EtherCAT

	EL3702 with added StartTimeNextLatch.sci	11.01.2021 13:29	SCI-Datei	6 KB
---	--	------------------	-----------	------

- Open the selection dialog:

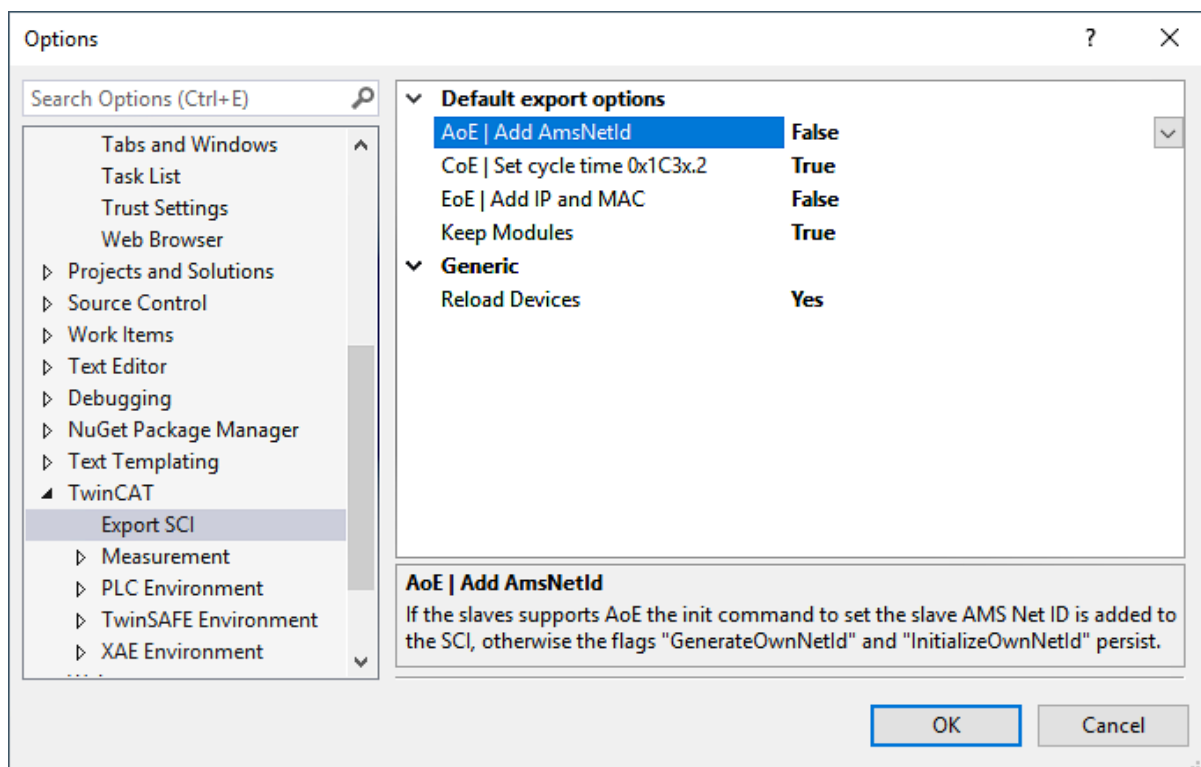


- Display SCI devices and select and insert the desired device:



Additional Notes

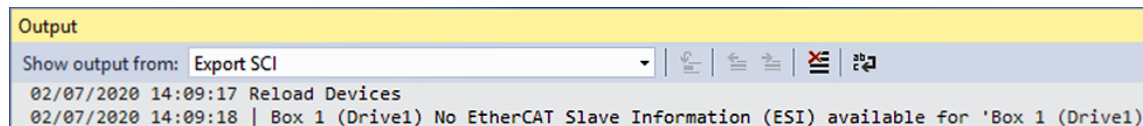
- Settings for the SCI function can be made via the general Options dialog (Tools → Options → TwinCAT → Export SCI):



Explanation of the settings:

Default export options	AoE Set AmsNetId	Default setting whether the configured AmsNetId is exported.
	CoE Set cycle time(0x1C3x.2)	Default setting whether the configured cycle time is exported.
	EoE Set MAC and IP	Default setting whether the configured MAC and IP addresses are exported.
	Keep modules	Default setting whether the modules persist.
Generic	Reload Devices	Setting whether the Reload Devices command is executed before the SCI export. This is strongly recommended to ensure a consistent slave configuration.

SCI error messages are displayed in the TwinCAT logger output window if required:



5.3 General Commissioning Instructions for an EtherCAT Slave

This summary briefly deals with a number of aspects of EtherCAT Slave operation under TwinCAT. More detailed information on this may be found in the corresponding sections of, for instance, the [EtherCAT System Documentation](#).

Diagnosis in real time: WorkingCounter, EtherCAT State and Status

Generally speaking an EtherCAT Slave provides a variety of diagnostic information that can be used by the controlling task.

This diagnostic information relates to differing levels of communication. It therefore has a variety of sources, and is also updated at various times.

Any application that relies on I/O data from a fieldbus being correct and up to date must make diagnostic access to the corresponding underlying layers. EtherCAT and the TwinCAT System Manager offer comprehensive diagnostic elements of this kind. Those diagnostic elements that are helpful to the controlling task for diagnosis that is accurate for the current cycle when in operation (not during commissioning) are discussed below.

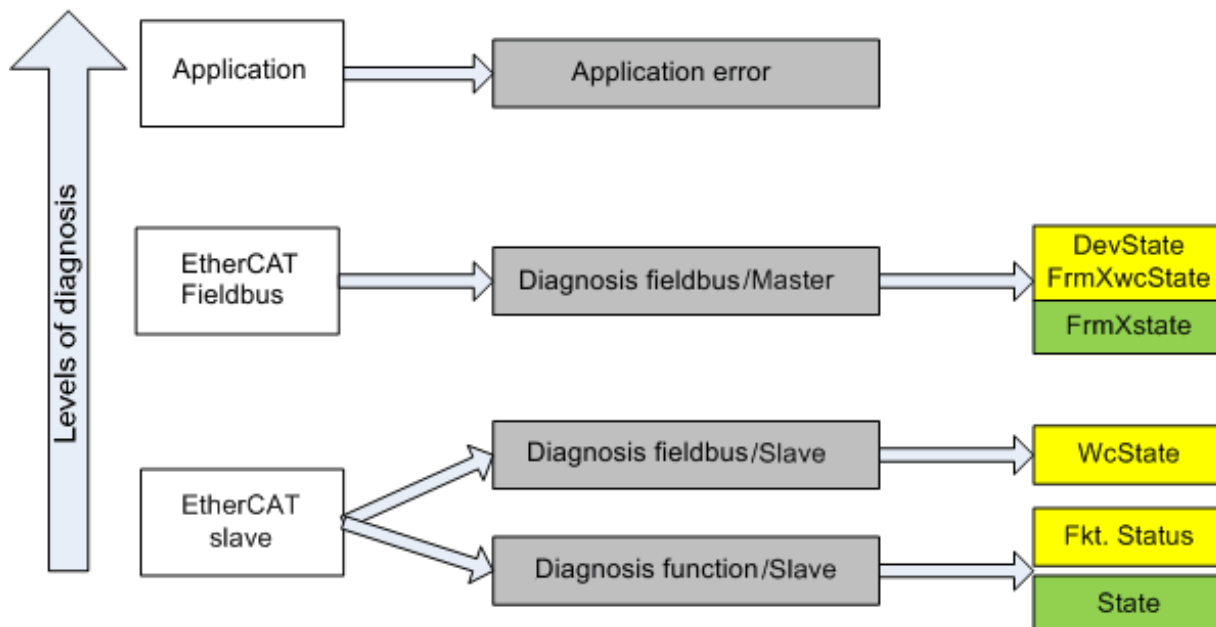


Fig. 150: Selection of the diagnostic information of an EtherCAT Slave

In general, an EtherCAT Slave offers

- communication diagnosis typical for a slave (diagnosis of successful participation in the exchange of process data, and correct operating mode)
This diagnosis is the same for all slaves.

as well as

- function diagnosis typical for a channel (device-dependent)
See the corresponding device documentation

The colors in Fig. *Selection of the diagnostic information of an EtherCAT Slave* also correspond to the variable colors in the System Manager, see Fig. *Basic EtherCAT Slave Diagnosis in the PLC*.

Colour	Meaning
yellow	Input variables from the Slave to the EtherCAT Master, updated in every cycle
red	Output variables from the Slave to the EtherCAT Master, updated in every cycle
green	Information variables for the EtherCAT Master that are updated acyclically. This means that it is possible that in any particular cycle they do not represent the latest possible status. It is therefore useful to read such variables through ADS.

Fig. Basic EtherCAT Slave Diagnosis in the PLC shows an example of an implementation of basic EtherCAT Slave Diagnosis. A Beckhoff EL3102 (2-channel analogue input terminal) is used here, as it offers both the communication diagnosis typical of a slave and the functional diagnosis that is specific to a channel. Structures are created as input variables in the PLC, each corresponding to the process image.

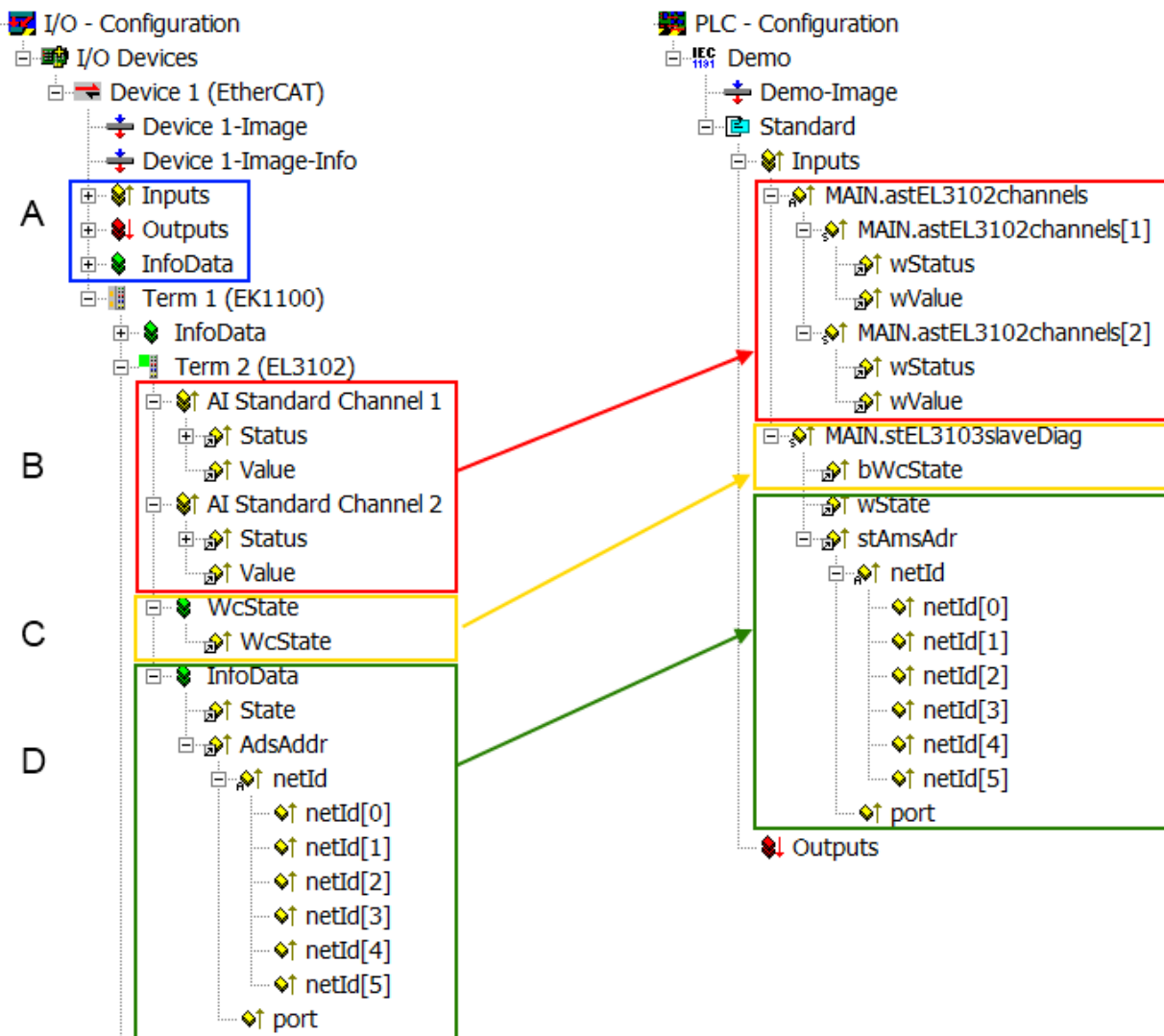


Fig. 151: Basic EtherCAT Slave Diagnosis in the PLC

The following aspects are covered here:

Code	Function	Implementation	Application/evaluation
A	The EtherCAT Master's diagnostic information updated cyclically (yellow) or provided acyclically (green).		At least the DevState is to be evaluated for the most recent cycle in the PLC. The EtherCAT Master's diagnostic information offers many more possibilities than are treated in the EtherCAT System Documentation. A few keywords: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CoE in the Master for communication with/through the Slaves • Functions from <i>TcEtherCAT.lib</i> • Perform an OnlineScan
B	In the example chosen (EL3102) the EL3102 comprises two analogue input channels that transmit a single function status for the most recent cycle.	Status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the bit significations may be found in the device documentation • other devices may supply more information, or none that is typical of a slave 	In order for the higher-level PLC task (or corresponding control applications) to be able to rely on correct data, the function status must be evaluated there. Such information is therefore provided with the process data for the most recent cycle.
C	For every EtherCAT Slave that has cyclic process data, the Master displays, using what is known as a WorkingCounter, whether the slave is participating successfully and without error in the cyclic exchange of process data. This important, elementary information is therefore provided for the most recent cycle in the System Manager 1. at the EtherCAT Slave, and, with identical contents 2. as a collective variable at the EtherCAT Master (see Point A) for linking.	WcState (Working Counter) 0: valid real-time communication in the last cycle 1: invalid real-time communication This may possibly have effects on the process data of other Slaves that are located in the same SyncUnit	In order for the higher-level PLC task (or corresponding control applications) to be able to rely on correct data, the communication status of the EtherCAT Slave must be evaluated there. Such information is therefore provided with the process data for the most recent cycle.
D	Diagnostic information of the EtherCAT Master which, while it is represented at the slave for linking, is actually determined by the Master for the Slave concerned and represented there. This information cannot be characterized as real-time, because it <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • is only rarely/never changed, except when the system starts up • is itself determined acyclically (e.g. EtherCAT Status) 	State current Status (INIT..OP) of the Slave. The Slave must be in OP (=8) when operating normally. <i>AdsAddr</i> The ADS address is useful for communicating from the PLC/task via ADS with the EtherCAT Slave, e.g. for reading/writing to the CoE. The AMS-NetID of a slave corresponds to the AMS-NetID of the EtherCAT Master; communication with the individual Slave is possible via the <i>port</i> (= EtherCAT address).	Information variables for the EtherCAT Master that are updated acyclically. This means that it is possible that in any particular cycle they do not represent the latest possible status. It is therefore possible to read such variables through ADS.

NOTICE

Diagnostic information

It is strongly recommended that the diagnostic information made available is evaluated so that the application can react accordingly.

CoE Parameter Directory

The CoE parameter directory (CanOpen-over-EtherCAT) is used to manage the set values for the slave concerned. Changes may, in some circumstances, have to be made here when commissioning a relatively complex EtherCAT Slave. It can be accessed through the TwinCAT System Manager, see Fig. *EL3102, CoE directory*:

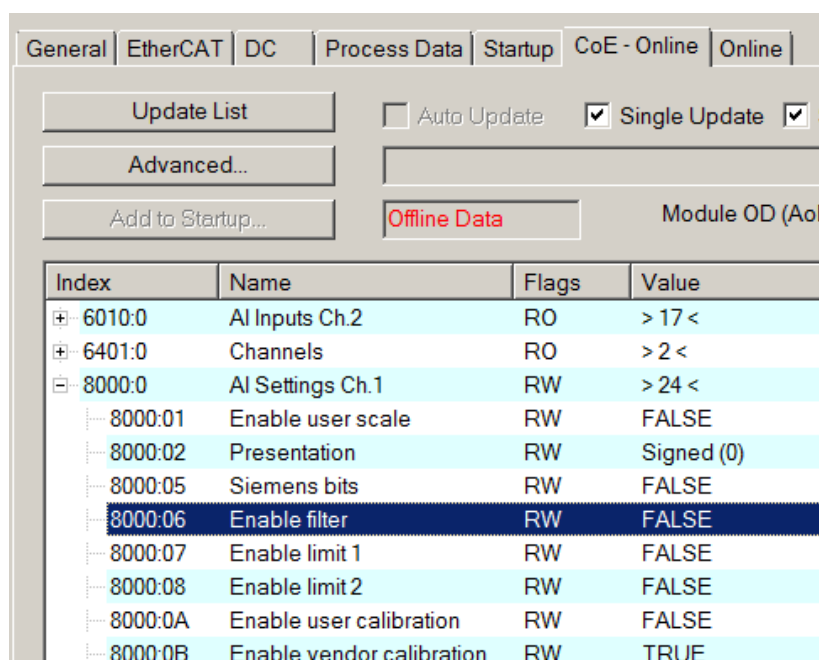


Fig. 152: EL3102, CoE directory

i EtherCAT System Documentation

The comprehensive description in the [EtherCAT System Documentation](#) (EtherCAT Basics --> CoE Interface) must be observed!

A few brief extracts:

- Whether changes in the online directory are saved locally in the slave depends on the device. EL terminals (except the EL66xx) are able to save in this way.
- The user must manage the changes to the StartUp list.

Commissioning aid in the TwinCAT System Manager

Commissioning interfaces are being introduced as part of an ongoing process for EL/EP EtherCAT devices. These are available in TwinCAT System Managers from TwinCAT 2.11R2 and above. They are integrated into the System Manager through appropriately extended ESI configuration files.

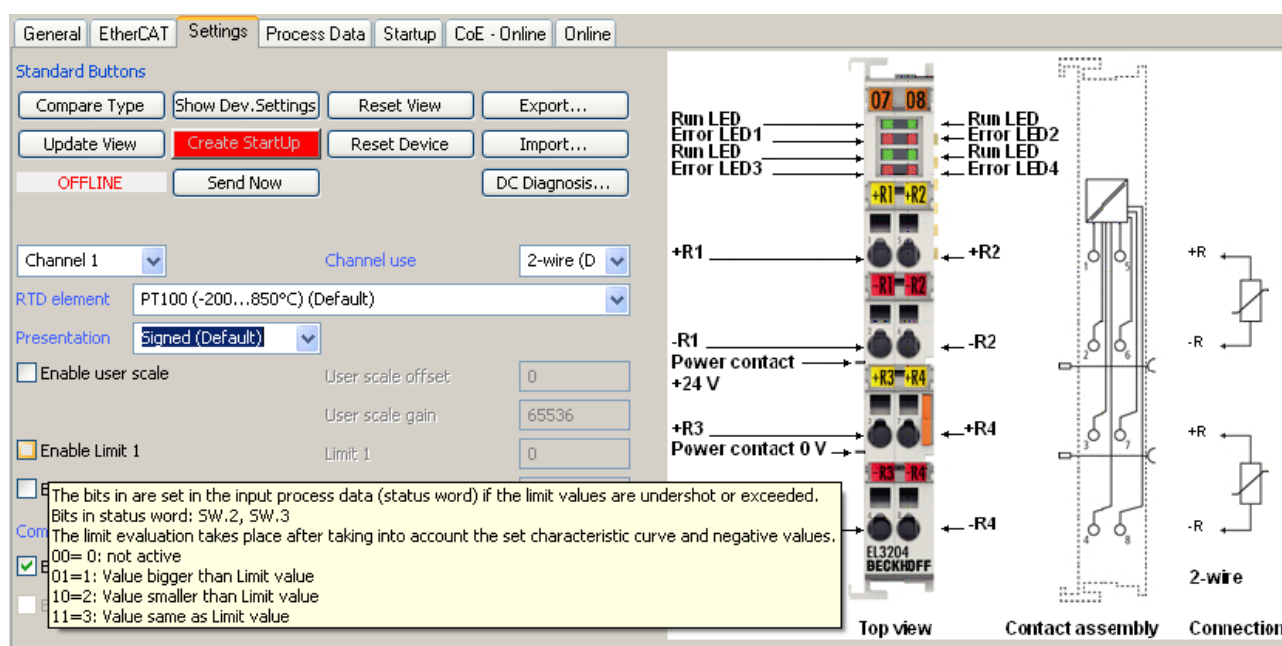


Fig. 153: Example of commissioning aid for a EL3204

This commissioning process simultaneously manages

- CoE Parameter Directory
- DC/FreeRun mode
- the available process data records (PDO)

Although the “Process Data”, “DC”, “Startup” and “CoE-Online” that used to be necessary for this are still displayed, it is recommended that, if the commissioning aid is used, the automatically generated settings are not changed by it.

The commissioning tool does not cover every possible application of an EL/EP device. If the available setting options are not adequate, the user can make the DC, PDO and CoE settings manually, as in the past.

EtherCAT State: automatic default behaviour of the TwinCAT System Manager and manual operation

After the operating power is switched on, an EtherCAT Slave must go through the following statuses

- INIT
- PREOP
- SAFEOP
- OP

to ensure sound operation. The EtherCAT Master directs these statuses in accordance with the initialization routines that are defined for commissioning the device by the ES/XML and user settings (Distributed Clocks (DC), PDO, CoE). See also the section on "Principles of [Communication, EtherCAT State Machine \[► 38\]](#)" in this connection. Depending how much configuration has to be done, and on the overall communication, booting can take up to a few seconds.

The EtherCAT Master itself must go through these routines when starting, until it has reached at least the OP target state.

The target state wanted by the user, and which is brought about automatically at start-up by TwinCAT, can be set in the System Manager. As soon as TwinCAT reaches the status RUN, the TwinCAT EtherCAT Master will approach the target states.

Standard setting

The advanced settings of the EtherCAT Master are set as standard:

- EtherCAT Master: OP
 - Slaves: OP
- This setting applies equally to all Slaves.

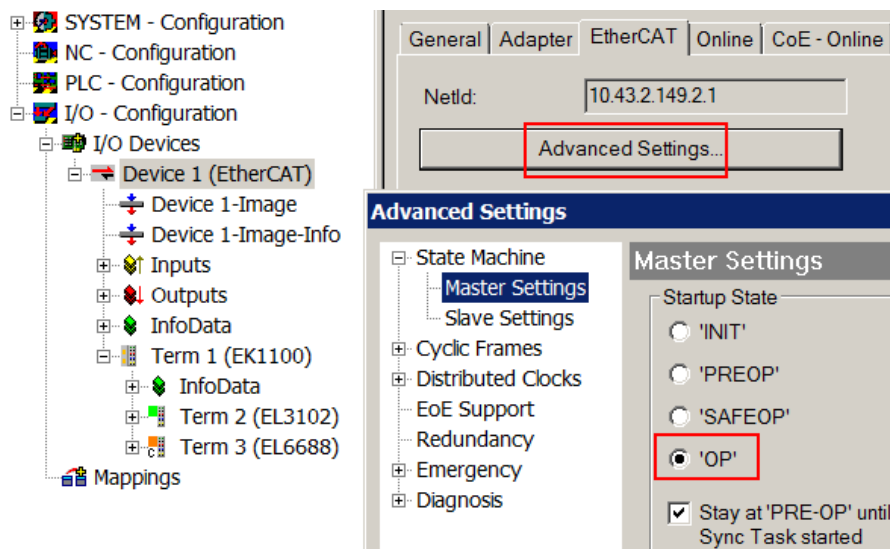


Fig. 154: Default behaviour of the System Manager

In addition, the target state of any particular Slave can be set in the “Advanced Settings” dialogue; the standard setting is again OP.

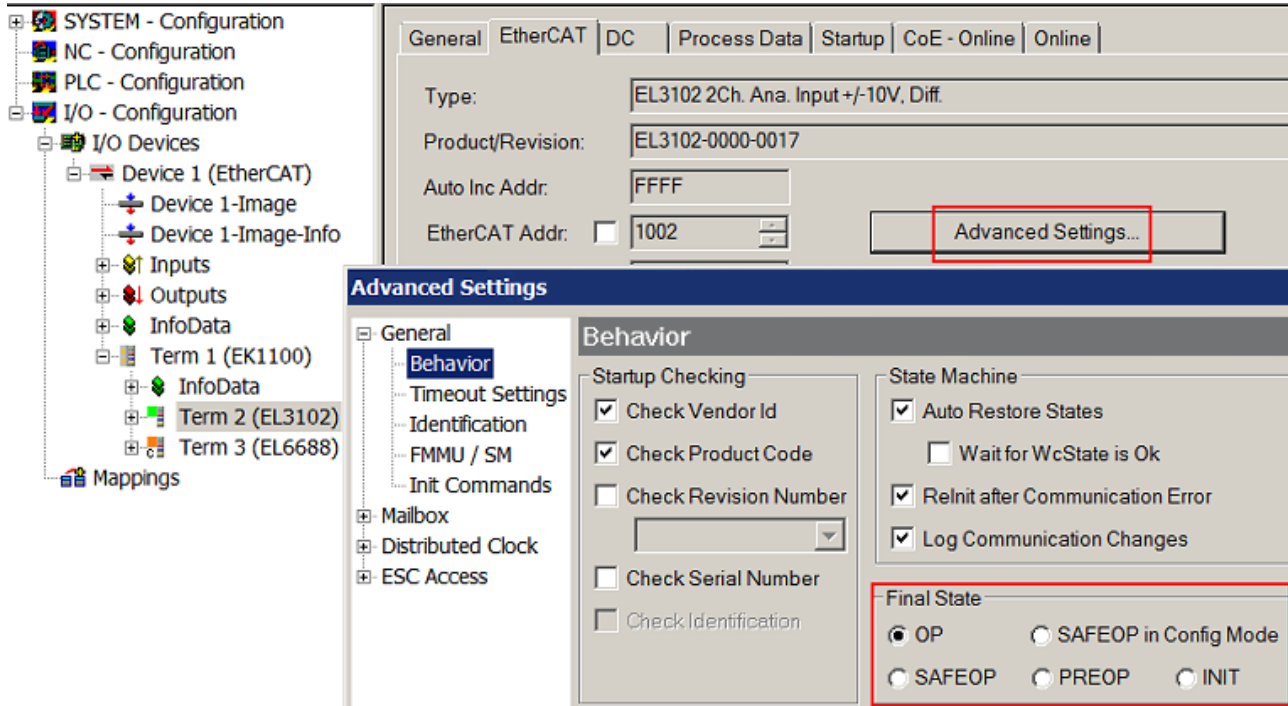


Fig. 155: Default target state in the Slave

Manual Control

There are particular reasons why it may be appropriate to control the states from the application/task/PLC. For instance:

- for diagnostic reasons
- to induce a controlled restart of axes
- because a change in the times involved in starting is desirable

In that case it is appropriate in the PLC application to use the PLC function blocks from the *TcEtherCAT.lib*, which is available as standard, and to work through the states in a controlled manner using, for instance, *FB_EcSetMasterState*.

It is then useful to put the settings in the EtherCAT Master to INIT for master and slave.

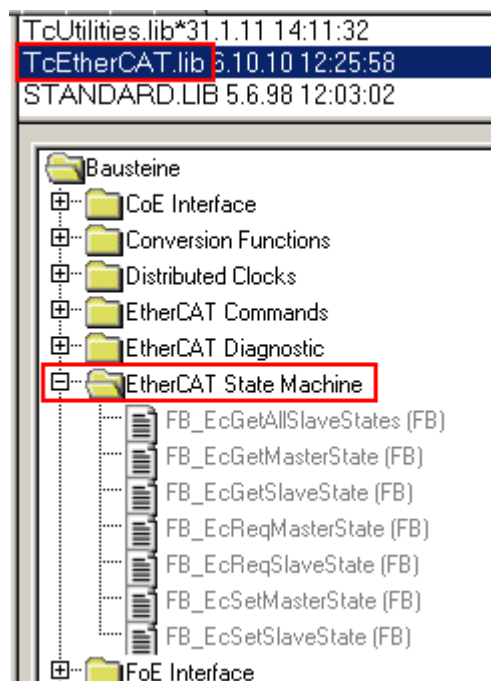


Fig. 156: PLC function blocks

Note regarding E-Bus current

EL/ES terminals are placed on the DIN rail at a coupler on the terminal strand. A Bus Coupler can supply the EL terminals added to it with the E-bus system voltage of 5 V; a coupler is thereby loadable up to 2 A as a rule. Information on how much current each EL terminal requires from the E-bus supply is available online and in the catalogue. If the added terminals require more current than the coupler can supply, then power feed terminals (e.g. EL9410) must be inserted at appropriate places in the terminal strand.

The pre-calculated theoretical maximum E-Bus current is displayed in the TwinCAT System Manager as a column value. A shortfall is marked by a negative total amount and an exclamation mark; a power feed terminal is to be placed before such a position.

General Adapter EtherCAT Online CoE - Online						
NetId:		10.43.2.149.2.1		Advanced Settings...		
Number	Box Name	Address	Type	In Size	Out S...	E-Bus (..
1	Term 1 (EK1100)	1001	EK1100			
2	Term 2 (EL3102)	1002	EL3102	8.0		1830
3	Term 4 (EL2004)	1003	EL2004		0.4	1730
4	Term 5 (EL2004)	1004	EL2004		0.4	1630
5	Term 6 (EL7031)	1005	EL7031	8.0	8.0	1510
6	Term 7 (EL2808)	1006	EL2808		1.0	1400
7	Term 8 (EL3602)	1007	EL3602	12.0		1210
8	Term 9 (EL3602)	1008	EL3602	12.0		1020
9	Term 10 (EL3602)	1009	EL3602	12.0		830
10	Term 11 (EL3602)	1010	EL3602	12.0		640
11	Term 12 (EL3602)	1011	EL3602	12.0		450
12	Term 13 (EL3602)	1012	EL3602	12.0		260
13	Term 14 (EL3602)	1013	EL3602	12.0		70
14	Term 3 (EL6688)	1014	EL6688	22.0		-240 !

Fig. 157: Illegally exceeding the E-Bus current

From TwinCAT 2.11 and above, a warning message “E-Bus Power of Terminal...” is output in the logger window when such a configuration is activated:

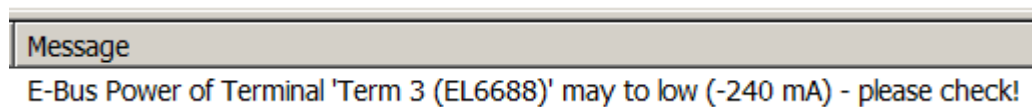


Fig. 158: Warning message for exceeding E-Bus current

NOTICE
Caution! Malfunction possible! The same ground potential must be used for the E-Bus supply of all EtherCAT terminals in a terminal block!

5.4 Sensitivity of the input

The input circuit of the EL12xx is optimized for fast signal changes and the shortest possible signal detection. The time required for a signal change as a rising/falling edge from the terminal point at the front of the terminal to the logic of the central processing unit (ESC) is specified for the EL12xx series at $T_{ON}/T_{OFF} < 1 \mu s$, both for rising (T_{ON}) and falling edge (T_{OFF}).

Due to this low absolute cycle time, the temperature drift of the cycle time is also very low.

It should be considered that the input circuitry has little or no filtering, depending on the type. It is optimized for fastest signal transmission from the input to the evaluation unit. Fast level changes/pulses in the μs range, e.g. due to possible EMC influences, thus arrive at the evaluation unit unfiltered/undamped and are possibly visible as a change of state of the input.

If necessary, shielded cables should be used to exclude environmental influences.

Please note that digital inputs can cause an inrush current of $\gg 2 \text{ mA}$ due to the internal capacitive EMC protection circuitry if the source is sufficiently resilient. This can affect or overload sensitive actuators/signal transmitters (such as reed switches). In this case, we recommend using an external "braking resistor" to reduce the current peak, for example with a value of $1 \text{ k}\Omega$.

5.5 Basic function principles

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 - [MTSF \[► 145\]](#)
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5.5.1 Definitions

The following section describes some basic terminology relating to the multi-timestamp function. This is based on the explanatory notes on the [technology page \[► 25\]](#), which must be referred to for guidance.

Channel

The EL1259, for example, has 8 input and 8 output channels. Every channel can operate independent of the other channels and has its own buffer and its own settings in the CoE (channel-oriented programming is supported).

Notwithstanding the channel-based parameterization (CoE, PDO), the settings for all channels are implemented together in the terminal.

Cyclic process data/PDO

Each channel has 2 different types of cyclic PDO:

- Diagnostics/status/control values created specifically for the buffer
- The actual "values" as time-stamped Boolean data in the form of an array. The array should be set to a suitable size in the configuration. It cannot be changed during runtime.

See also PDO overview on the commissioning pages and the following sections.

Parameter data/CoE

In the CoE each channel has a parameter range [0x80n0:ff \[► 206\]](#) with suitable settings for configuring the buffer or the input/output behavior, for example.

See also information in the [commissioning pages \[► 150\]](#).

Buffer

Each channel has its own buffer (memory) for 32 events, based on the FIFO principle. It is served via channel-specific PDOs - see PDO overview on the commissioning pages.

- For **inputs**: The channel state is queried for its switching state 0/1 based on the microcycle. Any changes that are detected are stored in the buffer. Depending on the configured multi-timestamp factor for the channel (MTSF), the buffer content is retrieved by the controller/PLC via EtherCAT, either in its entirety or in several steps.
The behavior in case of a buffer overflow can be configured; an overflow of the buffer is indicated in the process data. If necessary the buffer can be emptied by the controller.

- For **outputs**: The controller loads switching orders into the buffer, depending on the configured MTSF. In each microcycle a check is performed to determine whether the highest entry in the buffer is to be executed. The behavior in the case of 'outdated' timestamps can be configured. If necessary the buffer can be emptied by the controller.

Note: The current FW supports a buffer for 32 events. Other sizes on request.

Event

An "event" is defined as a changing signal edge at the input or output. Therefore, for an input channel an event is the change in input state from 0->1 or 1->0. This consists of the information *timestamp* of the event and *state 0/1* after the change.

For an output channel an event is a switching order, similarly consisting of two items of information: *timestamp* of the event and *state 0/1* after the desired change.

Timestamp

In its original state the EtherCAT distributed clocks time has the following properties: Starting time 1.1.2000 00:00, 64-bit range with 1 ns resolution (~ 584 years). In order to avoid redundant process data, the multi-timestamp terminals operate with a reduced timestamp width of 32 bits (~ 4.29 sec.). Thus switching orders can be specified up to 4.29 seconds in the future – input events must be processed within 4.2 seconds, as otherwise an overflow occurs and the actually recorded time is no longer secured. Within the framework of this documentation, a function block FB is also provided [► 155] that accomplishes the filling up of 32-bit input timestamps to the currently valid 64 bits in the PLC.

MTSF

Multi-timestamp factor, currently 1..10, higher on request

In the configuration each channel can be configured to a fixed, maximum number of events that can be transferred per EtherCAT cycle. In other words, this is the maximum number of events (switching orders for outputs or events for input terminals) that can be exchanged with the control/PLC. These process data are to be understood as placeholders, which are not all to be filled at all times. This means for

- **Inputs:**
The number of input events placed in the process data for the controller by the channel matches the number of events that arrived at the input during the last cycle OR are still in the buffer.
- **Outputs:**
The events predefined by the controller are transferred to the channel buffer, which is then processed based on the FIFO principle.

Macrocycle

The terminal requires a certain time for internal cyclic processing of the operations. Depending on the number of active channels and configured MTSF, the internal processing time for the terminal is in the range of several 100 µs, see table below.

The macrocycle time resulting from the actual configuration can be read online from the CoE 0xF900:08.

☐ F900:0	DEV Info data	RD	> 9 <
└ F900:08	Cycle Time	RD	0x0004633E (287550)
└ F900:09	Sample time	RD	0x00005848 (22600)

Fig. 159: Microcycle 0xF900:09 & macrocycle 0xF900:08 in the CoE

This time should be regarded as the absolute lower limit for the EtherCAT communication. The EtherCAT task cycle time applied to this terminal should be chosen 10..20 % higher, depending on system performance. The macrocycle times listed in the table below have been determined empirically and should be regarded as guide values. The actual macrocycle time occurring in the system should be verified during commissioning in the CoE object referred to above.

EL1258 macrocycle [μs, typical]	MTSF 1	MTSF 2	MTSF 5	MTSF 10
1 channel	130	140	160	170
2 channels	130	140	160	170
4 channels	130	140	170	200
8 channels	130	160	190	290

EL1259 macrocycle [μs, typical]	MTSF 1	MTSF 2	MTSF 5	MTSF 10
1 in / 1 out channel	160	160	170	180
2 in / 2 out channels	170	190	210	270
4 in / 4 out channels	180	230	260	360
8 in / 8 out channels	240	320	360	540

EL2258 macrocycle [μs, typical]	MTSF 1	MTSF 2	MTSF 5	MTSF 10
1 channel	90	90	100	120
2 channels	90	90	100	120
4 channels	140	150	180	230
8 channels	150	170	210	290

Times for other configurations are best determined via xF900:08.

Microcycle

The microcycle is the internal constant cycle of the terminal, during which sampling of the inputs and testing of the switching orders for outputs takes place. This value depends on the number of active channels, but not on the MTSF value. The corresponding values can be found in the following table.

The distributed clock in the terminal is controlled via EtherCAT to the standard accuracy of $\ll 1 \mu\text{s}$. However, the internal processing microcycle results in a 'coarsening' of the time resolution that can be achieved with the multi-timestamp terminals in practice, as described below.

The microcycle time resulting from the actual configuration can be read online from the CoE 0xF900:09.

0xF900:0	DEV Info data	RO	> 9 <
0xF900:08	Cycle Time	RO	0x0004633E (287550)
0xF900:09	Sample time	RO	0x00005848 (22600)

Fig. 160: Microcycle 0xF900:09 & macrocycle 0xF900:08 in the CoE

The following applies for the sequence:

- For **inputs**: A switching edge arriving from outside at an input channel at any time is picked up during the next microcycle and placed into the buffer. The time inaccuracy for the acquisition is therefore approx. $-x/+0 \mu\text{s}$ (with x = microcycle time).
- For **outputs**: A switching order is executed in a microcycle, if it falls into this microcycle for the first time "after" the execution time. It is then immediately deleted from the buffer.

EL1258	Microcycle time [μs, typical]
1 channel	7
2 channels	10
4 channels	14
8 channels	23

EL1259	Microcycle time [μs, typical]
1 channel	10
2 channels	14
4 channels	22
8 channels	39

EL2258	Microcycle time [μs, typical]
1 channel	7
2 channels	9
4 channels	13
8 channels	21

Times for other configurations are best determined via 0xF900:09.

5.5.2 Compatibility mode in relation to EL1252/EL2252

Via the *predefined PDO* selection the multi-timestamp terminals can be set to a largely identical and therefore compatible process image in relation to the EL1252/EL2252. This means that software interfaces that were created for these timestamp terminals can also be used for multi-timestamp terminals. To this end select the settings "Compatible n-Ch." in the EL1258/EL2258. The behavior is then as for the EL1252/EL2252.

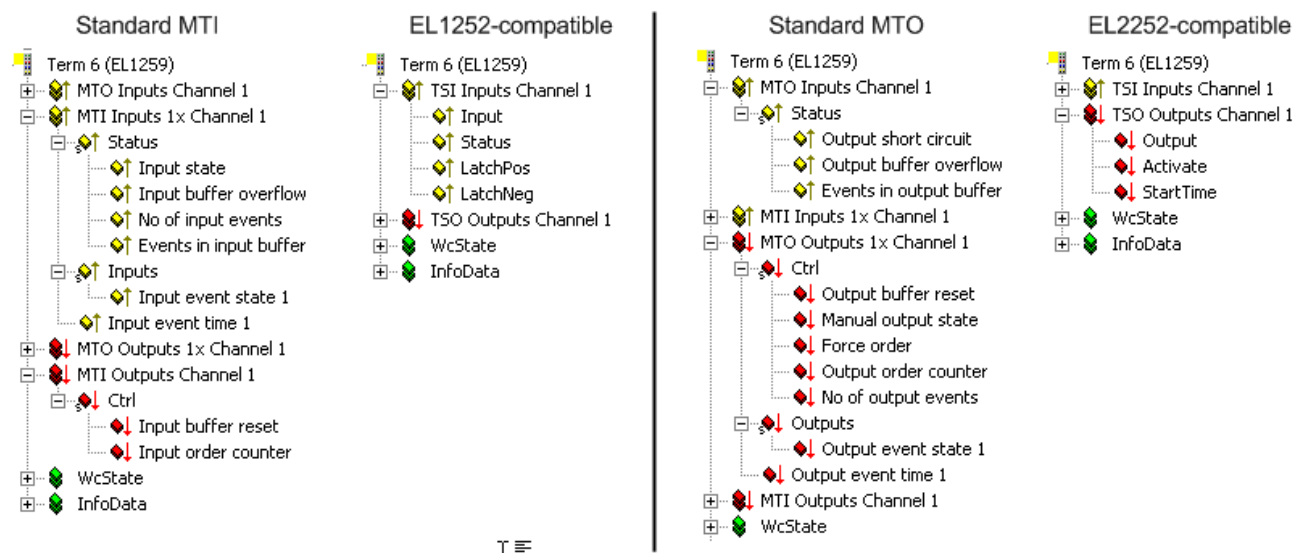


Fig. 161: Option for setting of compatibility modes in relation to EL1252/EL2252

- MTO (Multi-Timestamp-Output) and MTI (Multi-Timestamp-Input) for the multi-timestamp mode (multiple events, no Activate necessary)
- TSO (Timestamp-Output) and TSI (Timestamp-Input) for the EL1252/EL2252 compatible mode (single event, with Activate)



Predefined PDO selection

All channels of the terminal are to be operated in the same way: either with the Multi-Time-Stamp process data MTO/MTI or with the EL1252/EL2252 compatible process data TSO/TSI !

In compatible mode the terminals operate with the following time properties:

EL1258	Macrocycle time [μs, typical]	Microcycle time [μs, typical]
1 Ch.	50	7
2 Ch.	70	9
4 Ch.	90	13
8 Ch.	120	21
EL1259	Macrocycle time [μs, typical]	Microcycle time [μs, typical]
1 Ch. In + 1 Ch. Out	90	8
2 Ch. In + 2 Ch. Out	160	11
4 Ch. In + 4 Ch. Out	180	18
8 Ch. In + 8 Ch. Out	200	30
EL2258	Macrocycle time [μs, typical]	Microcycle time [μs, typical]
1 Ch.	70	7
2 Ch.	90	8
4 Ch.	110	10
8 Ch.	120	15

The microcycle time defines the feasible time resolution of the input capture/output issue.

PDO definition

The process data for inputs and outputs can be specified as "predefined PDO" or freely combined:

- **Selection via "predefined PDO"**

Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 10x'
Predefined PDO Assignment: (none)
Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 10x'
Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 5x'
Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 2x'
Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 1x'
Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 4 Ch. 10x'
Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 4 Ch. 5x'

Fig. 162: Setting multi-timestamping via "predefined PDO"

Several pre-configured combinations of channel number and MTSF are offered. We recommend selecting the process data compilations in this way.

- **Free compilation**

Alternatively, the number of used channels and MTSF per channel can be set as a free compilation via the PDO assignment. The process data objects (PDO) to be transferred cyclically are activated from the inputs/outputs list in the System Manager.

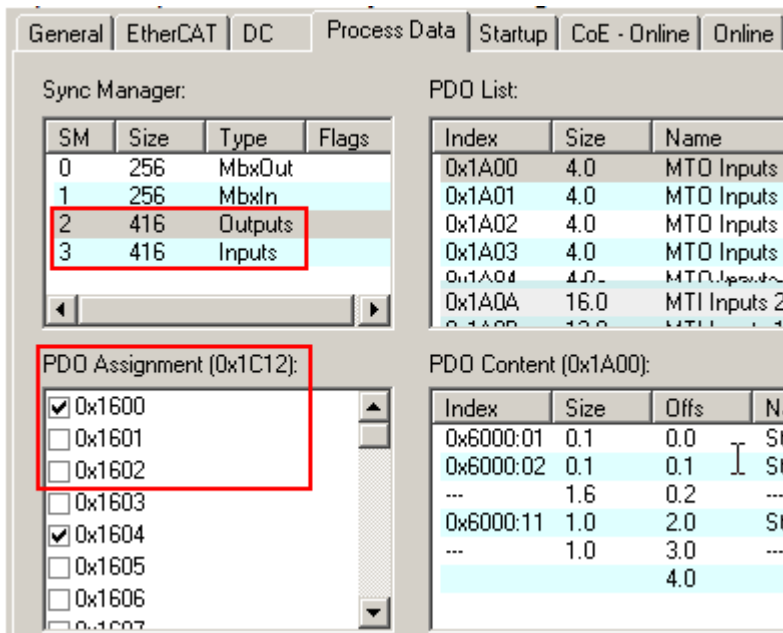


Fig. 163: Free selection of the PDO

The meaning of the individual PDOs can be found in the CoE overview. Please note:

- "Multi-TimeStamp PDO" MTO/MTI and "compatible PDO" TSO/TSI cannot be combined
- The corresponding control/status must be active for each active input/output channel
- The MTSF can be set freely from 1 to 10 for each channel
- Only 1 multi-timestamp factor may be active per channel. It is therefore not permitted to activate PDO "MTO Outputs 5x Channel 1" and PDO "MTO Outputs 2x Channel 1" at the same time, for example.
- In the "Multi-TimeStamp-PDO" MTO/MTI mode, the channels must be mapped continuously, gaps are not allowed, example:
Ch1+Ch2+Ch4 is not allowed (gap), Ch1+Ch2+Ch3 is allowed (skip channels at the end).

If an irregular PDO combination is selected, it may lead to the ERR-PREOP state 'invalid output mapping' or 'invalid input mapping'.

'PREOP to SAFEOP' failed! Error: 'check device state for SAFEOP'. AL Status '0x0012' read and '0x0004' expected. AL Status Code '0x0025 - Invalid output mapping'

Fig. 164: Event logger message from the System Manager in the event of invalid PDO combination

5.6 Commissioning inputs

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- [Commissioning in compatibility mode](#) [► 155]

The section below describes commissioning of a digital input terminal with multi-timestamp function at a PLC.

5.6.1 Basic principles

Each MTI channel (multi-timestamp input) has inputs and outputs in the cyclic process image, which have to be linked with the PLC/task.

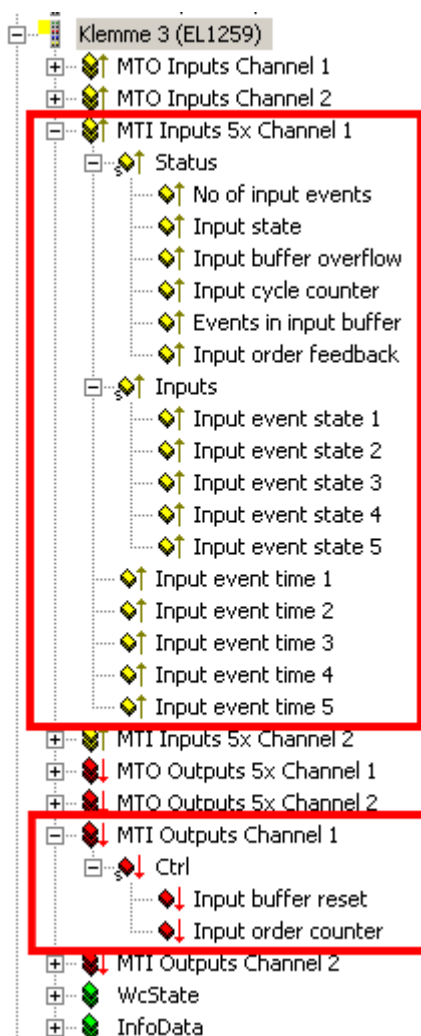


Fig. 165: Inputs and outputs in the project tree

The representation in the System Manager depends on the number of configured channels and the respective multi-timestamp factor (MTSF).

MTI inputs provide information on the events:

- Status

- *NoOfInputEvents*: Number of events provided in this process data cycle with timestamp.
- *InputState*: Current state of input 0/1 when the process data are collected via EtherCAT. This corresponds to the classic Bool input and can be used in the same way
- *InputBufferOverflow* = TRUE: Indicates that more events arrived at the input than can be stored in the buffer. In CoE 0x80n0:13 there is an option to select whether further new events arriving at the input are:
 - no longer stored in the buffer (default), or
 - stored in the buffer while older events are deleted
- *InputCycleCounter*: The 2-bit counter is used for input process data monitoring. With each process data exchange of the terminal it is incremented by one and is reset to zero when its maximum value of three is exceeded.
- *EventsInInputBuffer*: Number of saved events remaining in the buffer after the events transmitted for the current cycle have been removed
- *InputOrderFeedback*: Reflects the *InputOrderCounter*. Indicates whether the *InputOrderCounter* was received and processed by the terminal.
 - *InputBit-Array*: Bit-by-bit input states as array to the corresponding timestamps
 Bit 0: Input value after timestamp 1
 Bit 1: Input value after timestamp 2
 etc.
 - *InputEventTime* x: List of 32-bit timestamps of the respective signal edge

MTI outputs are used for monitoring:

- Ctrl

- *InputBufferReset* TRUE: The channel buffer is cleared. This can make sense, e.g. in the case of a reported *InputBufferOverflow*, if the application requires this. Via the CoE setting 0x80n0:13 *BufferOverflowBehavior* the behavior on buffer overflow can be specified.
- *InputOrderCounter*: This counter is only for the asynchronous operation. Only if the counter is incremented by the controller, the channel outputs a new set of events to the fieldbus.

Each CoE channel (from 0x8000) has settings for **operating mode selection**:

8000:0	MTI settings Ch.1	R/W	> 20 <
8000:01	Enable digital filter	R/W	FALSE
8000:11	Buffer reset behaviour	R/W	Reset on rising edge (0)
8000:12	Buffer mode	R/W	Asynchronous (Buffered) (0)
8000:13	Buffer overflow behaviour	R/W	Lock buffer (0)
8000:14	Digital filter count	R/W	0x0001 (1)

Fig. 166: Operating mode selection in CoE from 0x80n0

0x80n0:0 MTI Settings Ch. n=0...7	Name	Entry	Description
0x80n0:01	Enable digital filter		Activation of the filter for hiding spikes. The filter length can be entered in <i>0x80n0:14 DigitalFilterCount</i> .
	0x80n0:01 FALSE		Filter is deactivated
	0x80n0:01 TRUE		Activation of the input filter
0x80n0:11	Buffer reset behavior		Reset behavior in the event of a reset signal in the status register (PDO)
	0x80n0:11 FALSE	reset on rising edge	Reset is executed on rising edge. New data can then be buffered right away.
	0x80n0:11 TRUE	reset on high level	Buffer is held in reset as long as the signal is active. Can be used for muting, for example.
0x80n0:12	Buffer mode		Setting of asynchronous or synchronous operation
	0x80n0:12 FALSE	Asynchronous (Buffered)	Asynchronous operation. To load the buffer entries into the PDO, the PLC has to increment the <i>InputOrderCounter</i> [► 150]. This <i>handshake</i> requires one cycle for processing. The data are retained in the event of telegram malfunctions.
	0x80n0:12 TRUE	Synchronous	Synchronous operation. The first buffer entries are transferred cyclically to the PDO, as soon as data are available.
0x80n0:13	Buffer overflow behavior		Configuration of the behavior if more than 32 events per channel have to be stored
	0x80n0:13 FALSE	Lock buffer	Overwriting of data is blocked, new events will be lost.
	0x80n0:13 TRUE	Overwrite oldest event	The oldest data are overwritten, new events are retained.
0x80n0:14	Digital filter count		Number of microcycles until an applied input level is evaluated as valid. In this way spikes are filtered out. An entry of 1 results in disabling of the filter.

i Time consistency of the input data

The status of the inputs is monitored with a high-priority task and edge changes are sorted into the buffer if necessary (microcycle). With each process data cycle the data is copied from the internal buffer into the process data and then sent via EtherCAT. If another microcycle is executed between copying and sending, the current *InputState* is still entered in the process image. However, the data from the buffer are no longer updated. In this way the *InputState* is always to be kept as current as possible.

The fact that this event is not to be found in the process data can also be read off at the variable *EventsInputBuffer*. To check whether new time-stamped events are in the process data, *InputState* should not be used, but preferably *NoOfInputEvents*.

5.6.2 Commissioning of a MTI channel

1. Synchronous or asynchronous operation?

- **Synchronous** (default): Synchronous operation should be selected if events are to be transferred from the channel to the controller as quickly as possible.
 - In each EtherCAT cycle as many events as possible are loaded into the buffer. The number of events per channel can be read via *EventsInInputBuffer*. The maximum number of events that can be stored is 32.
 - The MTSF is used to specify how many events per cycle are transferred from the buffer into the

process data. The factor is currently limited to a maximum of 10.

- If the number of new events consistently exceeds the MTSF value, the buffer may overflow. Via the CoE 0x80n0:13 the behavior on buffer overflow can be configured for each channel.

- **Asynchronous:** If high data integrity is required, asynchronous handshake operation should be selected.

Application from the PLC:

- The channel signals the presence of data with *NoOfInputEvents* > 0
- The PLC can accept the data (input event states and timestamps).
- The *InputOrderCounter* has to be incremented (+ 1)
- In the next cycle the *InputOrderFeedback* should have assumed the value of the *InputOrderCounter*
- If further events are present in the buffer, they are shown in the process image.
- Starting from the beginning...

8000:0	MTI settings Ch.1	RW	> 20 <
8000:01	Enable digital filter	RW	FALSE
8000:11	Buffer reset behaviour	RW	Reset on rising edge (0)
8000:12	Buffer mode	RW	Asynchronous (Buffered) (0)
8000:13	Buffer overflow behaviour	RW	Lock buffer (0)
8000:14	Digital filter count	RW	0x0001 (1)

Fig. 167: Setting in CoE x80n0:12 Asynchronous operation

2. Setting the multi-timestamping factor (MTSF)

To facilitate choosing an appropriate MTSF one should estimate the frequency at which level changes, i.e. events, are expected at the input. The multi-timestamping factor (MTSF) can then be selected. The factor indicates how many events per cycle are transferred from the buffer to the controller. With asynchronous transfer one should note that, due to the handshake, only half the number of events are retrieved per time period.

In order to avoid the transfer of excessive quantities of process data, the following configuration recommendations apply:

Synchronous transfer: $MTSF \geq (\text{expected maximum number of input events per EtherCAT cycle}) + 1$

Asynchronous transfer $MTSF \geq 2x (\text{expected maximum number of input-events per EtherCAT cycle}) + 1$

Example: At a cycle time of 1 ms, a maximum of 4 events/ms per channel are expected. All 8 channels of the EL1258 are to be used.

- Synchronous transfer: $MTSF \geq 5$

Select "Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 5x" via the predefined PDO. If a somewhat larger number of events then occur in a cycle, these are buffered in the channel buffer; the buffer can then be emptied by the controller in the subsequent cycles.

Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 5x'

Fig. 168: Process data selection (predefined PDO) for synchronous transfer

- Asynchronous transfer: $MTSF \geq 9$

Select "Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 10x" via the predefined PDO.

Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 10x'

Fig. 169: Process data selection (predefined PDO) for asynchronous transfer

For example, the process data of an input channel are represented as follows for $MTSF = 1x, 5x$ and $10x$:

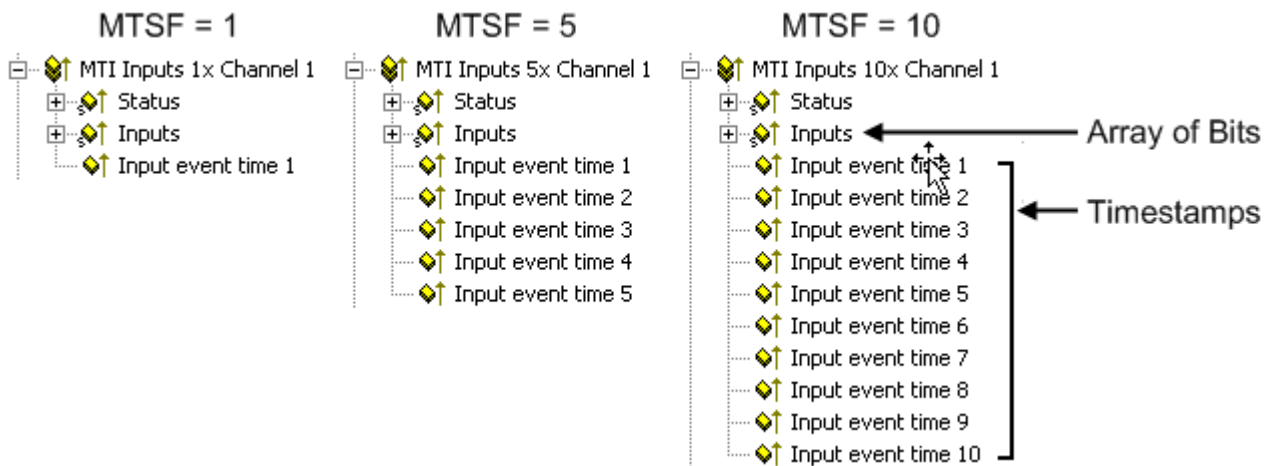


Fig. 170: Different MTSF

For each event there is a bit in the input array (right-justified) and a timestamp. These process data are placeholders that accept events if there are any to be transmitted.

If fewer channels are required, predefined PDOs are also available for 4, 2 or 1 channel(s), with an MTSF of 1x, 2x, 5x and 10x respectively.

If fewer events arrive at the input than defined by the MTSF, the remaining PDOs are set to 0, in order to highlight this.

Example: *NoOfInputEvents* = 3 for MTSF=5 means that the first three PDO events (input value + timestamp) are supplied, the remaining two PDOs are set to 0.

3. When should the filter in CoE be activated? (default: deactivated)

The filter can be used to hide short signal jumps (spikes). They are regarded as invalid.

Procedure:

- The filter can be activated via the CoE 0x80n0:01 EnableDigitalFilter.
- If the filter activated is, the object 0x80n0:14 DigitalFilterCounter is used to set the timeframe over which the signal is regarded as valid. The timeframe should be specified as number of microcycles. "1" is synonymous with a deactivated filter.
- Finally you must check whether the macrocycle time achieved in the terminal with the selected settings is shorter than the EtherCAT cycle time.
- In online mode the current microcycle time can be viewed in the CoE.

8000:0	MTI settings Ch.1	R/W	> 20 <
8000:01	Enable digital filter	R/W	TRUE
8000:11	Buffer reset behaviour	R/W	Reset on rising edge (0)
8000:12	Buffer mode	R/W	Synchronous (1)
8000:13	Buffer overflow behaviour	R/W	Lock buffer (0)
8000:14	Digital filter count	R/W	0x00C8 (200)

Fig. 171: Setting in CoE x80n0:01 & x80n0:14 for digital filter

Finally you must check whether the macrocycle time achieved in the terminal with the selected settings is shorter than the EtherCAT cycle time. This should generally be 20% longer than the macrocycle. The current macrocycle time can be read in the CoE directory 0xF900:08 *CycleTime*.

4. How can I test the input channel?

If an input channel is to be tested, the events are hardly visible in the System Manager, since in synchronous mode (default) they are immediately retrieved, and the process data always look "zeroed".

Remedy:

- Set the channel to asynchronous mode, so that the events are retrieved in handshake mode.
- or
- Track event timestamp no. 1 in the online display:

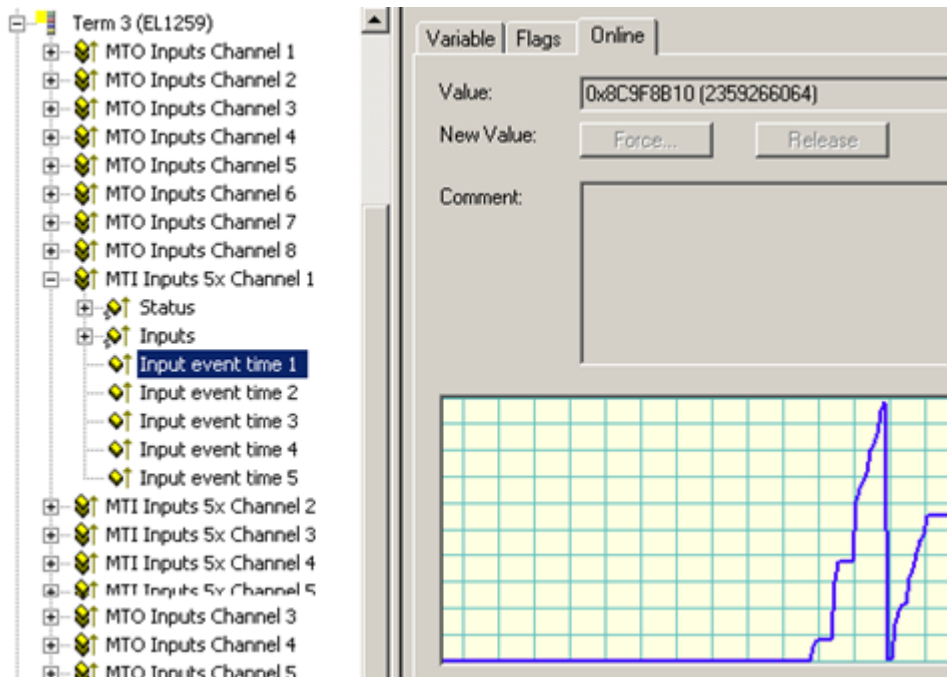


Fig. 172: Timestamp via online display

5. Processing of events in the PLC

The channel supplies 32-bit timestamp. The following function block can be used for scaling up to the convenient 64-bit format:

 Download (https://infosys.beckhoff.com/content/1033/el125x_el2258/Resources/1885941003.zip)

5.6.3 Commissioning in compatibility mode

The EP1258-0502 can also be operated in compatibility mode with the EP1258-0001 and EP1258-0002.

To do this, set one of the following Predefined PDO Assignments:

- "Compatible 1 Ch."
- "Compatible 2 Ch."
- "Compatible 4 Ch."
- "Compatible 8 Ch."

The procedure for setting can be found in chapter Configuring the process image.

Configuration

The CoE objects 0x80n0:0 "TSI Settings" can be used to define the behavior in the event of multiple events in an EtherCAT cycle, similar to EP1258-0001 and EP1258-0002. In this case MTSF = 1.

Parameter	Value	Enum	Description
80n0:01	0	Last edge	The last detected event is forwarded to the PLC
	1	First edge	The first detected event is forwarded to the PLC
80n0:02	0	Last edge	The last detected event is forwarded to the PLC
	1	First edge	The first detected event is forwarded to the PLC

5.7 Commissioning outputs

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5.7.1 Basic principles

Each MTO channel (multi-timestamp output) has inputs and outputs in the cyclic process image, which have to be linked with the PLC/task.

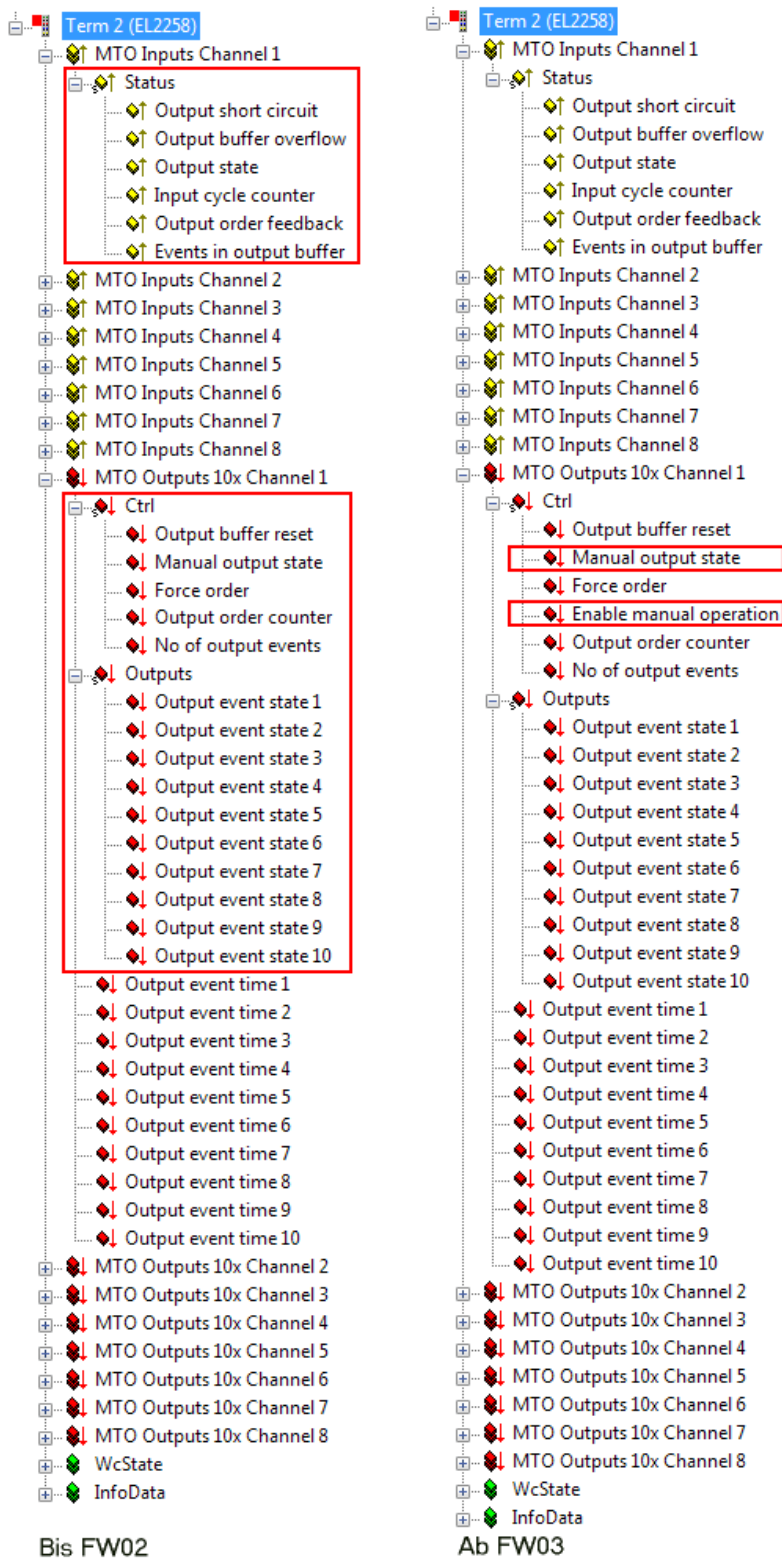


Fig. 173: Inputs and outputs in the project tree

● **Additional PDO from FW03/Rev 0017**

i From FW03 the CtrlWord is provided with the EnableManualOperation function. This function is located at bit position 4 of the CtrlWord and is effective only if it is configured with TRUE. This bit position was previously unused. Thus also newer EL1259/EL2258 terminals can be used in the application according to the Beckhoff IO compatibility rule if a predecessor revision (e.g. 0016) is used in the configuration. Conversely, older terminals with firmware < FW03 may of course not be used in the application if this function is to be used. In general, values not equal to the default value should not be written on the application side to variables/bits that have a placeholder/reserved function and have not yet been configured with a function. The placeholders can thus be configured for future functions as in this case.

MTO inputs returns diagnostic data in real-time for each channel:

- Status

- *OutputShortCircuit*: A short circuit is present at the channel.
- *OutputBufferOverflow* = TRUE: Indicates that more events were to be transferred at the output than can be stored in the buffer. In CoE [0x80n1:12 \[► 156\]](#) there is an option to select whether further new events arriving at the output are:
 - no longer stored in the buffer (default), or
 - stored in the buffer while older events are deleted
- *OutputState*: State of output 0/1 for transfer to the process data via EtherCAT. This corresponds to the classic Bool output and can be used in the same way
- *InputCycleCounter*: The 2-bit counter is used for input process data monitoring. With each process data exchange of the terminal it is incremented by one and is reset to zero when its maximum value of three is exceeded.
- *EventsInInputBuffer*: Number of saved events remaining in the buffer after the events transmitted for the current cycle have been removed.
- *OutputOrderFeedback*: Reflects the *OutputOrderCounter*. Indicates whether the *OutputOrderCounter* was received and processed by the terminal.

MTO outputs transfers in each cycle the events to be output to the channel, together with switching state 0/1 and switching time (timestamp)

- Ctrl

- *OutputBufferReset* = TRUE: The channel buffer is cleared. This can make sense, e.g. in the case of a reported *OutputBufferOverflow*, if the application requires this.
- *ManualOutputState and EnableManualOperation*: This bit can be used for manual switching of the channel output.
A distinction is made between two operating modes
 1. In the CoE the object [0x80n1:02 EnableManualOperation \[► 156\]](#) can be set to TRUE. *This deactivates timestamp mode for this channel. The channel can then only be switched via the bit "Manual output state".*
 2. In the process image the bit "Enable manual operation" is set. The output assumes the state that was specified via the bit "Manual output state". In contrast to the mode described above, processing of the timestamps continues in the background. When the bit "Enable manual operation" is set to False again, the output changes to the status it was allocated through processing of the timestamps.
- *ForceOrder*: In the default state (i.e. FALSE) only future events are processed. Events in the past can be executed by setting this PDO (i.e. TRUE). This PDO only becomes meaningful when the object [0x80n1:03 EnableTimeCheck \[► 156\]](#) is activated in the CoE.
- *OutputOrderCounter*: New switching orders are only entered in the process image when the counter is incremented by the controller.
- *NoOfOutputEvents*: Number of events to be output in this process data cycle

- Output Bit Array: Bit-by-bit output states as array to the corresponding timestamps

Bit 0: Output value timestamp 1
 Bit 1: Output value timestamp 2
 etc.

- Output event time x: List of 32-bit timestamps of the respective signal edge.

Each channel has corresponding settings for **selection of the operating mode** in the CoE from 0x80n1:

8001:0	MTO Settings Ch.1	R/W	> 18 <
8001:01	Use as +24 V power supply	R/W	FALSE
8001:02	Enable manual operation	R/W	FALSE
8001:03	Enable time check	R/W	FALSE
8001:11	Buffer reset behaviour	R/W	Reset on rising edge (0)
8001:12	Buffer overflow behaviour	R/W	Lock buffer (0)

Fig. 174: Operating mode selection in CoE from 0x80n1

0x80n1:0 MTO Set- tings Ch. n=0...7	Name	Entry	Description
80n1:01	Use as +24 V power supply		Switches the selected output in OP mode as 24 V power supply
	0x80n1:01 FALSE		Input disabled as power supply
	0x80n1:01 TRUE		Input activated as power supply
80n1:02	Enable manual operation		Manual setting of inputs (without timestamp) is enabled. This can be used to test actuators or manual procedures.
	0x80n1:02 FALSE		Manual setting of inputs is blocked
	0x80n1:02 TRUE		Manual setting of inputs is possible
80n1:03	Enable time check	See figure	<p>Output events must be transferred chronologically. If an event with "outdated" timestamp is transferred to a channel, the following decision options are available:</p> <p>Mode1: <i>Enable time check = 0, Force order = no meaning::</i> No "outdated" events are transferred. The system waits, including overflow (4.29s) where appropriate, after which the switching order is executed.</p> <p>If <i>EnableTimeCheck</i> is activated, the timestamp width of 4.29 seconds is subdivided into 2.15 seconds past & 2.15 seconds future. In this case switching orders may only be up to 2.15 seconds in the future. The bit <i>ForceOrder</i>, which is available as PDO in the status register for each channel, is used to specify how the "outdated" timestamp should be handled.</p> <p>Mode2: <i>Enable time check = 1, Force order = 0:</i> "Outdated" event is discarded</p> <p>Mode3: <i>Enable time check = 1, Force order = 1:</i> "Outdated" event is output immediately, i.e. effectively delayed.</p>
	0x80n1:03 FALSE	EnableTimeCheck Mode 1-3 ▶ 160	
	0x80n1:03 TRUE		
80n1:11	Buffer reset behavior		Reset behavior in the event of a reset signal in the status register (PDO)
	0x80n1:11 Entry FALSE	Reset on rising edge	Reset is executed on rising edge. New data can then be buffered right away.
	0x80n1:11 Entry TRUE	Reset on high level	Buffer is held in reset as long as the signal is active. With high cycle times this can result in data loss.
80n1:12	Buffer overflow behavior		Configuration of the behavior if more than 32 events per channel have to be stored
	0x80n1:12 Entry FALSE	Lock buffer	Overwriting of data is blocked, new events will be lost.
	0x80n1:12 Entry TRUE	Overwrite oldest event	The oldest data are overwritten, new events are retained.

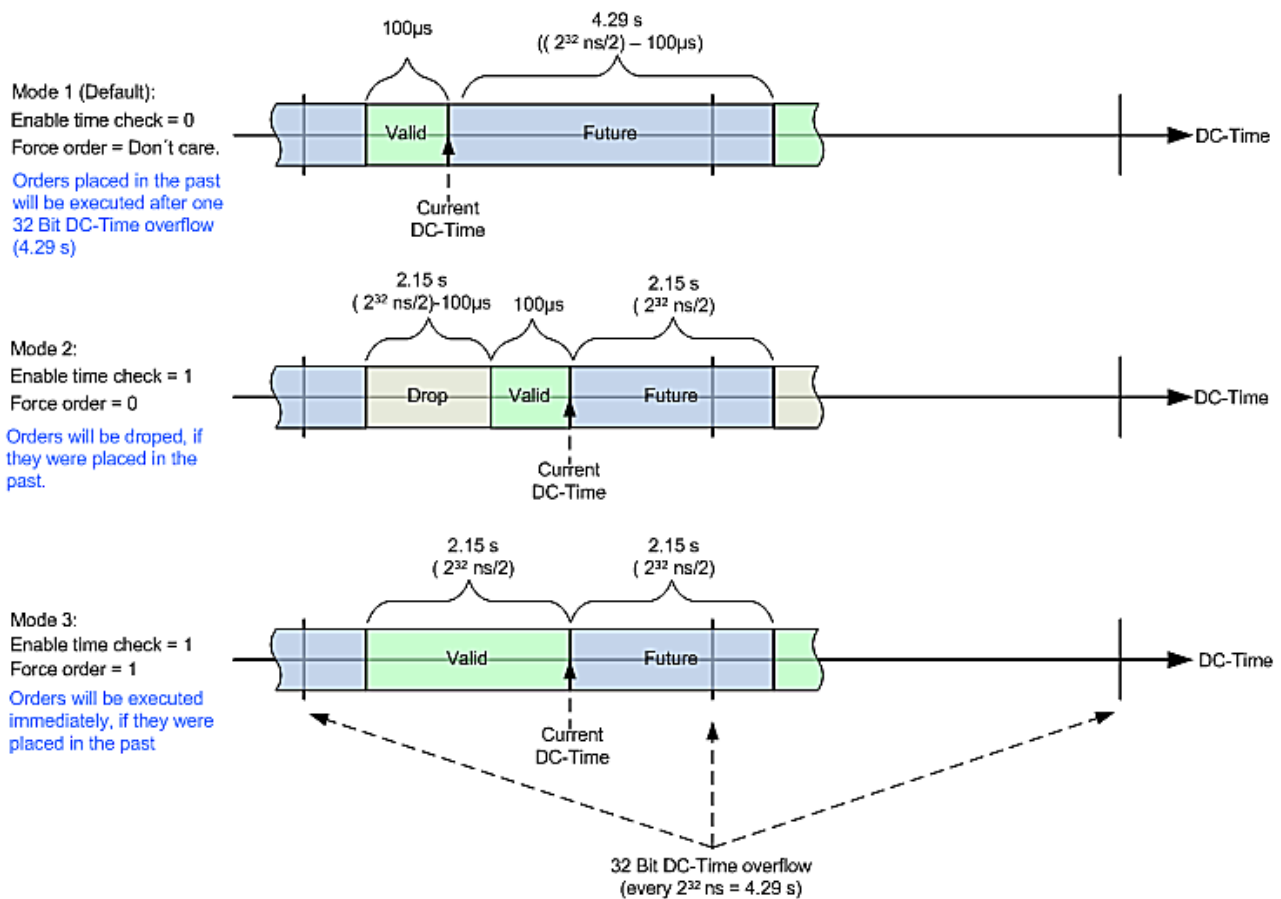


Fig. 175: EnableTimeCeck Mode 1-3

5.7.2 Commissioning an MTO channel

1. How do I test my actuator?

How do I test my actuator? Via the regular process data the outputs cannot be controlled without a time specification. The following procedure can be used to test a connected actuator without time specification:

- In the CoE directory `0x80n1:02 EnableManualOperation` [► 156] set the bit for the respective channel.
- If the terminal is in OP state, the PDO *Manual/OutputState* can be set in **MTO Outputs Ctrl**

8001:0	MTO Settings Ch.1	R/W	> 18 <
8001:01	Use as +24 V power supply	R/W	FALSE
8001:02	Enable manual operation	R/W	TRUE
8001:03	Enable time check	R/W	FALSE
8001:11	Buffer reset behaviour	R/W	Reset on rising edge (0)
8001:12	Buffer overflow behaviour	R/W	Lock buffer (0)

Fig. 176: Manual control

The output can be set to +24 V continuous power supply. If the terminal is in OP state, the output can be activated by setting the bit in CoE `0x80n1:01 UseAs+24VPowerSupply` [► 156].

8001:0	MTO Settings Ch.1	RW	> 18 <
8001:01	Use as +24 V power supply	RW	TRUE
8001:02	Enable manual operation	RW	FALSE
8001:03	Enable time check	RW	FALSE
8001:11	Buffer reset behaviour	RW	Reset on rising edge (0)
8001:12	Buffer overflow behaviour	RW	Lock buffer (0)

Fig. 177: Output in +24 V continuous mode

2. Setting the multi-timestamping factor (MTSF)

To facilitate choosing an appropriate MTSF one should estimate how many switching orders per cycle are to be output. The multi-timestamping factor (MTSF) can then be selected. The factor indicates the maximum number of events that can be loaded into the buffer for each EtherCAT cycle.

In order to avoid the transfer of excessive quantities of process data, the following configuration recommendation applies:

$MTSF \geq \text{expected maximum number of switching orders per EtherCAT cycle}$

Example: At a cycle time of 1 ms, a maximum of 5 switching orders/ms per channel are expected. All 8 channels of the EL2258 are to be used.

- MTSF = 5
- Select "Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 5x" via the predefined PDO.

Predefined PDO Assignment: 'Multi-Timestamping 8 Ch. 5x'

Fig. 178: Process data selection (predefined PDO) for synchronous transfer

For each switching order an output bit in the output array (right-justified) and a timestamp are available. These process data are placeholders for the switching orders from the PLC to the channel.

If fewer channels are required, predefined PDOs are also available for 4, 2 or 1 channel(s), with an MTSF of 1x, 2x, 5x and 10x respectively.

3. How are the outputs with timestamp activated?

Procedure during each cycle:

- Place all switching orders calculated in the PLC (*output state+timestamp[32 bit]*) in the PDO
- Set *NoOfOutputEvents* = x (e.g. x=5 if 5 valid switching orders are sent, x must be ≤ MTSF)
- Increment *OutputOrderCounter* (+ 1). This is the instruction that forces the channel to accept switching orders.

The channel returns *OutputOrderFeedback* = *OutputOrderCounter*, once it has accepted the switching orders. This is already the case in the next EtherCAT cycle, as long as the macrocycle time was not violated. Therefore two application types are possible:

- Like with a handshake, the PLC always waits to ascertain whether in the next cycle the channel has responded with *OutputOrderFeedback* = *OutputOrderCounter* before sending the next set of switching orders. This reduces the number of switching orders that can be executed per second by 50%.
- The PLC does not wait, but continuously sends new switching orders to the channel in each cycle. Nevertheless, it is advisable to check *OutputOrderFeedback* = *OutputOrderCounter* in order to ascertain whether a set of switching orders may already have been accepted in the next cycle.

If no new switching orders are to be sent to the channel during a cycle, *OutputOrderCounter* should simply be left unchanged.

It is recommended to always use (signed) 64-bit times in the PLC. The lower half this time variable can then simply be mapped to the channel PDO. However, note that timestamps/switching orders calculated in the PLC in this way must not be more than approx. 2 seconds in the future.

5.7.3 Commissioning in compatibility mode EL2252

The multi-timestamp terminals can also be operated in compatibility mode with regard to the EL2252. The following settings are required:

Procedure:

- The changeover should only be implemented via the *predefined PDO*:

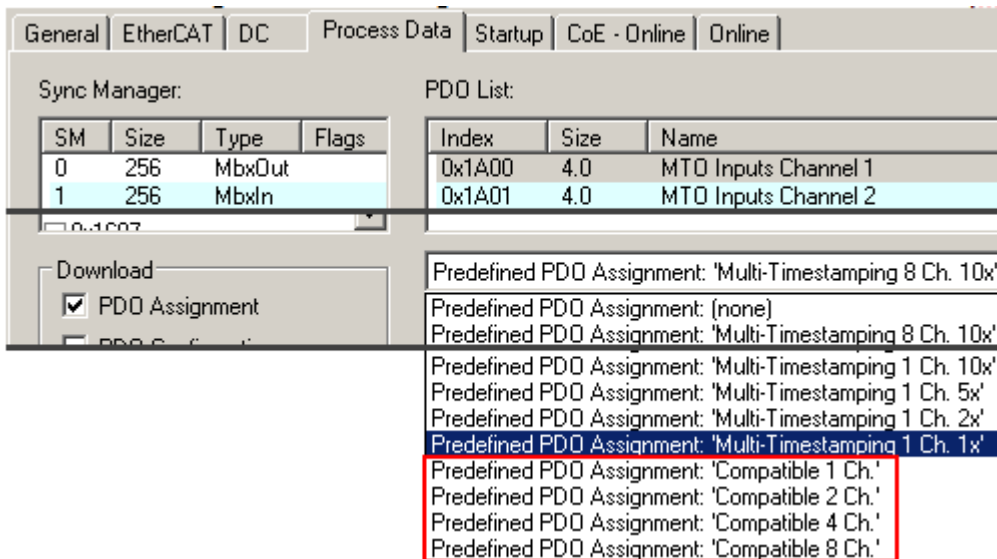


Fig. 179: Predefined PDOs for compatibility mode

- CoE 0x70n0:0 MTO outputs Ch.n (n=8...F) can be used for configuration, similar to the EL2252. In addition the EL2252 offers a tristate PDO for high-resistance switching of the channels. This PDO is not available for the EL2258.

0x70n0:0 MTO Output Ch. n=8...F	Name	Entry	Description
70n1:01	Output		Activates output 0 V/24 V of channel n=1..8
	0x70n0:01 FALSE		0 V present at the output
	0x70n0:01 TRUE		24 V present at the output
70n1:11	Activate		This byte activates a new start time in the terminal through the transition 0 --> 3
70n0:41	Start Time		64-bit value of the next desired switching event



Free PDO selection

No provision is made for free arrangement of the respective PDOs in compatibility mode.

5.8 Distributed Clocks settings

Determination of the current Distributed Clock time

If the current distributed clock time is required in a PLC cycle, this can

1. be linked via an input variable of the EtherCAT master
2. displayed directly by the terminal as a 64-bit system time



Functions for data types with 64-bit width

A selection of functions for handling 64-bit numbers is available under Beckhoff TwinCAT in the TcUtilities.lib library. Longer execution times are required here than is the case with standard, 32-bit data types.

A data type with a width of 64-bits is defined in TcEthercat.lib as T_DCTIME or in TcUtilities.lib as T_LARGE_INTEGER.

1. Via the EtherCAT master

The EtherCAT master can display a copy of the current master distributed clock. To this end activate the setting "Show DC System Time (64 bit)" in the *EtherCAT device* --> *EtherCAT tab* --> *Advanced Settings* --> *Distributed Clocks* (Fig. Activation of the master distributed clock display).

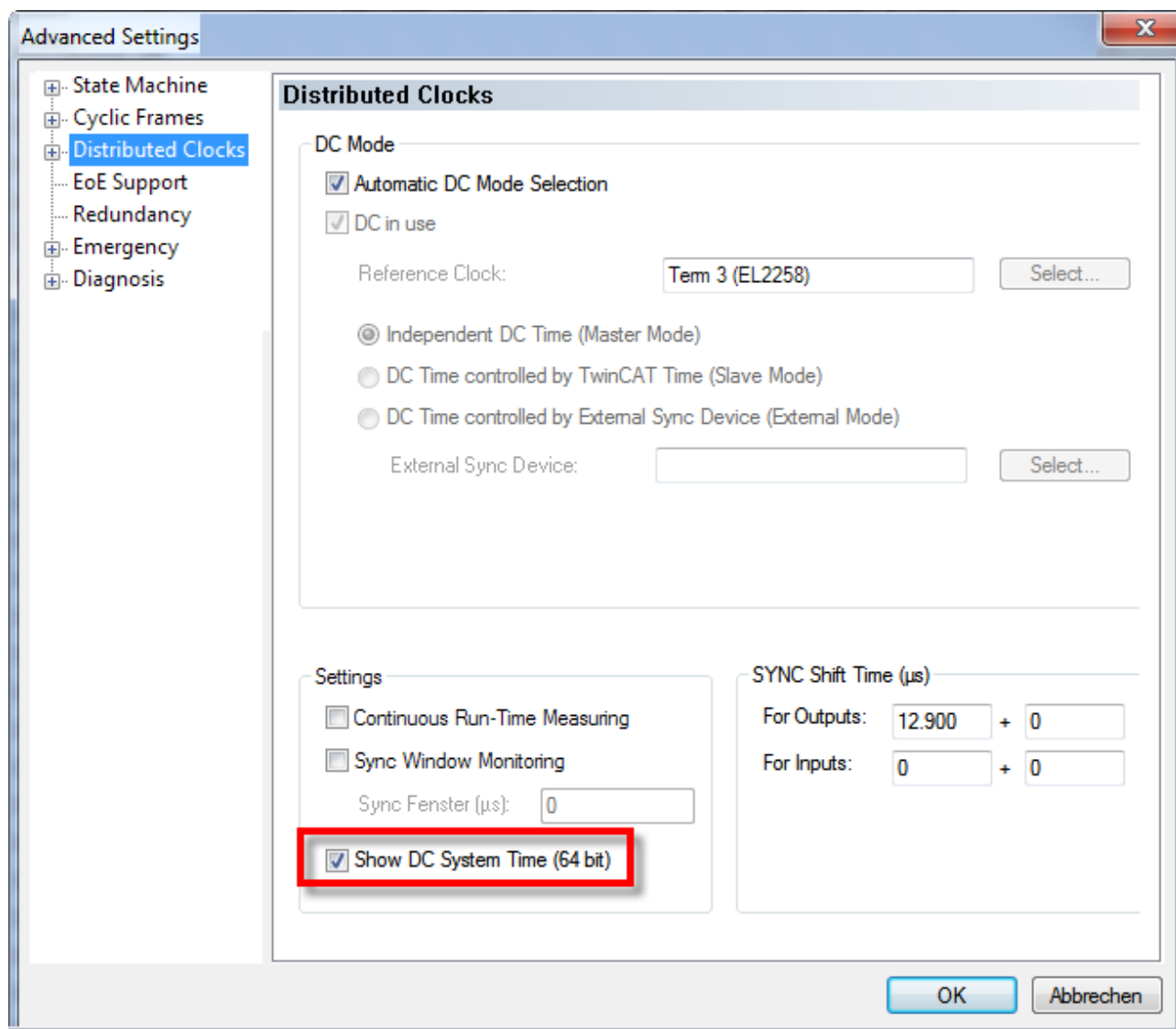


Fig. 180: Activation of the master distributed clock display

The process image of the EtherCAT master now looks as shown in Fig. *Extended process image of the EtherCAT master*:

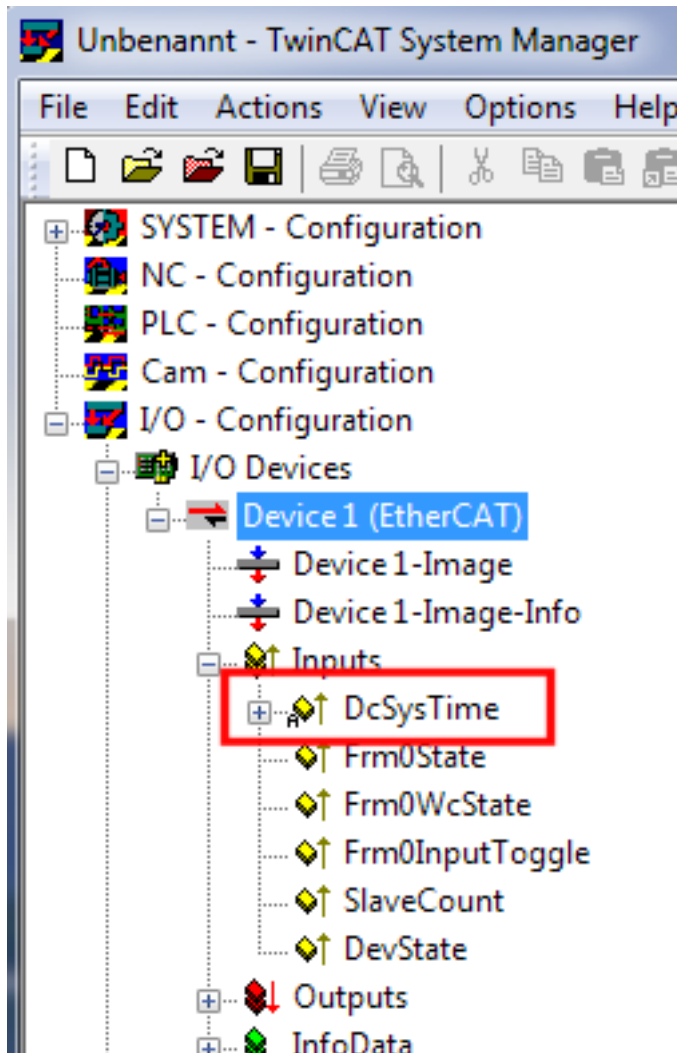


Fig. 181: Extended process image of the EtherCAT master

i

SYSTIME

The EtherCAT master value DcSysTime is to be used with care and should serve only as a coarse indication as to which time zone (order of magnitude: 1-2 task cycles) the Distributed Clocks system is currently in.

This is due to the fact that the local time in the terminal is read into associated buffers several μ s before retrieving frame. The EtherCAT strand then requires some time for transporting the process data to the master. Due to the character of the visualization, the online display in the TwinCAT System Manager is accurate at best to a three-figure millisecond range. Within a PLC the SysTime process data may also be outdated to a certain degree: depending on when the analysis takes place in the program code, the process data may be several μ s/ms older. If responses of an EtherCAT strand (e.g. an EL2258 output terminal) are to be based on a SysTime read in this way, 2-3 PLC cycles should be taken into account as a buffer.

It is more appropriate to use an EL2258 with other EtherCAT slaves that generate a timestamp based on ambient influences, such as the EL1252.

Alternatively, functions can also be called at NC/PLC runtime that immediately return the current DC time, e.g. F_GetCurDcTickTime. Refer to the notes on the TwinCAT time sources in the [EtherCAT system documentation](#).

2. Terminal's own SysTime

The MultiTimestamp terminals can offer the local DC system time of the terminal directly as a process data:

SM	Size	Type	Flags
0	256	MbxOut	
1	256	MbxIn	
2	32	Outputs	
3	400	Inputs	

Index	Size	Name
0x1A25	24.0	TSI Inputs Channel 6
0x1A26	24.0	TSI Inputs Channel 7
0x1A27	24.0	TSI Inputs Channel 8
0x1A28	16.0	DEV Inputs Device
0x1600	4.0	MTI Outputs Channel 1
0x1601	4.0	MTI Outputs Channel 2
0x1602	4.0	MTI Outputs Channel 3

Index	Size	Offs	Name
0x6001:01	1.0	0.0	Status__No of input
0x6001:09	0.1	1.0	Status__Input state
0x6001:0A	0.1	1.1	Status__Input buffer
--	0.4	1.2	--

Name	Type	Size	>Addr...	In/Out	User ID	Linked to
Input event time 7	UDINT	4.0	439.0	Input	0	
Input event time 8	UDINT	4.0	443.0	Input	0	
Input event time 9	UDINT	4.0	447.0	Input	0	
Input event time 10	UDINT	4.0	451.0	Input	0	
Undervoltage Up	BOOL	0.1	455.1	Input	0	
Overtemperature	BOOL	0.1	455.2	Input	0	
Checksum error	BOOL	0.1	455.3	Input	0	
SysTime	ULINT	8.0	463.0	Input	0	
WcState	BOOL	0.1	1522.3	Input	0	

Fig. 182: Setting SysTime

To this end, the "PDO DEV Input Device" has to be activated in the System Manager:

- for EL1258: 0x1A28
- for EL1259: 0x1A38
- for EL2258: 0x1A10

● SysTime

The value DcSysTime of the terminal is to be used with care and should serve only as a coarse indication as to which time zone (order of magnitude: +/-1 task cycle) the Distributed Clocks system is currently in. The reason is that the local time in the terminal is only determined once per macro cycle, without specification of the exact time.

It is more appropriate to use an EL2258 with other EtherCAT slaves that generate a timestamp based on ambient influences, such as the EL1252.

Alternatively, functions can also be called at NC/PLC runtime that immediately return the current DC time, e.g. F_GetCurDcTickTime. Refer to the notes on the TwinCAT time sources in the [EtherCAT system documentation](#).



SysTime 32/64 bit

The PDO SysTime is filled as follows:

- in "CompatibleModus" the 64 bit variable is filled with the full 64 bit distributed clock time
 - in "MultiTimeStamp Modus" the 64 bit variable is only filled with the lower 32 bit, since this is also the time width of the time stamps.
-

5.9 CoE object description and parameterization

5.9.1 EL1258

5.9.1.1 Object description – specific objects

i EtherCAT XML Device Description

The display matches that of the CoE objects from the EtherCAT XML Device Description. We recommend downloading the latest XML file from the download area of the [Beckhoff website](#) and installing it according to installation instructions.

i Parameterization via the CoE list (CAN over EtherCAT)

The terminal is parameterized via the CoE - Online tab (double-click on the respective object) or via the Process Data tab (allocation of PDOs). Please note the following general CoE information when using/manipulating the [CoE parameters](#) [► 40]:

- Keep a startup list if components have to be replaced
- Differentiation between online/offline dictionary, existence of current XML description
- Use "CoE reload" for resetting changes

5.9.1.1.1 Restore object

Index 1011 Restore default parameters

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1011:0	Restore default parameters	Restore default parameters	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
1011:01	SubIndex 001	If this object is set to "0x64616F6C" in the set value dialog, all backup objects are reset to their delivery state.	UINT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.1.1.2 Configuration data

Index 8pp0 MTI settings (for $00 \leq pp \leq 07$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default	
8pp0:0	MTI settings		UINT8	RO	0x14 (20 _{dec})	
8pp0:01	Enable digital filter	Activation of the filter to hide spikes. The filter length should be entered in 8pp0:14 "DigitalFilterCount" (further explanation see here ▶ 154).	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})	
8pp0:11	Buffer reset behavior	Specifies the behavior of the "Input buffer reset" bit Permitted values:	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})	
		0				Reset on rising edge: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Input buffer reset"
		1				Reset on high level: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Input buffer reset" and does not accept new values until "Input buffer reset" is reset.
8pp0:12	Buffer mode	Specifies whether handshaking is to be used for retrieving the values from the buffer (transmission integrity) or whether new values are to be transferred directly with each PLC cycle (faster). Permitted values (further explanation see here) ▶ 152 :	UINT16	RW	0x0001 (1 _{dec})	
		0				Asynchronous (Buffered): The arrival of new events must be acknowledged by the PLC. To this end the byte "No of input events" must be monitored in the PLC program. If it is greater than zero the pending events can be taken over from the process image. Subsequently the byte "Input order counter" must be incremented. This signals the terminal that the events were accepted and new data can be created in the next cycle.
		1				Synchronous: New events are automatically transferred with each PLC cycle
8pp0:13	Buffer overflow behavior	Specifies the behavior in the event of buffer overflow Permitted values:	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})	
		0				Lock buffer: New events are discarded
		1				Overwrite oldest event: New events overwrite the last events in the buffer
8pp0:14	Digital filter count	Defines the number of event samples to ensure transfer into the buffer (further explanation see here) ▶ 154 .	UINT16	RW	0x0001 (1 _{dec})	

Index 8ppF MTI Vendor data (for $00 \leq pp \leq 07$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	MTI Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the input time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the input time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 8pp0 TSI Settings (for $08 \leq pp \leq 0F$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8pp0:0	TSI Settings		UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
8pp0:01	Pos Sample Mode	During each PLC cycle only one rising edge may be detected at the terminal input. If several edges arrive during a cycle, this bit can be used to decide which edge should be shown in the process image. Permitted values:	BIT1	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
		0 Last edge: The last edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			
		1 First edge: The first edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			
8pp0:02	Neg Sample Mode	During each PLC cycle only one falling edge may be detected at the terminal input. If several edges arrive during a cycle, this bit can be used to decide which edge should be shown in the process image. Permitted values:	BIT1	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
		0 Last edge: The last edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			
		1 First edge: The first edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			

Index 8ppF TSI Vendor data (for $08 \leq pp \leq 0F$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	TSI Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the input time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the input time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.1.1.3 Input data

Index 6pp1 MTI inputs (for $00 \leq pp \leq 07$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp1:0	MTI inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:01	No of input events	Signals the number of new timestamps available in the process image. If three is returned, for example, only the objects "Input event state 1...3" and "Input event time 1...3" are valid.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:09	Input state	Indicates the current input state at the time of the process data cycle.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:0A	Input buffer overflow	More events occurred at the input than elements were free in the buffer for the channel.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:0F	Input cycle counter	Is incremented with each process data cycle and switches to 0 after its maximum value of 3.	BIT2	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:11	Events in input buffer	Signals the number of events currently in the buffer.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:12	Input order feedback	This byte reflects the state of the "Input order counter" byte (further explanation see here) [► 152].	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:21	Input event state 1	Indicates whether the event was a rising (1) or a falling (0) edge.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:22	Input event state 2	...	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:2A	Input event state 10	...	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:41	Input event time 1	32-bit timestamp for the corresponding "Input event state n"	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:42	Input event time 2	...	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:4A	Input event time 10	...	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 6pp0 TSI Inputs (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp0:0	TSI Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:01	Input	Current input status	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:09	Status	Bit0: Is set for one cycle if a rising edge was detected. Bit1: Is set for one cycle if a falling edge was detected.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:41	LatchPos	Timestamp of the rising edge	UINT64	RO	
6pp0:42	LatchNeg	Timestamp of the falling edge	UINT64	RO	

Index F611 DEV Inputs

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F611:0	DEV Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x21 (33 _{dec})
F611:02	Undervoltage Up	The nominal operating voltage at the power contacts was significantly below the minimum value.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:03	Overtemperature	Overtemperature fault: The temperature of the input or output blocks is too high. For output terminals check whether one of the channels is affected by a short circuit.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:04	Checksum error	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:21	SysTime	DC timestamp of the last input mapping. This timestamp should not be used as reference. (information on DC reference times). [► 163]	UINT64	RO	

5.9.1.1.4 Output data**Index 7pp0 MTI outputs (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
7pp0:0	MTI outputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:01	Input buffer reset	Removes all elements from the buffer Clearing can be achieved through a rising edge or continuously by applying 1 at this bit. The behavior can be parameterized via the CoE object 0x8pp0:11 [► 168] ("Buffer reset behavior").	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:11	Input order counter	This bit indicates to the terminal that the input events were accepted from the process image and the terminal can copy a new set of input events from the buffer into the process image during the next cycle (see buffer mode). [► 152]	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

5.9.1.1.5 Diagnostic data**Index App0 MTI Diag data (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
App0:0	MTI Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
App0:01	Overtemperature	The internal terminal temperature is above the valid range. For terminals with output channels check the outputs for short circuit.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:02	Undervoltage	The voltage at the power contacts is outside the valid range.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index A001 MTI common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A001:0	MTI common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x11 (17 _{dec})
A001:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index A080 TSI common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A080:0	TSI common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x11 (17 _{dec})
A080:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.1.1.6 Information data**Index F900 DEV Info data**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F900:0	DEV Info data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F900:08	Cycle Time	Indicates the smallest possible <u>cycle time</u> [► 145] that can be set [ns].	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
F900:09	Sample time	Indicates the <u>sampling time</u> [► 145] of the inputs and outputs [ns].	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.1.1.7 Command object**Index FB00 command**

The command object was implemented for future use. Currently no commands are supported.

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
FB00:0	Command		UINT8	RO	0x03 (3 _{dec})
FB00:01	Request	Commands can be sent to the terminal via the request object.	OCTET-STRING[2]	RW	{0}
FB00:02	Status	Status of the command currently being executed	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
FB00:03	Response	Optional response value of the command	OCTET-STRING[6]	RO	{0}

5.9.1.2 Object description - standard objects**Index 1000 Device type**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1000:0	Device type	Device type of the EtherCAT slave: the Lo-Word contains the CoE profile used (5001). The Hi-Word contains the module profile according to the modular device profile.	UINT32	RO	0x00001389 (5001 _{dec})

Index 1008 Device name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1008:0	Device name	Device name of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	EL1258

Index 1009 Hardware version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1009:0	Hardware version	Hardware version of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	

Index 100A Software version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
100A:0	Software version	Firmware version of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	99

Index 1018 Identity

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1018:0	Identity	Information for identifying the slave	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1018:01	Vendor ID	Vendor ID of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x00000002 (2 _{dec})
1018:02	Product code	Product code of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x04EA3052 (82456658 _{dec})
1018:03	Revision	Revision number of the EtherCAT slave; the low word (bit 0-15) indicates the special terminal number, the high word (bit 16-31) refers to the device description	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1018:04	Serial number	Serial number of the EtherCAT slave; the low byte (bit 0-7) of the low word contains the year of production, the high byte (bit 8-15) of the low word contains the week of production, the high word (bit 16-31) is 0	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 10F0 Backup parameter handling

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	Information for standardized loading and saving of backup entries	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
10F0:01	Checksum	Checksum across all backup entries of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1600 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1600:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 1	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1600:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7000 (MTI outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7000:01, 1
1600:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1600:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7000 (MTI outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7000:11, 8
1600:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1601 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1601:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 2	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1601:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7010 (MTI outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7010:01, 1
1601:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1601:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7010 (MTI outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7010:11, 8
1601:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1602 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1602:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 3	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1602:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7020 (MTI outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7020:01, 1
1602:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1602:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7020 (MTI outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7020:11, 8
1602:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1603 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1603:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 4	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1603:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7030 (MTI outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7030:01, 1
1603:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1603:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7030 (MTI outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7030:11, 8
1603:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1604 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1604:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 5	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1604:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7040 (MTI outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7040:01, 1
1604:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1604:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7040 (MTI outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7040:11, 8
1604:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1605 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1605:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 6	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1605:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7050 (MTI outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7050:01, 1
1605:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1605:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7050 (MTI outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7050:11, 8
1605:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1606 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1606:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 7	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1606:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7060 (MTI outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7060:01, 1
1606:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1606:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7060 (MTI outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7060:11, 8
1606:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1607 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1607:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 8	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1607:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7070 (MTI outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7070:01, 1
1607:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1607:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7070 (MTI outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7070:11, 8
1607:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1A00 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A00:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 1	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A00:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:01, 8
1A00:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:09, 1
1A00:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0A, 1
1A00:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A00:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0F, 2
1A00:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:11, 8
1A00:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:12, 8
1A00:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:21, 1
1A00:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:22, 1
1A00:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:23, 1
1A00:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:24, 1
1A00:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:25, 1
1A00:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:26, 1
1A00:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:27, 1
1A00:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:28, 1
1A00:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:29, 1
1A00:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:2A, 1
1A00:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A00:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:41, 32
1A00:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:42, 32
1A00:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:43, 32
1A00:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:44, 32
1A00:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:45, 32
1A00:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:46, 32
1A00:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:47, 32
1A00:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:48, 32
1A00:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:49, 32
1A00:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:4A, 32

Index 1A01 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A01:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 2	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A01:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:01, 8
1A01:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:09, 1
1A01:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0A, 1
1A01:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A01:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0F, 2
1A01:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:11, 8
1A01:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:12, 8
1A01:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:21, 1
1A01:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:22, 1
1A01:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:23, 1
1A01:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:24, 1
1A01:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:25, 1
1A01:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A01:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:41, 32
1A01:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:42, 32
1A01:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:43, 32
1A01:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:44, 32
1A01:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:45, 32

Index 1A02 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A02:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 3	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A02:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:01, 8
1A02:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:09, 1
1A02:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0A, 1
1A02:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A02:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0F, 2
1A02:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:11, 8
1A02:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:12, 8
1A02:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:21, 1
1A02:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:22, 1
1A02:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A02:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:41, 32
1A02:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:42, 32

Index 1A03 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A03:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 4	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A03:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:01, 8
1A03:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:09, 1
1A03:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0A, 1
1A03:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A03:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:0F, 2
1A03:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:11, 8
1A03:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:12, 8
1A03:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:21, 1
1A03:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A03:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6001 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6001:41, 32

Index 1A04 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A04:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 5	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A04:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:01, 8
1A04:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:09, 1
1A04:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0A, 1
1A04:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A04:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0F, 2
1A04:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:11, 8
1A04:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:12, 8
1A04:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:21, 1
1A04:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:22, 1
1A04:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:23, 1
1A04:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:24, 1
1A04:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:25, 1
1A04:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:26, 1
1A04:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:27, 1
1A04:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:28, 1
1A04:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:29, 1
1A04:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:2A, 1
1A04:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A04:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:41, 32
1A04:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:42, 32
1A04:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:43, 32
1A04:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:44, 32
1A04:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:45, 32
1A04:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:46, 32
1A04:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:47, 32
1A04:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:48, 32
1A04:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:49, 32
1A04:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:4A, 32

Index 1A05 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A05:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 6	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A05:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:01, 8
1A05:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:09, 1
1A05:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0A, 1
1A05:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A05:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0F, 2
1A05:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:11, 8
1A05:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:12, 8
1A05:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:21, 1
1A05:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:22, 1
1A05:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:23, 1
1A05:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:24, 1
1A05:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:25, 1
1A05:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A05:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:41, 32
1A05:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:42, 32
1A05:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:43, 32
1A05:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:44, 32
1A05:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:45, 32

Index 1A06 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A06:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 7	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A06:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:01, 8
1A06:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:09, 1
1A06:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0A, 1
1A06:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A06:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0F, 2
1A06:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:11, 8
1A06:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:12, 8
1A06:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:21, 1
1A06:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:22, 1
1A06:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A06:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:41, 32
1A06:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:42, 32

Index 1A07 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A07:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 8	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A07:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:01, 8
1A07:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:09, 1
1A07:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0A, 1
1A07:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A07:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:0F, 2
1A07:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:11, 8
1A07:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:12, 8
1A07:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:21, 1
1A07:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A07:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6011 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6011:41, 32

Index 1A08 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A08:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 9	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A08:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:01, 8
1A08:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:09, 1
1A08:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0A, 1
1A08:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A08:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0F, 2
1A08:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:11, 8
1A08:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:12, 8
1A08:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:21, 1
1A08:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:22, 1
1A08:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:23, 1
1A08:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:24, 1
1A08:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:25, 1
1A08:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:26, 1
1A08:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:27, 1
1A08:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:28, 1
1A08:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:29, 1
1A08:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:2A, 1
1A08:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A08:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:41, 32
1A08:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:42, 32
1A08:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:43, 32
1A08:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:44, 32
1A08:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:45, 32
1A08:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:46, 32
1A08:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:47, 32
1A08:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:48, 32
1A08:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:49, 32
1A08:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:4A, 32

Index 1A09 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A09:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 10	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A09:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:01, 8
1A09:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:09, 1
1A09:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0A, 1
1A09:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A09:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0F, 2
1A09:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:11, 8
1A09:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:12, 8
1A09:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:21, 1
1A09:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:22, 1
1A09:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:23, 1
1A09:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:24, 1
1A09:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:25, 1
1A09:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A09:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:41, 32
1A09:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:42, 32
1A09:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:43, 32
1A09:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:44, 32
1A09:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:45, 32

Index 1A0A MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0A:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 11	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A0A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:01, 8
1A0A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:09, 1
1A0A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0A, 1
1A0A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0F, 2
1A0A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:11, 8
1A0A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:12, 8
1A0A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:21, 1
1A0A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:22, 1
1A0A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A0A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:41, 32
1A0A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:42, 32

Index 1A0B MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0B:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 12	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A0B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:01, 8
1A0B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:09, 1
1A0B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0A, 1
1A0B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:0F, 2
1A0B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:11, 8
1A0B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:12, 8
1A0B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:21, 1
1A0B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A0B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6021 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6021:41, 32

Index 1A0C MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0C:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 13	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A0C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:01, 8
1A0C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:09, 1
1A0C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0A, 1
1A0C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0F, 2
1A0C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:11, 8
1A0C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:12, 8
1A0C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:21, 1
1A0C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:22, 1
1A0C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:23, 1
1A0C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:24, 1
1A0C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:25, 1
1A0C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:26, 1
1A0C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:27, 1
1A0C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:28, 1
1A0C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:29, 1
1A0C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:2A, 1
1A0C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A0C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:41, 32
1A0C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:42, 32
1A0C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:43, 32
1A0C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:44, 32
1A0C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:45, 32
1A0C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:46, 32
1A0C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:47, 32
1A0C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:48, 32
1A0C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:49, 32
1A0C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:4A, 32

Index 1A0D MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0D:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 14	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A0D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:01, 8
1A0D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:09, 1
1A0D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0A, 1
1A0D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0F, 2
1A0D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:11, 8
1A0D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:12, 8
1A0D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:21, 1
1A0D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:22, 1
1A0D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:23, 1
1A0D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:24, 1
1A0D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:25, 1
1A0D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A0D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:41, 32
1A0D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:42, 32
1A0D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:43, 32
1A0D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:44, 32
1A0D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:45, 32

Index 1A0E MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0E:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 15	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A0E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:01, 8
1A0E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:09, 1
1A0E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0A, 1
1A0E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0F, 2
1A0E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:11, 8
1A0E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:12, 8
1A0E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:21, 1
1A0E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:22, 1
1A0E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A0E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:41, 32
1A0E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:42, 32

Index 1A0F MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0F:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 16	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A0F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:01, 8
1A0F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:09, 1
1A0F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0A, 1
1A0F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:0F, 2
1A0F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:11, 8
1A0F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:12, 8
1A0F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:21, 1
1A0F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A0F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6031 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6031:41, 32

Index 1A10 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A10:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 17	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A10:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:01, 8
1A10:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:09, 1
1A10:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0A, 1
1A10:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A10:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0F, 2
1A10:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:11, 8
1A10:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:12, 8
1A10:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:21, 1
1A10:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:22, 1
1A10:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:23, 1
1A10:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:24, 1
1A10:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:25, 1
1A10:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:26, 1
1A10:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:27, 1
1A10:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:28, 1
1A10:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:29, 1
1A10:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:2A, 1
1A10:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A10:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:41, 32
1A10:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:42, 32
1A10:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:43, 32
1A10:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:44, 32
1A10:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:45, 32
1A10:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:46, 32
1A10:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:47, 32
1A10:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:48, 32
1A10:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:49, 32
1A10:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:4A, 32

Index 1A11 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A11:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 18	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A11:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:01, 8
1A11:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:09, 1
1A11:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0A, 1
1A11:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A11:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0F, 2
1A11:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:11, 8
1A11:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:12, 8
1A11:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:21, 1
1A11:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:22, 1
1A11:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:23, 1
1A11:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:24, 1
1A11:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:25, 1
1A11:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A11:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:41, 32
1A11:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:42, 32
1A11:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:43, 32
1A11:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:44, 32
1A11:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:45, 32

Index 1A12 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A12:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 19	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A12:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:01, 8
1A12:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:09, 1
1A12:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0A, 1
1A12:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A12:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0F, 2
1A12:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:11, 8
1A12:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:12, 8
1A12:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:21, 1
1A12:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:22, 1
1A12:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A12:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:41, 32
1A12:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:42, 32

Index 1A13 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A13:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 20	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A13:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:01, 8
1A13:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:09, 1
1A13:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0A, 1
1A13:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A13:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:0F, 2
1A13:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:11, 8
1A13:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:12, 8
1A13:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:21, 1
1A13:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A13:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6041 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6041:41, 32

Index 1A14 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A14:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 21	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A14:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:01, 8
1A14:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:09, 1
1A14:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0A, 1
1A14:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A14:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0F, 2
1A14:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:11, 8
1A14:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:12, 8
1A14:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:21, 1
1A14:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:22, 1
1A14:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:23, 1
1A14:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:24, 1
1A14:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:25, 1
1A14:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:26, 1
1A14:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:27, 1
1A14:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:28, 1
1A14:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:29, 1
1A14:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:2A, 1
1A14:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A14:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:41, 32
1A14:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:42, 32
1A14:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:43, 32
1A14:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:44, 32
1A14:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:45, 32
1A14:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:46, 32
1A14:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:47, 32
1A14:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:48, 32
1A14:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:49, 32
1A14:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:4A, 32

Index 1A15 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A15:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 22	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A15:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:01, 8
1A15:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:09, 1
1A15:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0A, 1
1A15:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A15:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0F, 2
1A15:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:11, 8
1A15:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:12, 8
1A15:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:21, 1
1A15:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:22, 1
1A15:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:23, 1
1A15:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:24, 1
1A15:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:25, 1
1A15:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A15:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:41, 32
1A15:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:42, 32
1A15:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:43, 32
1A15:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:44, 32
1A15:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:45, 32

Index 1A16 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A16:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 23	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A16:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:01, 8
1A16:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:09, 1
1A16:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0A, 1
1A16:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A16:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0F, 2
1A16:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:11, 8
1A16:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:12, 8
1A16:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:21, 1
1A16:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:22, 1
1A16:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A16:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:41, 32
1A16:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:42, 32

Index 1A17 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A17:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 24	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A17:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:01, 8
1A17:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:09, 1
1A17:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0A, 1
1A17:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A17:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:0F, 2
1A17:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:11, 8
1A17:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:12, 8
1A17:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:21, 1
1A17:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A17:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6051 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6051:41, 32

Index 1A18 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A18:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 25	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A18:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:01, 8
1A18:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:09, 1
1A18:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0A, 1
1A18:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A18:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0F, 2
1A18:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:11, 8
1A18:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:12, 8
1A18:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:21, 1
1A18:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:22, 1
1A18:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:23, 1
1A18:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:24, 1
1A18:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:25, 1
1A18:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:26, 1
1A18:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:27, 1
1A18:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:28, 1
1A18:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:29, 1
1A18:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:2A, 1
1A18:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A18:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:41, 32
1A18:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:42, 32
1A18:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:43, 32
1A18:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:44, 32
1A18:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:45, 32
1A18:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:46, 32
1A18:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:47, 32
1A18:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:48, 32
1A18:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:49, 32
1A18:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:4A, 32

Index 1A19 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A19:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 26	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A19:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:01, 8
1A19:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:09, 1
1A19:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0A, 1
1A19:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A19:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0F, 2
1A19:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:11, 8
1A19:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:12, 8
1A19:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:21, 1
1A19:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:22, 1
1A19:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:23, 1
1A19:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:24, 1
1A19:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:25, 1
1A19:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A19:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:41, 32
1A19:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:42, 32
1A19:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:43, 32
1A19:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:44, 32
1A19:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:45, 32

Index 1A1A MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1A:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 27	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A1A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:01, 8
1A1A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:09, 1
1A1A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0A, 1
1A1A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0F, 2
1A1A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:11, 8
1A1A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:12, 8
1A1A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:21, 1
1A1A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:22, 1
1A1A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A1A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:41, 32
1A1A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:42, 32

Index 1A1B MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1B:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 28	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A1B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:01, 8
1A1B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:09, 1
1A1B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0A, 1
1A1B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:0F, 2
1A1B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:11, 8
1A1B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:12, 8
1A1B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:21, 1
1A1B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A1B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6061 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6061:41, 32

Index 1A1C MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1C:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 29	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A1C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:01, 8
1A1C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:09, 1
1A1C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0A, 1
1A1C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0F, 2
1A1C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:11, 8
1A1C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:12, 8
1A1C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:21, 1
1A1C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:22, 1
1A1C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:23, 1
1A1C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:24, 1
1A1C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:25, 1
1A1C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:26, 1
1A1C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:27, 1
1A1C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:28, 1
1A1C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:29, 1
1A1C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:2A, 1
1A1C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A1C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:41, 32
1A1C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:42, 32
1A1C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:43, 32
1A1C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:44, 32
1A1C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:45, 32
1A1C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:46, 32
1A1C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:47, 32
1A1C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:48, 32
1A1C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:49, 32
1A1C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:4A, 32

Index 1A1D MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1D:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 30	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A1D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:01, 8
1A1D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:09, 1
1A1D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0A, 1
1A1D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0F, 2
1A1D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:11, 8
1A1D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:12, 8
1A1D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:21, 1
1A1D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:22, 1
1A1D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:23, 1
1A1D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:24, 1
1A1D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:25, 1
1A1D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A1D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:41, 32
1A1D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:42, 32
1A1D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:43, 32
1A1D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:44, 32
1A1D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:45, 32

Index 1A1E MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1E:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 31	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A1E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:01, 8
1A1E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:09, 1
1A1E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0A, 1
1A1E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0F, 2
1A1E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:11, 8
1A1E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:12, 8
1A1E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:21, 1
1A1E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:22, 1
1A1E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A1E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:41, 32
1A1E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:42, 32

Index 1A1F MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1F:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 32	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A1F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:01, 8
1A1F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:09, 1
1A1F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0A, 1
1A1F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:0F, 2
1A1F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:11, 8
1A1F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:12, 8
1A1F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:21, 1
1A1F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A1F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6071 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6071:41, 32

Index 1A20 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A20:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 33	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A20:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6080 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x6080:01, 1
1A20:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A20:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6080 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x6080:09, 8
1A20:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A20:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6080 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x6080:41, 64
1A20:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6080 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x6080:42, 64

Index 1A21 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A21:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 34	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A21:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6090 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x6090:01, 1
1A21:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A21:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6090 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x6090:09, 8
1A21:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A21:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6090 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x6090:41, 64
1A21:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6090 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x6090:42, 64

Index 1A22 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A22:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 35	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A22:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x60A0:01, 1
1A22:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A22:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x60A0:09, 8
1A22:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A22:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x60A0:41, 64
1A22:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x60A0:42, 64

Index 1A23 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A23:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 36	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A23:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x60B0:01, 1
1A23:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A23:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x60B0:09, 8
1A23:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A23:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x60B0:41, 64
1A23:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x60B0:42, 64

Index 1A24 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A24:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 37	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A24:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x60C0:01, 1
1A24:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A24:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x60C0:09, 8
1A24:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A24:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x60C0:41, 64
1A24:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x60C0:42, 64

Index 1A25 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A25:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 38	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A25:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x60D0:01, 1
1A25:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A25:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x60D0:09, 8
1A25:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A25:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x60D0:41, 64
1A25:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x60D0:42, 64

Index 1A26 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A26:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 39	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A26:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x60E0:01, 1
1A26:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A26:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x60E0:09, 8
1A26:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A26:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x60E0:41, 64
1A26:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x60E0:42, 64

Index 1A27 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A27:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 40	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A27:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x60F0:01, 1
1A27:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A27:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x60F0:09, 8
1A27:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A27:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x60F0:41, 64
1A27:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x60F0:42, 64

Index 1A28 DEV TxPDO-Map Inputs Device

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A28:0	DEV TxPDO-Map Inputs Device	PDO Mapping TxPDO 41	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A28:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (1 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 1
1A28:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x02 (Undervoltage Up))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:02, 1
1A28:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x03 (Overtemperature))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:03, 1
1A28:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x04 (Checksum error))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:04, 1
1A28:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (60 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 60
1A28:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x21 (SysTime))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:21, 64

Index 1C00 Sync manager type

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C00:0	Sync manager type	Using the sync managers	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1C00:01	SubIndex 001	Sync-Manager Type Channel 1: Mailbox Write	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
1C00:02	SubIndex 002	Sync-Manager Type Channel 2: Mailbox Read	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1C00:03	SubIndex 003	Sync-Manager Type Channel 3: Process Data Write (Outputs)	UINT8	RO	0x03 (3 _{dec})
1C00:04	SubIndex 004	Sync-Manager Type Channel 4: Process Data Read (Inputs)	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})

Index 1C12 RxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C12:0	RxPDO assign	PDO Assign Outputs	UINT8	RW	0x08 (8 _{dec})
1C12:01	SubIndex 001	1. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1600 (5632 _{dec})
1C12:02	SubIndex 002	2. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1601 (5633 _{dec})
1C12:03	SubIndex 003	3. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1602 (5634 _{dec})
1C12:04	SubIndex 004	4. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1603 (5635 _{dec})
1C12:05	SubIndex 005	5. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1604 (5636 _{dec})
1C12:06	SubIndex 006	6. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1605 (5637 _{dec})
1C12:07	SubIndex 007	7. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1606 (5638 _{dec})
1C12:08	SubIndex 008	8. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1607 (5639 _{dec})

Index 1C13 TxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C13:0	TxPDO assign	PDO Assign Inputs	UINT8	RW	0x08 (8 _{dec})
1C13:01	SubIndex 001	1. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A00 (6656 _{dec})
1C13:02	SubIndex 002	2. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A04 (6660 _{dec})
1C13:03	SubIndex 003	3. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A08 (6664 _{dec})
1C13:04	SubIndex 004	4. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A0C (6668 _{dec})
1C13:05	SubIndex 005	5. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A10 (6672 _{dec})
1C13:06	SubIndex 006	6. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A14 (6676 _{dec})
1C13:07	SubIndex 007	7. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A18 (6680 _{dec})
1C13:08	SubIndex 008	8. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A1C (6684 _{dec})
1C13:09	SubIndex 009	9. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0A	SubIndex 010	10. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0B	SubIndex 011	11. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0C	SubIndex 012	12. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0D	SubIndex 013	13. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0E	SubIndex 014	14. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0F	SubIndex 015	15. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:10	SubIndex 016	16. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:11	SubIndex 017	17. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:12	SubIndex 018	18. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:13	SubIndex 019	19. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:14	SubIndex 020	20. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:15	SubIndex 021	21. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C13 TxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C13:16	SubIndex 022	22. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:17	SubIndex 023	23. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:18	SubIndex 024	24. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:19	SubIndex 025	25. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1A	SubIndex 026	26. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1B	SubIndex 027	27. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1C	SubIndex 028	28. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1D	SubIndex 029	29. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1E	SubIndex 030	30. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1F	SubIndex 031	31. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:20	SubIndex 032	32. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:21	SubIndex 033	33. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:22	SubIndex 034	34. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:23	SubIndex 035	35. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:24	SubIndex 036	36. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:25	SubIndex 037	37. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:26	SubIndex 038	38. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:27	SubIndex 039	39. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:28	SubIndex 040	40. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:29	SubIndex 041	41. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C32 SM output parameter

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C32:0	SM output parameter	Synchronization parameters for the outputs	UINT8	RO	0x20 (32 _{dec})
1C32:01	Sync mode	Current synchronization mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Free Run 1: Synchron with SM 2 Event 2: DC-Mode - Synchron with SYNC0 Event 3: DC-Mode - Synchron with SYNC1 Event 	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:02	Cycle time	Cycle time (in ns): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Free Run: Cycle time of the local timer Synchronous with SM 2 event: Master cycle time DC mode: SYNC0/SYNC1 Cycle Time 	UINT32	RW	0x000C3500 (800000 _{dec})
1C32:03	Shift time	Time between SYNC0 event and output of the outputs (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:04	Sync modes supported	Supported synchronization modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0 = 1: free run is supported Bit 1 = 1: Synchronous with SM 2 event is supported Bit 2-3 = 01: DC mode is supported Bit 4-5 = 10: Output shift with SYNC1 event (only DC mode) Bit 14 = 1: dynamic times (measurement through writing of 0x1C32:08 [► 202]) 	UINT16	RO	0x0804 (2052 _{dec})
1C32:05	Minimum cycle time	Minimum cycle time (in ns)	UINT32	RO	0x00001F40 (8000 _{dec})
1C32:06	Calc and copy time	Minimum time between SYNC0 and SYNC1 event (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:07	Minimum delay time		UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:08	Command	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Measurement of the local cycle time is stopped 1: Measurement of the local cycle time is started <p>The entries 0x1C32:03 [► 202], 0x1C32:05 [► 202], 0x1C32:06 [► 202], 0x1C32:09 [► 202], 0x1C33:03 [► 203], 0x1C33:06 [► 202], and 0x1C33:09 [► 203] are updated with the maximum measured values. For a subsequent measurement the measured values are reset</p>	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:09	Maximum delay time	Time between SYNC1 event and output of the outputs (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:0B	SM event missed counter	Number of missed SM events in OPERATIONAL (DC mode only)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:0C	Cycle exceeded counter	Number of occasions the cycle time was exceeded in OPERATIONAL (cycle was not completed in time or the next cycle began too early)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:0D	Shift too short counter	Number of occasions that the interval between SYNC0 and SYNC1 event was too short (DC mode only)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:20	Sync error	The synchronization was not correct in the last cycle (outputs were output too late; DC mode only)	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C33 SM input parameter

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C33:0	SM input parameter	Synchronization parameters for the inputs	UINT8	RO	0x20 (32 _{dec})
1C33:01	Sync mode	Current synchronization mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Free Run 1: Synchronous with SM 3 event (no outputs available) 2: DC - Synchronous with SYNC0 Event 3: DC - Synchronous with SYNC1 Event 34: Synchronous with SM 2 event (outputs available) 	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:02	Cycle time	as 0x1C32:02 ▶ 202	UINT32	RW	0x000C3500 (800000 _{dec})
1C33:03	Shift time	Time between SYNC0 event and reading of the inputs (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:04	Sync modes supported	Supported synchronization modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0: free run is supported Bit 1: synchronous with SM 2 event is supported (outputs available) Bit 1: synchronous with SM 3 event is supported (no outputs available) Bit 2-3 = 01: DC mode is supported Bit 4-5 = 01: input shift through local event (outputs available) Bit 4-5 = 10: input shift with SYNC1 event (no outputs available) Bit 14 = 1: dynamic times (measurement through writing of 0x1C32:08 ▶ 202 or 0x1C33:08 ▶ 203) 	UINT16	RO	0x0804 (2052 _{dec})
1C33:05	Minimum cycle time	as 0x1C32:05 ▶ 202	UINT32	RO	0x00001F40 (8000 _{dec})
1C33:06	Calc and copy time	Time between reading of the inputs and availability of the inputs for the master (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:07	Minimum delay time		UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:08	Command	as 0x1C32:08 ▶ 202	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:09	Maximum delay time	Time between SYNC1 event and reading of the inputs (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:0B	SM event missed counter	as 0x1C32:11 ▶ 202	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:0C	Cycle exceeded counter	as 0x1C32:12 ▶ 202	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:0D	Shift too short counter	as 0x1C32:13 ▶ 202	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:20	Sync error	as 0x1C32:32 ▶ 202	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index F000 Modular device profile

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F000:0	Modular device profile	General information for the modular device profile	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
F000:01	Module index distance	Index spacing of the objects of the individual channels	UINT16	RO	0x0010 (16 _{dec})
F000:02	Maximum number of modules	Number of channels	UINT16	RO	0x0010 (16 _{dec})

Index F008 Code word

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F008:0	Code word	reserved	UINT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index F010 Module list

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F010:0	Module list	MDP Profile	UINT8	RW	0x10 (16 _{dec})
F010:01	SubIndex 001		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:02	SubIndex 002		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:03	SubIndex 003		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:04	SubIndex 004		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:05	SubIndex 005		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:06	SubIndex 006		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:07	SubIndex 007		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:08	SubIndex 008		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:09	SubIndex 009		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:0A	SubIndex 010		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:0B	SubIndex 011		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:0C	SubIndex 012		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:0D	SubIndex 013		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:0E	SubIndex 014		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:0F	SubIndex 015		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:10	SubIndex 016		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})

5.9.2 EL1259**5.9.2.1 Object description and parameterization****i EtherCAT XML Device Description**

The display matches that of the CoE objects from the EtherCAT XML Device Description. We recommend downloading the latest XML file from the download area of the [Beckhoff website](#) and installing it according to installation instructions.

i Parameterization via the CoE list (CAN over EtherCAT)

The terminal is parameterized via the CoE - Online tab (double-click on the respective object) or via the Process Data tab (allocation of PDOs). Please note the following general CoE information when using/manipulating the [CoE parameters](#) [► 40]:

- Keep a startup list if components have to be replaced
- Differentiation between online/offline dictionary, existence of current XML description
- Use "CoE reload" for resetting changes

5.9.2.1.1 Restore object

Index 1011 Restore default parameters

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1011:0	Restore default parameters	Restore default parameters	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
1011:01	SubIndex 001	If this object is set to "0x64616F6C" in the set value dialog, all backup objects are reset to their delivery state.	UINT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.2.1.2 Configuration data

Index 8pp1 MTO Settings (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8pp1:0	MTO Settings		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8pp1:01	Use as +24 V power supply	Activates the output permanently. The channel cannot be used for processing of timestamp events. The output is deactivated as soon as the EtherCAT status is not OP.	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:02	Enable manual operation	Via this object the output can be <u>switched manually</u> [► 156].	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:03	Enable time check	This bit can be used to determine how to handle switching orders that were placed before the current time (<u>further explanation see here</u>) [► 156].	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:11	Buffer reset behavior	Specifies the behavior of the "Output buffer reset" bit Permitted values: 0 Reset on rising edge: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Output buffer reset" 1 Reset on high level: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Output buffer reset" and does not accept new values until "Output buffer reset" is reset.	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:12	Buffer overflow behavior	Specifies the behavior in the event of buffer overflow Permitted values: 0 Lock buffer: New events are discarded 1 Overwrite oldest value: New events overwrite the last events in the buffer	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 8ppF MTO Vendor data (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	MTO Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the output time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the output time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 8pp0 MTI settings (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8pp0:0	MTI settings		UINT8	RO	0x14 (20 _{dec})
8pp0:01	Enable digital filter	Activation of the filter to hide spikes. The filter length should be entered in 8pp0:14 "DigitalFilterCount" (further explanation see here ▶ 154).	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp0:11	Buffer reset behavior	Specifies the behavior of the "Input buffer reset" bit	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
		Permitted values:			
		<div>0</div> <div>Reset on rising edge: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Input buffer reset"</div> <div>1</div> <div>Reset on high level: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Input buffer reset" and does not accept new values until "Input buffer reset" is reset.</div>			
8pp0:12	Buffer mode	Specifies whether handshaking is to be used for retrieving the values from the buffer (transmission integrity) or whether new values are to be transferred directly with each PLC cycle (faster).	UINT16	RW	0x0001 (1 _{dec})
		Permitted values (further explanation see here) ▶ 152 :			
		<div>0</div> <div>Asynchronous (Buffered): The arrival of new events must be acknowledged by the PLC. To this end the byte "No of input events" must be monitored in the PLC program. If it is greater than zero the pending events can be taken over from the process image. Subsequently the byte "Input order counter" must be incremented. This signals the terminal that the events were accepted and new data can be created in the next cycle.</div> <div>1</div> <div>Synchronous: New events are automatically transferred with each PLC cycle</div>			
8pp0:13	Buffer overflow behavior	Specifies the behavior in the event of buffer overflow	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
		Permitted values:			
		<div>0</div> <div>Lock buffer: New events are discarded</div> <div>1</div> <div>Overwrite oldest event: New events overwrite the last events in the buffer</div>			
8pp0:14	Digital filter count	Defines the number of event samples to ensure transfer into the buffer (further explanation see here) ▶ 154 .	UINT16	RW	0x0001 (1 _{dec})

Index 8ppF MTI Vendor data (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	MTI Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the input time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the input time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 8ppF TSO Vendor data (for 10 ≤ pp ≤ 17; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	TSO Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the output time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the output time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 8pp0 TSI Settings (for $18 \leq pp \leq 1F$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8pp0:0	TSI Settings		UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
8pp0:01	Pos Sample Mode	During each PLC cycle only one rising edge may be detected at the terminal input. If several edges arrive during a cycle, this bit can be used to decide which edge should be shown in the process image. Permitted values:	BIT1	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
		0 Last edge: The last edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			
		1 First edge: The first edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			
8pp0:02	Neg Sample Mode	During each PLC cycle only one falling edge may be detected at the terminal input. If several edges arrive during a cycle, this bit can be used to decide which edge should be shown in the process image. Permitted values:	BIT1	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
		0 Last edge: The last edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			
		1 First edge: The first edge of the preceding PLC cycle is shown			

Index 8ppF TSI Vendor data (for $18 \leq pp \leq 1F$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	TSI Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the input time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the input time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.2.1.3 Input data**Index 6pp0 MTO inputs (for $00 \leq pp \leq 07$; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp0:0	MTO inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:01	Output short circuit	The channel signals a short circuit	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:02	Output buffer overflow	More events were written to the buffer than it can hold	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:03	Output state	Current output state at the time of the process data cycle	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:0F	Input cycle counter	Is incremented with each process data cycle and switches to 0 after its maximum value of 3.	BIT2	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:11	Output order feedback	This byte reflects the state of the "Output order counter" byte.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:12	Events in output buffer	Returns the number of switching orders currently still in the buffer	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 6pp1 MTI inputs (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp1:0	MTI inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:01	No of input events	Signals the number of new timestamps available in the process image. If three is returned, for example, only the objects "Input event state 1...3" and "Input event time 1...3" are valid.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:09	Input state	Indicates the current input state at the time of the process data cycle.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:0A	Input buffer overflow	More events occurred at the input than elements were free in the buffer for the channel.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:0F	Input cycle counter	Is incremented with each process data cycle and switches to 0 after its maximum value of 3.	BIT2	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:11	Events in input buffer	Signals the number of events currently in the buffer.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:12	Input order feedback	This byte reflects the state of the "Input order counter" byte (further explanation see here) [► 152].	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:21	Input event state 1	Indicates whether the event was a rising (1) or a falling (0) edge.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:2A	Input event state 10		BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:41	Input event time 1	32-bit timestamp for the corresponding "Input event state n"	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
6pp1:4A	Input event time 10		UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 6pp0 TSO Inputs (for 10 ≤ pp ≤ 17; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp0:0	TSO Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:01	Feedback	Indicates the current output state	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 6pp0 TSI Inputs (for 18 ≤ pp ≤ 1F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp0:0	TSI Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:01	Input	Current input status	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:09	Status	Bit 0: Is set for one cycle if a rising edge was detected. Bit 1: Is set for one cycle if a falling edge was detected.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:41	LatchPos	Timestamp of the rising edge	UINT64	RO	
6pp0:42	LatchNeg	Timestamp of the falling edge	UINT64	RO	

Index F611 DEV Inputs

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F611:0	DEV Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:02	Undervoltage Up	The nominal voltage at the power contacts was significantly below the minimum value.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:03	Overtemperature	Overtemperature fault: The temperature of the input or output blocks is too high. For output terminals check whether one of the channels is affected by a short circuit.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:04	Checksum error	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:21	SysTime	DC timestamp of the last input mapping. This timestamp should not be used as reference (information on DC reference times). [► 163]	UINT64	RO	

5.9.2.1.4 Output data

Index 7pp1 MTO outputs (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
7pp1:0	MTO outputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:01	Output buffer reset	Removes all elements from the buffer Clearing can be achieved through a rising edge or continuously by applying 1 at this bit. The behavior can be parameterized via CoE object 0x8pp1:11 [► 205].	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:02	Manual output state	This bit can be used to switch the output without using timestamps. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Method 1: The CoE object 0x8pp1:02 [► 205] ("Enable manual operation") is set to TRUE. Timestamp mode is now switched off, and the output can only be switched via the bit "Manual operation state". This is particularly helpful for the commissioning phase. Method 2: Via the bit "Enable manual operation" (0x7pp1:04) the channel output can be forced to the value of this object. Timestamp processing continues in the background. Output is only reactivated if the bit "Enable manual operation" is set to 0 again. 	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:03	Force order	This bit defines how to deal with timestamps that were placed in the past (see diagram) [► 156].	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:04	Enable manual operation	See "Manual output state" (0x7pp1:02) [► 209].	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:09	Output order counter	Incrementing this byte indicates to the channel that new output events can be accepted	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:11	No of output events	Number of filled "Output event state" and "Output event time" objects	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:21	Output event state 1	This bit is used to specify which state the output should assume at the time of "Output event time 1"	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:2A	Output event state 10		BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:41	Output event time 1	Time at which the state described in "Output event state 1" is to be applied	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:4A	Output event time 10		UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 7pp0 MTI outputs (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
7pp0:0	MTI outputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:01	Input buffer reset	Removes all elements from the buffer Clearing can be achieved through a rising edge or continuously by applying 1 at this bit. The behavior can be parameterized via the CoE object 0x8pp0:11 [► 206] ("Buffer reset behavior").	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:11	Input order counter	This bit indicates to the terminal that the input events were accepted from the process image and the terminal can copy a new set of input events from the buffer into the process image during the next cycle (see buffer mode). [► 152]	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 7pp0 TSO Outputs (for 10 ≤ pp ≤ 17; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
7pp0:0	TSO Outputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:01	Output	Defines whether a rising (1) or falling (0) edge should be output at the "StartTime"	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:11	Activate	A change from 0 to 3 in this byte triggers acceptance of the order with the current StartTime	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:41	StartTime	64 Bit TimeSTamp	UINT64	RO	

5.9.2.1.5 Diagnostic data

Index App0 MTO Diag data (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
App0:0	MTO Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:01	Short circuit	The channel signals a short circuit	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:02	Undervoltage	The voltage at the power contacts is outside the valid range.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index App0 MTI Diag data (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
App0:0	MTI Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:01	Overtemperature	The internal terminal temperature is above the valid range. For terminals with output channels check the outputs for short circuit.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:02	Undervoltage	The voltage at the power contacts is outside the valid range.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index A001 MTO common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A001:0	MTO common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
A001:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index A081 MTI common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A081:0	MTI common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
A081:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index A100 TSO common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A100:0	TSO common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
A100:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index A180 TSI common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A180:0	TSI common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
A180:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.2.1.6 Information data

Index F900 DEV Info data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F900:0	DEV Info data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F900:08	Cycle Time	Indicates the smallest possible cycle time [► 145] that can be set [ns].	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
F900:09	Sample time	Indicates the sampling time [► 145] of the inputs and outputs [ns].	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.2.1.7 Command object

Index FB00 Command

The command object was implemented for future use. Currently no commands are supported.

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
FB00:0	Command		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
FB00:01	Request	Commands can be sent to the terminal via the request object.	OCTET-STRING[2]	RW	{0}
FB00:02	Status	Status of the command currently being executed	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
FB00:03	Response	Optional response value of the command	OCTET-STRING[6]	RO	{0}

5.9.2.2 Object description - standard objects

Index 1000 Device type

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1000:0	Device type	Device type of the EtherCAT slave: the Lo-Word contains the CoE profile used (5001). The Hi-Word contains the module profile according to the modular device profile.	UINT32	RO	0x00001389 (5001 _{dec})

Index 1008 Device name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1008:0	Device name	Device name of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	EL1259

Index 1009 Hardware version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1009:0	Hardware version	Hardware version of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	

Index 100A Software version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
100A:0	Software version	Firmware version of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	01

Index 1018 Identity

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1018:0	Identity	Information for identifying the slave	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1018:01	Vendor ID	Vendor ID of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x00000002 (2 _{dec})
1018:02	Product code	Product code of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x04EB3052 (82522194 _{dec})
1018:03	Revision	Revision number of the EtherCAT slave; the low word (bit 0-15) indicates the special terminal number, the high word (bit 16-31) refers to the device description	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1018:04	Serial number	Serial number of the EtherCAT slave; the low byte (bit 0-7) of the low word contains the year of production, the high byte (bit 8-15) of the low word contains the week of production, the high word (bit 16-31) is 0	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 10F0 Backup parameter handling

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	Information for standardized loading and saving of backup entries	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
10F0:01	Checksum	Checksum across all backup entries of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1600 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1600:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 1	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1600:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1600:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1600:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1600:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1600:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1600:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1600:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1600:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1600:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1600:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:22, 1
1600:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:23, 1
1600:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:24, 1
1600:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:25, 1
1600:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:26, 1
1600:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:27, 1
1600:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:28, 1
1600:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:29, 1
1600:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:2A, 1
1600:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1600:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32
1600:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:42, 32
1600:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:43, 32
1600:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:44, 32
1600:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:45, 32
1600:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:46, 32
1600:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:47, 32
1600:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:48, 32
1600:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:49, 32
1600:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:4A, 32

Index 1601 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1601:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 2	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1601:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1601:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1601:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1601:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1601:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1601:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1601:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1601:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1601:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1601:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:22, 1
1601:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:23, 1
1601:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:24, 1
1601:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:25, 1
1601:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1601:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32
1601:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:42, 32
1601:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:43, 32
1601:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:44, 32
1601:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:45, 32

Index 1602 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1602:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 3	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1602:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1602:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1602:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1602:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1602:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1602:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1602:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1602:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1602:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1602:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:22, 1
1602:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1602:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32
1602:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:42, 32

Index 1603 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1603:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 4	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1603:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1603:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1603:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1603:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1603:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1603:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1603:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1603:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1603:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1603:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1603:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32

Index 1604 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1604:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 5	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1604:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1604:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1604:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1604:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1604:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1604:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1604:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1604:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1604:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1604:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:22, 1
1604:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:23, 1
1604:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:24, 1
1604:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:25, 1
1604:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:26, 1
1604:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:27, 1
1604:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:28, 1
1604:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:29, 1
1604:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:2A, 1
1604:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1604:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32
1604:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:42, 32
1604:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:43, 32
1604:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:44, 32
1604:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:45, 32
1604:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:46, 32
1604:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:47, 32
1604:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:48, 32
1604:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:49, 32
1604:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:4A, 32

Index 1605 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1605:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 6	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1605:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1605:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1605:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1605:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1605:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1605:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1605:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1605:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1605:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1605:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:22, 1
1605:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:23, 1
1605:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:24, 1
1605:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:25, 1
1605:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1605:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32
1605:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:42, 32
1605:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:43, 32
1605:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:44, 32
1605:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:45, 32

Index 1606 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1606:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 7	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1606:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1606:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1606:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1606:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1606:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1606:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1606:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1606:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1606:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1606:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:22, 1
1606:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1606:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32
1606:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:42, 32

Index 1607 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1607:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 8	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1607:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1607:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1607:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1607:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1607:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1607:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1607:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1607:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1607:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1607:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1607:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32

Index 1608 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1608:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 9	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1608:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
1608:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
1608:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
1608:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
1608:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1608:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
1608:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
1608:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1608:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
1608:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:22, 1
1608:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:23, 1
1608:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:24, 1
1608:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:25, 1
1608:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:26, 1
1608:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:27, 1
1608:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:28, 1
1608:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:29, 1
1608:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:2A, 1
1608:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1608:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32
1608:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:42, 32
1608:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:43, 32
1608:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:44, 32
1608:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:45, 32
1608:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:46, 32
1608:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:47, 32
1608:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:48, 32
1608:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:49, 32
1608:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:4A, 32

Index 1609 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1609:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 10	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1609:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
1609:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
1609:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
1609:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
1609:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1609:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
1609:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
1609:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1609:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
1609:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:22, 1
1609:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:23, 1
1609:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:24, 1
1609:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:25, 1
1609:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1609:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32
1609:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:42, 32
1609:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:43, 32
1609:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:44, 32
1609:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:45, 32

Index 160A MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160A:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 11	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
160A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
160A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
160A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
160A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
160A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
160A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
160A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
160A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:22, 1
160A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
160A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32
160A:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:42, 32

Index 160B MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160B:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 12	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
160B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
160B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
160B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
160B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
160B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
160B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
160B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
160B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
160B:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32

Index 160C MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160C:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 13	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
160C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:22, 1
160C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:23, 1
160C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:24, 1
160C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:25, 1
160C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:26, 1
160C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:27, 1
160C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:28, 1
160C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:29, 1
160C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:2A, 1
160C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
160C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32
160C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:42, 32
160C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:43, 32
160C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:44, 32
160C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:45, 32
160C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:46, 32
160C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:47, 32
160C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:48, 32
160C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:49, 32
160C:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:4A, 32

Index 160D MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160D:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 14	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
160D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:22, 1
160D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:23, 1
160D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:24, 1
160D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:25, 1
160D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
160D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32
160D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:42, 32
160D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:43, 32
160D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:44, 32
160D:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:45, 32

Index 160E MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160E:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 15	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
160E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:22, 1
160E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
160E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32
160E:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:42, 32

Index 160F MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160F:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 16	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
160F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
160F:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32

Index 1610 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1610:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 17	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1610:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1610:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1610:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1610:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1610:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1610:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1610:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1610:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1610:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1610:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:22, 1
1610:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:23, 1
1610:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:24, 1
1610:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:25, 1
1610:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:26, 1
1610:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:27, 1
1610:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:28, 1
1610:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:29, 1
1610:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:2A, 1
1610:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1610:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32
1610:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:42, 32
1610:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:43, 32
1610:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:44, 32
1610:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:45, 32
1610:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:46, 32
1610:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:47, 32
1610:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:48, 32
1610:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:49, 32
1610:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:4A, 32

Index 1611 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1611:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 18	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1611:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1611:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1611:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1611:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1611:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1611:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1611:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1611:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1611:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1611:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:22, 1
1611:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:23, 1
1611:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:24, 1
1611:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:25, 1
1611:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1611:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32
1611:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:42, 32
1611:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:43, 32
1611:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:44, 32
1611:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:45, 32

Index 1612 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1612:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 19	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1612:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1612:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1612:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1612:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1612:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1612:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1612:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1612:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1612:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1612:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:22, 1
1612:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1612:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32
1612:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:42, 32

Index 1613 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1613:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 20	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1613:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1613:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1613:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1613:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1613:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1613:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1613:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1613:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1613:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1613:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1613:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32

Index 1614 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1614:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 21	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1614:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1614:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1614:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1614:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1614:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1614:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1614:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1614:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1614:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1614:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:22, 1
1614:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:23, 1
1614:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:24, 1
1614:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:25, 1
1614:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:26, 1
1614:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:27, 1
1614:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:28, 1
1614:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:29, 1
1614:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:2A, 1
1614:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1614:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32
1614:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:42, 32
1614:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:43, 32
1614:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:44, 32
1614:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:45, 32
1614:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:46, 32
1614:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:47, 32
1614:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:48, 32
1614:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:49, 32
1614:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:4A, 32

Index 1615 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1615:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 22	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1615:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1615:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1615:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1615:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1615:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1615:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1615:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1615:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1615:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1615:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:22, 1
1615:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:23, 1
1615:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:24, 1
1615:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:25, 1
1615:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1615:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32
1615:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:42, 32
1615:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:43, 32
1615:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:44, 32
1615:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:45, 32

Index 1616 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1616:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 23	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1616:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1616:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1616:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1616:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1616:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1616:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1616:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1616:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1616:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1616:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:22, 1
1616:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1616:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32
1616:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:42, 32

Index 1617 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1617:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 24	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1617:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1617:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1617:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1617:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1617:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1617:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1617:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1617:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1617:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1617:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1617:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32

Index 1618 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1618:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 25	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1618:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
1618:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
1618:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
1618:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
1618:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1618:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
1618:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
1618:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1618:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
1618:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:22, 1
1618:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:23, 1
1618:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:24, 1
1618:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:25, 1
1618:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:26, 1
1618:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:27, 1
1618:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:28, 1
1618:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:29, 1
1618:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:2A, 1
1618:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1618:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32
1618:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:42, 32
1618:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:43, 32
1618:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:44, 32
1618:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:45, 32
1618:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:46, 32
1618:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:47, 32
1618:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:48, 32
1618:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:49, 32
1618:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:4A, 32

Index 1619 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1619:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 26	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1619:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
1619:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
1619:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
1619:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
1619:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1619:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
1619:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
1619:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1619:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
1619:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:22, 1
1619:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:23, 1
1619:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:24, 1
1619:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:25, 1
1619:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1619:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32
1619:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:42, 32
1619:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:43, 32
1619:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:44, 32
1619:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:45, 32

Index 161A MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161A:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 27	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
161A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
161A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
161A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
161A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
161A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
161A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
161A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
161A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:22, 1
161A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
161A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32
161A:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:42, 32

Index 161B MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161B:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 28	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
161B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
161B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
161B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
161B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
161B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
161B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
161B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
161B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
161B:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32

Index 161C MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161C:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 29	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
161C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:22, 1
161C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:23, 1
161C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:24, 1
161C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:25, 1
161C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:26, 1
161C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:27, 1
161C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:28, 1
161C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:29, 1
161C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:2A, 1
161C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
161C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32
161C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:42, 32
161C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:43, 32
161C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:44, 32
161C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:45, 32
161C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:46, 32
161C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:47, 32
161C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:48, 32
161C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:49, 32
161C:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:4A, 32

Index 161D MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161D:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 30	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
161D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:22, 1
161D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:23, 1
161D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:24, 1
161D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:25, 1
161D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
161D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32
161D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:42, 32
161D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:43, 32
161D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:44, 32
161D:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:45, 32

Index 161E MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161E:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 31	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
161E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:22, 1
161E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
161E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32
161E:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:42, 32

Index 161F MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161F:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 32	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
161F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
161F:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32

Index 1620 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1620:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 33	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1620:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7080 (MTI outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7080:01, 1
1620:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1620:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7080 (MTI outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7080:11, 8
1620:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1621 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1621:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 34	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1621:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7090 (MTI outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7090:01, 1
1621:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1621:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7090 (MTI outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7090:11, 8
1621:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1622 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1622:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 35	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1622:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70A0 (MTI outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x70A0:01, 1
1622:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1622:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70A0 (MTI outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x70A0:11, 8
1622:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1623 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1623:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 36	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1623:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70B0 (MTI outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x70B0:01, 1
1623:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1623:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70B0 (MTI outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x70B0:11, 8
1623:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1624 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1624:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 37	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1624:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70C0 (MTI outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x70C0:01, 1
1624:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1624:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70C0 (MTI outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x70C0:11, 8
1624:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1625 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1625:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 38	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1625:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70D0 (MTI outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x70D0:01, 1
1625:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1625:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70D0 (MTI outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x70D0:11, 8
1625:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1626 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1626:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 39	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1626:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70E0 (MTI outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x70E0:01, 1
1626:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1626:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70E0 (MTI outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x70E0:11, 8
1626:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1627 MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1627:0	MTI RxPDO-Map Outputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 40	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1627:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70F0 (MTI outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Input buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x70F0:01, 1
1627:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 Bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1627:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70F0 (MTI outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Input order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x70F0:11, 8
1627:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (8 Bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8

Index 1628 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1628:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 41	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1628:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7100 (TSO Outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7100:01, 1
1628:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1628:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7100 (TSO Outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7100:11, 8
1628:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1628:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7100 (TSO Outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7100:41, 64

Index 1629 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1629:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 42	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1629:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7110 (TSO Outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7110:01, 1
1629:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1629:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7110 (TSO Outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7110:11, 8
1629:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1629:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7110 (TSO Outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7110:41, 64

Index 162A TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
162A:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 43	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
162A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7120 (TSO Outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7120:01, 1
162A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
162A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7120 (TSO Outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7120:11, 8
162A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
162A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7120 (TSO Outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7120:41, 64

Index 162B TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
162B:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 44	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
162B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7130 (TSO Outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7130:01, 1
162B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
162B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7130 (TSO Outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7130:11, 8
162B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
162B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7130 (TSO Outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7130:41, 64

Index 162C TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
162C:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 45	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
162C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7140 (TSO Outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7140:01, 1
162C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
162C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7140 (TSO Outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7140:11, 8
162C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
162C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7140 (TSO Outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7140:41, 64

Index 162D TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
162D:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 46	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
162D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7150 (TSO Outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7150:01, 1
162D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
162D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7150 (TSO Outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7150:11, 8
162D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
162D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7150 (TSO Outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7150:41, 64

Index 162E TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
162E:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 47	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
162E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7160 (TSO Outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7160:01, 1
162E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
162E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7160 (TSO Outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7160:11, 8
162E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
162E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7160 (TSO Outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7160:41, 64

Index 162F TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
162F:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 48	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
162F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7170 (TSO Outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7170:01, 1
162F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
162F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7170 (TSO Outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7170:11, 8
162F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
162F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7170 (TSO Outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7170:41, 64

Index 1A00 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A00:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 1	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A00:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:01, 1
1A00:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:02, 1
1A00:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:03, 1
1A00:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A00:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:0F, 2
1A00:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:11, 8
1A00:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:12, 8

Index 1A01 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A01:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 2	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A01:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:01, 1
1A01:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:02, 1
1A01:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:03, 1
1A01:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A01:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:0F, 2
1A01:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:11, 8
1A01:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:12, 8

Index 1A02 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A02:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 3	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A02:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:01, 1
1A02:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:02, 1
1A02:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:03, 1
1A02:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A02:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:0F, 2
1A02:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:11, 8
1A02:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:12, 8

Index 1A03 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A03:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 4	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A03:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:01, 1
1A03:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:02, 1
1A03:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:03, 1
1A03:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A03:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:0F, 2
1A03:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:11, 8
1A03:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:12, 8

Index 1A04 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A04:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 5	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A04:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:01, 1
1A04:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:02, 1
1A04:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:03, 1
1A04:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A04:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:0F, 2
1A04:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:11, 8
1A04:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:12, 8

Index 1A05 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A05:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 6	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A05:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:01, 1
1A05:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:02, 1
1A05:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:03, 1
1A05:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A05:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:0F, 2
1A05:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:11, 8
1A05:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:12, 8

Index 1A06 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A06:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 7	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A06:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:01, 1
1A06:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:02, 1
1A06:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:03, 1
1A06:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A06:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:0F, 2
1A06:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:11, 8
1A06:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:12, 8

Index 1A07 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A07:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 8	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A07:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:01, 1
1A07:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:02, 1
1A07:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:03, 1
1A07:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A07:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:0F, 2
1A07:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:11, 8
1A07:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:12, 8

Index 1A08 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A08:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 9	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A08:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:01, 8
1A08:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:09, 1
1A08:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0A, 1
1A08:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A08:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0F, 2
1A08:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:11, 8
1A08:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:12, 8
1A08:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:21, 1
1A08:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:22, 1
1A08:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:23, 1
1A08:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:24, 1
1A08:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:25, 1
1A08:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:26, 1
1A08:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:27, 1
1A08:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:28, 1
1A08:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:29, 1
1A08:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:2A, 1
1A08:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A08:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:41, 32
1A08:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:42, 32
1A08:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:43, 32
1A08:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:44, 32
1A08:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:45, 32
1A08:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:46, 32
1A08:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:47, 32
1A08:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:48, 32
1A08:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:49, 32
1A08:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:4A, 32

Index 1A09 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A09:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 10	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A09:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:01, 8
1A09:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:09, 1
1A09:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0A, 1
1A09:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A09:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0F, 2
1A09:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:11, 8
1A09:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:12, 8
1A09:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:21, 1
1A09:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:22, 1
1A09:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:23, 1
1A09:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:24, 1
1A09:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:25, 1
1A09:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A09:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:41, 32
1A09:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:42, 32
1A09:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:43, 32
1A09:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:44, 32
1A09:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:45, 32

Index 1A0A MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0A:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 11	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A0A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:01, 8
1A0A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:09, 1
1A0A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0A, 1
1A0A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0F, 2
1A0A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:11, 8
1A0A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:12, 8
1A0A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:21, 1
1A0A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:22, 1
1A0A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A0A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:41, 32
1A0A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:42, 32

Index 1A0B MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0B:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 12	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A0B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:01, 8
1A0B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:09, 1
1A0B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0A, 1
1A0B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:0F, 2
1A0B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:11, 8
1A0B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:12, 8
1A0B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:21, 1
1A0B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A0B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6081 (MTI inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6081:41, 32

Index 1A0C MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0C:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 13	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A0C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:01, 8
1A0C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:09, 1
1A0C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0A, 1
1A0C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0F, 2
1A0C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:11, 8
1A0C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:12, 8
1A0C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:21, 1
1A0C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:22, 1
1A0C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:23, 1
1A0C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:24, 1
1A0C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:25, 1
1A0C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:26, 1
1A0C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:27, 1
1A0C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:28, 1
1A0C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:29, 1
1A0C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:2A, 1
1A0C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A0C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:41, 32
1A0C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:42, 32
1A0C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:43, 32
1A0C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:44, 32
1A0C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:45, 32
1A0C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:46, 32
1A0C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:47, 32
1A0C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:48, 32
1A0C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:49, 32
1A0C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:4A, 32

Index 1A0D MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0D:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 14	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A0D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:01, 8
1A0D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:09, 1
1A0D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0A, 1
1A0D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0F, 2
1A0D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:11, 8
1A0D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:12, 8
1A0D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:21, 1
1A0D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:22, 1
1A0D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:23, 1
1A0D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:24, 1
1A0D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:25, 1
1A0D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A0D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:41, 32
1A0D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:42, 32
1A0D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:43, 32
1A0D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:44, 32
1A0D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:45, 32

Index 1A0E MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0E:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 15	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A0E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:01, 8
1A0E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:09, 1
1A0E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0A, 1
1A0E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0F, 2
1A0E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:11, 8
1A0E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:12, 8
1A0E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:21, 1
1A0E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:22, 1
1A0E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A0E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:41, 32
1A0E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:42, 32

Index 1A0F MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0F:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 16	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A0F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:01, 8
1A0F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:09, 1
1A0F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0A, 1
1A0F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A0F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:0F, 2
1A0F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:11, 8
1A0F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:12, 8
1A0F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:21, 1
1A0F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A0F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6091 (MTI inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x6091:41, 32

Index 1A10 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A10:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 17	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A10:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:01, 8
1A10:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:09, 1
1A10:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0A, 1
1A10:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A10:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0F, 2
1A10:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:11, 8
1A10:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:12, 8
1A10:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:21, 1
1A10:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:22, 1
1A10:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:23, 1
1A10:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:24, 1
1A10:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:25, 1
1A10:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:26, 1
1A10:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:27, 1
1A10:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:28, 1
1A10:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:29, 1
1A10:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:2A, 1
1A10:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A10:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:41, 32
1A10:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:42, 32
1A10:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:43, 32
1A10:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:44, 32
1A10:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:45, 32
1A10:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:46, 32
1A10:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:47, 32
1A10:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:48, 32
1A10:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:49, 32
1A10:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:4A, 32

Index 1A11 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A11:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 18	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A11:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:01, 8
1A11:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:09, 1
1A11:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0A, 1
1A11:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A11:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0F, 2
1A11:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:11, 8
1A11:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:12, 8
1A11:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:21, 1
1A11:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:22, 1
1A11:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:23, 1
1A11:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:24, 1
1A11:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:25, 1
1A11:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A11:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:41, 32
1A11:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:42, 32
1A11:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:43, 32
1A11:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:44, 32
1A11:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:45, 32

Index 1A12 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A12:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 19	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A12:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:01, 8
1A12:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:09, 1
1A12:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0A, 1
1A12:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A12:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0F, 2
1A12:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:11, 8
1A12:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:12, 8
1A12:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:21, 1
1A12:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:22, 1
1A12:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A12:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:41, 32
1A12:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:42, 32

Index 1A13 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A13:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 20	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A13:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:01, 8
1A13:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:09, 1
1A13:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0A, 1
1A13:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A13:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:0F, 2
1A13:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:11, 8
1A13:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:12, 8
1A13:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:21, 1
1A13:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A13:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A1 (MTI inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60A1:41, 32

Index 1A14 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A14:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 21	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A14:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:01, 8
1A14:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:09, 1
1A14:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0A, 1
1A14:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A14:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0F, 2
1A14:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:11, 8
1A14:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:12, 8
1A14:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:21, 1
1A14:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:22, 1
1A14:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:23, 1
1A14:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:24, 1
1A14:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:25, 1
1A14:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:26, 1
1A14:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:27, 1
1A14:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:28, 1
1A14:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:29, 1
1A14:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:2A, 1
1A14:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A14:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:41, 32
1A14:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:42, 32
1A14:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:43, 32
1A14:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:44, 32
1A14:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:45, 32
1A14:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:46, 32
1A14:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:47, 32
1A14:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:48, 32
1A14:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:49, 32
1A14:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:4A, 32

Index 1A15 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A15:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 22	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A15:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:01, 8
1A15:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:09, 1
1A15:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0A, 1
1A15:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A15:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0F, 2
1A15:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:11, 8
1A15:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:12, 8
1A15:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:21, 1
1A15:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:22, 1
1A15:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:23, 1
1A15:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:24, 1
1A15:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:25, 1
1A15:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A15:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:41, 32
1A15:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:42, 32
1A15:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:43, 32
1A15:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:44, 32
1A15:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:45, 32

Index 1A16 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A16:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 23	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A16:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:01, 8
1A16:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:09, 1
1A16:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0A, 1
1A16:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A16:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0F, 2
1A16:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:11, 8
1A16:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:12, 8
1A16:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:21, 1
1A16:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:22, 1
1A16:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A16:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:41, 32
1A16:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:42, 32

Index 1A17 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A17:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 24	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A17:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:01, 8
1A17:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:09, 1
1A17:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0A, 1
1A17:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A17:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:0F, 2
1A17:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:11, 8
1A17:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:12, 8
1A17:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:21, 1
1A17:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A17:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B1 (MTI inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60B1:41, 32

Index 1A18 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A18:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 25	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A18:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:01, 8
1A18:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:09, 1
1A18:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0A, 1
1A18:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A18:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0F, 2
1A18:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:11, 8
1A18:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:12, 8
1A18:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:21, 1
1A18:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:22, 1
1A18:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:23, 1
1A18:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:24, 1
1A18:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:25, 1
1A18:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:26, 1
1A18:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:27, 1
1A18:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:28, 1
1A18:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:29, 1
1A18:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:2A, 1
1A18:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A18:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:41, 32
1A18:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:42, 32
1A18:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:43, 32
1A18:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:44, 32
1A18:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:45, 32
1A18:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:46, 32
1A18:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:47, 32
1A18:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:48, 32
1A18:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:49, 32
1A18:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:4A, 32

Index 1A19 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A19:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 26	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A19:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:01, 8
1A19:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:09, 1
1A19:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0A, 1
1A19:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A19:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0F, 2
1A19:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:11, 8
1A19:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:12, 8
1A19:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:21, 1
1A19:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:22, 1
1A19:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:23, 1
1A19:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:24, 1
1A19:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:25, 1
1A19:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A19:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:41, 32
1A19:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:42, 32
1A19:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:43, 32
1A19:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:44, 32
1A19:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:45, 32

Index 1A1A MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1A:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 27	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A1A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:01, 8
1A1A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:09, 1
1A1A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0A, 1
1A1A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0F, 2
1A1A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:11, 8
1A1A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:12, 8
1A1A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:21, 1
1A1A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:22, 1
1A1A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A1A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:41, 32
1A1A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:42, 32

Index 1A1B MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1B:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 28	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A1B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:01, 8
1A1B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:09, 1
1A1B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0A, 1
1A1B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:0F, 2
1A1B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:11, 8
1A1B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:12, 8
1A1B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:21, 1
1A1B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A1B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C1 (MTI inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60C1:41, 32

Index 1A1C MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1C:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 29	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A1C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:01, 8
1A1C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:09, 1
1A1C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0A, 1
1A1C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0F, 2
1A1C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:11, 8
1A1C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:12, 8
1A1C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:21, 1
1A1C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:22, 1
1A1C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:23, 1
1A1C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:24, 1
1A1C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:25, 1
1A1C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:26, 1
1A1C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:27, 1
1A1C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:28, 1
1A1C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:29, 1
1A1C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:2A, 1
1A1C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A1C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:41, 32
1A1C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:42, 32
1A1C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:43, 32
1A1C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:44, 32
1A1C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:45, 32
1A1C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:46, 32
1A1C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:47, 32
1A1C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:48, 32
1A1C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:49, 32
1A1C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:4A, 32

Index 1A1D MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1D:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 30	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A1D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:01, 8
1A1D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:09, 1
1A1D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0A, 1
1A1D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0F, 2
1A1D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:11, 8
1A1D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:12, 8
1A1D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:21, 1
1A1D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:22, 1
1A1D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:23, 1
1A1D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:24, 1
1A1D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:25, 1
1A1D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A1D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:41, 32
1A1D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:42, 32
1A1D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:43, 32
1A1D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:44, 32
1A1D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:45, 32

Index 1A1E MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1E:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 31	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A1E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:01, 8
1A1E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:09, 1
1A1E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0A, 1
1A1E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0F, 2
1A1E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:11, 8
1A1E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:12, 8
1A1E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:21, 1
1A1E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:22, 1
1A1E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A1E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:41, 32
1A1E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:42, 32

Index 1A1F MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A1F:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 32	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A1F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:01, 8
1A1F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:09, 1
1A1F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0A, 1
1A1F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A1F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:0F, 2
1A1F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:11, 8
1A1F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:12, 8
1A1F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:21, 1
1A1F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A1F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D1 (MTI inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60D1:41, 32

Index 1A20 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A20:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 33	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A20:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:01, 8
1A20:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:09, 1
1A20:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0A, 1
1A20:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A20:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0F, 2
1A20:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:11, 8
1A20:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:12, 8
1A20:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:21, 1
1A20:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:22, 1
1A20:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:23, 1
1A20:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:24, 1
1A20:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:25, 1
1A20:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:26, 1
1A20:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:27, 1
1A20:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:28, 1
1A20:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:29, 1
1A20:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:2A, 1
1A20:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A20:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:41, 32
1A20:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:42, 32
1A20:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:43, 32
1A20:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:44, 32
1A20:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:45, 32
1A20:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:46, 32
1A20:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:47, 32
1A20:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:48, 32
1A20:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:49, 32
1A20:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:4A, 32

Index 1A21 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A21:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 34	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A21:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:01, 8
1A21:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:09, 1
1A21:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0A, 1
1A21:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A21:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0F, 2
1A21:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:11, 8
1A21:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:12, 8
1A21:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:21, 1
1A21:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:22, 1
1A21:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:23, 1
1A21:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:24, 1
1A21:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:25, 1
1A21:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A21:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:41, 32
1A21:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:42, 32
1A21:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:43, 32
1A21:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:44, 32
1A21:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:45, 32

Index 1A22 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A22:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 35	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A22:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:01, 8
1A22:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:09, 1
1A22:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0A, 1
1A22:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A22:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0F, 2
1A22:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:11, 8
1A22:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:12, 8
1A22:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:21, 1
1A22:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:22, 1
1A22:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A22:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:41, 32
1A22:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:42, 32

Index 1A23 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A23:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 36	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A23:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:01, 8
1A23:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:09, 1
1A23:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0A, 1
1A23:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A23:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:0F, 2
1A23:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:11, 8
1A23:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:12, 8
1A23:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:21, 1
1A23:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A23:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E1 (MTI inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60E1:41, 32

Index 1A24 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A24:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 10x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 37	UINT8	RO	0x1C (28 _{dec})
1A24:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:01, 8
1A24:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:09, 1
1A24:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0A, 1
1A24:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A24:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0F, 2
1A24:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:11, 8
1A24:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:12, 8
1A24:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:21, 1
1A24:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:22, 1
1A24:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:23, 1
1A24:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:24, 1
1A24:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:25, 1
1A24:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x26 (Input event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:26, 1
1A24:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x27 (Input event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:27, 1
1A24:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x28 (Input event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:28, 1
1A24:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x29 (Input event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:29, 1
1A24:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x2A (Input event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:2A, 1
1A24:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1A24:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:41, 32
1A24:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:42, 32
1A24:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:43, 32
1A24:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:44, 32
1A24:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:45, 32
1A24:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x46 (Input event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:46, 32
1A24:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x47 (Input event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:47, 32
1A24:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x48 (Input event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:48, 32
1A24:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x49 (Input event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:49, 32
1A24:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x4A (Input event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:4A, 32

Index 1A25 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A25:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 5x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 38	UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
1A25:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:01, 8
1A25:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:09, 1
1A25:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0A, 1
1A25:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A25:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0F, 2
1A25:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:11, 8
1A25:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:12, 8
1A25:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:21, 1
1A25:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:22, 1
1A25:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Input event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:23, 1
1A25:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Input event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:24, 1
1A25:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Input event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:25, 1
1A25:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1A25:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:41, 32
1A25:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:42, 32
1A25:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Input event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:43, 32
1A25:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Input event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:44, 32
1A25:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Input event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:45, 32

Index 1A26 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A26:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 2x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 39	UINT8	RO	0x0C (12 _{dec})
1A26:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:01, 8
1A26:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:09, 1
1A26:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0A, 1
1A26:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A26:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0F, 2
1A26:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:11, 8
1A26:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:12, 8
1A26:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:21, 1
1A26:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Input event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:22, 1
1A26:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1A26:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:41, 32
1A26:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Input event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:42, 32

Index 1A27 MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A27:0	MTI TxPDO-Map Inputs 1x Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 40	UINT8	RO	0x0A (10 _{dec})
1A27:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (No of input events))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:01, 8
1A27:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Input state))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:09, 1
1A27:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0A (Input buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0A, 1
1A27:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1A27:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:0F, 2
1A27:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Events in input buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:11, 8
1A27:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Input order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:12, 8
1A27:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Input event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:21, 1
1A27:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1A27:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F1 (MTI inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Input event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x60F1:41, 32

Index 1A28 TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A28:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 41	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A28:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6100 (TSO Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6100:01, 1
1A28:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A29 TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A29:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 42	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A29:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6110 (TSO Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6110:01, 1
1A29:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A2A TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A2A:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 43	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A2A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6120 (TSO Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6120:01, 1
1A2A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A2B TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A2B:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 44	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A2B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6130 (TSO Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6130:01, 1
1A2B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A2C TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A2C:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 45	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A2C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6140 (TSO Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6140:01, 1
1A2C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A2D TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A2D:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 46	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A2D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6150 (TSO Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6150:01, 1
1A2D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A2E TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A2E:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 47	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A2E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6160 (TSO Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6160:01, 1
1A2E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A2F TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A2F:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 48	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A2F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6170 (TSO Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6170:01, 1
1A2F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A30 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A30:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 49	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A30:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6180 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x6180:01, 1
1A30:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A30:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6180 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x6180:09, 8
1A30:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A30:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6180 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x6180:41, 64
1A30:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6180 (TSI Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x6180:42, 64

Index 1A31 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A31:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 50	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A31:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6190 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x6190:01, 1
1A31:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A31:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6190 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x6190:09, 8
1A31:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A31:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6190 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x6190:41, 64
1A31:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6190 (TSI Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x6190:42, 64

Index 1A32 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A32:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 51	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A32:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x61A0:01, 1
1A32:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A32:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x61A0:09, 8
1A32:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A32:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x61A0:41, 64
1A32:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61A0 (TSI Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x61A0:42, 64

Index 1A33 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A33:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 52	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A33:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x61B0:01, 1
1A33:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A33:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x61B0:09, 8
1A33:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A33:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x61B0:41, 64
1A33:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61B0 (TSI Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x61B0:42, 64

Index 1A34 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A34:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 53	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A34:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x61C0:01, 1
1A34:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A34:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x61C0:09, 8
1A34:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A34:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x61C0:41, 64
1A34:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61C0 (TSI Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x61C0:42, 64

Index 1A35 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A35:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 54	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A35:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x61D0:01, 1
1A35:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A35:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x61D0:09, 8
1A35:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A35:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x61D0:41, 64
1A35:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61D0 (TSI Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x61D0:42, 64

Index 1A36 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A36:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 55	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A36:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x61E0:01, 1
1A36:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A36:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x61E0:09, 8
1A36:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A36:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x61E0:41, 64
1A36:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61E0 (TSI Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x61E0:42, 64

Index 1A37 TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A37:0	TSI TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 56	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A37:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Input))	UINT32	RO	0x61F0:01, 1
1A37:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (7 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 7
1A37:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Status))	UINT32	RO	0x61F0:09, 8
1A37:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (48 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 48
1A37:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (LatchPos))	UINT32	RO	0x61F0:41, 64
1A37:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x61F0 (TSI Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (LatchNeg))	UINT32	RO	0x61F0:42, 64

Index 1A38 DEV TxPDO-Map Inputs Device

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A38:0	DEV TxPDO-Map Inputs Device	PDO Mapping TxPDO 57	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A38:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (1 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 1
1A38:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x02 (Undervoltage Up))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:02, 1
1A38:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x03 (Overttemperature))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:03, 1
1A38:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x04 (Checksum error))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:04, 1
1A38:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (60 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 60
1A38:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x21 (SysTime))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:21, 64

Index 1C00 Sync manager type

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C00:0	Sync manager type	Using the sync managers	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1C00:01	SubIndex 001	Sync-Manager Type Channel 1: Mailbox Write	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
1C00:02	SubIndex 002	Sync-Manager Type Channel 2: Mailbox Read	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1C00:03	SubIndex 003	Sync-Manager Type Channel 3: Process Data Write (Outputs)	UINT8	RO	0x03 (3 _{dec})
1C00:04	SubIndex 004	Sync-Manager Type Channel 4: Process Data Read (Inputs)	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})

Index 1C12 RxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C12:0	RxPDO assign	PDO Assign Outputs	UINT8	RW	0x10 (16 _{dec})
1C12:01	SubIndex 001	1. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1600 (5632 _{dec})
1C12:02	SubIndex 002	2. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1604 (5636 _{dec})
1C12:03	SubIndex 003	3. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1608 (5640 _{dec})
1C12:04	SubIndex 004	4. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x160C (5644 _{dec})
1C12:05	SubIndex 005	5. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1610 (5648 _{dec})
1C12:06	SubIndex 006	6. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1614 (5652 _{dec})
1C12:07	SubIndex 007	7. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1618 (5656 _{dec})
1C12:08	SubIndex 008	8. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x161C (5660 _{dec})
1C12:09	SubIndex 009	9. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1620 (5664 _{dec})
1C12:0A	SubIndex 010	10. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1621 (5665 _{dec})
1C12:0B	SubIndex 011	11. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1622 (5666 _{dec})
1C12:0C	SubIndex 012	12. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1623 (5667 _{dec})
1C12:0D	SubIndex 013	13. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1624 (5668 _{dec})
1C12:0E	SubIndex 014	14. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1625 (5669 _{dec})
1C12:0F	SubIndex 015	15. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1626 (5670 _{dec})
1C12:10	SubIndex 016	16. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1627 (5671 _{dec})
1C12:11	SubIndex 017	17. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:12	SubIndex 018	18. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:13	SubIndex 019	19. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:14	SubIndex 020	20. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:15	SubIndex 021	21. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:16	SubIndex 022	22. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:17	SubIndex 023	23. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:18	SubIndex 024	24. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:19	SubIndex 025	25. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1A	SubIndex 026	26. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1B	SubIndex 027	27. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C12 RxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C12:1C	SubIndex 028	28. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1D	SubIndex 029	29. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1E	SubIndex 030	30. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1F	SubIndex 031	31. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:20	SubIndex 032	32. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:21	SubIndex 033	33. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:22	SubIndex 034	34. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:23	SubIndex 035	35. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:24	SubIndex 036	36. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:25	SubIndex 037	37. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:26	SubIndex 038	38. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:27	SubIndex 039	39. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:28	SubIndex 040	40. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:29	SubIndex 041	41. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:2A	SubIndex 042	42. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:2B	SubIndex 043	43. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:2C	SubIndex 044	44. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:2D	SubIndex 045	45. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:2E	SubIndex 046	46. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:2F	SubIndex 047	47. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:30	SubIndex 048	48. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C13 TxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C13:0	TxPDO assign	PDO Assign Inputs	UINT8	RW	0x10 (16 _{dec})
1C13:01	SubIndex 001	1. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A00 (6656 _{dec})
1C13:02	SubIndex 002	2. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A01 (6657 _{dec})
1C13:03	SubIndex 003	3. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A02 (6658 _{dec})
1C13:04	SubIndex 004	4. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A03 (6659 _{dec})
1C13:05	SubIndex 005	5. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A04 (6660 _{dec})
1C13:06	SubIndex 006	6. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A05 (6661 _{dec})
1C13:07	SubIndex 007	7. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A06 (6662 _{dec})
1C13:08	SubIndex 008	8. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A07 (6663 _{dec})
1C13:09	SubIndex 009	9. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A08 (6664 _{dec})
1C13:0A	SubIndex 010	10. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A0C (6668 _{dec})
1C13:0B	SubIndex 011	11. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A10 (6672 _{dec})
1C13:0C	SubIndex 012	12. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A14 (6676 _{dec})
1C13:0D	SubIndex 013	13. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A18 (6680 _{dec})
1C13:0E	SubIndex 014	14. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A1C (6684 _{dec})
1C13:0F	SubIndex 015	15. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A20 (6688 _{dec})
1C13:10	SubIndex 016	16. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A24 (6692 _{dec})
1C13:11	SubIndex 017	17. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:12	SubIndex 018	18. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:13	SubIndex 019	19. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:14	SubIndex 020	20. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:15	SubIndex 021	21. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:16	SubIndex 022	22. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:17	SubIndex 023	23. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:18	SubIndex 024	24. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:19	SubIndex 025	25. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1A	SubIndex 026	26. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1B	SubIndex 027	27. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C13 TxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C13:1C	SubIndex 028	28. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1D	SubIndex 029	29. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1E	SubIndex 030	30. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:1F	SubIndex 031	31. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:20	SubIndex 032	32. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:21	SubIndex 033	33. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:22	SubIndex 034	34. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:23	SubIndex 035	35. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:24	SubIndex 036	36. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:25	SubIndex 037	37. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:26	SubIndex 038	38. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:27	SubIndex 039	39. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:28	SubIndex 040	40. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:29	SubIndex 041	41. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:2A	SubIndex 042	42. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:2B	SubIndex 043	43. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:2C	SubIndex 044	44. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:2D	SubIndex 045	45. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:2E	SubIndex 046	46. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:2F	SubIndex 047	47. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:30	SubIndex 048	48. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:31	SubIndex 049	49. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:32	SubIndex 050	50. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:33	SubIndex 051	51. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:34	SubIndex 052	52. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:35	SubIndex 053	53. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:36	SubIndex 054	54. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:37	SubIndex 055	55. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:38	SubIndex 056	56. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:39	SubIndex 057	57. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C32 SM output parameter

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C32:0	SM output parameter	Synchronization parameters for the outputs	UINT8	RO	0x20 (32 _{dec})
1C32:01	Sync mode	Current synchronization mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Free Run 1: Synchron with SM 2 Event 2: DC-Mode - Synchron with SYNC0 Event 3: DC-Mode - Synchron with SYNC1 Event 	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:02	Cycle time	Cycle time (in ns): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Free Run: Cycle time of the local timer Synchronous with SM 2 event: Master cycle time DC mode: SYNC0/SYNC1 Cycle Time 	UINT32	RW	0x000C3500 (800000 _{dec})
1C32:03	Shift time	Time between SYNC0 event and output of the outputs (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:04	Sync modes supported	Supported synchronization modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0 = 1: free run is supported Bit 1 = 1: Synchronous with SM 2 event is supported Bit 2-3 = 01: DC mode is supported Bit 4-5 = 10: Output shift with SYNC1 event (only DC mode) Bit 14 = 1: dynamic times (measurement through writing of 0x1C32:08 [► 274]) 	UINT16	RO	0x0804 (2052 _{dec})
1C32:05	Minimum cycle time	Minimum cycle time (in ns)	UINT32	RO	0x00001F40 (8000 _{dec})
1C32:06	Calc and copy time	Minimum time between SYNC0 and SYNC1 event (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:07	Minimum delay time		UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:08	Command	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Measurement of the local cycle time is stopped 1: Measurement of the local cycle time is started <p>The entries 0x1C32:03 [► 274], 0x1C32:05 [► 274], 0x1C32:06 [► 274], 0x1C32:09 [► 274], 0x1C33:03 [► 275], 0x1C33:06 [► 274], and 0x1C33:09 [► 275] are updated with the maximum measured values. For a subsequent measurement the measured values are reset</p>	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:09	Maximum delay time	Time between SYNC1 event and output of the outputs (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:0B	SM event missed counter	Number of missed SM events in OPERATIONAL (DC mode only)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:0C	Cycle exceeded counter	Number of occasions the cycle time was exceeded in OPERATIONAL (cycle was not completed in time or the next cycle began too early)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:0D	Shift too short counter	Number of occasions that the interval between SYNC0 and SYNC1 event was too short (DC mode only)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:20	Sync error	The synchronization was not correct in the last cycle (outputs were output too late; DC mode only)	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C33 SM input parameter

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C33:0	SM input parameter	Synchronization parameters for the inputs	UINT8	RO	0x20 (32 _{dec})
1C33:01	Sync mode	Current synchronization mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Free Run 1: Synchronous with SM 3 event (no outputs available) 2: DC - Synchron with SYNC0 Event 3: DC - Synchron with SYNC1 Event 34: Synchronous with SM 2 event (outputs available) 	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:02	Cycle time	as 0x1C32:02 ▶ 274]	UINT32	RW	0x000C3500 (800000 _{dec})
1C33:03	Shift time	Time between SYNC0 event and reading of the inputs (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:04	Sync modes supported	Supported synchronization modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0: free run is supported Bit 1: synchronous with SM 2 event is supported (outputs available) Bit 1: synchronous with SM 3 event is supported (no outputs available) Bit 2-3 = 01: DC mode is supported Bit 4-5 = 01: input shift through local event (outputs available) Bit 4-5 = 10: input shift with SYNC1 event (no outputs available) Bit 14 = 1: dynamic times (measurement through writing of 0x1C32:08 ▶ 274] or 0x1C33:08 ▶ 275]) 	UINT16	RO	0x0804 (2052 _{dec})
1C33:05	Minimum cycle time	as 0x1C32:05 ▶ 274]	UINT32	RO	0x00001F40 (8000 _{dec})
1C33:06	Calc and copy time	Time between reading of the inputs and availability of the inputs for the master (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:07	Minimum delay time		UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:08	Command	as 0x1C32:08 ▶ 274]	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:09	Maximum delay time	Time between SYNC1 event and reading of the inputs (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:0B	SM event missed counter	as 0x1C32:11 ▶ 274]	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:0C	Cycle exceeded counter	as 0x1C32:12 ▶ 274]	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:0D	Shift too short counter	as 0x1C32:13 ▶ 274]	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:20	Sync error	as 0x1C32:32 ▶ 274]	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index F000 Modular device profile

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F000:0	Modular device profile	General information for the modular device profile	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
F000:01	Module index distance	Index spacing of the objects of the individual channels	UINT16	RO	0x0010 (16 _{dec})
F000:02	Maximum number of modules	Number of channels	UINT16	RO	0x0020 (32 _{dec})

Index F008 Code word

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F008:0	Code word	reserved	UINT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index F010 Module list

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F010:0	Module list	MDP Profile	UINT8	RW	0x20 (32 _{dec})
F010:01	SubIndex 001		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:02	SubIndex 002		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:03	SubIndex 003		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:04	SubIndex 004		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:05	SubIndex 005		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:06	SubIndex 006		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:07	SubIndex 007		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:08	SubIndex 008		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:09	SubIndex 009		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:0A	SubIndex 010		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:0B	SubIndex 011		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:0C	SubIndex 012		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:0D	SubIndex 013		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:0E	SubIndex 014		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:0F	SubIndex 015		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:10	SubIndex 016		UINT32	RW	0x00000078 (120 _{dec})
F010:11	SubIndex 017		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:12	SubIndex 018		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:13	SubIndex 019		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:14	SubIndex 020		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})

Index F010 Module list

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F010:15	SubIndex 021		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:16	SubIndex 022		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:17	SubIndex 023		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:18	SubIndex 024		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:19	SubIndex 025		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:1A	SubIndex 026		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:1B	SubIndex 027		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:1C	SubIndex 028		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:1D	SubIndex 029		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:1E	SubIndex 030		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:1F	SubIndex 031		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})
F010:20	SubIndex 032		UINT32	RW	0x00000079 (121 _{dec})

5.9.3 EL2258

5.9.3.1 Object description and parameterization

i EtherCAT XML Device Description

The display matches that of the CoE objects from the EtherCAT XML Device Description. We recommend downloading the latest XML file from the download area of the [Beckhoff website](#) and installing it according to installation instructions.

i Parameterization via the CoE list (CAN over EtherCAT)

The terminal is parameterized via the CoE - Online tab (double-click on the respective object) or via the Process Data tab (allocation of PDOs). Please note the following general CoE information when using/manipulating the CoE parameters:

- Keep a startup list if components have to be replaced
- Differentiation between online/offline dictionary, existence of current XML description
- Use "CoE reload" for resetting changes

5.9.3.1.1 Restore object

Index 1011 Restore default parameters

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1011:0	Restore default parameters	Restore default parameters	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
1011:01	SubIndex 001	If this object is set to "0x64616F6C" in the set value dialog, all backup objects are reset to their delivery state.	UINT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.3.1.2 Configuration data

Index 8pp1 MTO Settings (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8pp1:0	MTO Settings		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8pp1:01	Use as +24 V power supply	Activates the output permanently. The channel cannot be used for processing of timestamp events. The output is deactivated as soon as the EtherCAT status is not OP.	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:02	Enable manual operation	Via this object the output can be <u>switched manually</u> [► 156].	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:03	Enable time check	This bit can be used to determine how to handle switching orders that were placed before the current time (<u>further explanation see here</u>) [► 156].	BOOLEAN	RW	0x00 (0 _{dec})
8pp1:11	Buffer reset behavior	Specifies the behavior of the "Output buffer reset" bit Permitted values:	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
		0 Reset on rising edge: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Output buffer reset"			
		1 Reset on high level: The buffer is cleared with a rising edge of "Output buffer reset" and does not accept new values until "Output buffer reset" is reset.			
8pp1:12	Buffer overflow behavior	Specifies the behavior in the event of buffer overflow Permitted values:	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
		0 Lock buffer: New events are discarded			
		1 Overwrite oldest value: New events overwrite the last events in the buffer			

Index 8ppF MTO Vendor data (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	MTO Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the output time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the output time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 8ppF TSO Vendor data (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
8ppF:0	TSO Vendor data		UINT8	RO	0x12 (18 _{dec})
8ppF:11	Offset pos	This object can be used to move the output time of the rising edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
8ppF:12	Offset neg	This object can be used to move the output time of the falling edges. This setting is left to the manufacturer.	INT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.3.1.3 Input data

Index 6pp0 MTO inputs (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp0:0	MTO inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:01	Output short circuit	The channel signals a short circuit	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:02	Output buffer overflow	More events were written to the buffer than it can hold	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:03	Output state	Current output state at the time of the process data cycle	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:0F	Input cycle counter	Is incremented with each process data cycle and switches to 0 after its maximum value of 3.	BIT2	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:11	Output order feedback	This byte reflects the state of the "Output order counter" byte.	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:12	Events in output buffer	Returns the number of switching orders currently still in the buffer	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 6pp0 TSO Inputs (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
6pp0:0	TSO Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
6pp0:01	Feedback	Returns the current value of the output	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index F611 DEV Inputs

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F611:0	DEV Inputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:02	Undervoltage Up	The nominal voltage at the power contacts was significantly below the minimum value.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:03	Overtemperature	Overtemperature fault: The temperature of the input or output blocks is too high. For output terminals check whether one of the channels is affected by a short circuit.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:04	Checksum error	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F611:21	SysTime	DC timestamp of the last input mapping. This timestamp should not be used as reference (information on DC reference times). [► 163]	UINT64	RO	

5.9.3.1.4 Output data**Index 7pp1 MTO outputs (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
7pp1:0	MTO outputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:01	Output buffer reset	Removes all elements from the buffer Clearing can be achieved through a rising edge or continuously by applying 1 at this bit. The behavior can be parameterized via CoE object 0x8pp1:11 [► 278].	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:02	Manual output state	This bit can be used to switch the output without using timestamps. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Method 1: The CoE object 0x8pp1:02 [► 278] ("Enable manual operation") is set to TRUE. Timestamp mode is now switched off, and the output can only be switched via the bit "Manual operation state". This is particularly helpful for the commissioning phase. Method 2: Via the bit "Enable manual operation" (0x7pp1:04) the channel output can be forced to the value of this object. Timestamp processing continues in the background. Output is only reactivated if the bit "Enable manual operation" is set to 0 again. 	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:03	Force order	This bit defines how to deal with timestamps that were placed in the past (see diagram) [► 156].	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:04	Enable manual operation	See "Manual output state" (0x7pp1:02) [► 279].	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:09	Output order counter	Incrementing this byte indicates to the channel that new output events can be accepted	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:11	No of output events	Number of filled "Output event state" and "Output event time" objects	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:21	Output event state 1	This bit is used to specify which state the output should assume at the time of "Output event time 1"	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:2A	Output event state 10	...	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:41	Output event time 1	Time at which the state described in "Output event state 1" is to be applied	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
7pp1:4A	Output event time 10	...	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 7pp0 TSO Outputs (for 08 ≤ pp ≤ 0F; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
7pp0:0	TSO Outputs		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:01	Output	Defines whether a rising (1) or falling (0) edge should be output at the "StartTime"	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:11	Activate	A change from 0 to 3 in this byte triggers acceptance of the order with the current StartTime	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
7pp0:41	StartTime	64 Bit TimeSTamp	UINT64	RO	

5.9.3.1.5 Diagnostic data**Index App0 MTO Diag data (for 00 ≤ pp ≤ 07; Ch. 1 to Ch. 8)**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
App0:0	MTO Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:01	Short circuit	The channel signals a short circuit	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
App0:02	Undervoltage	The voltage at the power contacts is outside the valid range.	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index A001 MTO common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A001:0	MTO common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
A001:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index A080 TSO common Diag data

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
A080:0	TSO common Diag data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
A080:11	Checksum error counter	An error occurred in the internal data transfer	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.3.1.6 Information data**Index F900 DEV Info data**

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F900:0	DEV Info data		UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
F900:08	Cycle Time	Indicates the smallest possible <u>cycle time</u> [► 145] that can be set [ns].	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
F900:09	Sample time	Indicates the <u>sampling time</u> [► 145] of the inputs and outputs [ns].	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

5.9.3.1.7 Command object**Index FB00 Command**

The command object was implemented for future use. Currently no commands are supported.

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
FB00:0	Command		UINT8	RO	0x03 (3 _{dec})
FB00:01	Request	Commands can be sent to the terminal via the request object.	OCTET-STRING[2]	RW	{0}
FB00:02	Status	Status of the command currently being executed	UINT8	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})
FB00:03	Response	Optional response value of the command	OCTET-STRING[6]	RO	{0}

5.9.3.2 Object description - standard objects

Index 1000 Device type

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1000:0	Device type	Device type of the EtherCAT slave: the Lo-Word contains the CoE profile used (5001). The Hi-Word contains the module profile according to the modular device profile.	UINT32	RO	0x00001389 (5001 _{dec})

Index 1008 Device name

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1008:0	Device name	Device name of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	EL2258

Index 1009 Hardware version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1009:0	Hardware version	Hardware version of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	

Index 100A Software version

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
100A:0	Software version	Firmware version of the EtherCAT slave	STRING	RO	99

Index 1018 Identity

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1018:0	Identity	Information for identifying the slave	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1018:01	Vendor ID	Vendor ID of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x00000002 (2 _{dec})
1018:02	Product code	Product code of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x08D23052 (147992658 _{dec})
1018:03	Revision	Revision number of the EtherCAT slave; the low word (bit 0-15) indicates the special terminal number, the high word (bit 16-31) refers to the device description	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1018:04	Serial number	Serial number of the EtherCAT slave; the low byte (bit 0-7) of the low word contains the year of production, the high byte (bit 8-15) of the low word contains the week of production, the high word (bit 16-31) is 0	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 10F0 Backup parameter handling

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
10F0:0	Backup parameter handling	Information for standardized loading and saving of backup entries	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
10F0:01	Checksum	Checksum across all backup entries of the EtherCAT slave	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1600 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1600:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 1	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1600:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1600:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1600:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1600:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1600:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1600:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1600:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1600:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1600:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1600:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:22, 1
1600:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:23, 1
1600:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:24, 1
1600:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:25, 1
1600:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:26, 1
1600:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:27, 1
1600:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:28, 1
1600:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:29, 1
1600:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:2A, 1
1600:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1600:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32
1600:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:42, 32
1600:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:43, 32
1600:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:44, 32
1600:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:45, 32
1600:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:46, 32
1600:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:47, 32
1600:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:48, 32
1600:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:49, 32
1600:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:4A, 32

Index 1601 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1601:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 2	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1601:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1601:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1601:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1601:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1601:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1601:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1601:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1601:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1601:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1601:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:22, 1
1601:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:23, 1
1601:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:24, 1
1601:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:25, 1
1601:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1601:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32
1601:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:42, 32
1601:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:43, 32
1601:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:44, 32
1601:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:45, 32

Index 1602 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1602:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 3	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1602:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1602:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1602:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1602:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1602:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1602:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1602:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1602:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1602:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1602:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:22, 1
1602:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1602:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32
1602:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:42, 32

Index 1603 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1603:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 4	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1603:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:01, 1
1603:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:02, 1
1603:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:03, 1
1603:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:04, 1
1603:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1603:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:09, 8
1603:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:11, 8
1603:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1603:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:21, 1
1603:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1603:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7001 (MTO outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7001:41, 32

Index 1604 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1604:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 5	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1604:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1604:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1604:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1604:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1604:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1604:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1604:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1604:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1604:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1604:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:22, 1
1604:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:23, 1
1604:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:24, 1
1604:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:25, 1
1604:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:26, 1
1604:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:27, 1
1604:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:28, 1
1604:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:29, 1
1604:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:2A, 1
1604:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1604:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32
1604:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:42, 32
1604:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:43, 32
1604:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:44, 32
1604:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:45, 32
1604:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:46, 32
1604:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:47, 32
1604:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:48, 32
1604:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:49, 32
1604:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:4A, 32

Index 1605 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1605:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 6	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1605:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1605:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1605:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1605:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1605:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1605:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1605:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1605:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1605:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1605:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:22, 1
1605:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:23, 1
1605:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:24, 1
1605:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:25, 1
1605:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1605:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32
1605:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:42, 32
1605:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:43, 32
1605:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:44, 32
1605:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:45, 32

Index 1606 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1606:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 7	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1606:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1606:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1606:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1606:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1606:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1606:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1606:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1606:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1606:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1606:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:22, 1
1606:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1606:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32
1606:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:42, 32

Index 1607 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1607:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 8	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1607:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:01, 1
1607:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:02, 1
1607:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:03, 1
1607:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:04, 1
1607:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1607:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:09, 8
1607:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:11, 8
1607:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1607:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:21, 1
1607:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1607:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7011 (MTO outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7011:41, 32

Index 1608 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1608:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 9	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1608:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
1608:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
1608:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
1608:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
1608:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1608:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
1608:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
1608:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1608:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
1608:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:22, 1
1608:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:23, 1
1608:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:24, 1
1608:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:25, 1
1608:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:26, 1
1608:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:27, 1
1608:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:28, 1
1608:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:29, 1
1608:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:2A, 1
1608:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1608:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32
1608:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:42, 32
1608:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:43, 32
1608:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:44, 32
1608:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:45, 32
1608:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:46, 32
1608:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:47, 32
1608:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:48, 32
1608:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:49, 32
1608:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:4A, 32

Index 1609 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1609:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 10	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1609:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
1609:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
1609:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
1609:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
1609:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1609:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
1609:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
1609:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1609:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
1609:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:22, 1
1609:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:23, 1
1609:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:24, 1
1609:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:25, 1
1609:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1609:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32
1609:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:42, 32
1609:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:43, 32
1609:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:44, 32
1609:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:45, 32

Index 160A MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160A:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 11	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
160A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
160A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
160A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
160A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
160A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
160A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
160A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
160A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:22, 1
160A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
160A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32
160A:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:42, 32

Index 160B MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160B:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 12	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
160B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:01, 1
160B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:02, 1
160B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:03, 1
160B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:04, 1
160B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:09, 8
160B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:11, 8
160B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:21, 1
160B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
160B:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7021 (MTO outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7021:41, 32

Index 160C MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160C:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 13	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
160C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:22, 1
160C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:23, 1
160C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:24, 1
160C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:25, 1
160C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:26, 1
160C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:27, 1
160C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:28, 1
160C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:29, 1
160C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:2A, 1
160C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
160C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32
160C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:42, 32
160C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:43, 32
160C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:44, 32
160C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:45, 32
160C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:46, 32
160C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:47, 32
160C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:48, 32
160C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:49, 32
160C:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:4A, 32

Index 160D MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160D:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 14	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
160D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:22, 1
160D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:23, 1
160D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:24, 1
160D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:25, 1
160D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
160D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32
160D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:42, 32
160D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:43, 32
160D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:44, 32
160D:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:45, 32

Index 160E MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160E:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 15	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
160E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:22, 1
160E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
160E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32
160E:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:42, 32

Index 160F MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
160F:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 16	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
160F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:01, 1
160F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:02, 1
160F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:03, 1
160F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:04, 1
160F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
160F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:09, 8
160F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:11, 8
160F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
160F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:21, 1
160F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
160F:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7031 (MTO outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7031:41, 32

Index 1610 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1610:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 17	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1610:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1610:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1610:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1610:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1610:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1610:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1610:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1610:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1610:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1610:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:22, 1
1610:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:23, 1
1610:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:24, 1
1610:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:25, 1
1610:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:26, 1
1610:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:27, 1
1610:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:28, 1
1610:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:29, 1
1610:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:2A, 1
1610:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1610:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32
1610:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:42, 32
1610:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:43, 32
1610:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:44, 32
1610:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:45, 32
1610:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:46, 32
1610:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:47, 32
1610:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:48, 32
1610:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:49, 32
1610:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:4A, 32

Index 1611 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1611:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 18	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1611:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1611:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1611:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1611:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1611:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1611:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1611:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1611:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1611:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1611:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:22, 1
1611:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:23, 1
1611:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:24, 1
1611:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:25, 1
1611:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1611:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32
1611:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:42, 32
1611:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:43, 32
1611:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:44, 32
1611:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:45, 32

Index 1612 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1612:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 19	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1612:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1612:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1612:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1612:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1612:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1612:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1612:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1612:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1612:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1612:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:22, 1
1612:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1612:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32
1612:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:42, 32

Index 1613 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1613:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 20	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1613:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:01, 1
1613:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:02, 1
1613:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:03, 1
1613:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:04, 1
1613:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1613:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:09, 8
1613:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:11, 8
1613:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1613:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:21, 1
1613:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1613:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7041 (MTO outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7041:41, 32

Index 1614 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1614:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 21	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1614:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1614:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1614:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1614:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1614:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1614:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1614:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1614:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1614:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1614:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:22, 1
1614:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:23, 1
1614:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:24, 1
1614:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:25, 1
1614:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:26, 1
1614:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:27, 1
1614:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:28, 1
1614:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:29, 1
1614:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:2A, 1
1614:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1614:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32
1614:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:42, 32
1614:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:43, 32
1614:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:44, 32
1614:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:45, 32
1614:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:46, 32
1614:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:47, 32
1614:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:48, 32
1614:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:49, 32
1614:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:4A, 32

Index 1615 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1615:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 22	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1615:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1615:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1615:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1615:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1615:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1615:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1615:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1615:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1615:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1615:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:22, 1
1615:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:23, 1
1615:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:24, 1
1615:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:25, 1
1615:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1615:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32
1615:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:42, 32
1615:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:43, 32
1615:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:44, 32
1615:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:45, 32

Index 1616 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1616:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 23	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
1616:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1616:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1616:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1616:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1616:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1616:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1616:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1616:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1616:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1616:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:22, 1
1616:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
1616:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32
1616:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:42, 32

Index 1617 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1617:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 24	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
1617:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:01, 1
1617:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:02, 1
1617:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:03, 1
1617:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:04, 1
1617:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1617:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:09, 8
1617:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:11, 8
1617:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1617:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:21, 1
1617:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
1617:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7051 (MTO outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7051:41, 32

Index 1618 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1618:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 25	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
1618:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
1618:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
1618:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
1618:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
1618:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1618:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
1618:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
1618:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1618:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
1618:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:22, 1
1618:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:23, 1
1618:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:24, 1
1618:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:25, 1
1618:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:26, 1
1618:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:27, 1
1618:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:28, 1
1618:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:29, 1
1618:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:2A, 1
1618:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
1618:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32
1618:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:42, 32
1618:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:43, 32
1618:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:44, 32
1618:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:45, 32
1618:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:46, 32
1618:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:47, 32
1618:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:48, 32
1618:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:49, 32
1618:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:4A, 32

Index 1619 MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1619:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 26	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
1619:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
1619:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
1619:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
1619:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
1619:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
1619:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
1619:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
1619:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
1619:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
1619:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:22, 1
1619:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:23, 1
1619:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:24, 1
1619:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:25, 1
1619:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
1619:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32
1619:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:42, 32
1619:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:43, 32
1619:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:44, 32
1619:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:45, 32

Index 161A MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161A:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 27	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
161A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
161A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
161A:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
161A:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
161A:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161A:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
161A:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
161A:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161A:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
161A:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:22, 1
161A:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
161A:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32
161A:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:42, 32

Index 161B MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161B:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 28	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
161B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:01, 1
161B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:02, 1
161B:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:03, 1
161B:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:04, 1
161B:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161B:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:09, 8
161B:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:11, 8
161B:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161B:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:21, 1
161B:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
161B:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7061 (MTO outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7061:41, 32

Index 161C MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161C:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 10x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 29	UINT8	RO	0x1D (29 _{dec})
161C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161C:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161C:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161C:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161C:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161C:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161C:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161C:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161C:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:22, 1
161C:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:23, 1
161C:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:24, 1
161C:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:25, 1
161C:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x26 (Output event state 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:26, 1
161C:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x27 (Output event state 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:27, 1
161C:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x28 (Output event state 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:28, 1
161C:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x29 (Output event state 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:29, 1
161C:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x2A (Output event state 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:2A, 1
161C:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (22 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 22
161C:14	SubIndex 020	20. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32
161C:15	SubIndex 021	21. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:42, 32
161C:16	SubIndex 022	22. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:43, 32
161C:17	SubIndex 023	23. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:44, 32
161C:18	SubIndex 024	24. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:45, 32
161C:19	SubIndex 025	25. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x46 (Output event time 6))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:46, 32
161C:1A	SubIndex 026	26. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x47 (Output event time 7))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:47, 32
161C:1B	SubIndex 027	27. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x48 (Output event time 8))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:48, 32
161C:1C	SubIndex 028	28. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x49 (Output event time 9))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:49, 32
161C:1D	SubIndex 029	29. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x4A (Output event time 10))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:4A, 32

Index 161D MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161D:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 5x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 30	UINT8	RO	0x13 (19 _{dec})
161D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161D:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161D:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161D:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161D:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161D:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161D:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161D:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161D:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:22, 1
161D:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x23 (Output event state 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:23, 1
161D:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x24 (Output event state 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:24, 1
161D:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x25 (Output event state 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:25, 1
161D:0E	SubIndex 014	14. PDO Mapping entry (27 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 27
161D:0F	SubIndex 015	15. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32
161D:10	SubIndex 016	16. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:42, 32
161D:11	SubIndex 017	17. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x43 (Output event time 3))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:43, 32
161D:12	SubIndex 018	18. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x44 (Output event time 4))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:44, 32
161D:13	SubIndex 019	19. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x45 (Output event time 5))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:45, 32

Index 161E MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161E:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 2x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 31	UINT8	RO	0x0D (13 _{dec})
161E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161E:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161E:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161E:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161E:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161E:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161E:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161E:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161E:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x22 (Output event state 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:22, 1
161E:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (30 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 30
161E:0C	SubIndex 012	12. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32
161E:0D	SubIndex 013	13. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x42 (Output event time 2))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:42, 32

Index 161F MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
161F:0	MTO RxPDO-Map Outputs 1x Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 32	UINT8	RO	0x0B (11 _{dec})
161F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output buffer reset))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:01, 1
161F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Manual output state))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:02, 1
161F:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Force order))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:03, 1
161F:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x04 (Enable manual operation))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:04, 1
161F:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (4 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 4
161F:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x09 (Output order counter))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:09, 8
161F:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (No of output events))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:11, 8
161F:08	SubIndex 008	8. PDO Mapping entry (8 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 8
161F:09	SubIndex 009	9. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x21 (Output event state 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:21, 1
161F:0A	SubIndex 010	10. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31
161F:0B	SubIndex 011	11. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7071 (MTO outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (Output event time 1))	UINT32	RO	0x7071:41, 32

Index 1620 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1620:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.1	PDO Mapping RxPDO 33	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1620:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7080 (TSO Outputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7080:01, 1
1620:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1620:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7080 (TSO Outputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7080:11, 8
1620:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1620:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7080 (TSO Outputs Ch.1), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7080:41, 64

Index 1621 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1621:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.2	PDO Mapping RxPDO 34	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1621:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7090 (TSO Outputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x7090:01, 1
1621:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1621:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7090 (TSO Outputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x7090:11, 8
1621:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1621:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x7090 (TSO Outputs Ch.2), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x7090:41, 64

Index 1622 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1622:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.3	PDO Mapping RxPDO 35	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1622:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70A0 (TSO Outputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x70A0:01, 1
1622:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1622:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70A0 (TSO Outputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x70A0:11, 8
1622:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1622:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70A0 (TSO Outputs Ch.3), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x70A0:41, 64

Index 1623 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1623:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.4	PDO Mapping RxPDO 36	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1623:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70B0 (TSO Outputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x70B0:01, 1
1623:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1623:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70B0 (TSO Outputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x70B0:11, 8
1623:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1623:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70B0 (TSO Outputs Ch.4), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x70B0:41, 64

Index 1624 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1624:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.5	PDO Mapping RxPDO 37	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1624:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70C0 (TSO Outputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x70C0:01, 1
1624:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1624:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70C0 (TSO Outputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x70C0:11, 8
1624:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1624:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70C0 (TSO Outputs Ch.5), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x70C0:41, 64

Index 1625 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1625:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.6	PDO Mapping RxPDO 38	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1625:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70D0 (TSO Outputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x70D0:01, 1
1625:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1625:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70D0 (TSO Outputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x70D0:11, 8
1625:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1625:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70D0 (TSO Outputs Ch.6), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x70D0:41, 64

Index 1626 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1626:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.7	PDO Mapping RxPDO 39	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1626:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70E0 (TSO Outputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x70E0:01, 1
1626:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1626:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70E0 (TSO Outputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x70E0:11, 8
1626:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1626:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70E0 (TSO Outputs Ch.7), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x70E0:41, 64

Index 1627 TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1627:0	TSO RxPDO-Map Ch.8	PDO Mapping RxPDO 40	UINT8	RO	0x05 (5 _{dec})
1627:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70F0 (TSO Outputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output))	UINT32	RO	0x70F0:01, 1
1627:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (15 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 15
1627:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70F0 (TSO Outputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Activate))	UINT32	RO	0x70F0:11, 8
1627:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (40 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 40
1627:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x70F0 (TSO Outputs Ch.8), entry 0x41 (StartTime))	UINT32	RO	0x70F0:41, 64

Index 1A00 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A00:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 1	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A00:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:01, 1
1A00:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:02, 1
1A00:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:03, 1
1A00:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A00:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:0F, 2
1A00:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:11, 8
1A00:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6000 (MTO inputs Ch.1), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6000:12, 8

Index 1A01 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A01:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 2	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A01:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:01, 1
1A01:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:02, 1
1A01:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:03, 1
1A01:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A01:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:0F, 2
1A01:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:11, 8
1A01:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6010 (MTO inputs Ch.2), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6010:12, 8

Index 1A02 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A02:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 3	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A02:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:01, 1
1A02:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:02, 1
1A02:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:03, 1
1A02:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A02:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:0F, 2
1A02:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:11, 8
1A02:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6020 (MTO inputs Ch.3), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6020:12, 8

Index 1A03 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A03:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 4	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A03:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:01, 1
1A03:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:02, 1
1A03:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:03, 1
1A03:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A03:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:0F, 2
1A03:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:11, 8
1A03:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6030 (MTO inputs Ch.4), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6030:12, 8

Index 1A04 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A04:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 5	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A04:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:01, 1
1A04:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:02, 1
1A04:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:03, 1
1A04:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A04:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:0F, 2
1A04:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:11, 8
1A04:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6040 (MTO inputs Ch.5), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6040:12, 8

Index 1A05 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A05:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 6	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A05:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:01, 1
1A05:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:02, 1
1A05:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:03, 1
1A05:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A05:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:0F, 2
1A05:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:11, 8
1A05:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6050 (MTO inputs Ch.6), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6050:12, 8

Index 1A06 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A06:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 7	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A06:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:01, 1
1A06:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:02, 1
1A06:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:03, 1
1A06:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A06:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:0F, 2
1A06:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:11, 8
1A06:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6060 (MTO inputs Ch.7), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6060:12, 8

Index 1A07 MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A07:0	MTO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 8	UINT8	RO	0x07 (7 _{dec})
1A07:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Output short circuit))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:01, 1
1A07:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x02 (Output buffer overflow))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:02, 1
1A07:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x03 (Output state))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:03, 1
1A07:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (11 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 11
1A07:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x0F (Input cycle counter))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:0F, 2
1A07:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x11 (Output order feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:11, 8
1A07:07	SubIndex 007	7. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6070 (MTO inputs Ch.8), entry 0x12 (Events in output buffer))	UINT32	RO	0x6070:12, 8

Index 1A08 TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A08:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.1	PDO Mapping TxPDO 9	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A08:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6080 (TSO Inputs Ch.1), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6080:01, 1
1A08:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A09 TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A09:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.2	PDO Mapping TxPDO 10	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A09:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x6090 (TSO Inputs Ch.2), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x6090:01, 1
1A09:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A0A TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0A:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.3	PDO Mapping TxPDO 11	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A0A:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60A0 (TSO Inputs Ch.3), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60A0:01, 1
1A0A:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A0B TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0B:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.4	PDO Mapping TxPDO 12	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A0B:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60B0 (TSO Inputs Ch.4), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60B0:01, 1
1A0B:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A0C TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0C:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.5	PDO Mapping TxPDO 13	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A0C:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60C0 (TSO Inputs Ch.5), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60C0:01, 1
1A0C:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A0D TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0D:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.6	PDO Mapping TxPDO 14	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A0D:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60D0 (TSO Inputs Ch.6), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60D0:01, 1
1A0D:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A0E TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0E:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.7	PDO Mapping TxPDO 15	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A0E:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60E0 (TSO Inputs Ch.7), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60E0:01, 1
1A0E:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A0F TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A0F:0	TSO TxPDO-Map Inputs Ch.8	PDO Mapping TxPDO 16	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1A0F:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (object 0x60F0 (TSO Inputs Ch.8), entry 0x01 (Feedback))	UINT32	RO	0x60F0:01, 1
1A0F:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (31 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 31

Index 1A10 DEV TxPDO-Map Inputs Device

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1A10:0	DEV TxPDO-Map Inputs Device	PDO Mapping TxPDO 17	UINT8	RO	0x06 (6 _{dec})
1A10:01	SubIndex 001	1. PDO Mapping entry (1 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 1
1A10:02	SubIndex 002	2. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x02 (Undervoltage Up))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:02, 1
1A10:03	SubIndex 003	3. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x03 (Overtemperature))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:03, 1
1A10:04	SubIndex 004	4. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x04 (Checksum error))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:04, 1
1A10:05	SubIndex 005	5. PDO Mapping entry (60 bits align)	UINT32	RO	0x0000:00, 60
1A10:06	SubIndex 006	6. PDO Mapping entry (object 0xF611 (DEV Inputs), entry 0x21 (SysTime))	UINT32	RO	0xF611:21, 64

Index 1C00 Sync manager type

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C00:0	Sync manager type	Using the sync managers	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})
1C00:01	SubIndex 001	Sync-Manager Type Channel 1: Mailbox Write	UINT8	RO	0x01 (1 _{dec})
1C00:02	SubIndex 002	Sync-Manager Type Channel 2: Mailbox Read	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
1C00:03	SubIndex 003	Sync-Manager Type Channel 3: Process Data Write (Outputs)	UINT8	RO	0x03 (3 _{dec})
1C00:04	SubIndex 004	Sync-Manager Type Channel 4: Process Data Read (Inputs)	UINT8	RO	0x04 (4 _{dec})

Index 1C12 RxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C12:0	RxPDO assign	PDO Assign Outputs	UINT8	RW	0x08 (8 _{dec})
1C12:01	SubIndex 001	1. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1600 (5632 _{dec})
1C12:02	SubIndex 002	2. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1604 (5636 _{dec})
1C12:03	SubIndex 003	3. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1608 (5640 _{dec})
1C12:04	SubIndex 004	4. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x160C (5644 _{dec})
1C12:05	SubIndex 005	5. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1610 (5648 _{dec})
1C12:06	SubIndex 006	6. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1614 (5652 _{dec})
1C12:07	SubIndex 007	7. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1618 (5656 _{dec})
1C12:08	SubIndex 008	8. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x161C (5660 _{dec})
1C12:09	SubIndex 009	9. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:0A	SubIndex 010	10. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:0B	SubIndex 011	11. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:0C	SubIndex 012	12. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:0D	SubIndex 013	13. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:0E	SubIndex 014	14. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:0F	SubIndex 015	15. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:10	SubIndex 016	16. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:11	SubIndex 017	17. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:12	SubIndex 018	18. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:13	SubIndex 019	19. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:14	SubIndex 020	20. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:15	SubIndex 021	21. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:16	SubIndex 022	22. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:17	SubIndex 023	23. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:18	SubIndex 024	24. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:19	SubIndex 025	25. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1A	SubIndex 026	26. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C12 RxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C12:1B	SubIndex 027	27. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1C	SubIndex 028	28. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1D	SubIndex 029	29. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1E	SubIndex 030	30. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:1F	SubIndex 031	31. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:20	SubIndex 032	32. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:21	SubIndex 033	33. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:22	SubIndex 034	34. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:23	SubIndex 035	35. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:24	SubIndex 036	36. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:25	SubIndex 037	37. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:26	SubIndex 038	38. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:27	SubIndex 039	39. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C12:28	SubIndex 040	40. allocated RxPDO (contains the index of the associated RxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C13 TxPDO assign

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C13:0	TxPDO assign	PDO Assign Inputs	UINT8	RW	0x08 (8 _{dec})
1C13:01	SubIndex 001	1. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A00 (6656 _{dec})
1C13:02	SubIndex 002	2. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A01 (6657 _{dec})
1C13:03	SubIndex 003	3. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A02 (6658 _{dec})
1C13:04	SubIndex 004	4. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A03 (6659 _{dec})
1C13:05	SubIndex 005	5. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A04 (6660 _{dec})
1C13:06	SubIndex 006	6. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A05 (6661 _{dec})
1C13:07	SubIndex 007	7. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A06 (6662 _{dec})
1C13:08	SubIndex 008	8. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x1A07 (6663 _{dec})
1C13:09	SubIndex 009	9. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0A	SubIndex 010	10. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0B	SubIndex 011	11. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0C	SubIndex 012	12. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0D	SubIndex 013	13. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0E	SubIndex 014	14. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:0F	SubIndex 015	15. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:10	SubIndex 016	16. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C13:11	SubIndex 017	17. allocated TxPDO (contains the index of the associated TxPDO mapping object)	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C32 SM output parameter

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C32:0	SM output parameter	Synchronization parameters for the outputs	UINT8	RO	0x20 (32 _{dec})
1C32:01	Sync mode	Current synchronization mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Free Run 1: Synchron with SM 2 Event 2: DC-Mode - Synchron with SYNC0 Event 3: DC-Mode - Synchron with SYNC1 Event 	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:02	Cycle time	Cycle time (in ns): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Free Run: Cycle time of the local timer Synchronous with SM 2 event: Master cycle time DC mode: SYNC0/SYNC1 Cycle Time 	UINT32	RW	0x000C3500 (800000 _{dec})
1C32:03	Shift time	Time between SYNC0 event and output of the outputs (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:04	Sync modes supported	Supported synchronization modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0 = 1: free run is supported Bit 1 = 1: Synchronous with SM 2 event is supported Bit 2-3 = 01: DC mode is supported Bit 4-5 = 10: Output shift with SYNC1 event (only DC mode) Bit 14 = 1: dynamic times (measurement through writing of 0x1C32:08 [► 315]) 	UINT16	RO	0x0804 (2052 _{dec})
1C32:05	Minimum cycle time	Minimum cycle time (in ns)	UINT32	RO	0x00001F40 (8000 _{dec})
1C32:06	Calc and copy time	Minimum time between SYNC0 and SYNC1 event (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:07	Minimum delay time		UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:08	Command	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Measurement of the local cycle time is stopped 1: Measurement of the local cycle time is started <p>The entries 0x1C32:03 [► 315], 0x1C32:05 [► 315], 0x1C32:06 [► 315], 0x1C32:09 [► 315], 0x1C33:03 [► 316], 0x1C33:06 [► 315], and 0x1C33:09 [► 316] are updated with the maximum measured values. For a subsequent measurement the measured values are reset</p>	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:09	Maximum delay time	Time between SYNC1 event and output of the outputs (in ns, DC mode only)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C32:0B	SM event missed counter	Number of missed SM events in OPERATIONAL (DC mode only)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:0C	Cycle exceeded counter	Number of occasions the cycle time was exceeded in OPERATIONAL (cycle was not completed in time or the next cycle began too early)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:0D	Shift too short counter	Number of occasions that the interval between SYNC0 and SYNC1 event was too short (DC mode only)	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C32:20	Sync error	The synchronization was not correct in the last cycle (outputs were output too late; DC mode only)	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index 1C33 SM input parameter

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
1C33:0	SM input parameter	Synchronization parameters for the inputs	UINT8	RO	0x20 (32 _{dec})
1C33:01	Sync mode	Current synchronization mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Free Run 1: Synchronous with SM 3 event (no outputs available) 2: DC - Synchronous with SYNC0 Event 3: DC - Synchronous with SYNC1 Event 34: Synchronous with SM 2 event (outputs available) 	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:02	Cycle time	as 0x1C32:02 ► 315]	UINT32	RW	0x000C3500 (800000 _{dec})
1C33:03	Shift time	Time between SYNC0 event and reading of the inputs (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:04	Sync modes supported	Supported synchronization modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit 0: free run is supported Bit 1: synchronous with SM 2 event is supported (outputs available) Bit 1: synchronous with SM 3 event is supported (no outputs available) Bit 2-3 = 01: DC mode is supported Bit 4-5 = 01: input shift through local event (outputs available) Bit 4-5 = 10: input shift with SYNC1 event (no outputs available) Bit 14 = 1: dynamic times (measurement through writing of 0x1C32:08 ► 315] or 0x1C33:08 ► 316]) 	UINT16	RO	0x0804 (2052 _{dec})
1C33:05	Minimum cycle time	as 0x1C32:05 ► 315]	UINT32	RO	0x00001F40 (8000 _{dec})
1C33:06	Calc and copy time	Time between reading of the inputs and availability of the inputs for the master (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:07	Minimum delay time		UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:08	Command	as 0x1C32:08 ► 315]	UINT16	RW	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:09	Maximum delay time	Time between SYNC1 event and reading of the inputs (in ns, only DC mode)	UINT32	RO	0x00000384 (900 _{dec})
1C33:0B	SM event missed counter	as 0x1C32:11 ► 315]	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:0C	Cycle exceeded counter	as 0x1C32:12 ► 315]	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:0D	Shift too short counter	as 0x1C32:13 ► 315]	UINT16	RO	0x0000 (0 _{dec})
1C33:20	Sync error	as 0x1C32:32 ► 315]	BOOLEAN	RO	0x00 (0 _{dec})

Index F000 Modular device profile

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F000:0	Modular device profile	General information for the modular device profile	UINT8	RO	0x02 (2 _{dec})
F000:01	Module index distance	Index spacing of the objects of the individual channels	UINT16	RO	0x0010 (16 _{dec})
F000:02	Maximum number of modules	Number of channels	UINT16	RO	0x0010 (16 _{dec})

Index F008 Code word

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F008:0	Code word	reserved	UINT32	RW	0x00000000 (0 _{dec})

Index F010 Module list

Index (hex)	Name	Meaning	Data type	Flags	Default
F010:0	Module list	MDP Profile	UINT8	RW	0x10 (16 _{dec})
F010:01	SubIndex 001		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:02	SubIndex 002		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:03	SubIndex 003		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:04	SubIndex 004		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:05	SubIndex 005		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:06	SubIndex 006		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:07	SubIndex 007		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:08	SubIndex 008		UINT32	RW	0x000000DC (220 _{dec})
F010:09	SubIndex 009		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:0A	SubIndex 010		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:0B	SubIndex 011		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:0C	SubIndex 012		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:0D	SubIndex 013		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:0E	SubIndex 014		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:0F	SubIndex 015		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})
F010:10	SubIndex 016		UINT32	RW	0x000000DD (221 _{dec})

5.10 Example programs

i Using the sample programs

This document contains sample applications of our products for certain areas of application. The application notes provided here are based on typical features of our products and only serve as examples. The notes contained in this document explicitly do not refer to specific applications. The customer is therefore responsible for assessing and deciding whether the product is suitable for a particular application. We accept no responsibility for the completeness and correctness of the source code contained in this document. We reserve the right to modify the content of this document at any time and accept no responsibility for errors and missing information.

Preparations for starting the sample programs (tnzip file / TwinCAT 3)

- Click on the download button to save the Zip archive locally on your hard disk, then unzip the *.tnzip archive file in a temporary folder.

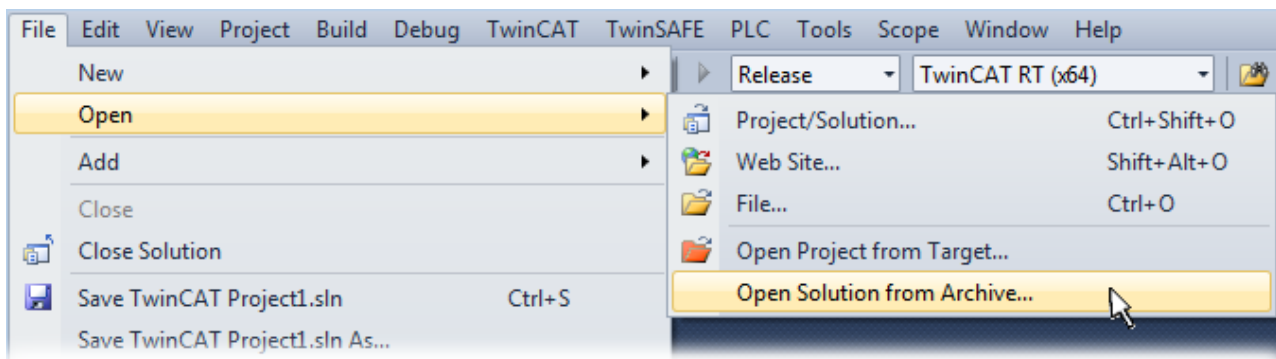


Fig. 183: Opening the *.tnzip archive

- Select the .tnzip file (sample program).
- A further selection window opens. Select the destination directory for storing the project.
- For a description of the general PLC commissioning procedure and starting the program please refer to the terminal documentation or the EtherCAT system documentation.
- The EtherCAT device of the example should usually be declared your present system. After selection of the EtherCAT device in the "Solutionexplorer" select the "Adapter" tab and click on "Search...":

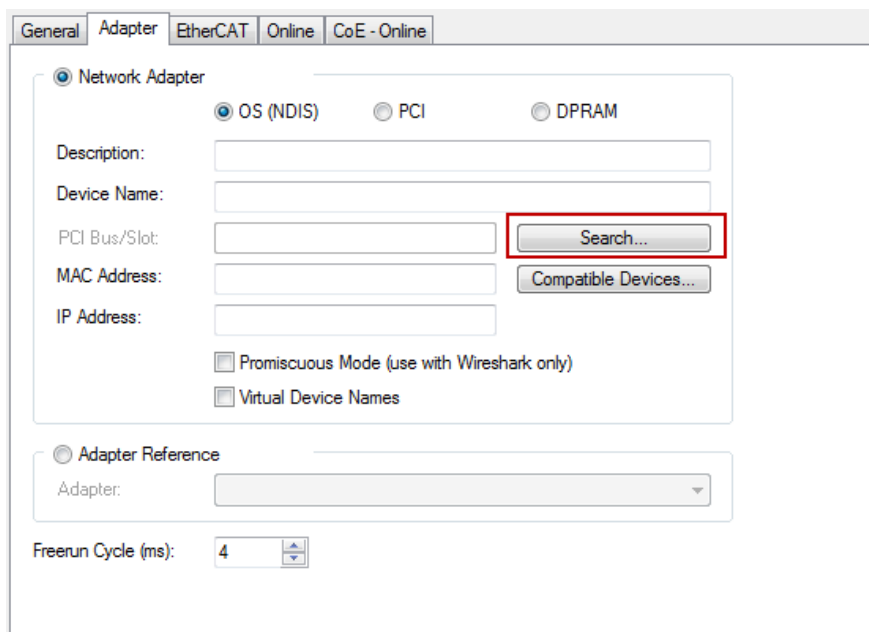
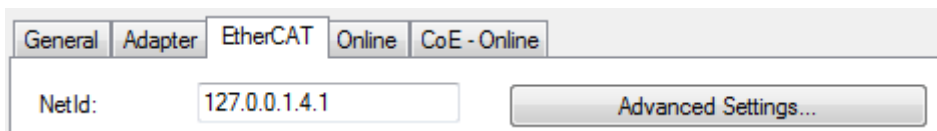


Fig. 184: Search of the existing HW configuration for the EtherCAT configuration of the example

- Checking NetId: the “EtherCAT” tab of the EtherCAT device shows the configured NetId:



The first four numbers must be identical with the project NetId of the target system. The project NetId can be viewed within the TwinCAT environment above, where a pull down menu can be opened to choose a target system (by clicking right in the text field). The number blocks are placed in brackets there next to each computer name of a target system.

- Modify the NetId: By right clicking on “EtherCAT device” within the solution explorer a context menu opens where “Change NetId...” have to be selected. The first four numbers of the NetId of the target computer must be entered; both last values are 4.1 usually.

Example:

- NetId of project: myComputer (123.45.67.89.1.1)
- Entry via „Change NetId...“: 123.45.67.89.4.1

Also see more hints in section:

Commissioning, TwinCAT Quickstart, TwinCAT 3, Startup [► 79].

5.10.1 Example program for EL2258: Multi-Timestamp

The following example program delivers 4 x 10 Switching-Tasks within one PLC-Taskcycle to the first four channels of the terminal EL2258 and also sets the respective output states inverting from „1“ to „0“, beginning with „1“ as for the first state.

The arbitrariness, for the first four channels respective different fixed switch times are illustrated by the following oscilloscope recording:

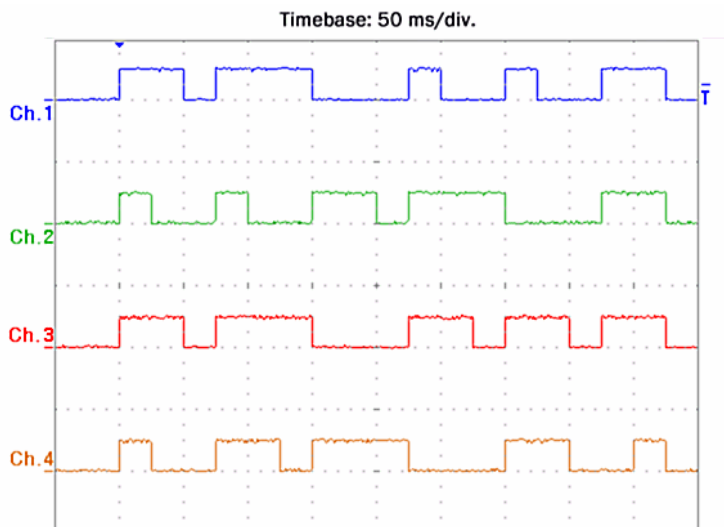


Fig. 185: Recording of four channels by the Multi-Timestamp program example

All arrays have to be linked to eight channels with all the necessary status, output and input variables respectively. This is already be done by the downloadable example:

 https://infosys.beckhoff.com/content/1033/el125x_el2258/Resources/2139514763.zip

This example requires a PLC control with a terminal EL2258. You can use either an embedded PC that has the terminal placed on the right or an IPC with an EtherCAT link of an e.g. RJ-45 connector to the EK1100 coupler with the terminal (e.g. C6915 + EK1100 + EL2258). Optionally a digital input terminal e.g. EL1004 can be used for program control.

The further procedure is described in section TwinCAT Quickstart, TwinCAT 3, Starting the controller [► 92].

Example program for EL2258: Multi-Timestamp**Variables declaration:**

```

PROGRAM MAIN
VAR CONSTANT
// Number of used channels of the terminal in this code example
nNumOfSwitchTasks : INT:=4;
END_VAR
VAR_INPUT
// External switch to start by user
bEnable AT%I* : BOOL;
// Reference to check if last tasks were already executed
nOutputOrderFeedback AT%I*: ARRAY[0..7] OF USINT;
END_VAR
VAR_OUTPUT
// Link to terminal EL2258 (Output event time n):
aQE_Time AT%Q* : ARRAY[0..7] OF ARRAY[0..9] OF UDINT;
// Link to terminal EL2258 (Output event state n):
aQE_State AT%Q* : ARRAY[0..7] OF ARRAY[0..9] OF BOOL;
// Outputvariables to reset the output buffers of EL2258
bOutputBufReset AT%Q*: ARRAY[0..7] OF BOOL;
// Real number of fixed State/Time-Events as a Task for EL2258
nNoOfOutputEvents AT%Q*: ARRAY[0..7] OF USINT;
// Start-Event to trigger beginning of task scheduling
nOutputOrderCounter AT%Q*: ARRAY[0..7] OF USINT;
END_VAR
VAR
aSwitchTimes : ARRAY[0..7] OF ARRAY[0..9] OF UDINT:=
// All 8 x 10 time offsets in ms allocated to the 10 states and 8 channels
[
[ // Channel 1 time offsets:
100, 50, 25, 75, 75, 25, 50, 25, 50, 50
],
[ // Channel 2 time offsets:
100, 25, 50, 25, 50, 50, 25, 75, 75, 50
],
[ // Channel 3 time offsets:
100, 50, 25, 75, 75, 50, 25, 50, 25, 50
],
[ // Channel 4 time offsets:
100, 25, 50, 50, 25, 75, 75, 50, 50, 25
],
(* More time offsets for switch tasks:
[ // Channel 5 time offsets:
100, 50, 25, 75, 75, 25, 50, 50, 25, 50
],
[ // Channel 6 time offsets:
100, 25, 50, 25, 50, 50, 25, 75, 75, 50
],
[ // Channel 7 time offsets:
100, 50, 25, 75, 75, 50, 25, 50, 25, 50
],
[ // Channel 8 time offsets:
100, 25, 50, 50, 25, 75, 75, 50, 25, 50
],
],
*);
];
nState : UINT:=0; // Use for "CASE .. OF" statement
nShortTime : UDINT; // Timevalue of current DC time/ lower 32 Bit only
nCurrentTime : ULINT; // Current DC-Time of the PLC-Task
bStateValue : BOOL; // Variable to set a toggled state of a task-event
nScheduleNo: INT; // Consists No of respective state/time pair of a Switch-Task
nChannel: INT; // Channel of the EL2258
END_VAR

```

Program:

```

// Example program: 10x Multi-Timestamp for EL2258
nCurrentTime := F_GetCurDcTaskTime64(); // Get current DC-Time (Task-Related)

CASE nState OF
// ===== Do some initializations here: =====
0:
FOR nChannel:= 0 TO (nNumOfSwitchTasks-1) DO
// Reset output buffer of the terminal EL2258
bOutputBufReset[nChannel] := TRUE;
END_FOR
nState := nState + 1; // Go to next state
1:
FOR nChannel:= 0 TO (nNumOfSwitchTasks-1) DO
bOutputBufReset[nChannel] := FALSE;
END_FOR
nState := nState + 1; // Go to next state
2:
// Wait for external start-event by user (e.g. ext. switch)
IF bEnable THEN
nState := 10; // Go to next state and set events
END_IF
// ===== Now fill up all state/time pairs for the four channels =====
10:
FOR nChannel:= 0 TO (nNumOfSwitchTasks-1) DO
// Last tasks already executed?
IF nOutputOrderFeedback[nChannel] = nOutputOrderCounter[nChannel] THEN
bStateValue:=1;
// Set first state level ('1')
aQE_State[nChannel][0] := bStateValue;
// Cut 64 Bit time value to 32 Bit
nShortTime := ULINT_TO_UDINT(nCurrentTime AND 16#FFFFFFFF);
// Set first time value (duration for "save" begin)
aQE_Time[nChannel][0] := (nShortTime + aSwitchTimes[nChannel][0] * 1000000);
// Put all switch states with their times into the terminal:
FOR nScheduleNo:=1 TO 9 DO // Use 'nScheduleNo' as loop counter
bStateValue := NOT bStateValue;
// Set inverting output states of one switch-task
aQE_State[nChannel][nScheduleNo] := bStateValue;
// Set timestamps by fixed array into one switch-task
aQE_Time[nChannel][nScheduleNo] :=
(aQE_Time[nChannel][nScheduleNo-1]
+ aSwitchTimes[nChannel][nScheduleNo] * 1000000);
END_FOR
END_IF
END_FOR
nState := nState + 1; // Go to next state
// =====
// ===== Allow some taskcycles (min. 2) to let EL2258 schedule all tasks =====
11:
// 'nScheduleNo' is still 9; wait until 12: 3 more PLC-Taskcycles
IF nScheduleNo = 12 THEN
FOR nChannel:= 0 TO (nNumOfSwitchTasks-1) DO
nNoOfOutputEvents[nChannel] := 10;
// Trigger Multi-Timestamp scheduling: now start:
nOutputOrderCounter[nChannel] := nOutputOrderCounter[nChannel] + 1;
END_FOR
nState := nState + 1;
ELSE
// Just count PLC-Taskcycles here
nScheduleNo := nScheduleNo + 1;
END_IF
12:
// ===== End =====
// Wait for external switch to be released
IF NOT bEnable THEN
// Go to beginning state (could be '0' also)
nState := 2;
END_IF
END_CASE

```

5.10.2 Example program for EL1258 (EL1259): MT Visualization (TC 3)

This sample program uses a TwinCAT3 visualization to illustrate the multi-timestamp functionality of a digital input of the EL1258 (and accordingly EL1259). In 10x multi-timestamp and asynchronous (buffered) mode, one terminal input is controlled by a digital EL2002 output terminal. The sample program contains the EtherCAT configuration and the corresponding links to the PDOs of the terminals and uses channel 1 (the channel input must be connected to channel output accordingly).

The following structure is recommended for commissioning the sample program:
[EK1100] + [EL1258] + [EL2002] + [EL9011]

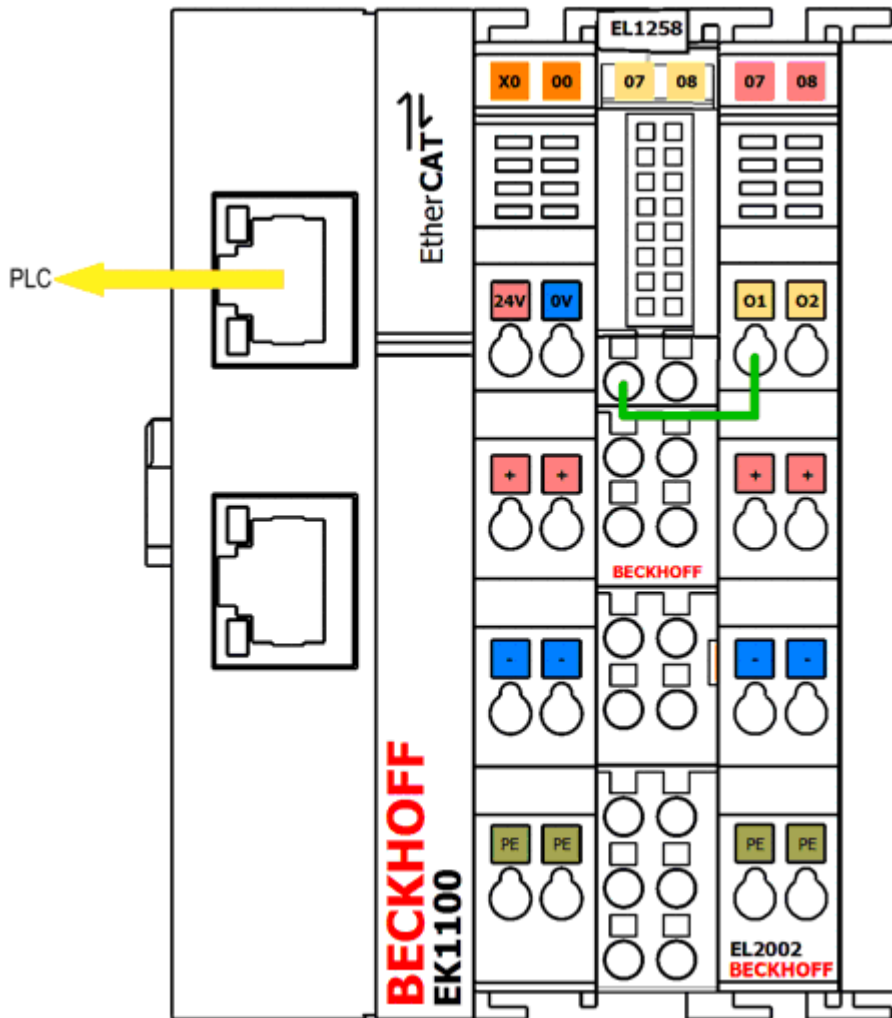


Fig. 186: Recommended structure for the EL1258 sample program



Download: https://infosys.beckhoff.com/content/1033/el125x_el2258/Resources/4513278347.zip

The MTI settings for the EL1258 are as follows:

8000:0	MTI settings Ch.1	RW	> 20 <
8000:01	Enable digital filter	RW	FALSE
8000:11	Buffer reset behaviour	RW	Reset on rising edge (0)
8000:12	Buffer mode	RW	Asynchronous (Buffered) (0)
8000:13	Buffer overflow behaviour	RW	Overwrite oldest event (1)
8000:14	Digital filter count	RW	0x0001 (1)
800F:0	MTI Vendor data Ch.1	RW	> 18 <

Fig. 187: CoE object 0x8000 (MTI settings ch.1): Settings for the sample program

To change settings, select the terminal in the Solution Explorer and select the "CoE - online" tab.

Explanatory notes on the sample program

A TwinCAT 3 visualization is used to illustrate the evaluation of binary input signals. Only the basic functionality is described. To this end, *Visualization_1* merely represents a timestamp difference of two events at the input of channel 1 of the EL1258 (input bit 0 → 1 → 0):

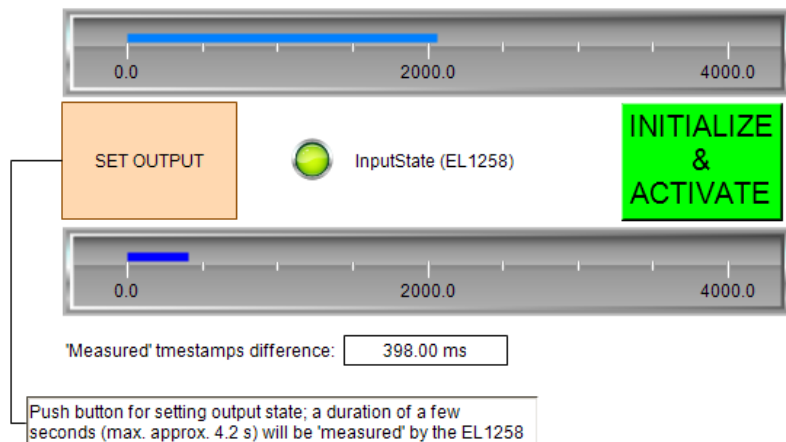


Fig. 188: Sample program EL1258 / Visualization_1: simple time measurement based on two state changes

A digital output terminal, whose output is directly connected to input channel 1 of the EL1258, switches the output with "SET OUTPUT". The user presses the button for any length of time; the elapsed time is shown in the upper bar-graph display, while the lower bar-graph display shows a time span determined by the timestamps of the EL1258.

Like *Visualization_2*, this is used for continuous output of a bit pattern or a pseudo-random sequence. All variations are possible here, with the intention to illustrate the behavior of the EL1258, including a reconstruction of the bit pattern using the time stamps of the received events (right side):

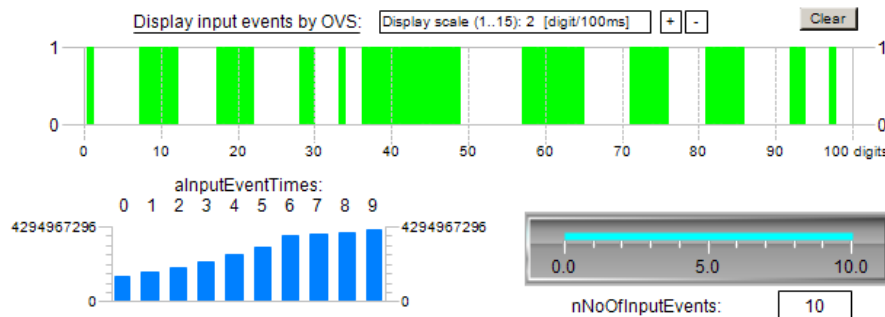


Fig. 189: Sample program EL1258 / Visualization_2: Display of incoming events in chronological order according to the timestamps of the EL1258

Using the bit pattern defined in the POU "PulseOutputs" (left side):



This bit pattern is stored in the constant "nOutValueInit" as a 64-bit value in binary format and can be changed here with another bit sequence. Furthermore, *Visualization_2* illustrates a basic procedure for processing the input signals of the EL1258: after processing current times (*aInputEventTimes*) and their associated states (*aInputEventState*) within the program, the system checks whether there are still events in the buffer (*nEventsInInputBuffer*). This is illustrated as follows:

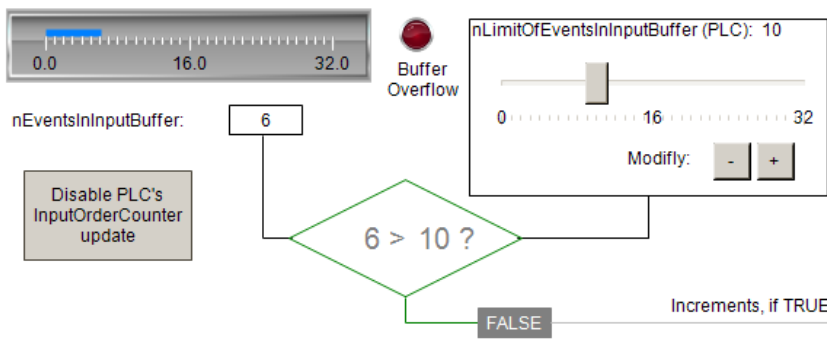


Fig. 190: Query of the "EventInInputBuffer" of the EL1258: Are there any other events stored in the terminal?

"LimitOfEventsInInputBuffer" can be used to specify from when the buffered events should be transferred to the readable PDOs of the terminal. The implementation in MAIN is represented here by the graphically displayed conditional branching and is intended to show that events stored in the terminal are passed on to the PDOs "externally" by incrementing the "InputOrderCounter".

● Usage of the example program for EL1259

i If the example program shall be used for the EL1259, this terminal have to be set into the configuration instead of the EL1258. All PDO bound to the selected input channel have to be linked with the respective program variables. As shown in figure "CoE object 0x8000 (MTI settings ch.1): Settings for the sample program" above, this device requires an equivalent configuration of channel 1 in CoE object 0x8080.

6 Appendix

6.1 EtherCAT AL Status Codes

For detailed information please refer to the [EtherCAT system description](#).

6.2 Firmware compatibility

Beckhoff EtherCAT devices are delivered with the latest available firmware version. Compatibility of firmware and hardware is mandatory; not every combination ensures compatibility. The overview below shows the hardware versions on which a firmware can be operated.

Note

- It is recommended to use the newest possible firmware for the respective hardware
- Beckhoff is not under any obligation to provide customers with free firmware updates for delivered products.

NOTICE

Risk of damage to the device!

Pay attention to the instructions for firmware updates on the [separate page](#) [► 327].

If a device is placed in BOOTSTRAP mode for a firmware update, it does not check when downloading whether the new firmware is suitable.

This can result in damage to the device! Therefore, always make sure that the firmware is suitable for the hardware version!

EL1258			
Hardware (HW)	Firmware (FW)	Revision no.	Date of release
00	01	EL1258-0000-0016	07/2013
	02		12/2013
	03		01/2014
01	04		06/2015
02 – 06*	05	EL1258-0000-0017	09/2015
	06		06/2015
	07		07/2018
	08*		01/2020

EL1258-0010			
Hardware (HW)	Firmware (FW)	Revision no.	Date of release
00 - 01*	07	EL1258-0010-0016	02/2020
	08*	EL1258-0010-0017	10/2020

EL1259			
Hardware (HW)	Firmware (FW)	Revision no.	Date of release
00 – 01	01	EL1259-0000-0016	01/2013
	02		12/2013
	03	EL1259-0000-0017	07/2014
02 - 05*	04	EL1259-0000-0018	02/2018
	05		06/2019
	06*		05/2020

Hardware (HW)	Firmware (FW)	Revision no.	Date of release
EL2258			
00 - 01	01	EL2258-0000-0016	07/2013
	02		12/2013
	03	EL2258-0000-0017	07/2014
02 - 04*	04		07/2018
	05*		06/2019

*) This is the current compatible firmware/hardware version at the time of the preparing this documentation.
Check on the Beckhoff web page whether more up-to-date [documentation](#) is available.

6.3 Firmware Update

This section describes the device update for Beckhoff EtherCAT slaves from the ED/EF, EL/ES, ELM, EM, EK, EP, EPP and ERP series. A firmware update should only be carried out after consultation with Beckhoff support.

NOTICE

Only use TwinCAT 3 software!

A firmware update of Beckhoff IO devices must only be performed with a TwinCAT 3 installation. It is recommended to build as up-to-date as possible, available for free download on the [Beckhoff website](#).

To update the firmware, TwinCAT can be operated in the so-called FreeRun mode, a paid license is not required.

The device to be updated can usually remain in the installation location, but TwinCAT has to be operated in the FreeRun. Please make sure that EtherCAT communication is trouble-free (no LostFrames etc.).

Other EtherCAT master software, such as the EtherCAT Configurator, should not be used, as they may not support the complexities of updating firmware, EEPROM and other device components.

Storage locations

An EtherCAT slave stores operating data in up to three locations:

- Each EtherCAT slave has a device description, consisting of identity (name, product code), timing specifications, communication settings, etc.
This device description (ESI; EtherCAT Slave Information) can be downloaded from the Beckhoff website in the download area as a [zip file](#) and used in EtherCAT masters for offline configuration, e.g. in TwinCAT.
Above all, each EtherCAT slave carries its device description (ESI) electronically readable in a local memory chip, the so-called **ESI EEPROM**. When the slave is switched on, this description is loaded locally in the slave and informs it of its communication configuration; on the other hand, the EtherCAT master can identify the slave in this way and, among other things, set up the EtherCAT communication accordingly.

NOTICE

Application-specific writing of the ESI-EEPROM

The ESI is developed by the device manufacturer according to ETG standard and released for the corresponding product.

- Meaning for the ESI file: Modification on the application side (i.e. by the user) is not permitted.
- Meaning for the ESI EEPROM: Even if a writeability is technically given, the ESI parts in the EEPROM and possibly still existing free memory areas must not be changed beyond the normal update process. Especially for cyclic memory processes (operating hours counter etc.), dedicated memory products such as EL6080 or IPC's own NOVRAAM must be used.

- Depending on functionality and performance EtherCAT slaves have one or several local controllers for processing I/O data. The corresponding program is the so-called **firmware** in *.efw format.
- In some EtherCAT slaves the EtherCAT communication may also be integrated in these controllers. In this case the controller is usually a so-called **FPGA** chip with *.rbf firmware.

Customers can access the data via the EtherCAT fieldbus and its communication mechanisms. Acyclic mailbox communication or register access to the ESC is used for updating or reading of these data.

The TwinCAT System Manager offers mechanisms for programming all three parts with new data, if the slave is set up for this purpose. Generally the slave does not check whether the new data are suitable, i.e. it may no longer be able to operate if the data are unsuitable.

Simplified update by bundle firmware

The update using so-called **bundle firmware** is more convenient: in this case the controller firmware and the ESI description are combined in a *.efw file; during the update both the firmware and the ESI are changed in the terminal. For this to happen it is necessary

- for the firmware to be in a packed format: recognizable by the file name, which also contains the revision number, e.g. ELxxx-xxx_REV0016_SW01.efw
- for password=1 to be entered in the download dialog. If password=0 (default setting) only the firmware update is carried out, without an ESI update.
- for the device to support this function. The function usually cannot be retrofitted; it is a component of many new developments from year of manufacture 2016.

Following the update, its success should be verified

- ESI/Revision: e.g. by means of an online scan in TwinCAT ConfigMode/FreeRun – this is a convenient way to determine the revision
- Firmware: e.g. by looking in the online CoE of the device

NOTICE

Risk of damage to the device!

✓ Note the following when downloading new device files

- Firmware downloads to an EtherCAT device must not be interrupted
 - Flawless EtherCAT communication must be ensured. CRC errors or LostFrames must be avoided.
 - The power supply must adequately dimensioned. The signal level must meet the specification.
- ⇒ In the event of malfunctions during the update process the EtherCAT device may become unusable and require re-commissioning by the manufacturer.

6.3.1 Device description ESI file/XML

NOTICE

Attention regarding update of the ESI description/EEPROM

Some slaves have stored calibration and configuration data from the production in the EEPROM. These are irretrievably overwritten during an update.

The ESI device description is stored locally on the slave and loaded on start-up. Each device description has a unique identifier consisting of slave name (9 characters/digits) and a revision number (4 digits). Each slave configured in the System Manager shows its identifier in the EtherCAT tab:

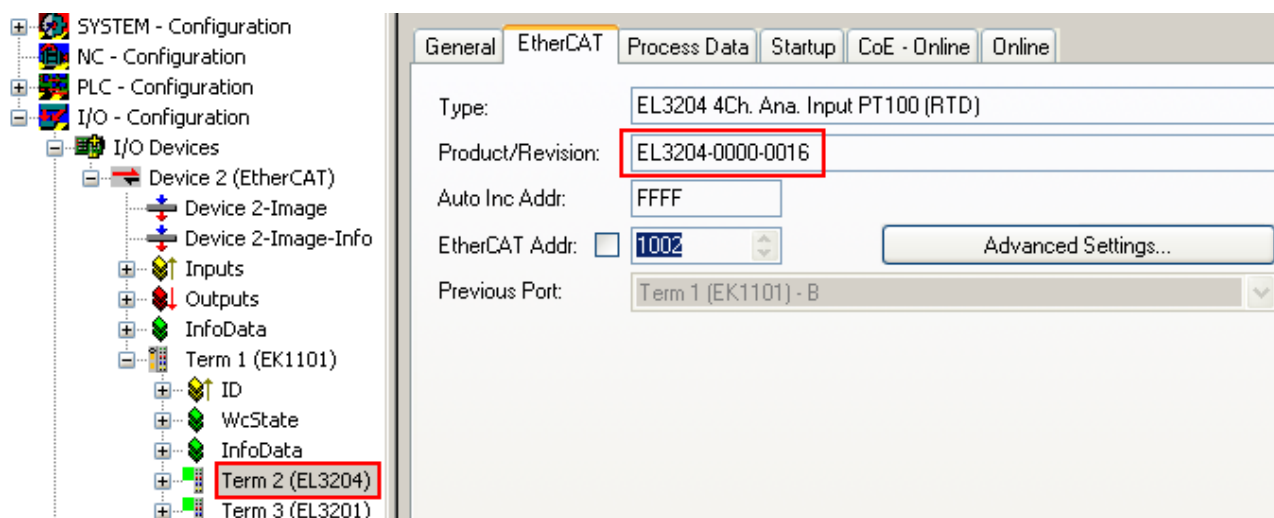


Fig. 191: Device identifier consisting of name EL3204-0000 and revision -0016

The configured identifier must be compatible with the actual device description used as hardware, i.e. the description which the slave has loaded on start-up (in this case EL3204). Normally the configured revision must be the same or lower than that actually present in the terminal network.

For further information on this, please refer to the [EtherCAT system documentation](#).

i Update of XML/ESI description

The device revision is closely linked to the firmware and hardware used. Incompatible combinations lead to malfunctions or even final shutdown of the device. Corresponding updates should only be carried out in consultation with Beckhoff support.

Display of ESI slave identifier

The simplest way to ascertain compliance of configured and actual device description is to scan the EtherCAT boxes in TwinCAT mode Config/FreeRun:

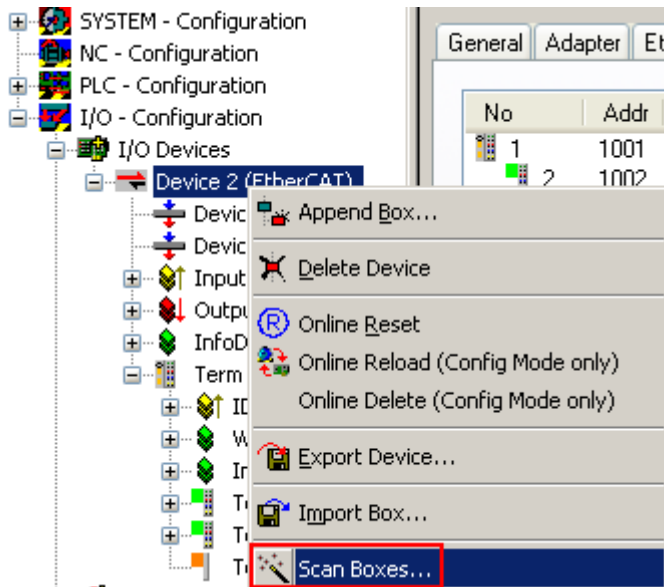


Fig. 192: Scan the subordinate field by right-clicking on the EtherCAT device

If the found field matches the configured field, the display shows

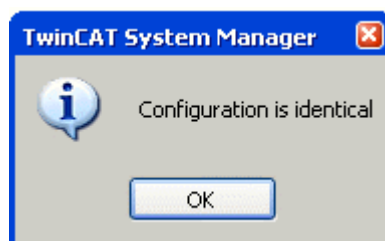


Fig. 193: Configuration is identical

otherwise a change dialog appears for entering the actual data in the configuration.

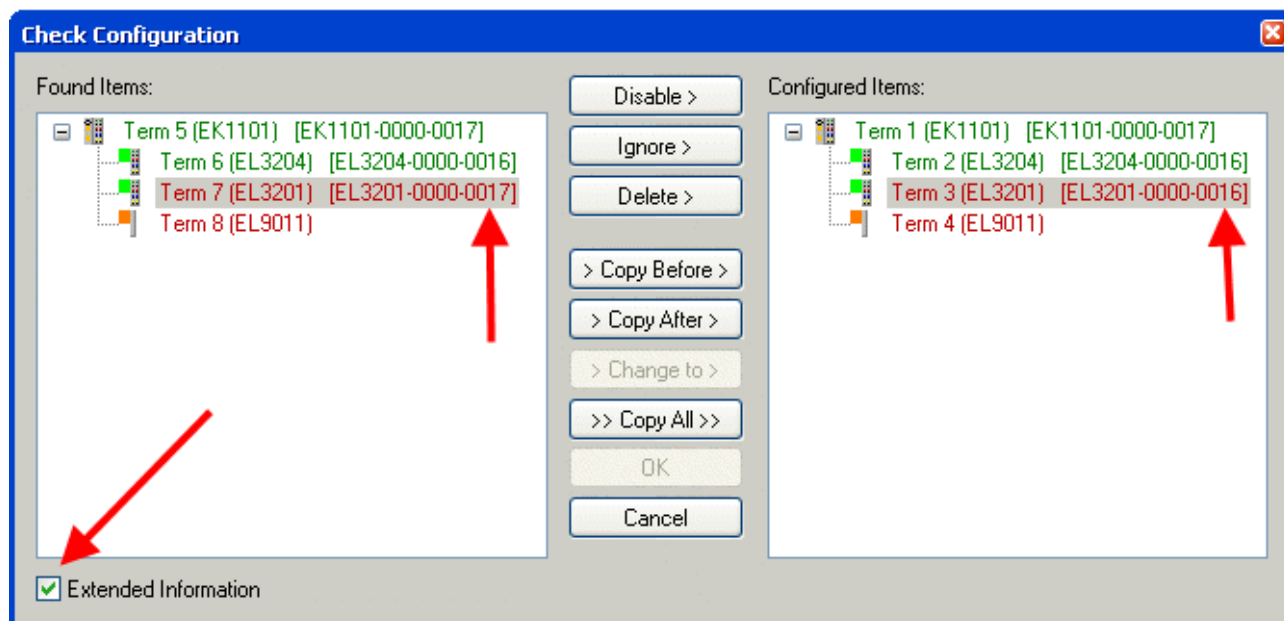


Fig. 194: Change dialog

In this example in Fig. *Change dialog*, an EL3201-0000-**0017** was found, while an EL3201-0000-**0016** was configured. In this case the configuration can be adapted with the *Copy Before* button. The *Extended Information* checkbox must be set in order to display the revision.

Changing the ESI slave identifier

The ESI/EEPROM identifier can be updated as follows under TwinCAT:

- Trouble-free EtherCAT communication must be established with the slave.
- The state of the slave is irrelevant.
- Right-clicking on the slave in the online display opens the *EEPROM Update* dialog, Fig. *EEPROM Update*

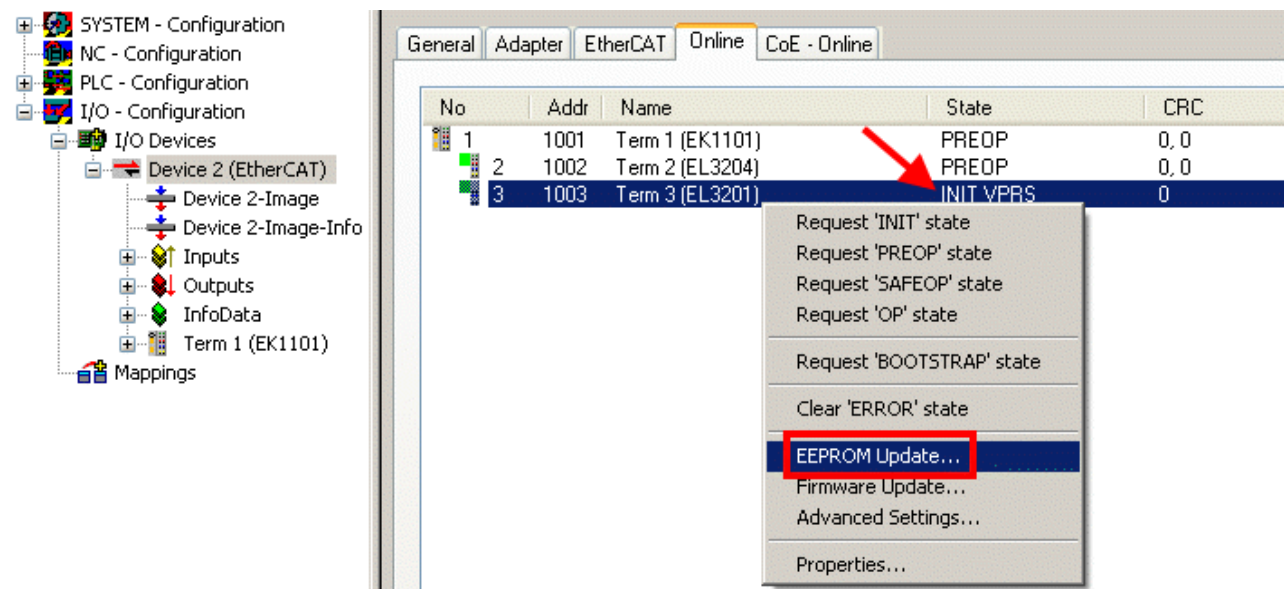


Fig. 195: EEPROM Update

The new ESI description is selected in the following dialog, see Fig. *Selecting the new ESI*. The checkbox *Show Hidden Devices* also displays older, normally hidden versions of a slave.

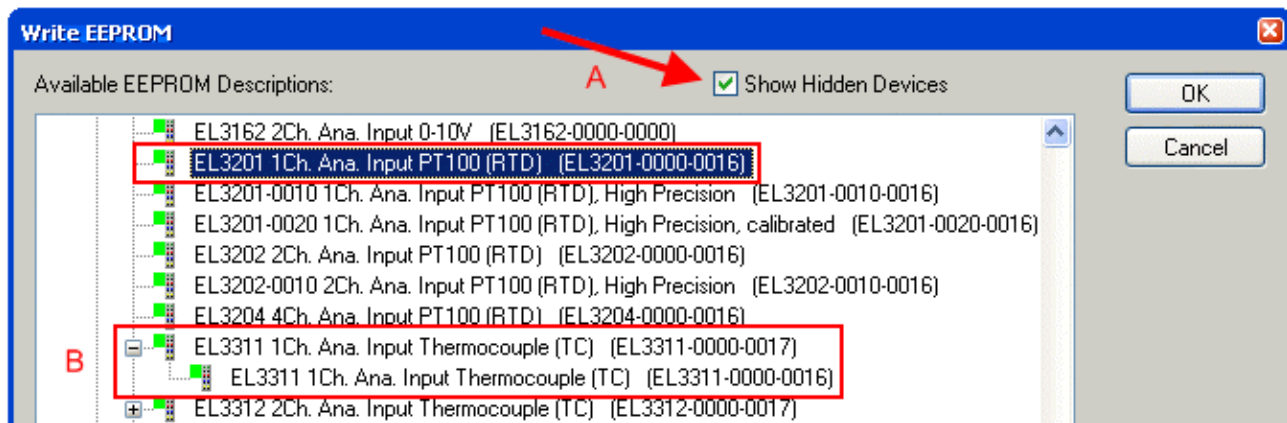


Fig. 196: Selecting the new ESI

A progress bar in the System Manager shows the progress. Data are first written, then verified.



The change only takes effect after a restart.

Most EtherCAT devices read a modified ESI description immediately or after startup from the INIT. Some communication settings such as distributed clocks are only read during power-on. The EtherCAT slave therefore has to be switched off briefly in order for the change to take effect.

6.3.2 Firmware explanation

Determining the firmware version

Determining the version via the TwinCAT System Manager

The TwinCAT System Manager shows the version of the controller firmware if the master can access the slave online. Click on the E-Bus Terminal whose controller firmware you want to check (in the example terminal 2 (EL3204)) and select the tab *CoE Online* (CAN over EtherCAT).



CoE Online and Offline CoE

Two CoE directories are available:

- **online:** This is offered in the EtherCAT slave by the controller, if the EtherCAT slave supports this. This CoE directory can only be displayed if a slave is connected and operational.
- **offline:** The EtherCAT Slave Information ESI/XML may contain the default content of the CoE. This CoE directory can only be displayed if it is included in the ESI (e.g. "Beckhoff EL5xxx.xml").

The Advanced button must be used for switching between the two views.

In Fig. *Display of EL3204 firmware version* the firmware version of the selected EL3204 is shown as 03 in CoE entry 0x100A.

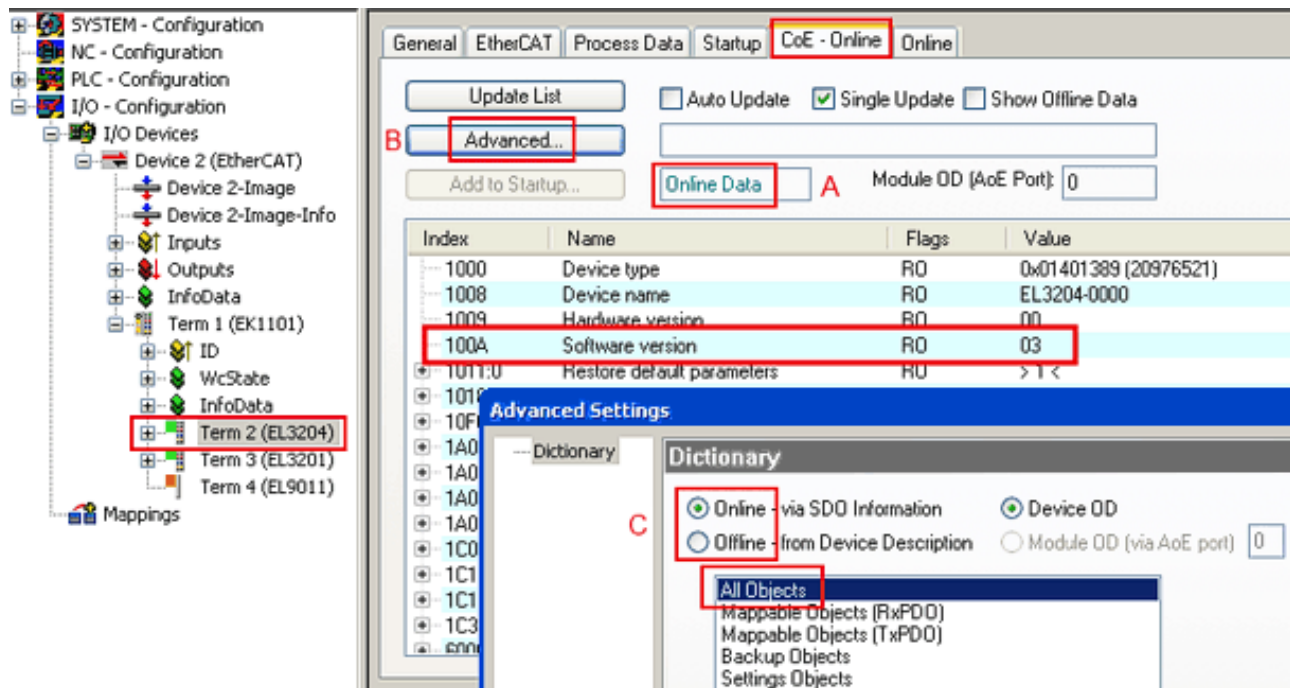


Fig. 197: Display of EL3204 firmware version

In (A) TwinCAT 2.11 shows that the Online CoE directory is currently displayed. If this is not the case, the Online directory can be loaded via the *Online* option in Advanced Settings (B) and double-clicking on *All Objects*.

6.3.3 Updating controller firmware *.efw



CoE directory

The Online CoE directory is managed by the controller and stored in a dedicated EEPROM, which is generally not changed during a firmware update.

Switch to the *Online* tab to update the controller firmware of a slave, see Fig. *Firmware Update*.

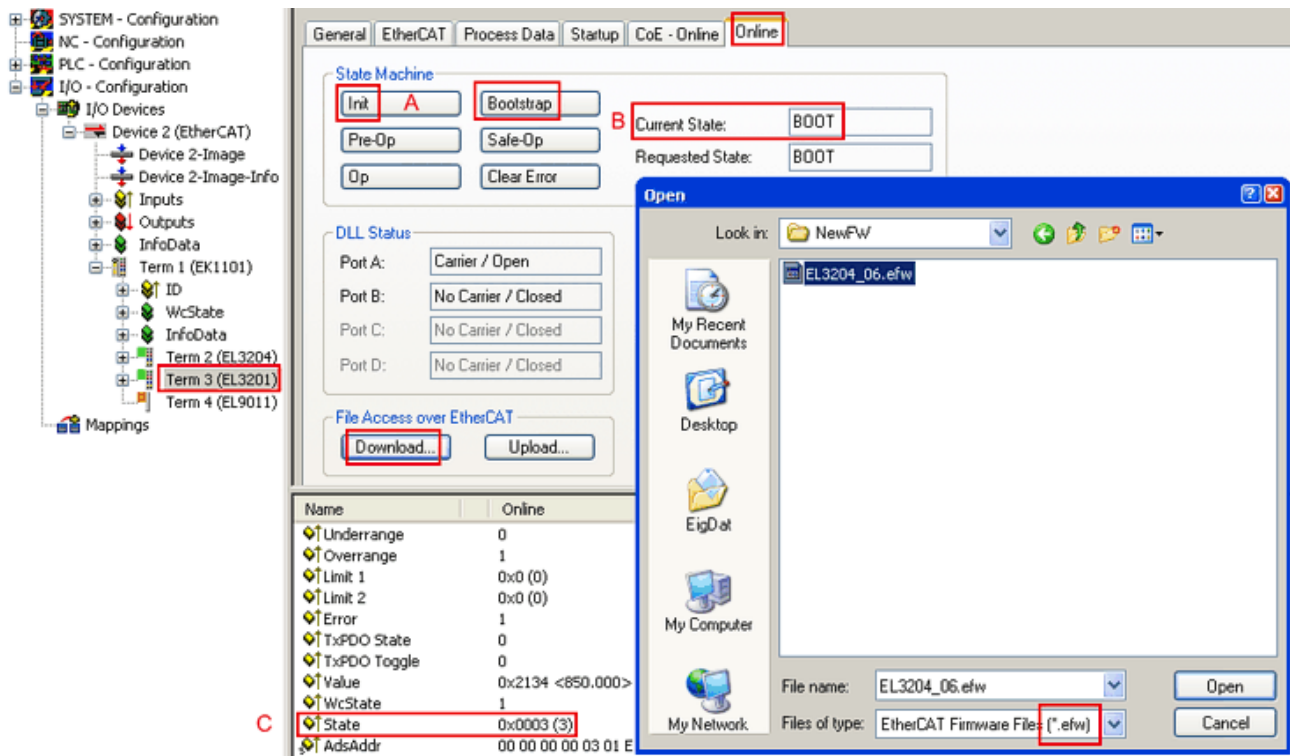
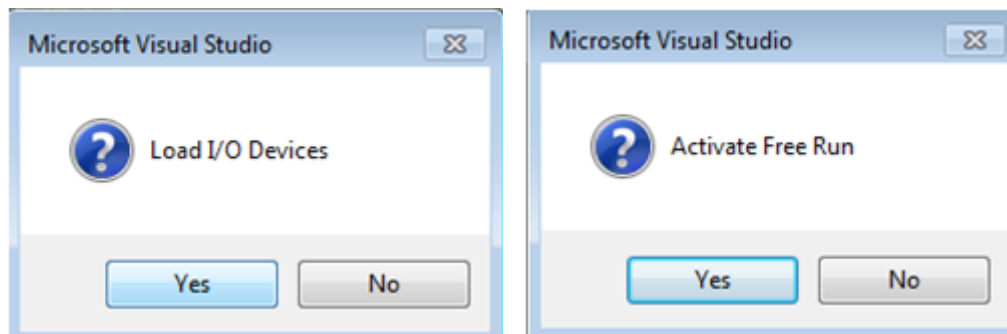


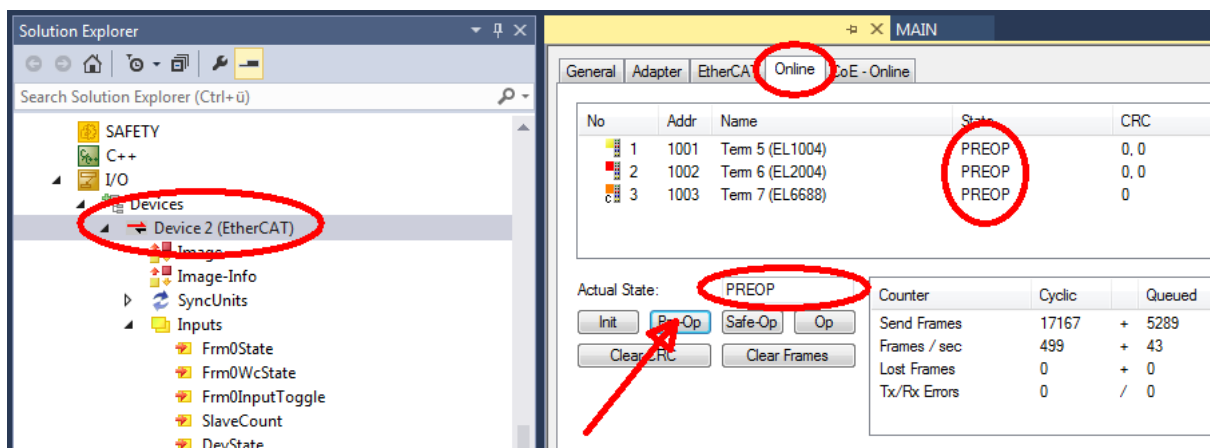
Fig. 198: Firmware Update

Proceed as follows, unless instructed otherwise by Beckhoff support. Valid for TwinCAT 2 and 3 as EtherCAT master.

- Switch TwinCAT system to ConfigMode/FreeRun with cycle time ≥ 1 ms (default in ConfigMode is 4 ms). A FW-Update during real time operation is not recommended.

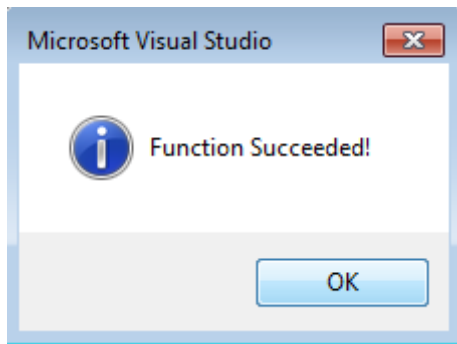


- Switch EtherCAT Master to PreOP



- Switch slave to INIT (A)
- Switch slave to BOOTSTRAP

- Check the current status (B, C)
- Download the new *efw file (wait until it ends). A password will not be necessary usually.



- After the download switch to INIT, then PreOP
- Switch off the slave briefly (don't pull under voltage!)
- Check within CoE 0x100A, if the FW status was correctly overtaken.

6.3.4 FPGA firmware *.rbf

If an FPGA chip deals with the EtherCAT communication an update may be accomplished via an *.rbf file.

- Controller firmware for processing I/O signals
- FPGA firmware for EtherCAT communication (only for terminals with FPGA)

The firmware version number included in the terminal serial number contains both firmware components. If one of these firmware components is modified this version number is updated.

Determining the version via the TwinCAT System Manager

The TwinCAT System Manager indicates the FPGA firmware version. Click on the Ethernet card of your EtherCAT strand (Device 2 in the example) and select the *Online* tab.

The *Reg:0002* column indicates the firmware version of the individual EtherCAT devices in hexadecimal and decimal representation.

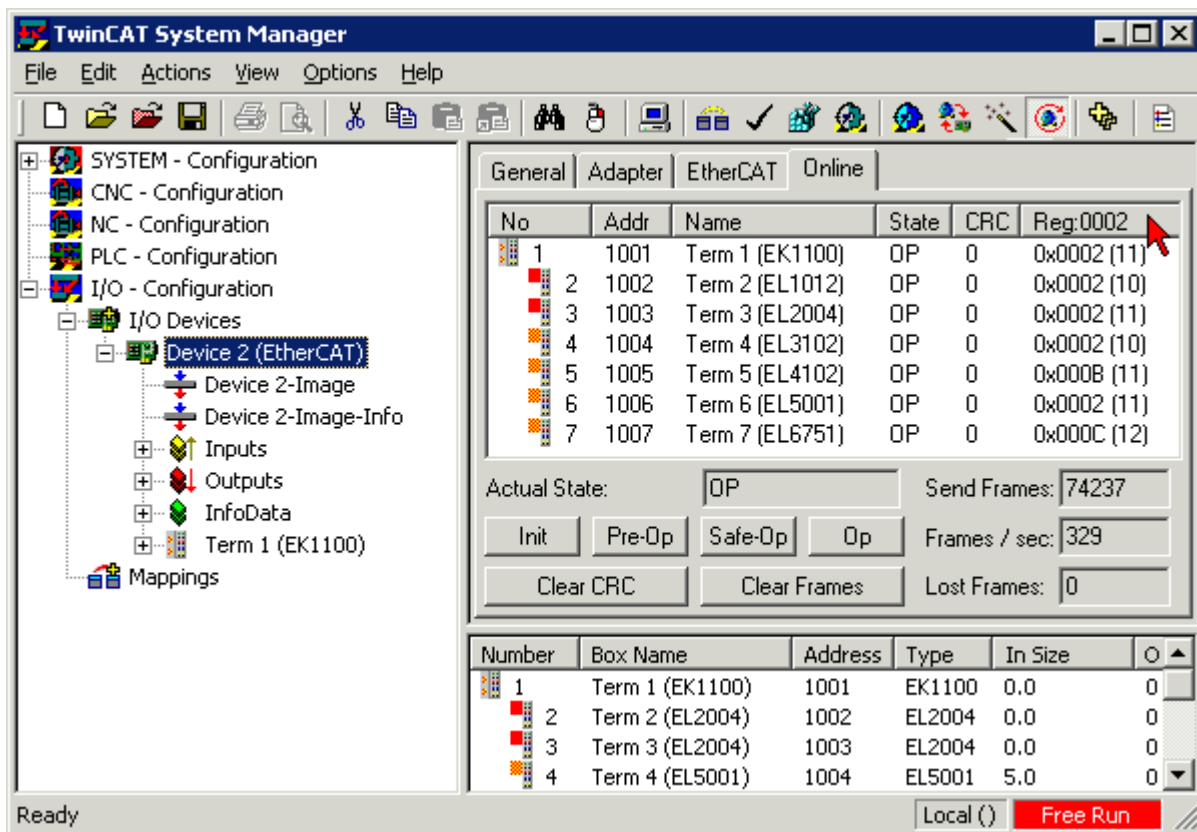
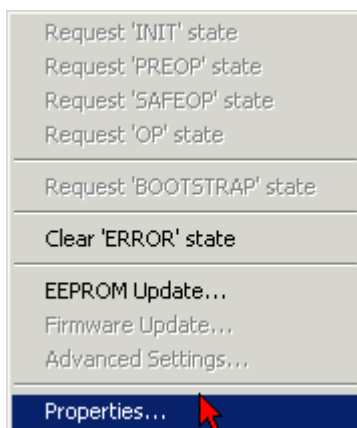
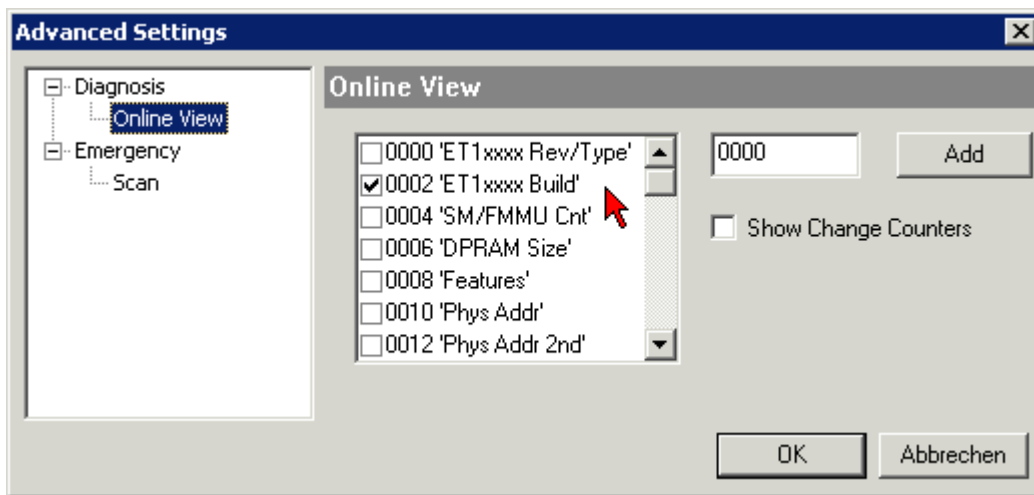


Fig. 199: FPGA firmware version definition

If the column *Reg:0002* is not displayed, right-click the table header and select *Properties* in the context menu.

Fig. 200: Context menu *Properties*

The *Advanced Settings* dialog appears where the columns to be displayed can be selected. Under *Diagnosis/Online View* select the *'0002 ETxxxx Build'* check box in order to activate the FPGA firmware version display.

Fig. 201: Dialog *Advanced Settings*

Update

For updating the FPGA firmware

- of an EtherCAT coupler the coupler must have FPGA firmware version 11 or higher;
- of an E-Bus Terminal the terminal must have FPGA firmware version 10 or higher.

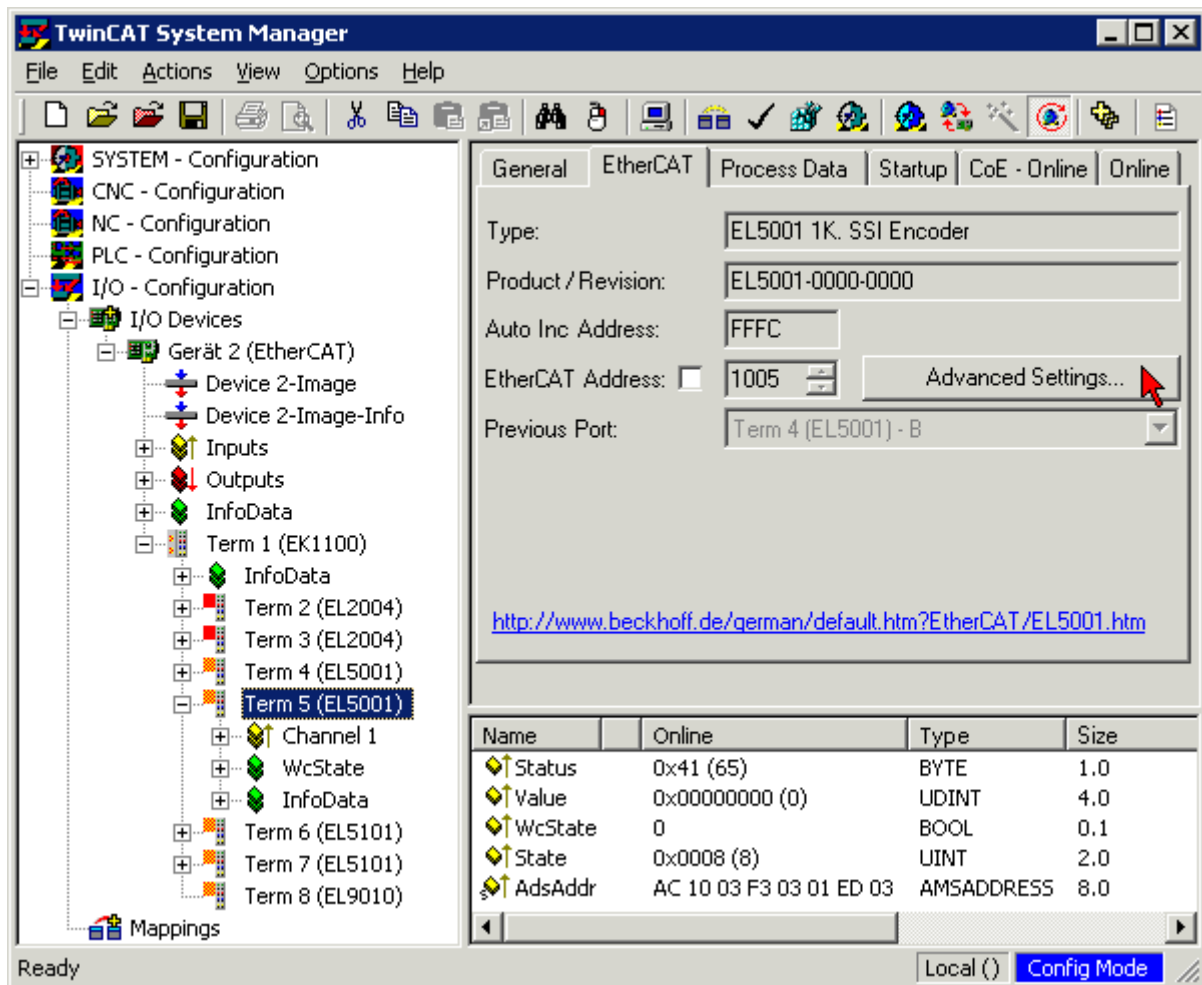
Older firmware versions can only be updated by the manufacturer!

Updating an EtherCAT device

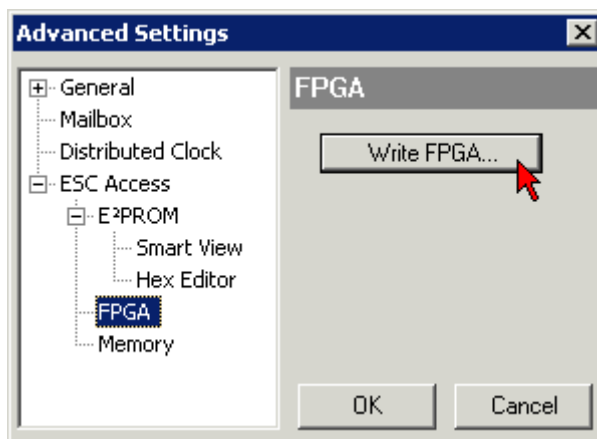
The following sequence order have to be met if no other specifications are given (e.g. by the Beckhoff support):

- Switch TwinCAT system to ConfigMode/FreeRun with cycle time ≥ 1 ms (default in ConfigMode is 4 ms). A FW-Update during real time operation is not recommended.

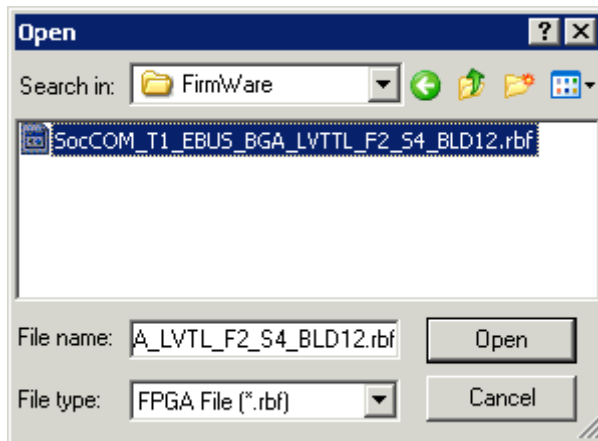
- In the TwinCAT System Manager select the terminal for which the FPGA firmware is to be updated (in the example: Terminal 5: EL5001) and click the *Advanced Settings* button in the *EtherCAT* tab:



- The *Advanced Settings* dialog appears. Under *ESC Access/E²PROM/FPGA* click on *Write FPGA* button:



- Select the file (*.rbf) with the new FPGA firmware, and transfer it to the EtherCAT device:



- Wait until download ends
- Switch slave current less for a short time (don't pull under voltage!). In order to activate the new FPGA firmware a restart (switching the power supply off and on again) of the EtherCAT device is required.
- Check the new FPGA status

NOTICE

Risk of damage to the device!

A download of firmware to an EtherCAT device must not be interrupted in any case! If you interrupt this process by switching off power supply or disconnecting the Ethernet link, the EtherCAT device can only be recommissioned by the manufacturer!

6.3.5 Simultaneous updating of several EtherCAT devices

The firmware and ESI descriptions of several devices can be updated simultaneously, provided the devices have the same firmware file/ESI.

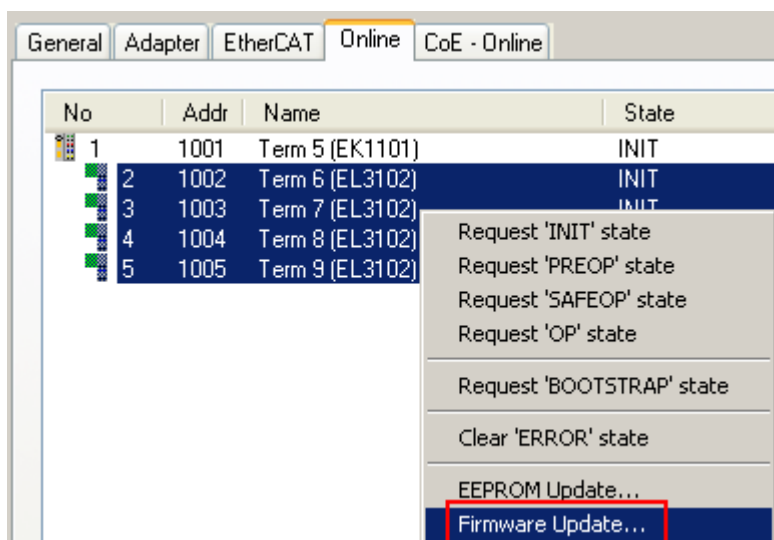


Fig. 202: Multiple selection and firmware update

Select the required slaves and carry out the firmware update in BOOTSTRAP mode as described above.

6.4 Restoring the delivery state

To restore the delivery state (factory settings) of CoE objects (object directory) for EtherCAT devices ("slaves"), the CoE object *Restore default parameters*, SubIndex 001 can be used via EtherCAT master (e.g. TwinCAT) (see Fig. *Selecting the Restore default parameters PDO*).

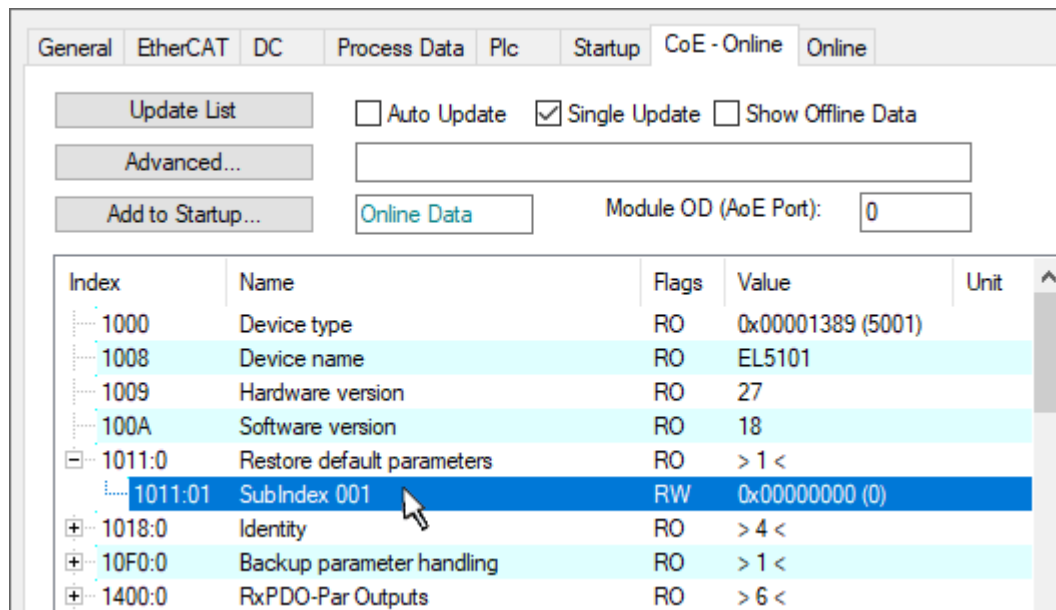


Fig. 203: Selecting the *Restore default parameters* PDO

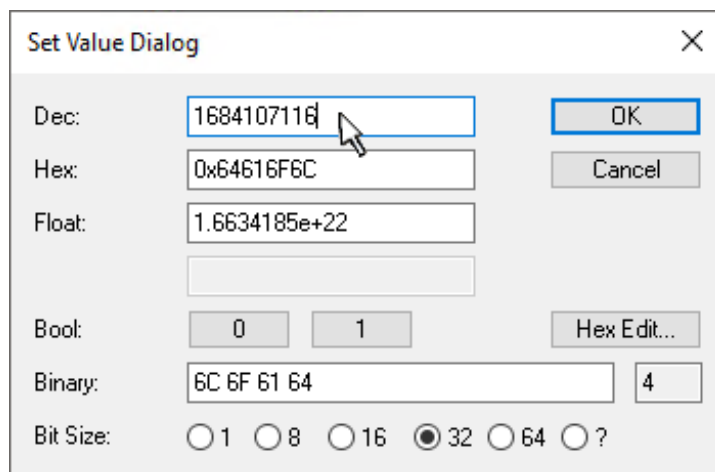


Fig. 204: Entering a restore value in the Set Value dialog

Double-click on *SubIndex 001* to enter the Set Value dialog. Enter the reset value **1684107116** in field *Dec* or the value **0x64616F6C** in field *Hex* (ASCII: "load") and confirm with *OK* (Fig. *Entering a restore value in the Set Value dialog*).

- All changeable entries in the slave are reset to the default values.
Exception: objects write-protected via password
- Depending on the size of the object directory, this process can take from a few ms to > 1 second.
- The values can only be successfully restored if the reset is directly applied to the online CoE, i.e. to the slave. No values can be changed in the offline CoE.
- TwinCAT must be in the RUN or CONFIG/Free-run state for this; that means EtherCAT data exchange takes place. Ensure error-free EtherCAT transmission.
- No separate confirmation takes place due to the reset. A changeable object can be manipulated beforehand for the purposes of checking.
- This reset procedure can also be adopted as the first entry in the startup list of the slave, e.g. in the state transition PREOP->SAFEOP or, as in Fig. *CoE reset as a startup entry*, in SAFEOP->OP.

All backup objects are reset to the delivery state.

● **Alternative restore value**

i In some older terminals (FW creation approx. before 2007) the backup objects can be switched with an alternative restore value: Decimal value: 1819238756, Hexadecimal value: 0x6C6F6164.

An incorrect entry for the restore value has no effect.

6.5 Support and Service

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